This country snapshot provides an overview of national data relating to sexual and reproductive health and rights (SRHR) throughout the life course. Realization of SRHR\(^2\) requires provision of comprehensive, people-centred services, that address the different elements of SRHR, and which are supported by an enabling environment, quality health systems, and meaningful community engagement. Multiple, synergistic cross-linkages exist within and between the different SRHR elements, leading to sequential outcome benefits throughout the life course.\(^3\)

By highlighting the national SRHR situation - including successes, areas for improvement, and data gaps - this snapshot can be used for determining priorities, planning of programmes, resource mobilization, and strengthening of health systems, service delivery and community engagement.

This snapshot uses the latest data publicly available at the publication date\(^1\), from reputable international sources (see endnotes for the year and source of each data point). It is acknowledged that intersectionality and people-centredness are not well reflected in available data, and that many categories of information currently collected are gender-binary.

\(^{1}\)Reissued for technical reasons on 29 April 2022

\(^{2}\)Reissued for technical reasons on 29 April 2022

\(^{3}\)Reissued for technical reasons on 29 April 2022
**Demographic data**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Population size</th>
<th>1.4m</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Female</td>
<td>0.62m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Male</td>
<td>0.78m</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Life expectancy at birth</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0-14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15-24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25-49</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50+</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Population age distribution</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0-14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15-24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25-49</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50+</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Sexual and Reproductive Health**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Total fertility rate</th>
<th>4.6 births per woman</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Adolescent birth rate</td>
<td>155.6 per 1,000 women aged 15-19</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Median age at first sex among young people (20-24)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Male</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Female</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Maternal mortality ratio</th>
<th>301 per 100,000 live births</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Maternal mortality due to HIV</td>
<td>ND</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Neonatal mortality rate</th>
<th>29.0 per 1000 live births</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**HIV**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number of new HIV infections</th>
<th>Number of people living with HIV</th>
<th>Number of AIDS related deaths</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Child (0-14)</td>
<td>&lt;1,000</td>
<td>2,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Female (15-24)</td>
<td>&lt;1,000</td>
<td>3,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Male (15-24)</td>
<td>&lt;500</td>
<td>2,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Female (25-49)</td>
<td>1,400</td>
<td>24,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Male (25-49)</td>
<td>1,900</td>
<td>25,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Female (50+)</td>
<td>&lt;200</td>
<td>3,900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Male (50+)</td>
<td>&lt;200</td>
<td>3,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>5,200</td>
<td>65,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**HIV incidence per 1,000 population (15+)** | **HIV prevalence among adults (15-49)**

| 5.87 | 7.2% |

**Context**

The Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) and Universal Health Coverage (UHC) agendas provide important opportunities to realise sexual and reproductive health and rights for all, including key and vulnerable populations, and to reimagine and enhance equitable access and quality coverage of SRH services. Delivery of comprehensive SRHR interventions throughout the life course is an essential component of UHC.
ENABLING ENVIRONMENT

Supportive laws and policies, and access to justice are essential to eliminate stigma, discrimination, violence, coercion and exclusion in health care. Such laws and policies create a safe and supportive enabling environment that meets the SRHR needs of all people, especially key and vulnerable populations. Harmful laws need to be amended, and damaging practices need to be countered at all levels.

ND = No Data

Global Targets: Achieved ☑ Challenges remain ■ Major challenges remain ■

Laws and policies

People living with HIV
Are there laws or policies that:
- Criminalize transmission, exposure or non-disclosure of HIV 19 Yes ■
- Restrict entry, stay and residence of people living with HIV 20 No ■
- Protect against discrimination on basis of HIV status 21 ND
- Allow HIV self-testing 22 No ■
- Make oral pre-exposure prophylaxis for HIV (PrEP) available 23 No ■

Key populations
Are there laws or policies that:
- Criminalize same-sex sexual behaviour 24 No ■
- Criminalize sex work 25 No ■
- Allow the death penalty for people convicted of drug-related offences 26 No ■
- Support a harm reduction approach for people who use drugs 27 No ■
- Legally recognize a third gender 28 ND

SRHR and gender-based violence
Are there laws or policies that:
- Allow safe abortion 29 ND
  - To save a woman’s life
  - To preserve a woman’s physical health
  - To preserve a woman’s mental health
  - In case of rape
  - In case of incest
  - Owing to foetal impairment
  - For economic or social reasons
  - On request
- Require spousal consent for married women to access SRH services 30 No ■
- Explicitly criminalize marital rape 31 No ■
- Criminalize domestic violence 32 No ■
- Criminalize sexual harassment 33 Yes ■
- Require provision of CSE in primary school 34 ND
- National strategy or policy on self-care interventions 35 ND

Extent to which laws and regulations guarantee access to SRH care and education (SDG 5.6.2) 36

