This country snapshot provides an overview of national data relating to sexual and reproductive health and rights (SRHR) throughout the life course. Realization of SRHR requires provision of comprehensive, people-centred services, that address the different elements of SRHR, and which are supported by an enabling environment, quality health systems, and meaningful community engagement. Multiple, synergistic cross-linkages exist within and between the different SRHR elements, leading to sequential outcome benefits throughout the life course.

By highlighting the national SRHR situation - including successes, areas for improvement, and data gaps - this snapshot can be used for determining priorities, planning of programmes, resource mobilization, and strengthening of health systems, service delivery and community engagement.

This snapshot uses the latest data publically available at the publication date, from reputable international sources (see endnotes for the year and source of each data point). It is acknowledged that intersectionality and people-centredness are not well reflected in available data, and that many categories of information currently collected are gender-binary.
The Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) and Universal Health Coverage (UHC) agendas provide important opportunities to realise sexual and reproductive health and rights for all, including key and vulnerable populations, and to reimagine and enhance equitable access and quality coverage of SRH services. Delivery of comprehensive SRHR interventions throughout the life course is an essential component of UHC.

Global Targets: Achieved, Challenges remain, Major challenges remain

**Demographic data**

- **Population size**: 1.2m
  - Female: 0.60m
  - Male: 0.60m

- **Life expectancy at birth**
  - Female: 85.1
  - Male: 81.1

- **Population age distribution**
  
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age Group</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0-14</td>
<td>16.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15-24</td>
<td>13.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25-49</td>
<td>37.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50+</td>
<td>32.0%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Sexual and Reproductive Health**

- **Total fertility rate**: 1.3 births per woman
- **Adolescent birth rate**: 4.6 per 1,000 women aged 15-19
- **Median age at first sex among young people (20-24)**: N/A
- **Young women (20-24) married before age 18**: N/A
- **Maternal mortality ratio**: 6 per 100,000 live births
- **Maternal mortality due to HIV**: N/A
- **Neonatal mortality rate**: 1.3 per 1000 live births

**HIV**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age Group</th>
<th>Number of new HIV infections</th>
<th>Number of people living with HIV</th>
<th>Number of AIDS related deaths</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Child (0-14)</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Female (15-24)</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Male (15-24)</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>14,000</td>
<td>ND</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Female (25-49)</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Male (25-49)</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Female (50+)</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Male (50+)</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**HIV incidence per 1,000 population (15+)**: N/A

**HIV prevalence among adults (15-49)**: N/A
## Impact on integrated SRHR: Supportive  Partial  Punitive

### Laws and policies

#### People living with HIV

Are there laws or policies that:
- Criminalize transmission, exposure or non-disclosure of HIV\[^{19}\]
  - Yes
- Restrict entry, stay and residence of people living with HIV\[^{20}\]
  - No
- Protect against discrimination on basis of HIV status\[^{21}\]
  - No
- Allow HIV self-testing\[^{22}\]
  - No
- Make oral pre-exposure prophylaxis for HIV (PrEP) available\[^{23}\]
  - No

### Key populations

Are there laws or policies that:
- Criminalize same-sex sexual behaviour\[^{24}\]
  - No
- Criminalize sex work\[^{25}\]
  - ND
- Allow the death penalty for people convicted of drug-related offences\[^{26}\]
  - ND
- Support a harm reduction approach for people who use drugs\[^{27}\]
  - ND
- Legally recognize a third gender\[^{28}\]
  - ND

### SRHR and gender-based violence

Are there laws or policies that:
- Allow safe abortion\[^{29}\]
  - Yes
  - To save a woman’s life
  - Yes
  - To preserve a woman’s physical health
  - Yes
  - To preserve a woman’s mental health
  - Yes
  - In case of rape
  - Yes
  - In case of incest
  - Yes
  - Owing to foetal impairment
  - Yes
  - For economic or social reasons
  - ND
  - On request
  - Yes
- Require spousal consent for married women to access SRH services\[^{30}\]
  - ND
- Explicitly criminalize marital rape\[^{31}\]
  - Yes
- Criminalize domestic violence\[^{32}\]
  - Yes
- Criminalize sexual harassment\[^{33}\]
  - Yes
- Require provision of CSE in primary school\[^{34}\]
  - ND
- National strategy or policy on self-care interventions\[^{35}\]
  - ND

