

14. How old are you?

_____ Years

15. Are you ...?

- 1 Female
- 2 Male

16. Were you born in this country?

- 1 Yes
- 2 No
- 3 Don't Know

17. Were both of your parents born in this country?

- 1 Yes
- 2 No
- 3 Don't Know

18. How many years of formal education (grade school, high school, college, and/or technical school) have you successfully completed?

_____ Years

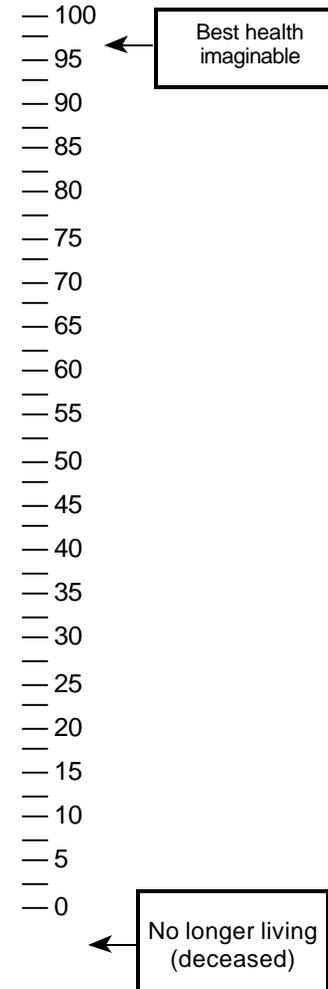
19. Are you of Hispanic, Latino, or of Spanish origin?

- 1 Yes
- 2 No
- 3 Don't Know

20. What race(s) do you consider yourself to be? (Circle all that apply)

- 1 White
- 2 Black or African American
- 3 Asian
- 4 Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander
- 5 American Indian or Alaska Native
- 6 Other (Please specify) _____

4. Please place an arrow (◁) by the number on this scale that best represents your health today, where 100 is the Best Health Imaginable and 0 is No Longer Living (deceased).



5. There are different types of places you can get health services. Looking at the list below, please indicate the number of times you went to each of them in the last 30 days for your personal medical care. Write "0" for those that you did not use.

Times Used

- _____ General Practitioners
- _____ Dentists
- _____ Specialists
- _____ Physiotherapists
- _____ Chiropractors
- _____ Traditional Healers
- _____ Clinic (staffed mainly by nurses, operating separately from a hospital)
- _____ Hospital outpatient unit
- _____ Hospital inpatient services
- _____ Pharmacy (where you talked to someone about your care and did not just purchase medicine)
- _____ Home Health Care Services
- _____ Other (Specify) _____
- _____ Don't Know

6. Are you covered by any public or private health insurance funds for visits to doctors or other health care providers where you do not stay overnight (outpatient care)?

- 1 Yes
- 2 No
- 3 Don't Know

7. Are you covered by any public or private health insurance funds for hospital care?

- 1 Yes
- 2 No
- 3 Don't Know

1. In general, how would you rate your health today? (Please circle the number of your answer.)

- 1 Very Good
- 2 Good
- 3 Moderate
- 4 Bad
- 5 Very Bad

2. Next, please think about just the last 30 days and answer the following questions by circling the appropriate answer for each question.

In the last 30 days ...	None —	Mild —	Medium —	Severe —	Extreme —
how much difficulty did you have with moving around?	None	Mild	Medium	Severe	Extreme
how much difficulty did you have with self-care, such as washing or dressing yourself?	None	Mild	Medium	Severe	Extreme
how much difficulty did you have with work or household activities?	None	Mild	Medium	Severe	Extreme
how much pain or discomfort did you have?	None	Mild	Medium	Severe	Extreme
how much distress, sadness, or worry did you experience?	None	Mild	Medium	Severe	Extreme
how much difficulty did you have with concentrating or remembering things?	None	Mild	Medium	Severe	Extreme
how much difficulty did you have with personal relationships or participation in the community?	None	Mild	Medium	Severe	Extreme

3. In the last 30 days, how many days were you completely unable to: (Please write the number of your answer in the blank.)

