This country snapshot provides an overview of national data relating to sexual and reproductive health and rights (SRHR) throughout the life course. Realization of SRHR requires provision of comprehensive, people-centred services, that address the different elements of SRHR, and which are supported by an enabling environment, quality health systems, and meaningful community engagement. Multiple, synergistic cross-linkages exist within and between the different SRHR elements, leading to sequential outcome benefits throughout the life course.

By highlighting the national SRHR situation - including successes, areas for improvement, and data gaps - this snapshot can be used for determining priorities, planning of programmes, resource mobilization, and strengthening of health systems, service delivery and community engagement.

This snapshot uses the latest data publically available at the publication date, from reputable international sources (see endnotes for the year and source of each data point). It is acknowledged that intersectionality and people-centredness are not well reflected in available data, and that many categories of information currently collected are gender-binary.
Demographic data

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Population size</th>
<th>0.20m</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Female</td>
<td>0.11m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Male</td>
<td>0.11m</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Life expectancy at birth

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age Group</th>
<th>Female (years)</th>
<th>Male (years)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0-14</td>
<td>72.0</td>
<td>68.8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Population age distribution

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age Group</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0-14</td>
<td>41.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15-24</td>
<td>19.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25-49</td>
<td>27.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50+</td>
<td>10.8%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Sexual and Reproductive Health

Total fertility rate

- 4.4 births per woman

Adolescent birth rate

- 94.6 per 1,000 women aged 15-19

Median age at first sex among young people (20-24)

- ND (Male)
- ND (Female)

Young women (20-24) married before age 18

- 35.4%

Maternal mortality ratio

- 130 per 100,000 live births

Maternal mortality due to HIV

- ND

Neonatal mortality rate

- 14.1 per 1000 live births

HIV

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age Group</th>
<th>Number of new HIV infections</th>
<th>Number of people living with HIV</th>
<th>Number of AIDS related deaths</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Child (0-14)</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Female (15-24)</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Male (15-24)</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Female (25-49)</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Male (25-49)</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Female (50+)</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Male (50+)</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

HIV incidence per 1,000 population (15+)

- ND

HIV prevalence among adults (15-49)

- ND
**ENABLING ENVIRONMENT**

Supportive laws and policies, and access to justice are essential to eliminate stigma, discrimination, violence, coercion and exclusion in health care. Such laws and policies create a safe and supportive enabling environment that meets the SRHR needs of all people, especially key and vulnerable populations. Harmful laws need to be amended, and damaging practices need to be countered at all levels.

ND = No Data

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### Global Targets:

- **Achieved**
- **Challenges remain**
- **Major challenges remain**

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### Laws and policies

**People living with HIV**

Are there laws or policies that:

- Criminalize transmission, exposure or non-disclosure of HIV\(^9\) **Partial**
- Restrict entry, stay and residence of people living with HIV**ND**
- Protect against discrimination on basis of HIV status\(^21\) **Yes**
- Allow HIV self-testing\(^22\) **No**
- Make oral pre-exposure prophylaxis for HIV (PrEP) available**ND**

**SRHR and gender-based violence**

Are there laws or policies that:

- Allow safe abortion\(^29\)
  - To save a woman’s life **Yes**
  - To preserve a woman’s physical health **Yes**
  - To preserve a woman’s mental health **Yes**
  - In case of rape **Yes**
  - In case of incest **Yes**
  - Owing to foetal impairment **Yes**
  - For economic or social reasons **No**
  - On request **Yes**
- Require spousal consent for married women to access SRH services\(^30\) **No**
- Explicitly criminalize marital rape\(^31\) **Yes**
- Criminalize domestic violence\(^32\) **Yes**
- Criminalize sexual harassment\(^33\) **ND**
- Require provision of CSE in primary school\(^34\) **Yes**

**National strategy or policy on self-care interventions**\(^35\) **ND**

### Key populations

Are there laws or policies that:

- Criminalize same-sex sexual behaviour\(^24\) **No**
- Criminalize sex work\(^25\) **No**
- Allow the death penalty for people convicted of drug-related offences\(^26\) **No**
- Support a harm reduction approach for people who use drugs\(^27\) **No**
- Legally recognize a third gender\(^28\) **Yes**

### Extent to which laws and regulations guarantee access to SRH care and education (SDG 5.6.2)\(^29\)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service</th>
<th>Maternity care</th>
<th>Family planning</th>
<th>CSE</th>
<th>Sexual health</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Percentage of countries</td>
<td>50%</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td>50%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>54%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Age of Consent

Legal age for consent to sexual intercourse\(^37\)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Gender</th>
<th>Female</th>
<th>Male</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Age</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Legal age for marriage without parental consent\(^38\)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Gender</th>
<th>Female</th>
<th>Male</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Age</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Laws requiring parental consent for adolescents to access SRH services\(^39\) **No**

---

### Women’s empowerment

Percentage of women (15-49) making SRHR decisions\(^41\) **46.0%**

Percentage of women that believe they should have final say in decisions regarding their own healthcare\(^40\) **ND**

Global Gender Gap Index\(^42\)

- **Ranking**
  - Score (1.0 = parity)
  - ND

### Stigma

Percentage of general population reporting discriminatory attitudes towards people living with HIV\(^43\) **ND**
Universal Health Coverage

Coverage of essential health services (SDG 3.8.1)