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Maternity care</th>
<th>ND</th>
<th>ND</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Family planning</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CSE</td>
<td>75%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sexual health</td>
<td>75%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Age of Consent
Legal age for consent to sexual intercourse 37 Legal age for marriage without parental consent 38

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Female</th>
<th>ND</th>
<th>Female</th>
<th>ND</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Male</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>Male</td>
<td>ND</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Laws requiring parental consent for adolescents to access SRH services 39

- Yes <16yrs

Women’s empowerment

Percentage of women that believe they should have final say in decisions regarding their own healthcare 40

| ND | ND |

Global Gender Gap Index 41

- Ranking (out of ND countries)
- Score (1.0 = parity)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Score</th>
<th>ND</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ranking</td>
<td>ND</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Stigma
Percentage of general population reporting discriminatory attitudes towards people living with HIV 42

- 75.7%
**Health Systems**

Universal health coverage (UHC) is central to achieving better health and well-being for all people throughout the life course. Reaching UHC requires transforming health systems away from vertical and top-down approaches towards integrated, people-centred, supportive systems for health. Comprehensive SRHR, within UHC, is crucial to support progress towards advancing health and well-being for all.

ND = No Data

**Global Targets:**
- Achieved 🔵
- Challenges remain 🔴
- Major challenges remain 🔴

### Universal Health Coverage

- **Coverage of essential health services (SDG 3.8.1)**
  - 45

### Catastrophic health spending (SDG 3.8.2)

Households where expenditure on health is greater than:
- 10% of income
  - ND
- 25% of income
  - ND

### Governance

- Legislation on universal health coverage
  - No

### Health workforce

- Skilled health professionals (per 10,000 population)
  - Doctors: 4.0
  - Nurses and Midwives: 5.0
  - Pharmacists: ND

### Supply Chain

- Availability of essential medicines and commodities in Public Health facilities
  - ND
- Male condom stock-out in the past 12 months
  - Yes

### Health information

- Paper-based or electronic health information system
  - ND
- Antenatal care data captured in health information system
  - ND

### Health financing

- Total health expenditure as a percentage of GDP
  - 3.0%
- Government health expenditure as percentage of GDP
  - 0.6%
- Total health expenditure per capita (USD)
  - $314.3
- Government expenditure on reproductive health per capita (USD)
  - ND

### Integrated service delivery

- Health facilities delivering HIV counselling and testing with SRH services
  - All
- Health facilities delivering HIV treatment and care with SRH services
  - All
SERVICE DELIVERY: REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH

Women have the right to decide whether, when and how many children they want to have, and to do so safely, without fear of acquiring STIs including HIV, or of maternal morbidity and mortality. Women require access to a choice of modern contraceptive methods and quality antenatal, childbirth and postnatal care, safe abortion care (to the full extent of the law), post abortion care and infertility services.

ND = No Data

Global Targets: Achieved  Challenges remain  Major challenges remain

**Contraception / Family Planning**

- **Demand for family planning satisfied with a modern method of contraception (15-49)\textsuperscript{59}**
  - 20.7%

- **Knowledge of modern contraceptive methods\textsuperscript{60}**
  - Injection: 22.1%
  - Self injectable: ND
  - Pill: 24.2%
  - Male condom: 23.2%
  - IUD: 5.3%
  - Implant: 0%
  - Female sterilization: 10.5%
  - Other modern methods: 14.7%

- **Unmet need for family planning (15-49)\textsuperscript{52}**
  - 33.8%

- **Use of modern contraceptive methods (women 15-49)\textsuperscript{57}**
  - Pill: 9.5%

**Antenatal, delivery and postnatal care**

- **Attending antenatal clinic**
  - At least once\textsuperscript{64}  - 91.3%
  - At least 4 times\textsuperscript{65}  - 66.9%

- **Proportion of births attended by skilled health personnel\textsuperscript{66}**
  - 68.3%

- **Births by caesarean section\textsuperscript{57}**
  - 6.6%

- **Postnatal checkup in first two days after birth\textsuperscript{54}**
  - ND

**Vertical transmission of HIV**

- **Pregnant women tested for HIV\textsuperscript{69}**
  - ND

- **Early infant diagnosis (HIV-testing of infants at risk)\textsuperscript{70}**
  - 1.8%

- **Vertical transmission (at 12 months)\textsuperscript{71}**
  - 20.5%

- **Primary infertility among women\textsuperscript{72}**
  - ND

**Vertical transmission of syphilis**

- **Tested for syphilis at 1st antenatal care visit\textsuperscript{73}**
  - 37.4%

- **Percentage testing positive for syphilis who are treated\textsuperscript{78}**
  - 87.2%

- **Congenital syphilis rate\textsuperscript{75} (per 100,000 live births)**
  - 110.8

**Abortion**

- **Abortions per 1,000 women (15-49)\textsuperscript{76}**
  - ND
SERVICE DELIVERY: SEXUAL HEALTH

Sexual health is a state of physical, emotional, mental and social well-being in relation to sexuality. It requires a positive and respectful approach to sexuality and sexual relationships, as well as the possibility of having pleasurable and safe sexual experiences, free of coercion, stigma, discrimination and violence.

