

## Human infection with avian influenza A (H5) viruses

### Human infection with avian influenza A (H5N1) virus

From 12 to 18 February 2016, **no new cases** of human infection with avian influenza A (H5N1) virus were reported to WHO in the Western Pacific Region.

From February 2003 to 18 February 2016, 238 cases of human infection with avian influenza A (H5N1) virus were reported from four countries within the Western Pacific Region (Table 1). Of these cases, 134 were fatal, resulting in a case fatality rate (CFR) of 56%.

**Table 1: Cumulative number laboratory-confirmed human cases (C) and deaths (D) of influenza A (H5N1) virus infection reported to WHO (January 2003 to 20 January 2016), Western Pacific Region.**

Country	2003-2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		Total	
	C	D	C	D	C	D	C	D	C	D	C	D	C	D	C	D
Cambodia	10	8	8	8	3	3	26	14	9	4	0	0	0	0	56	37
China	40	26	1	1	2	1	2	2	2	0	5	1	1	0	53	31
Lao PDR	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2
Viet Nam	119	59	0	0	4	2	2	1	2	2	0	0	0	0	127	64
<b>Total</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>238</b>	<b>134</b>

From February 2003 to 20 January 2016, there have been 846 cases of human infection with avian influenza A (H5N1) virus reported from 16 countries worldwide. Of these cases, 449 were fatal, resulting in a CFR of 53.1%.

### Human infection with avian influenza A (H5N6) virus

From 12 to 18 February 2016, **no new cases** of human infection with avian influenza A (H5N6) virus were reported on the Disease Outbreak News. The last case was reported on 26 January 2016. Since May 2014, nine human cases of influenza A (H5N6) have been reported and all nine of these were reported from China.

<http://www.who.int/csr/don/26-january-2016-avian-influenza-china/en/>

### Public health risk assessment for human infection with avian influenza A (H5) viruses

Whenever avian influenza viruses are circulating in poultry, sporadic infections and small clusters of human cases are possible in people exposed to infected poultry or contaminated environments, therefore sporadic human cases would not be unexpected.

With the rapid spread and magnitude of avian influenza outbreaks due to existing and new influenza A (H5) viruses in poultry in areas that have not experienced this disease in animals recently, there is a need for increased vigilance in the animal and public health sectors. Community awareness of the potential dangers for human health is essential to prevent infection in humans. Surveillance should be enhanced to detect human infections if they occur and to detect early changes in transmissibility and infectivity of the viruses.

For more information on confirmed cases of human infection with avian influenza A (H5) virus reported to WHO, visit: [http://www.who.int/influenza/human\\_animal\\_interface/en/](http://www.who.int/influenza/human_animal_interface/en/)

## Human infection with avian influenza A (H7N9) virus in China

From 12 to 18 February 2016, **no new cases** of human infection with avian influenza A (H7N9) virus from the Western Pacific Region were reported. The last case was reported on 10 February 2016.

<http://www.who.int/csr/don/10-february-2016-avian-influenza-china/en/>

WHO is continuing to assess the epidemiological situation and will conduct further risk assessments with new information. Overall, the public health risk from avian influenza A (H7N9) viruses has not changed.

Further sporadic human cases of avian influenza A (H7N9) infection are expected in affected and possibly neighbouring areas. Should human cases from affected areas travel internationally, their infection may be detected in another country during or after arrival. If this were to occur, community level spread is considered unlikely as the virus does not have the ability to transmit easily among humans.

### Public health risk assessment for avian influenza A (H7N9) viruses

On 23 February 2015, WHO conducted a public health risk assessment for avian influenza A (H7N9). This assessment found the overall public health risk from avian influenza A (H7N9) viruses has not changed since the previous assessment, published on 2 October 2014. To date, there has been no evidence of sustained human-to-human transmission of avian influenza A (H7N9) virus.