Do any household work: _____ days
Go to work: _____ days

If not employed, please check here

21. Please provide this information for all the people in your household, starting with yourself.

Household Member No.	Relation to You (e.g., wife, son, mother)	Gender (F for Female; M for Male)	Age (Years)	Education (Number of Years)
yourself				
2				
3				
4				
5				
6				
7				
8				
9				
10				

22. Which income category does your household fall into (net income, before taxes, and other deductions)?

- 1 Less than \$20,000
- 2 \$20,000 to \$39,999
- 3 \$40,000 to \$59,999
- 4 \$60,000 to \$79,999
- 5 \$80,000 to \$99,999
- 6 \$100,000 or more

9. Here are some health situations that people sometimes face. For each one, how would you rate this person's difficulty with moving around? (Please circle one answer for each.)

(Please circle your answer.)

How do you rate this person's difficulty with moving around?



Louis is able to move his arms and legs, but requires assistance in standing up from a chair or walking around the house. Any bending is painful and lifting is impossible None Mild Moderate Severe Extreme

Mary has no problems with moving around or using her hands, arms, and legs. She jogs 3 miles twice a week without any problems. None Mild Moderate Severe Extreme

Rob is able to walk distances of up to 200 yards without any problems but feels breathless after walking half a mile or climbing up more than one flight of stairs. He has no problems with day-to-day physical activities, such as carrying food from the market None Mild Moderate Severe Extreme

9. (continued)

How do you rate this person's difficulty with moving around?
(Please circle one answer for each.)



Paul is an active athlete who runs long distance races of 15 miles twice a week and engages in soccer with no problems.. . . . None Mild Moderate Severe Extreme

David is paralyzed from the neck down. He is confined to bed and must be fed and bathed by somebody else.. . . . None Mild Moderate Severe Extreme

Jan feels chest pains and gets breathless after walking distances of up to 200 yards, but is able to do so without assistance. Bending and lifting objects such as groceries produces pain.. . . . None Mild Moderate Severe Extreme

8. Here are some everyday situations that people sometimes face. For each one, how would you rate this person's difficulty with seeing and recognizing a person s/he knows across the road? (Please circle one answer for each.)

How do you rate this person's difficulty with seeing and recognizing a person across the road?
(Please circle your answer.)



Rebecca can read newsprint and can thread a needle easily. She can recognize people's faces and pick out details in pictures from across 30 feet quite distinctly. She also has no problems seeing in dim light.

None Mild Moderate Severe Extreme

Antonio can read newsprint and can thread a needle easily. He can recognize shapes and colors from across 30 feet but misses out the fine details. He has no problems seeing in dim light.

None Mild Moderate Severe Extreme

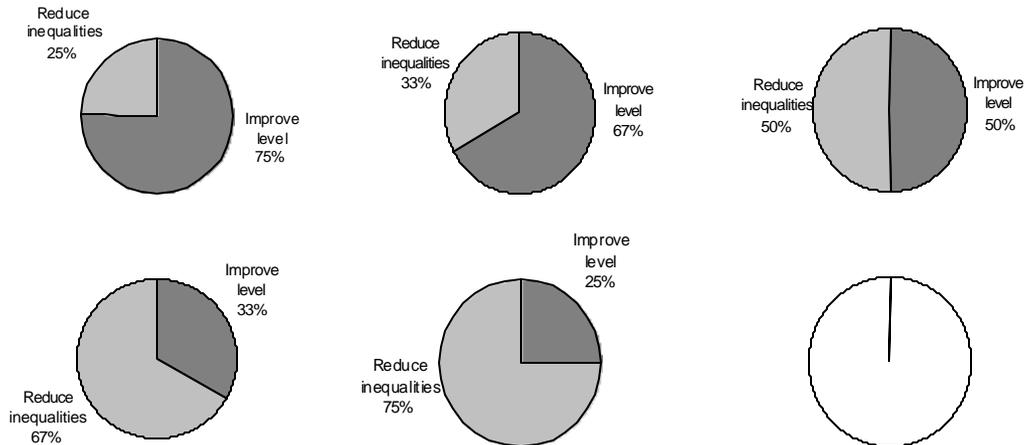
Terry can read newsprint and can thread a needle easily. He can recognize people's faces and pick out details in pictures from across 30 feet quite distinctly. He has no problems with seeing in dim light. However, he cannot differentiate red from green.