### Extent to which laws and regulations guarantee access to SRH care and education (SDG 5.6.2)\[^{36}\]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Maternity care</th>
<th>Family planning</th>
<th>CSE</th>
<th>Sexual health</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Age of Consent

#### Legal age for consent to sexual intercourse\[^{37}\]

- Female: ND
- Male: ND

#### Legal age for marriage without parental consent\[^{38}\]

- Female: 18
- Male: 18

### Laws requiring parental consent for adolescents to access SRH services\[^{39}\]

- ND

### Women’s empowerment

Percentage of women that believe they should have final say in decisions regarding healthcare\[^{40}\]

- ND

Percentage of women (15-49) making SRHR decisions\[^{41}\]

- ND

Global Gender Gap Index\[^{42}\]

- Score: 0.7
- Ranking: 83

### Stigma

Percentage of general population reporting discriminatory attitudes towards people living with HIV\[^{43}\]

- ND

---

ND = No Data

Global Targets: Achieved  Challenges remain  Major challenges remain
Universal Health Coverage

Coverage of essential health services (SDG 3.8.1)\(^{44}\)  
- Coverage: 78

Catastrophic health spending (SDG 3.8.2)  
- Households where expenditure on health is greater than:  
  - 10% of income\(^{45}\): ND  
  - 25% of income\(^{46}\): ND

Governance

Legislation on universal health coverage\(^{47}\)  
- Yes

Health workforce

Skilled health professionals (per 10,000 population)  
- Doctors\(^{48a}\): 19.5  
- Nurses and Midwives\(^{48b}\): 2.8  
- Pharmacists\(^{48c}\): 6.46

Supply Chain

Availability of essential medicines and commodities in Public Health facilities\(^{49}\)  
- ND

Health information

Male condom stock-out in the past 12 months\(^{50}\)  
- ND

Antenatal care data captured in health information system\(^{51}\)  
- ND

Health financing

Total health expenditure as a percentage of GDP\(^{52}\)  
- 6.8%

Government health expenditure as percentage of GDP\(^{53}\)  
- 2.9%

Total health expenditure per capita (USD)\(^{54}\)  
- $1954.4

Government expenditure on reproductive health per capita (USD)\(^{55}\)  
- ND

Integrated service delivery

Health facilities delivering HIV counselling and testing with SRH services\(^{57}\)  
- Data Not Available

Health facilities delivering HIV treatment and care with SRH services\(^{58}\)  
- Data Not Available

Global Targets:  
- Achieved  
- Challenges remain  
- Major challenges remain

ND = No Data

Universal health coverage (UHC) is central to achieving better health and well-being for all people throughout the life course. Reaching UHC requires transforming health systems away from vertical and top-down approaches towards integrated, people-centred, supportive systems for health. Comprehensive SRHR, within UHC, is crucial to support progress towards advancing health and well-being for all.
Women have the right to decide whether, when and how many children they want to have, and to do so safely, without fear of acquiring STIs including HIV, or of maternal morbidity and mortality. Women require access to a choice of modern contraceptive methods and quality antenatal, childbirth and postnatal care, safe abortion care (to the full extent of the law), post abortion care and infertility services.