ND = No Data

Global Targets:
- Achieved
- Challenges remain
- Major challenges remain

HIV prevention

Condom use at last high risk sex (15-49)
- Female 77%
- Male 61%

Male circumcision
- Male 78%

People living with HIV who know their status (15+)
- Female 79%
- Male 61%

People living with HIV who are on ART (15+)
- Female 52%
- Male 18%

People living with HIV on ART who achieve viral load suppression (15+)
- Female ND
- Male ND

PrEP and HIV self-testing

Current oral pre-exposure prophylaxis for HIV (PrEP) users
- ND

HIV self tests conducted
- ND

Syphilis

Active syphilis among men who have sex with men
- ND

Active syphilis among sex workers
- ND

Gender based violence

Women experiencing physical or sexual violence in past 12 months (15-49)
- 43.6%

Wife agrees husband justified beating her - at least one reason specified
- ND

Care/support provided by service delivery points in cases of rape or incest
- First-line support (psychological first aid)
  - No
- Emergency contraception for women (within 5 days)
  - No
- Safe abortion (in accordance with national laws)
  - Yes
- Post-exposure prophylaxis for STIs and HIV (within 72 hours)
  - Yes

Cervical cancer

Existence of national HPV vaccination programme
- No

Existence of national cervical cancer screening programme
- No

Type of programme
- None

Coverage of national screening programme
- 0%
Harmful practices

- Girls married before 18: 29.5%
- Female genital mutilation / cutting: ND

Comprehensive Sexuality Education

- Primary schools fully implementing national CSE policy: ND
- Secondary schools fully implementing national CSE policy: ND

Adolescent sexual health

- Had multiple partners and used a condom at last sex (15-19):
  - Female: ND
  - Male: ND
- Correct knowledge of HIV prevention (15-24):
  - Female: 18.8%
  - Male: 17.6%

Key populations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Population</th>
<th>Population size estimate</th>
<th>HIV prevalence</th>
<th>Knowledge of HIV status</th>
<th>Condom use at last sex</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Men who have sex with men</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sex workers</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>13.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>People who inject drugs</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transgender people</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prisoners</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
1. The cutoff for data included in this Infographic Snapshot is 15/04/2021. The year provided for each endnote is the date of the latest available data with an earliest date of 2011. Where data is not available in an international data source ‘No data’ is stated. This does not mean that no data exists for this indicator but that no data was found in internationally validated data sources.


33. 2019. Indicator: SDG 5.6.2. Extent to which countries have laws and regulations that guarantee full and equal access to women and men aged 15 years and older to SRH care, information and education. Source: SDG database - https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/indicators/database


35. No Data. Indicator: Legal minimum age for marriage without parental consent (where an age range given, the lowest figure was used). Source: United Nations Statistics Division - https://unstats.un.org/wpp/Download/Standard/Fertility/


104. No Data. Indicator: Percentage of men who have sex with men who are living with HIV. Source: UNAIDS estimates - https://aidsinfo.unaids.org
105. No Data. Indicator: Percentage of men who have sex with men who received an HIV test in the past 12 months and know their results. Source: UNAIDS estimates - https://aidsinfo.unaids.org
106. No Data. Indicator: Percentage of men reporting the use of a condom the last time they had anal sex with a male partner. Source: UNAIDS estimates - https://aidsinfo.unaids.org
108. No Data. Indicator: Percentage of sex workers who are living with HIV. Source: UNAIDS estimates - https://aidsinfo.unaids.org
112. No Data. Indicator: Percentage of people who inject drugs who are living with HIV. Source: UNAIDS estimates - https://aidsinfo.unaids.org
113. No Data. Indicator: Percentage of people who inject drugs who received an HIV test in the past 12 months and know their results. Source: UNAIDS estimates - https://aidsinfo.unaids.org
114. No Data. Indicator: Percentage of people who inject drugs reporting the use of a condom the last time they had sexual intercourse. Source: UNAIDS estimates - https://aidsinfo.unaids.org
117. No Data. Indicator: Percentage of transgender people who received an HIV test in the past 12 months and know their results. Source: UNAIDS estimates - https://aidsinfo.unaids.org
118. No Data. Indicator: Percentage of transgender people reporting the use of a condom the last time they had sexual intercourse. Source: UNAIDS estimates - https://aidsinfo.unaids.org
120. No Data. Indicator: Percentage of prisoners who are living with HIV. Source: UNAIDS estimates - https://aidsinfo.unaids.org
121. No Data. Indicator: Percentage of prisoners who received an HIV test in the past 12 months and know their results. Source: No known source
122. No Data. Indicator: Percentage of prisoners reporting the use of a condom the last time they had sexual intercourse. Source: No known source

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