Modalities of engagement for relevant stakeholders

These modalities of engagement for relevant stakeholders in the work of the Intergovernmental Negotiating Body to draft and negotiate a WHO convention, agreement or other international instrument on pandemic prevention, preparedness and response (INB) are established per decision SSA2(5) (2021), which recognizes the importance of broad engagement, in line with the relevant rules and decisions of the World Health Assembly, in the INB’s work in order to ensure a successful outcome. They are intended to be a “living document” which may be updated by the INB, as it may decide. These modalities, and any updates to them, will be made publicly available in an accessible web-based format and communicated to Member States.

In that regard, at its third meeting, the INB approved the additional list of entities proposed by Member States for inclusion in Annex E of these modalities on the understanding that these modalities continue to be a living document with further possibilities for updates as deemed appropriate by the INB. The present version of the modalities reflects that outcome: it updates the earlier version as contained in document A/INB/2/4, which was an update of document A/INB/1/7 Rev.1.

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1 The approach set forth in this document is without prejudice to the engagement by Member States with relevant stakeholders, and at the regional level through the regional committees. Coherence of the approach set forth in this document with United Nations processes will be pursued wherever possible.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Stakeholder</th>
<th>Invited to attend open sessions of meetings of the INB, and to speak(^1) at those open sessions at the co-chairs’ discretion</th>
<th>Invited to attend meetings of INB subgroups,(^2) and to speak(^2) at those meetings at the subgroup chair’s discretion</th>
<th>Invited to provide inputs to the INB (via an electronic portal, an open “hearing”, and/or a segment of a session)(^3)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>United Nations and other intergovernmental organizations in effective relations with WHO (Annex A)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Observers (Annex B)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-State actors in official relations with WHO (Annex C)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other stakeholders, as decided by the INB</td>
<td>Yes, for those entities listed in Annex D.</td>
<td>Yes, for those entities listed in Annex D.</td>
<td>Yes, for those entities listed in either Annex D or Annex E.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Annex A:** United Nations and other intergovernmental organizations in effective relations with WHO

1. United Nations
2. African Development Bank and African Development Fund
3. Commission of the African Union
4. Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations
5. Islamic Development Bank
6. International Fund for Agricultural Development
7. International Labour Organization
8. League of Arab States
9. International Organisation of la Francophonie
10. World Organisation for Animal Health
11. International Atomic Energy Agency
12. Pan American Health Organization
13. International Committee of Military Medicine

\(^1\) The speaking time of a stakeholder may be limited by the chair of the meeting, unless otherwise decided by the INB. Written inputs from stakeholders are to be encouraged.

\(^2\) With the exception of drafting groups, unless otherwise agreed by the INB, per paragraph 20 of the INB’s method of work (document A/INB/1/3 Rev.1).

\(^3\) Previous intergovernmental working groups have engaged with one or more categories of stakeholders using various modalities, including: (1) inviting stakeholders to observe working group meetings; (2) setting aside time within one or more working group meetings for stakeholders to intervene; (3) holding separate meetings or “hearings”, where stakeholders are invited to provide inputs (in some instances, such meetings were followed by closed sessions of the working group to discuss the inputs provided); and (4) extending the opportunity to participate in electronic consultations to stakeholders.
14. South Centre
15. United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization
16. United Nations Industrial Development Organization
17. Universal Postal Union
18. World Intellectual Property Organization
19. World Meteorological Organization
20. International Development Law Organization

Annex B: Observers
1. Holy See
2. Palestine
3. Gavi, the Vaccine Alliance
4. Order of Malta
5. International Committee of the Red Cross
6. International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies
7. Inter-Parliamentary Union
8. Global Fund to Fight AIDS, Tuberculosis and Malaria

Annex C: Non-State actors in official relations with WHO
The list of entities in official relations with WHO is available on the WHO website at: https://www.who.int/publications/m/item/non-state-actors-in-official-relations-with-who

Annex D: Other stakeholders, as decided by the INB, invited to (1) attend open sessions of meetings of the INB, (2) speak at open sessions of meetings of the INB, at the co-chairs’ discretion, and (3) provide inputs to the INB (via an electronic portal, an open “hearing”, and/or a segment of a session)
1. Access to COVID-19 Tools (ACT) Accelerator
2. Africa CDC
3. Africa Union’s COVID-19 Africa Vaccine Acquisition Task Team (AVATT)
4. Asian Development Bank
5. Caribbean Public Health Agency
6. Coalition for Epidemic Preparedness Innovations (CEPI)
7. Commission of the African Union
8. Commonwealth Secretariat
9. Council of Europe
10. COVID-19 Technology Access Pool (C-TAP)
11. Economic Cooperation Organization
12. European Bank for Reconstruction and Development
13. Health Ministers’ Council for Gulf Cooperation Council States
14. Inter-American Development Bank
15. International Air Transport Association
16. International Association of National Public Health Institutes (IANPHI)
17. International Civil Aviation Organization
18. International Maritime Organization
19. International Monetary Fund
20. International Organization for Migration  
21. International Shipping Federation  
22. Joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS  
23. Medicines Patent Pool  
24. Médecins Sans Frontières International  
27. Organization of American States  
28. Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development  
29. Organisation of Islamic Cooperation  
30. Pacific Islands Forum  
31. Regional economic organizations  
32. Unitaid  
33. United Nations Children’s Fund  
34. United Nations Development Programme  
35. United Nations Entity for Gender Equality and the Empowerment of Women  
36. United Nations Environment Programme, including the Convention on Biological Diversity  
37. United Nations Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs  
38. United Nations Population Fund  
39. United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East  
40. United Nations Research Institute for Social Development  
41. United Nations Office for Disaster Risk Reduction  
42. World Bank Group  
43. World Food Programme  
44. World Trade Organization  

The list may be updated by the INB, if so decided.

