This country snapshot provides an overview of national data relating to sexual and reproductive health and rights (SRHR) throughout the life course. Realization of SRHR requires provision of comprehensive, people-centred services, that address the different elements of SRHR, and which are supported by an enabling environment, quality health systems, and meaningful community engagement. Multiple, synergistic cross-linkages exist within and between the different SRHR elements, leading to sequential outcome benefits throughout the life course.

By highlighting the national SRHR situation - including successes, areas for improvement, and data gaps - this snapshot can be used for determining priorities, planning of programmes, resource mobilization, and strengthening of health systems, service delivery and community engagement.

This snapshot uses the latest data publically available at the publication date, from reputable international sources (see endnotes for the year and source of each data point). It is acknowledged that intersectionality and people-centredness are not well reflected in available data, and that many categories of information currently collected are gender-binary.
Demographic data

Population size: 19.2m
- Female: 9.9m
- Male: 9.4m

Life expectancy at birth:
- Female: 79.3 years
- Male: 72.0 years

Population age distribution:
- 0-14: 6.0%
- 15-24: 15.5%
- 25-49: 34.8%
- 50+: 39.3%

Sexual and Reproductive Health

Total fertility rate: 1.6 births per woman

Adolescent birth rate:
- Male: 36.2 per 1,000 women aged 15-19
- Female: ND

Median age at first sex among young people (20-24):
- Male: ND
- Female: ND

HIV

Number of new HIV infections:
- Child (0-14): <100
- Female (15-24): <100
- Male (15-24): <100
- Female (25-49): <200
- Male (25-49): <500
- Female (50+): <100
- Male (50+): <100
- Total: <1,000

Number of people living with HIV:
- Child (0-14): <100
- Female (15-24): <1,000
- Male (15-24): <1,000
- Female (25-49): 4,100
- Male (25-49): 6,600
- Female (50+): 2,800
- Male (50+): 4,100
- Total: 19,000

Number of AIDS related deaths:
- Child (0-14): <100
- Female (15-24): <100
- Male (15-24): <100
- Female (25-49): <100
- Male (25-49): <100
- Female (50+): <100
- Male (50+): <100
- Total: <500

HIV incidence per 1,000 population (15+): 0.05

HIV prevalence among adults (15-49): 0.1%
ENABLING ENVIRONMENT

Supportive laws and policies, and access to justice are essential to eliminate stigma, discrimination, violence, coercion and exclusion in health care. Such laws and policies create a safe and supportive enabling environment that meets the SRHR needs of all people, especially key and vulnerable populations. Harmful laws need to be amended, and damaging practices need to be countered at all levels.

ND = No Data

Global Targets: Achieved ● Challenges remain ○ Major challenges remain ○

Laws and policies

People living with HIV
Are there laws or policies that:
- Criminalize transmission, exposure or non-disclosure of HIV[19]
- Yes ●
- Restrict entry, stay and residence of people living with HIV[20]
- ND ○
- Protect against discrimination on basis of HIV status[21]
- ND ○
- Allow HIV self-testing[22]
- Yes ●
- Make oral pre-exposure prophylaxis for HIV (PrEP) available[23]
- ND ○

SRHR and gender-based violence
Are there laws or policies that:
- Allow safe abortion[29]
- Yes ●
- - To save a woman’s life
- - To preserve a woman’s physical health
- - To preserve a woman’s mental health
- - In case of rape
- - In case of incest
- - Owing to foetal impairment
- - For economic or social reasons
- - On request
- Require spousal consent for married women to access SRH services[30]
- ND ○
- Explicitly criminalize marital rape[31]
- Yes ●
- Criminalize domestic violence[32]
- Yes ●
- Criminalize sexual harassment[33]
- Yes ●
- Require provision of CSE in primary school[34]
- ND ○
- National strategy or policy on self-care interventions[35]
- ND ○

Key populations
Are there laws or policies that:
- Criminalize same-sex sexual behaviour[36]
- No ○
- Criminalize sex work[37]
- ND ○
- Allow the death penalty for people convicted of drug-related offences[38]
- ND ○
- Support a harm reduction approach for people who use drugs[39]
- ND ○
- Legally recognize a third gender[40]
- ND ○

Extent to which laws and regulations guarantee access to SRH care and education (SDG 5.6.2)[41]

Maternity care
- Family planning
- CSE
- Sexual health
- Total

ND ○

Age of Consent
Legal age for consent to sexual intercourse[37]

Female ND ○

Male ND ○

Legal age for marriage without parental consent[42]

