

Summary of relevant recommendations from various panels

Recommendations of the independent Panel for Pandemic Preparedness and Response

1. **Establish WHO's financial independence, based on fully unearmarked resources**, increase Member States fees to 2/3 of the budget for the WHO base programme and have an organized replenishment process for the remainder of the budget.
2. **Resource and equip WHO Country Offices** sufficiently to respond to technical requests from national governments to support pandemic preparedness and response, including support to build resilient health systems, UHC and healthier populations.

Recommendations of the Chair of the Independent Expert Oversight Advisory Committee

1. Consider substantial increase of ACs share in overall WHO financing
2. Introduce annual increase of ACs in line with previous years world GDP growth
3. Define major cost items of WHO (expenditure type) to be financed sustainably

Recommendations of the Independent Expert Oversight Advisory Committee: annual report (EBPBAC34/2)

1. Sustainable assessed contributions are on an unhealthy downward trend that should be reversed. The Committee recommends discussion on the change of the calculation formula for Assessed contributions to ensure that they are ensuring stable contribution in **real terms** (para 18 and Fig. 1 of the report)
2. The Committee is concerned about the declining part of assessed contributions as part of overall WHO financing and encourages Member States and senior management to continue and accelerate their constructive dialogue and actions with regard to putting WHO finances on a more sustainable path (para 19).

Recommendations of the Global Preparedness Monitoring Board (GPMB Report "A world in disorder")

1. WHO financing is more fragile than ever. Global political tensions have further exacerbated WHO's financial fragility. Despite the increased funding provided for the COVID-19 response, a lack of sustainable financing threatens WHO's capacity to play a central role in global health emergencies, but also to deliver on its broader mandate. GPMB calls for sustained investment in prevention and preparedness, commensurate with the scale of a pandemic threat.