

First report of Committee B

(Draft)

Committee B held its first and second meetings on 25 May 2022, chaired by Mr Rajesh Bhushan (India).

In accordance with Rule 35 of the Rules of Procedure of the World Health Assembly, the Committee elected Mr Rajesh Bhushan (India) Chair, Dr Firass Abiad (Lebanon) and Dr Emmanuel Osagie Ehanire (Nigeria) Vice-Chairs and Dr Grzegorz Juszczak (Poland) Rapporteur.

It was decided to recommend to the Seventy-fifth World Health Assembly the adoption of the attached two resolutions and one decision relating to the following agenda items:

Pillar 4: More effective and efficient WHO providing better support to countries

- 21. Review and update on matters considered by the Executive Board
 - 21.2 Scale of assessments 2022–2023
 - One resolution
 - 21.3 Status of collection of assessed contributions, including Member States in arrears in the payment of their contributions to an extent that would justify invoking Article 7 of the Constitution
 - One resolution
- 20. Health conditions in the occupied Palestinian territory, including east Jerusalem, and in the occupied Syrian Golan
 - One decision

Agenda item 21.2

Scale of assessments 2022–2023

The Seventy-fifth World Health Assembly,

Having considered the consolidated report by the Director-General,¹

ADOPTS the scale of assessments for 2023, as set out below.

Members and Associate Members	WHO scale for 2023 %
Afghanistan	0.0060
Albania	0.0080
Algeria	0.1090
Andorra	0.0050
Angola	0.0100
Antigua and Barbuda	0.0020
Argentina	0.7190
Armenia	0.0070
Australia	2.1111
Austria	0.6790
Azerbaijan	0.0300
Bahamas	0.0190
Bahrain	0.0540
Bangladesh	0.0100
Barbados	0.0080
Belarus	0.0410
Belgium	0.8281
Belize	0.0010
Benin	0.0050
Bhutan	0.0010
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	0.0190
Bosnia and Herzegovina	0.0120
Botswana	0.0150
Brazil	2.0131
Brunei Darussalam	0.0210
Bulgaria	0.0560
Burkina Faso	0.0040
Burundi	0.0010
Cabo Verde	0.0010
Cambodia	0.0070
Cameroon	0.0130
Canada	2.6282
Central African Republic	0.0010

¹ Document A75/10 Rev.1.

Members and Associate Members	WHO scale for 2023 %
Chad	0.0030
Chile	0.4200
China	15.2550
Colombia	0.2460
Comoros	0.0010
Congo	0.0050
Cook Islands (not a member of the United Nations)	0.0010
Costa Rica	0.0690
Côte d'Ivoire	0.0220
Croatia	0.0910
Cuba	0.0950
Cyprus	0.0360
Czechia	0.3400
Democratic People's Republic of Korea	0.0050
Democratic Republic of the Congo	0.0100
Denmark	0.5530
Djibouti	0.0010
Dominica	0.0010
Dominican Republic	0.0670
Ecuador	0.0770
Egypt	0.1390
El Salvador	0.0130
Equatorial Guinea	0.0120
Eritrea	0.0010
Estonia	0.0440
Eswatini	0.0020
Ethiopia	0.0100
Faroe Islands (new Associate Member)	0.0010
Fiji	0.0040
Finland	0.4170
France	4.3183
Gabon	0.0130
Gambia	0.0010
Georgia	0.0080
Germany	6.1114
Ghana	0.0240
Greece	0.3250
Grenada	0.0010
Guatemala	0.0410
Guinea	0.0030
Guinea-Bissau	0.0010
Guyana	0.0040
Haiti	0.0060
Honduras	0.0090
Hungary	0.2280
Iceland	0.0360
India	1.0441

Members and Associate Members	WHO scale for 2023 %
Indonesia	0.5490
Iran (Islamic Republic of)	0.3710
Iraq	0.1280
Ireland	0.4390
Israel	0.5610
Italy	3.1892
Jamaica	0.0080
Japan	8.0335
Jordan	0.0220
Kazakhstan	0.1330
Kenya	0.0300
Kiribati	0.0010
Kuwait	0.2340
Kyrgyzstan	0.0020
Lao People's Democratic Republic	0.0070
Latvia	0.0500
Lebanon	0.0360
Lesotho	0.0010
Liberia	0.0010
Libya	0.0180
Lithuania	0.0770
Luxembourg	0.0680
Madagascar	0.0040
Malawi	0.0020
Malaysia	0.3480
Maldives	0.0040
Mali	0.0050
Malta	0.0190
Marshall Islands	0.0010
Mauritania	0.0020
Mauritius	0.0190
Mexico	1.2211
Micronesia (Federated States of)	0.0010
Monaco	0.0110
Mongolia	0.0040
Montenegro	0.0040
Morocco	0.0550
Mozambique	0.0040
Myanmar	0.0100
Namibia	0.0090
Nauru	0.0010
Nepal	0.0100
Netherlands	1.3771
New Zealand	0.3090
Nicaragua	0.0050
Niger	0.0030
Nigeria	0.1820