*For more information on human infection with avian influenza A (H7N9) virus reported to WHO:*

[http://www.who.int/influenza/human\\_animal\\_interface/influenza\\_h7n9/en/](http://www.who.int/influenza/human_animal_interface/influenza_h7n9/en/)

*For more information on risk assessment for avian influenza A(H7N9) virus:*

[http://www.who.int/influenza/human\\_animal\\_interface/influenza\\_h7n9/RiskAssessment\\_H7N9\\_23Feb20115.pdf](http://www.who.int/influenza/human_animal_interface/influenza_h7n9/RiskAssessment_H7N9_23Feb20115.pdf)

## Animal infection with avian influenza

From 12 to 18 February 2016, there was one new animal outbreak with avian influenza virus reported in the Western Pacific Region, in Viet Nam.

### HPAI (H5N6) outbreak in poultry in Viet Nam

One new outbreak of HPAI (H5N6) infection in poultry was reported in Dien Phu. The outbreak started on the 11 February 2016. In total 415 of 3,030 susceptible birds have died and 2,615 birds were destroyed during this outbreak. The first outbreak of HPAI (H5N6) occurred in Viet Nam in August 2015.

[http://www.oie.int/wahis\\_2/public/wahid.php/Reviewreport/Review?page\\_refer=MapFullEventReport&reportid=19671](http://www.oie.int/wahis_2/public/wahid.php/Reviewreport/Review?page_refer=MapFullEventReport&reportid=19671)

For more information on animal infection with avian influenza viruses with potential public health impact, visit:

- World Organization of Animal Health (OIE) web page:  
<http://www.oie.int/animal-health-in-the-world/web-portal-on-avian-influenza/>  
and <http://www.oie.int/animal-health-in-the-world/update-on-avian-influenza>
- Food and Agriculture Organization of the UN (FAO) webpage: Avian Influenza:  
<http://www.fao.org/avianflu/en/index.html>
- OFFLU:  
<http://www.offlu.net/>
- EMPRES:  
<http://www.fao.org/ag/againfo/programmes/en/empres.html>

## Latest information on human seasonal influenza

For the latest information on the seasonal influenza situation in the Western Pacific Region, visit:

[http://www.wpro.who.int/emerging\\_diseases/Influenza/en/index.html](http://www.wpro.who.int/emerging_diseases/Influenza/en/index.html)

For latest information on the global seasonal influenza situation, visit:

- Epidemiology:  
[http://www.who.int/influenza/surveillance\\_monitoring/updates/latest\\_update\\_GIP\\_surveillance](http://www.who.int/influenza/surveillance_monitoring/updates/latest_update_GIP_surveillance)
- Virology: [http://www.who.int/influenza/qisrs\\_laboratory/updates/summaryreport](http://www.who.int/influenza/qisrs_laboratory/updates/summaryreport)

## Other updates

*Influenza at the human-animal interface — Summary and assessment as of 20 January 2016*

[http://www.who.int/influenza/human\\_animal\\_interface/Influenza\\_Summary\\_IRA\\_HA\\_interface\\_20\\_Jan\\_2016.pdf?ua=1](http://www.who.int/influenza/human_animal_interface/Influenza_Summary_IRA_HA_interface_20_Jan_2016.pdf?ua=1)

*WHO Risk Assessment of human infection with avian influenza A(H7N9) virus  
23 February 2015 posted on WHO website*

[http://www.who.int/influenza/human\\_animal\\_interface/influenza\\_h7n9/RiskAssessment\\_H7N9\\_23Feb20115.pdf?ua=1](http://www.who.int/influenza/human_animal_interface/influenza_h7n9/RiskAssessment_H7N9_23Feb20115.pdf?ua=1)

*WHO Recommended composition of influenza virus vaccines for use in the 2016 southern hemisphere influenza season—24 September 2015*

[http://www.who.int/influenza/vaccines/virus/recommendations/2016\\_south/en/](http://www.who.int/influenza/vaccines/virus/recommendations/2016_south/en/)

*Antigenic and genetic characteristics of zoonotic influenza viruses and candidate vaccine viruses developed for potential use in human vaccines—24 September 2015*

[http://www.who.int/influenza/vaccines/virus/characteristics\\_virus\\_vaccines/en/](http://www.who.int/influenza/vaccines/virus/characteristics_virus_vaccines/en/)

*H7N9 situation update (FAO) —18 January 2016*

[http://www.fao.org/ag/againfo/programmes/en/empres/H7N9/Situation\\_update.html](http://www.fao.org/ag/againfo/programmes/en/empres/H7N9/Situation_update.html)