Annex E: Other stakeholders, as decided by the INB, invited to provide inputs to the INB (via an electronic portal, an open “hearing”, and/or a segment of a session)

1. ACT-A CSO Platform  
2. Action for Animal Health  
3. Addis Ababa University  
4. AdvaMed  
5. Africa Health Business  
6. African Medical Research Council  
7. Armauer Hansen Research Institute  
8. Association of Official Laboratories of Brazil  
9. Biotechnology Innovation Organization  
10. Born Free Foundation  
11. Botswana Council of Non-Governmental Organisation  
12. Botswana Institute for Development Policy Analysis  
13. Brazilian Health Regulatory Agency  
14. Caribbean Community
15. Centre for Education in Collective Health, Faculty of Medicine, Federal University of Minas Gerais
16. Centre for Global Health Research, Seoul National University
17. Centre for Global Law and Strategy, Law and Technology Institute, Renmin University of China
18. Centre for Global Child Health, Hospital for Sick Children (SickKids)
19. Centre for International Studies
20. Central Research Institute of Epidemiology of Rospotrebnadzor
21. China CDC
22. CONACYT (National Council of Science and Technology)
23. Conceição Hospital Group
24. Conservation International
25. Consortium of Universities for Global Health
26. Dahdaleh Institute for Global Health Research, York University (Canada)
27. Disability Rights Fund
28. East Africa Community
29. East Central and Southern Africa Health Community
30. Ethiopian Airlines
31. Ethiopian Public Health Association
32. Ethiopian Public Health Institute
33. Federal Research Institute for Health Organization and Informatics of the Ministry of Health of the Russian Federation
34. Oswaldo Cruz Foundation
35. FOUR PAWS (VIER PFOTEN International)
36. Frontline AIDS
37. Geneva Cities Hub
38. Geneva Global Health Hub
39. GHIT Fund
40. Global Alliance of Foundations
41. Global Health Technologies Coalition
42. Global Strategy Lab
43. GNP+
44. Graduate Institute of International and Development Studies, Geneva
45. Health Sector High Level Consultative Council (Business Botswana)
46. Helen Clark, former Co-Chair of the Independent Panel for Pandemic Preparedness and Response
47. HPV Global action
48. IICS (Health Sciences Research Institute)
49. INNOVARTE
50. Institute of Public Health, University of Porto
51. International Chamber of Commerce
52. International Coalition for Animal Protection
53. International Network for Antimicrobial Resistance Social Science
54. Japan CSO Network on Global Health
55. Johns Hopkins Center for Health Security
56. Institute of Tropical Medicine
57. Butantan Institute  
58. Evandro Chagas Institute  
59. Intergovernmental Authority on Development  
60. Medicines Law and Policy  
61. Metabiota  
62. Microbe of Rospotrebnadzor  
63. Namibia University of Science and Technology  
64. National Association of Manufacturers/Engaging America’s Global Leadership Coalition  
65. National Center for Disease Control (India)  
66. National Institute of Communicable Disease (South Africa)  
67. National Institute of Virology (India)  
68. National Medical Research Centre for Phthisiopulmonology and Infectious Diseases of the Ministry of Health of the Russian Federation  
69. National School of Public Health, New University Lisbon  
70. One Health High Level Expert Panel  
71. Open Philanthropy  
72. Open Society Foundations  
73. Pandemic Action Network  
74. Panel for a Global Public Health Convention  
75. Pax Sapiens  
76. PIP Framework Advisory Group  
77. Plan International Canada  
78. Portuguese Non-Governmental Development Organizations’ Platform  
79. Professor Ilona Kickbusch, PhD  
80. Professor Yemane Berhane – National Scientific Adviser to the Ministry of Health (Ethiopia)  
81. Public Citizen  
82. Resolve To Save Lives  
83. Right to Health Action  
84. Skoll Foundation  
85. Smorodintsev Research Institute of Influenza of the Ministry of Health of the Russian Federation  
86. Solidarity for Vaccine Equity Study Team  
87. STOPAIDS Coalition  
88. South African Health Products Regulatory Authority  
89. Southern African Development Community  
90. Tata Institute of Fundamental Research  
91. The Council for Scientific and Industrial Research  
92. The Smolensk State Medical University of the Ministry of Health of the Russian Federation  
93. Third World Network  
94. UHC 2030  
95. UHC 2030 Civil Society Engagement Mechanism  
96. UNITE Global Parliamentarians Network to End Infectious Diseases  
97. University of Botswana  
98. University of Namibia  
99. University of the West Indies Mona Campus
100. Vector of Rospotrebnadzor
101. VINEx
102. Wildlife Conservation Society
103. WHO Collaborating Centre for Evidence-based Medicine
104. WHO Collaborating Centre for Health Law and Bioethics
105. WHO Collaborating Centre for Health Promotion in Hospitals and Health Care
106. WHO Collaborating Centre for Laboratory Strengthening and Diagnostic Technology Evaluation
107. WHO Collaborating Centre for National and Global Health Law
108. WHO Collaborating Centre for Nursing Research and Education
109. WHO Collaborating Centre for Pharmaceutical Pricing and Reimbursement Policies
110. WHO Collaborating Centre for Training and Research in Mental Health
111. WHO Technical Advisory Group on Behavioural Insights and Sciences for Health
112. Wild Life Institute of India
113. World Wide Fund for Nature
114. Zoological Society of London

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