None Mild Moderate Severe Extreme

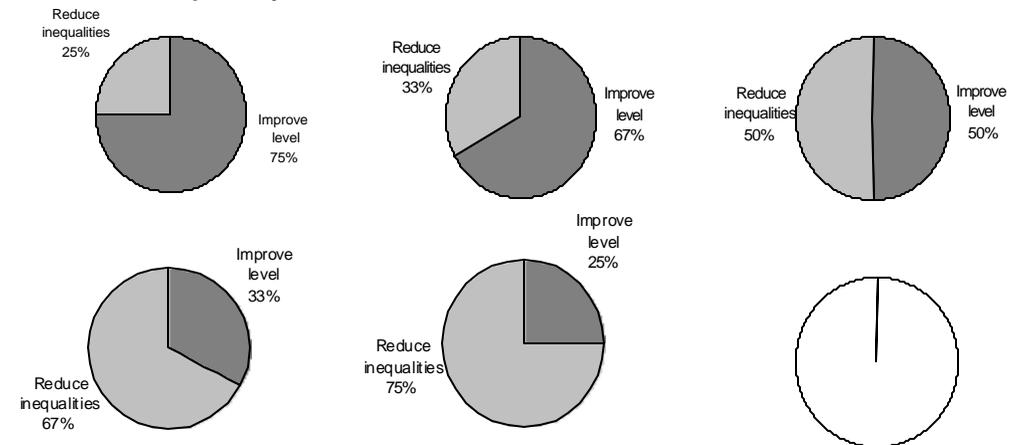
Hector can read newsprint and can thread a needle easily. He can recognize people's faces and pick out details in pictures from across 30 feet quite distinctly. He has problems with seeing in dim light.

None Mild Moderate Severe Extreme

12. Next, please tell us how much importance should be given to these goals by dividing the pie in 2 slices. The two goals here are improving the average level of health vs. reducing inequalities in health. Remember, the larger the size of the slice, the more important the goal. You can pick one of the predrawn pies, or you can draw your own in the blank circle. Please circle the pie of your choice.



13. Also, please tell us how much importance should be given to these goals by dividing the pie in 2 slices. The two goals here are improving the average level of people's rights for dignity, confidentiality and the right to choose their own doctor vs. reducing inequalities in people's rights for dignity, confidentiality and the right to choose their own doctor. Remember, the larger the size of the slice, the more important the goal. You can pick one of the pre-drawn pies, or you can draw your own in the blank circle. Please circle the pie of your choice.



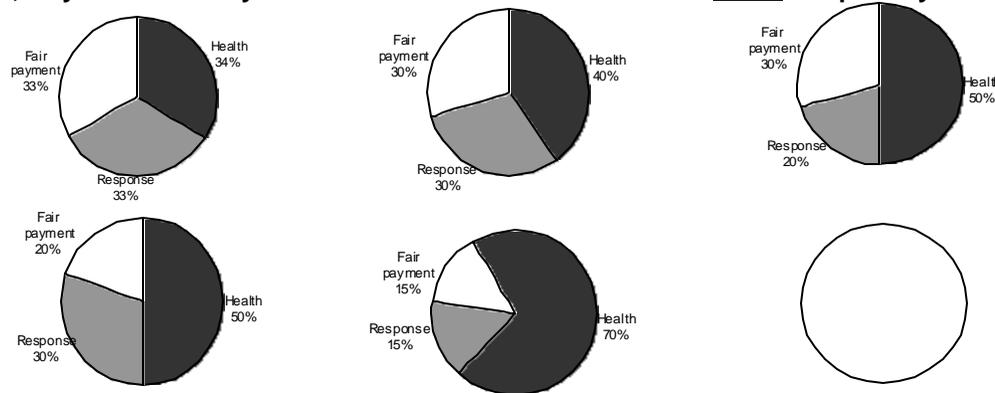
10. Listed below are three possible goals for health care in the United States. We want to know which of these goals you think is the most and least important. Please put a "1" in the box for the goal you think is "Most Important," a "2" in the box for the "Second Most Important," and a "3" for the "Least Important."

- Improve the health of everyone. This goal means:
 - All people live longer with less illness.
 - There is more equality in people's health, their illnesses, and how long they live.

- Improve how people are treated when they receive health care. This goal means:
 - Rights of the individual for dignity, autonomy, confidentiality, and clear communication are respected.
 - Basic amenities—adequate social support and people's choice of a health care provider.
 - All people are treated equally.

- Charge people what they can afford. This goal means:
 - Everyone pays a fair share of the costs of health care.
 - Healthy people share costs for the services for the ill.
 - Higher income people pay some of the health care costs for lower income people.