**Contraception / Family Planning**

- **Demand for family planning satisfied with a modern method of contraception (15-49)**
  - ND

- **Knowledge of modern contraceptive methods**
  - ND

- **Modern contraceptive method (women 15-49)**
  - Injection: ND
  - Self injectable: ND
  - Pill: ND
  - Male condom: ND
  - IUD: ND
  - Implant: ND
  - Female sterilization: ND
  - Other modern methods: ND

**Antenatal, delivery and postnatal care**

- **Attending antenatal clinic**
  - At least once: ND
  - At least 4 times: ND

- **Proportion of births attended by skilled health personnel**
  - 99.3%

- **Births by caesarean section**
  - ND

- **Postnatal checkup in first two days after birth**
  - ND

**Vertical transmission of HIV**

- **Pregnant women tested for HIV**
  - ND

- **Early infant diagnosis (HIV-testing of infants at risk)**
  - ND

- **Vertical transmission (at 12 months)**
  - ND

- **Primary infertility among women**
  - ND

**Vertical transmission of syphilis**

- **Tested for syphilis at 1st antenatal care visit**
  - 100.0%

- **Percentage testing positive for syphilis who are treated**
  - ND

- **Congenital syphilis rate (per 100,000 live births)**
  - 0.0

**Abortion**

- **Abortions per 1,000 women (15-49)**
  - ND

**ND = No Data**

**Global Targets:**
- Achieved
- Challenges remain
- Major challenges remain
### SERVICE DELIVERY: SEXUAL HEALTH

Sexual health is a state of physical, emotional, mental and social well-being in relation to sexuality. It requires a positive and respectful approach to sexuality and sexual relationships, as well as the possibility of having pleasurable and safe sexual experiences, free of coercion, stigma, discrimination and violence.

ND = No Data

Global Targets: Achieved • Challenges remain • Major challenges remain

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HIV prevention</th>
<th>95-95-95 testing and treatment cascade</th>
<th>PrEP and HIV self-testing</th>
<th>Syphilis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Condom use at last high risk sex (15-49)77</td>
<td>People living with HIV who know their status (15+)?9</td>
<td>People living with HIV who are on ART (15+)?10</td>
<td>People living with HIV on ART who achieve viral load suppression (15+)?1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ND</td>
<td>Female ND</td>
<td>Female ND</td>
<td>Male ND</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Male circumcision78</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ND</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PrEP and HIV self-testing</th>
<th>Syphilis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Current oral pre-exposure prophylaxis for HIV (PrEP) users82</td>
<td>Active syphilis among men who have sex with men84</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Gender based violence</th>
<th>Care/support provided by service delivery points in cases of rape or incest</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Women experiencing physical or sexual violence in past 12 months (15-49)86</td>
<td>First-line support (psychological first aid)88</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wife agrees husband justified beating her - at least one reason specified87</td>
<td>Emergency contraception for women (within 5 days)88</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Safe abortion (in accordance with national laws)88</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ND</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Post-exposure prophylaxis for STIs and HIV (within 72 hours)89</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ND</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cervical cancer</th>
<th>Type of programme84</th>
<th>Coverage of national screening programme85</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Existence of national HPV vaccination programme92</td>
<td>opportunistic-screening</td>
<td>70%+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yes</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SERVICE DELIVERY: SEXUAL AND REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH FOR ALL

Everyone has the right to access sexual and reproductive health services and information, free of force or coercion, and irrespective of age, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, ability, socio-economic or occupational status.

ND = No Data

Global Targets:
- Achieved
- Challenges remain
- Major challenges remain

Harmful practices

Girls married before 18
ND
Female genital mutilation / cutting
ND

Comprehensive Sexuality Education

Primary schools fully implementing national CSE policy
ND
Secondary schools fully implementing national CSE policy
ND

Adolescent sexual health

Had multiple partners and used a condom at last sex (15-19)

Female
ND
Male
ND

Correct knowledge of HIV prevention (15-24)

Female
ND
Male
ND

Key populations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Population size estimate</th>
<th>HIV prevalence</th>
<th>Knowledge of HIV status</th>
<th>Condom use at last sex</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Men who have sex with men</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>2.5%</td>
<td>ND</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sex workers</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>People who inject drugs</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>0.4%</td>
<td>ND</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transgender people</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prisoners</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
1. The cutoff for data included in this Infographic Snapshot is 15/04/2021. The year provided for each endnote is the date of the latest available data with an earliest date of 2011. Where data is not available in an international data source ‘No data’ is stated. This does not mean that no data exists for this indicator but that no data was found in internationally validated data sources.