Female 18 ●

Male 18 ●

Laws requiring parental consent for adolescents to access SRH services[43]

ND ○

Women’s empowerment
Percentage of women that believe they should have final say in decisions regarding their own healthcare[44]

ND ○

Percentage of women (15-49) making SRHR decisions[45]

ND ○

Global Gender Gap Index[46] (Ranking out of 156 countries)

Score (1.0 = parity)

0.7 ○

Ranking

88 ○

Stigma
Percentage of general population reporting discriminatory attitudes towards people living with HIV[47]

ND ○
Universal Health Coverage

Coverage of essential health services (SDG 3.8.1)\textsuperscript{44}

\[
\begin{array}{c}
\text{74}
\end{array}
\]

Catastrophic health spending (SDG 3.8.2)
Households where expenditure on health is greater than:

\[
\begin{array}{c}
10\% \text{ of income}^{45} \\
25\% \text{ of income}^{46}
\end{array}
\]

\[
\begin{array}{c}
13.4\% \\
2.2\%
\end{array}
\]

Governance
Legislation on universal health coverage\textsuperscript{47}

\[
\begin{array}{c}
\text{Yes}
\end{array}
\]

Health workforce
Skilled health professionals (per 10,000 population)

\[
\begin{array}{c}
\text{Doctors}^{48a} \\
\text{Nurses and Midwives}^{48b} \\
\text{Pharmacists}^{48c}
\end{array}
\]

\[
\begin{array}{c}
29.8 \\
73.9 \\
9.07
\end{array}
\]

Supply Chain
Availability of essential medicines and commodities in Public Health facilities\textsuperscript{49}

\[
\begin{array}{c}
\text{ND}
\end{array}
\]

Male condom stock-out in the past 12 months\textsuperscript{50}

\[
\begin{array}{c}
\text{ND}
\end{array}
\]

Paper-based or electronic health information system\textsuperscript{51}

\[
\begin{array}{c}
\text{ND}
\end{array}
\]

Antenatal care data captured in health information system\textsuperscript{52}

\[
\begin{array}{c}
\text{ND}
\end{array}
\]

Health financing
Total health expenditure as a percentage of GDP\textsuperscript{53}

\[
\begin{array}{c}
5.6\%
\end{array}
\]

Government health expenditure as percentage of GDP\textsuperscript{54}

\[
\begin{array}{c}
4.4\%
\end{array}
\]

Total health expenditure per capita (USD)\textsuperscript{55}

\[
\begin{array}{c}
5687.3
\end{array}
\]

Government expenditure on reproductive health per capita (USD)\textsuperscript{56}

\[
\begin{array}{c}
\text{ND}
\end{array}
\]

Integrated service delivery
Health facilities delivering HIV counselling and testing with SRH services\textsuperscript{57}

\[
\begin{array}{c}
\text{Data Not Available}
\end{array}
\]

Health facilities delivering HIV treatment and care with SRH services\textsuperscript{58}

\[
\begin{array}{c}
\text{Data Not Available}
\end{array}
\]

Global Targets: Achieved ◼ Challenges remain ○ Major challenges remain ◼

ND = No Data
**Contraception / Family Planning**

- Demand for family planning satisfied with a modern method of contraception (15-49):
  - ND

- Unmet need for family planning (15-49):
  - 11.9%

- Use of modern contraceptive methods (women 15-49):
  - 50.5%

- Modern contraceptive method (women 15-49):
  - Injection: ND
  - Self injectable: ND
  - Pill: ND
  - Male condom: ND
  - IUD: ND
  - Implant: ND
  - Female sterilization: ND
  - Other modern methods: ND

**Antenatal, delivery and postnatal care**

- Attending antenatal clinic:
  - At least once: 76.3%
  - At least 4 times: ND

- Proportion of births attended by skilled health personnel:
  - 94.8%

- Births by caesarean section:
  - 34.2%

- Postnatal checkup in first two days after birth:
  - ND

**Vertical transmission of HIV**

- Pregnant women tested for HIV:
  - 75.9%

- Early infant diagnosis (HIV-testing of infants at risk):
  - 99.0%

- Vertical transmission (at 12 months):
  - 3.6%

- Primary infertility among women:
  - ND

**Vertical transmission of syphilis**

- Tested for syphilis at 1st antenatal care visit:
  - ND

- Percentage testing positive for syphilis who are treated:
  - 28.8%

- Congenital syphilis rate (per 100,000 live births):
  - 2.2

**Abortion**

- Abortions per 1,000 women (15-49): ND

---

**SERVICE DELIVERY: REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH**

Women have the right to decide whether, when and how many children they want to have, and to do so safely, without fear of acquiring STIs including HIV, or of maternal morbidity and mortality. Women require access to a choice of modern contraceptive methods and quality antenatal, childbirth and postnatal care, safe abortion care (to the full extent of the law), post abortion care and infertility services.