11. Suppose you could tell our nation's doctors, insurance companies, and the government how much importance should be placed on achieving these goals. The pie below represents the U.S. health system. Each slice represents how important you think each goal is. If you had to divide up the pie, how big a slice would you give to health (improving the health of everyone), how big to response (how people are treated), and how big to fair payment (charging people what they can afford)? The more important you think a goal is, the larger the slice it should be given. You can pick one of the predrawn pies, or you can draw your own in the blank circle. Please circle the pie of your choice.



8. (Continued)

How do you rate this person's difficulty with recognizing a person s/he knows across the road?
(Please circle your answer.)



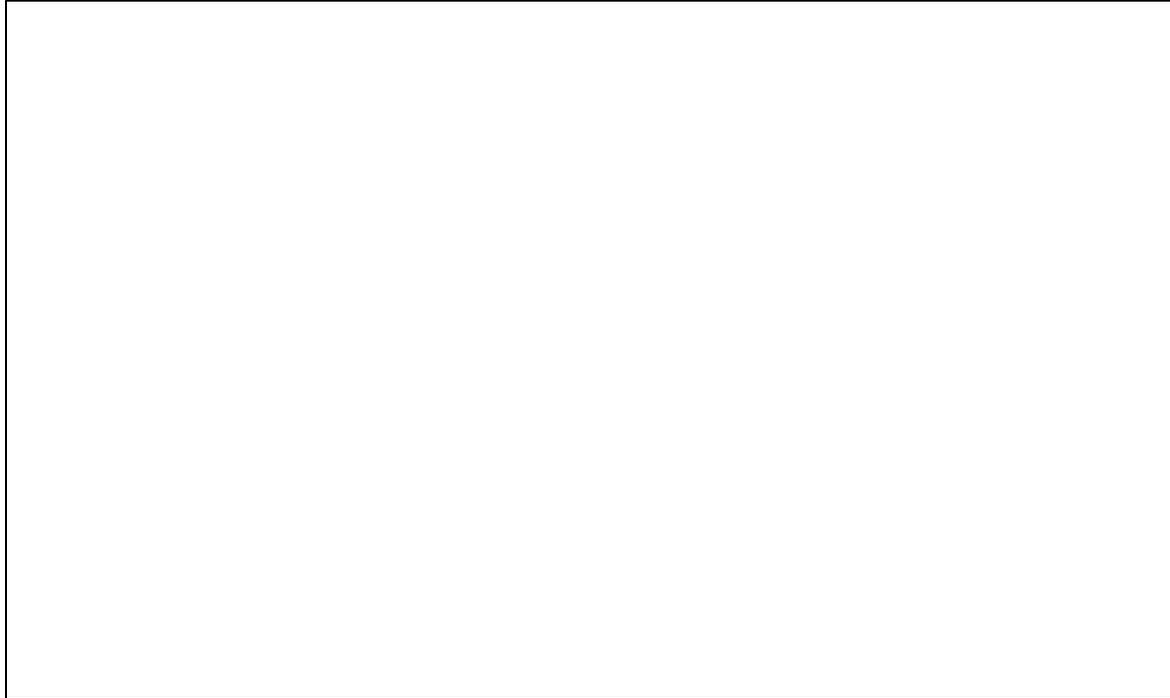
Angela needs glasses to read newsprint and to thread a needle. She can recognize people's faces and pick out details in pictures from across 30 feet quite distinctly. She has no problems with seeing in dim light. None Mild Moderate Severe Extreme

Andrew cannot read newsprint or thread a needle. He cannot recognize people's faces from across several feet but can identify faces from close up. He has problems seeing in dim light. None Mild Moderate Severe Extreme

Norman can read newsprint and can thread a needle easily. He cannot recognize people's faces or pick out details in pictures from across 30 feet as they appeared blurred. He has no problems with seeing near objects clearly in dim light. None Mild Moderate Severe Extreme

Sebastian cannot detect any movement close to the eyes or even the presence of light.. . . . None Mild Moderate Severe Extreme

Thank you very much for your help with this world-wide survey of people experiences in getting health care. If you would like to make any additional comments, please use this space.



**Health Care Experiences in the United States:
A Nationwide Survey of 5,000 adults**

Please return your completed questionnaire to:

***The Social & Economic Sciences Research Center
Washington State University
PO Box 641801
Pullman, WA 99164-1801
USA***

Thank You!