Catastrophic health spending (SDG 3.8.2)
Households where expenditure on health is greater than:
- 10% of income
- 25% of income

Governance

Legislation on universal health coverage

Health workforce

Skilled health professionals (per 10,000 population)
- Doctors
- Nurses and Midwives
- Pharmacists

Supply Chain

Availability of essential medicines and commodities in Public Health facilities

Health information

Male condom stock-out in the past 12 months

Paper-based or electronic health information system

Antenatal care data captured in health information system

Health financing

Total health expenditure as a percentage of GDP

Government health expenditure as percentage of GDP

Total health expenditure per capita (USD)

Government expenditure on reproductive health per capita (USD)

Integrated service delivery

Health facilities delivering HIV counselling and testing with SRH services

Health facilities delivering HIV treatment and care with SRH services

ND = No Data

Global Targets:
- Achieved
- Challenges remain
- Major challenges remain
**Contraception / Family Planning**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Modern contraceptive method (women 15-49)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Injection</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Self injectable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pill</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Male condom</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IUD</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Implant</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Female sterilization</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other modern methods</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Knowledge of modern contraceptive methods**

- Unmet need for family planning (15-49): 27.1%
- Use of modern contraceptive methods (women 15-49): 46.1%

**Antenatal, delivery and postnatal care**

- Attending antenatal clinic: At least once, 97.5%; At least 4 times, 83.6%
- Proportion of births attended by skilled health personnel: 96.8%
- Births by caesarean section: 5.6%
- Postnatal checkup in first two days after birth: 86.8%

**Vertical transmission of HIV**

- Pregnant women tested for HIV: ND
- Early infant diagnosis (HIV-testing of infants at risk): ND
- Vertical transmission (at 12 months): ND
- Primary infertility among women: ND

**Vertical transmission of syphilis**

- Tested for syphilis at 1st antenatal care visit: 100.0%
- Percentage testing positive for syphilis who are treated: 100.0%
- Congenital syphilis rate (per 100,000 live births): ND

**Abortion**

- Abortions per 1,000 women (15-49): ND
SERVICE DELIVERY: SEXUAL HEALTH

Sexual health is a state of physical, emotional, mental and social well-being in relation to sexuality. It requires a positive and respectful approach to sexuality and sexual relationships, as well as the possibility of having pleasurable and safe sexual experiences, free of coercion, stigma, discrimination and violence.

ND = No Data

Global Targets: Achieved

ND = No Data Global Targets: Achieved Challenges remain Major challenges remain

HIV prevention

Condom use at last high risk sex (15-49)

Male circumcision

PrEP and HIV self-testing

Current oral pre-exposure prophylaxis for HIV (PrEP) users

Syphilis

Active syphilis among men who have sex with men

Active syphilis among sex workers

Gender based violence

Women experiencing physical or sexual violence in past 12 months (15-49)

Wife agrees husband justified beating her - at least one reason specified

Care/support provided by service delivery points in cases of rape or incest

First-line support (psychological first aid)

Emergency contraception for women (within 5 days)

Safe abortion (in accordance with national laws)

Post-exposure prophylaxis for STIs and HIV (within 72 hours)

Cervical cancer

Existence of national HPV vaccination programme

Existence of national cervical cancer screening programme

Type of programme

Coverage of national screening programme

ND = No Data

Global Targets: Achieved
### Harmful practices

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Practice</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Girls married before 18</td>
<td>28.0%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Female genital mutilation/cutting</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Comprehensive Sexuality Education

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Stage</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Primary schools fully implementing national CSE policy</td>
<td>26-50%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Secondary schools fully implementing national CSE policy</td>
<td>51-75%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Adolescent sexual health

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Group</th>
<th>Had multiple partners and used a condom at last sex (15-19)</th>
<th>Correct knowledge of HIV prevention (15-24)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Female</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>42.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Male</td>
<td>71.5%</td>
<td>43.2%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Key populations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Group</th>
<th>Population size estimate</th>
<th>HIV prevalence</th>
<th>Knowledge of HIV status</th>
<th>Condom use at last sex</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Men who have sex with men</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>3.2%</td>
<td>100.0%</td>
<td>60.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sex workers</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>1.4%</td>
<td>100.0%</td>
<td>43.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>People who inject drugs</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transgender people</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prisoners</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>8.2%</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
1. The cutoff for data included in this Infographic Snapshot is 15/04/2021. The year provided for each endnote is the date data was last validated. Where data is not available in an international database source ‘No data’ is stated. This does not mean that no data exists for this indicator but that no data was found in internationally validated data sources.


11. 2017. Indicator: SDG3.1.1. The estimated number of women, between the age of 15-49, who die from pregnancy-related causes while pregnant or within 42 days of termination of pregnancy, per 100,000 live births. Source: SDG database - https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/indicators/database


36. 2019. Indicator: SDG 5.6.2. Extent to which countries have laws and regulations that guarantee full and equal access to women and men aged 15 years and older to SRH care, information and education. Source: SDG database - https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/indicators/database


40. No Data. Indicator: Percentage of married women who say that they have the final say in own health care. Source: DHS - http://www.statcompiler.com/


102. 2014. Indicator: Percentage of men who have sex with men who are living with HIV. Source: UNAIDS estimates - https://aidsinfo.unaids.org

103. 2018. Indicator: Percentage of men who have sex with men who received an HIV test in the past 12 months and know their results. Source: UNAIDS estimates - https://aidsinfo.unaids.org