11. 2017. Indicator: SDG3.1.1. The estimated number of women, between the age of 15-49, who die from pregnancy-related causes while pregnant or within 42 days of termination of pregnancy, per 100,000 live births. Source: SDG database - https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/datasets/indicators/database


36. No Data. Indicator: SDG 5.6.2. Extent to which countries have laws and regulations that guarantee full and equal access to women and men aged 15 years and older to SRH care, information and education. Source: SDG database - https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/indicators/database


38. 2013. Indicator: Legal minimum age for marriage without parental consent (where an age range given, the lowest figure was used). Source: United Nations Statistics Division - http://unstats.un.org/unsd/gender/Data/Qualitative%20Indicators.html


41. No Data. Indicator: Percentage of married women who say that they have the final say in own health care. Source: DHS - http://chartsbin.com/
89. No Data. Indicator: Service delivery points provide care/support for women/men who have been raped/experienced incest: Emergency contraception for women who seek services within five days - according to national authorities. Source: UNAIDS Laws and Policies Analytics - https://aidsinfo.unaids.org
90. No Data. Indicator: Service delivery points provide care/support for women/men who have been raped/experienced incest: Safe abortion if a woman becomes pregnant as a result of rape in accordance with national law (according to national authorities). Source: UNAIDS Laws and Policies Analytics - http://lawsandpolicies.unaids.org/
91. No Data. Indicator: Service delivery points provide care/support for women/men who have been raped/experienced incest: Post-exposure prophylaxis for sexually transmitted infections and HIV (within 72 hours of sexual assault) - according to national authorities. Source: UNAIDS Laws and Policies Analytics - http://lawsandpolicies.unaids.org/
98. No Data. Indicator: Percentage of primary schools that have fully implemented education policies on life skills-based HIV and sexuality education. Source: UNAIDS Laws and Policies Analytics - http://lawsandpolicies.unaids.org/
100. No Data. Indicator: Percentage of adolescents (aged 15–19) who reported having sexual intercourse with more than one partner in the last 12 months and who reported the use of a condom during their last sexual intercourse. Source: UNICEF global databases - https://data.unicef.org/topic/hivaids/adolescents-young-people/
102. It is recognised that there are also a number of vulnerable populations at greater risk of poor HIV or SRH outcomes such as migrants/refugees, indigenous populations, people with disabilities, people experiencing homelessness etc. These are not included in this snapshot due to a lack of data.
105. No Data. Indicator: Percentage of men who have sex with men who received an HIV test in the past 12 months and know their results. Source: UNAIDS estimates - https://aidsinfo.unaids.org
106. 2012. Indicator: Percentage of men reporting the use of a condom the last time they had anal sex with a male partner. Source: UNAIDS estimates - https://aidsinfo.unaids.org
108. No Data. Indicator: Percentage of sex workers who are living with HIV. Source: UNAIDS estimates - https://aidsinfo.unaids.org
110. No Data. Indicator: Percentage of female and male sex workers reporting the use of a condom with their most recent client. Source: UNAIDS estimates - https://aidsinfo.unaids.org
113. No Data. Indicator: Percentage of people who inject drugs who received an HIV test in the past 12 months and know their results. Source: UNAIDS estimates - https://aidsinfo.unaids.org
117. No Data. Indicator: Percentage of transgender people who received an HIV test in the past 12 months and know their results. Source: UNAIDS estimates - https://aidsinfo.unaids.org
118. No Data. Indicator: Percentage of transgender people reporting the use of a condom the last time they had sexual intercourse. Source: UNAIDS estimates - https://aidsinfo.unaids.org
120. No Data. Indicator: Percentage of prisoners who are living with HIV. Source: UNAIDS estimates - https://aidsinfo.unaids.org
121. No Data. Indicator: Percentage of prisoners who received an HIV test in the past 12 months and know their results. Source: UNAIDS estimates - https://aidsinfo.unaids.org
122. No Data. Indicator: Percentage of prisoners reporting the use of a condom the last time they had sexual intercourse. Source: No known source

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