Foodborne diseases in the WHO Eastern Mediterranean Region

Every year

>100 million people fall ill \{ 37,000 die \}

32 million children <5 fall ill

Diarrhoeal diseases are responsible for 70% of the burden of foodborne diseases

E. coli, Norovirus, Campylobacter, Non-typhoidal Salmonella

FOODBORNE DISEASES ARE PREVENTABLE. EVERYONE HAS A ROLE TO PLAY.

For more information: www.who.int/foodsafety

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Foodborne diseases in the WHO European Region

Every year

23 million people fall ill
5,000 people die

Diarrhoeal diseases are responsible for most foodborne illnesses

Norovirus infection = almost 15 million cases
Campylobacter = nearly 5 million cases

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Foodborne diseases in the WHO Western Pacific Region

Every year

125 million people fall ill

>50,000 die

40 million children <5 fall ill

7,000 die

Aflatoxin (caused by mould on grain) is main cause of foodborne disease deaths with 70% of all cases worldwide in this Region

As a result, >10,000 people develop liver cancer each year

Region has highest death rate from foodborne parasites

Foodborne diseases are preventable. Everyone has a role to play.

For more information: www.who.int/foodsafety

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Foodborne diseases in the WHO Region of the Americas

Every year

77 million people fall ill

>9,000 die

31 million children <5 fall ill

>2,000 die

Diarrhoeal diseases are responsible for 95% of foodborne illnesses in the Region

Key causes of diarrhoeal diseases:
- Norovirus
- Campylobacter
- E. coli
- Non-typhoidal Salmonella

Foodborne diseases are preventable. Everyone has a role to play.

For more information: www.who.int/foodsafety

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Foodborne diseases in the WHO South-East Asia Region

Every year

>150 million people fall ill

>175 000 die

60 million children <5 fall ill

50 000 die

Diarrhoeal diseases are responsible for majority of deaths. Key causes:

- Norovirus
- Non-typhoidal Salmonella
- Pathogenic E. coli

Region has >1/2 the people globally who are infected and die from typhoid fever or hepatitis A

FOODBORNE DISEASES ARE PREVENTABLE. EVERYONE HAS A ROLE TO PLAY.

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Foodborne diseases in the WHO African Region

Every year

>91 million people fall ill

137 000 people die

representing 1/3 of the global death toll for foodborne diseases

Diarrhoeal diseases are responsible for 70% of the burden of foodborne diseases

Non-typhoidal Salmonella

Foodborne cholera E. coli

Chemical hazards (cyanide and aflatoxin) cause more than 3000 deaths annually

Paralysis (Konzo) caused by cyanide in cassava, is unique to the African Region, resulting in death in 1 in 5 people affected

FOODBORNE DISEASES ARE PREVENTABLE. EVERYONE HAS A ROLE TO PLAY.

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