ND = No Data

Global Targets:
- Achieved
- Challenges remain
- Major challenges remain

---

ND = No Data
SERVICE DELIVERY: SEXUAL HEALTH

Sexual health is a state of physical, emotional, mental and social well-being in relation to sexuality. It requires a positive and respectful approach to sexuality and sexual relationships, as well as the possibility of having pleasurable and safe sexual experiences, free of coercion, stigma, discrimination and violence.

**ND = No Data**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Global Targets: Achieved</th>
<th>Challenges remain</th>
<th>Major challenges remain</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

### HIV prevention

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Condom use at last high risk sex (15-49)</th>
<th>ND</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Male circumcision</td>
<td>ND</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 95-95-95 testing and treatment cascade

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>People living with HIV who know their status (15+)</th>
<th>Female 84%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>People living with HIV who are on ART (15+)</td>
<td>Female 64%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>People living with HIV on ART who achieve viral load suppression (15+)</td>
<td>Female 51%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Male 88%</th>
<th>ND</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ND</td>
<td>Male 69%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ND</td>
<td>Male 55%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### PrEP and HIV self-testing

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Current oral pre-exposure prophylaxis for HIV (PrEP) users</th>
<th>ND</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>HIV self tests conducted</td>
<td>ND</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Syphilis

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Active syphilis among men who have sex with men</th>
<th>ND</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Active syphilis among sex workers</td>
<td>ND</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| ND | ND |

### Gender based violence

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Women experiencing physical or sexual violence in past 12 months (15-49)</th>
<th>ND</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Wife agrees husband justified beating her - at least one reason specified</td>
<td>ND</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Care/support provided by service delivery points in cases of rape or incest

- First-line support (psychological first aid) | ND |
- Emergency contraception for women (within 5 days) | ND |
- Safe abortion (in accordance with national laws) | ND |
- Post-exposure prophylaxis for STIs and HIV (within 72 hours) | ND |

### Cervical cancer

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Existence of national HPV vaccination programme</th>
<th>Yes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Existence of national cervical cancer screening programme</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of programme</th>
<th>organized-population-based-screening</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Coverage of national screening programme</td>
<td>10-50%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SERVICE DELIVERY: SEXUAL AND REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH FOR ALL

Everyone has the right to access sexual and reproductive health services and information, free of force or coercion, and irrespective of age, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, ability, socio-economic or occupational status.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Harmful practices</th>
<th>Comprehensive Sexuality Education</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Girls married before 18</td>
<td>ND</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Female genital mutilation / cutting</td>
<td>ND</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Primary schools fully implementing national CSE policy</td>
<td>ND</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Secondary schools fully implementing national CSE policy</td>
<td>ND</td>
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<th>Correct knowledge of HIV prevention (15-24)</th>
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<tr>
<td>Female</td>
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<tr>
<th>Key populations</th>
<th>Population size estimate</th>
<th>HIV prevalence</th>
<th>Knowledge of HIV status</th>
<th>Condom use at last sex</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Men who have sex with men</td>
<td>10,500</td>
<td>18.2%</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>56.6%</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sex workers</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>1.0%</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>89.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>People who inject drugs</td>
<td>9,000</td>
<td>11.2%</td>
<td>62.0%</td>
<td>26.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transgender people</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prisoners</td>
<td>27,500</td>
<td>1.6%</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND</td>
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ND = No Data

Global Targets: Achieved
Challenges remain
Major challenges remain

Harmful practices

Comprehensive Sexuality Education

Adolescent sexual health

Key populations

SERVICE DELIVERY: SEXUAL AND REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH FOR ALL

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1. The cutoff for data included in this Infographic Snapshot is 15/04/2021. The year provided for each endnote is the date ... validated data sources.
19. 2015. Indicator: SDG 5.6.2. Extent to which countries have laws and regulations that guarantee full and equal access to women and men aged 15 years and older to SRH care, information and education. Source: SDG database - https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/indicators/database
25. 2019. Indicator: SDG 5.6.2. Extent to which countries have laws and regulations that guarantee full and equal access to women and men aged 15 years and older to SRH care, information and education. Source: SDG database - https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/indicators/database