Members and Associate Members	WHO scale for 2023 %
Niue (not a member of the United Nations)	0.0010
North Macedonia	0.0070
Norway	0.6790
Oman	0.1110
Pakistan	0.1140
Palau	0.0010
Panama	0.0900
Papua New Guinea	0.0100
Paraguay	0.0260
Peru	0.1630
Philippines	0.2120
Poland	0.8371
Portugal	0.3530
Puerto Rico (not a member of the United Nations)	0.0010
Qatar	0.2690
Republic of Korea	2.5742
Republic of Moldova	0.0050
Romania	0.3120
Russian Federation	1.8661
Rwanda	0.0030
Saint Kitts and Nevis	0.0020
Saint Lucia	0.0020
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	0.0010
Samoa	0.0010
San Marino	0.0020
Sao Tome and Principe	0.0010
Saudi Arabia	1.1841
Senegal	0.0070
Serbia	0.0320
Seychelles	0.0020
Sierra Leone	0.0010
Singapore	0.5040
Slovakia	0.1550
Slovenia	0.0790
Solomon Islands	0.0010
Somalia	0.0010
South Africa	0.2440
South Sudan	0.0020
Spain	2.1341
Sri Lanka	0.0450
Sudan	0.0100
Suriname	0.0030
Sweden	0.8711
Switzerland	1.1341
Syrian Arab Republic	0.0090
Tajikistan	0.0030
Thailand	0.3680

Members and Associate Members	WHO scale for 2023 %
Timor-Leste	0.0010
Togo	0.0020
Tokelau (not a member of the United Nations)	0.0010
Tonga	0.0010
Trinidad and Tobago	0.0370
Tunisia	0.0190
Turkey	0.8451
Turkmenistan	0.0340
Tuvalu	0.0010
Uganda	0.0100
Ukraine	0.0560
United Arab Emirates	0.6350
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	4.3753
United Republic of Tanzania	0.0100
United States of America	22.0000
Uruguay	0.0920
Uzbekistan	0.0270
Vanuatu	0.0010
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	0.1750
Viet Nam	0.0930
Yemen	0.0080
Zambia	0.0080
Zimbabwe	0.0070
TOTAL	100.0000

Agenda item 21.3

Status of collection of assessed contributions, including Member States in arrears in the payment of their contributions to an extent that would justify invoking Article 7 of the Constitution

The Seventy-fifth World Health Assembly,

Having considered the report on the status of collection of assessed contributions, including Member States in arrears in the payment of their contributions to an extent that would justify invoking Article 7 of the Constitution, and special arrangements for settlement of arrears;¹ and having noted the report of the Programme, Budget and Administration Committee of the Executive Board to the Seventy-fifth World Health Assembly;²

Noting that, at the time of opening of the Seventy-fifth World Health Assembly, the voting rights of Afghanistan, Comoros, Equatorial Guinea, the Gambia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Somalia, South Sudan, Sudan, Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of) and Yemen were suspended, such suspension shall continue until the arrears of the Member States concerned have been reduced, at the present or future Health Assemblies, to a level below the amount that would justify invoking Article 7 of the Constitution;

Noting that Cameroon, Chile, Dominica, Lebanon, Lesotho, Libya, North Macedonia and Solomon Islands were in arrears at the time of the opening of the Seventy-fifth World Health Assembly to such an extent that it was necessary for the Health Assembly to consider, in accordance with Article 7 of the Constitution, whether the voting privileges of those countries should be suspended at the opening of the Seventy-sixth World Health Assembly in 2023,

DECIDES:

- (1) that, in accordance with the statement of principles set out in resolution WHA41.7 (1988), if, by the time of the opening of the Seventy-sixth World Health Assembly, Cameroon, Chile, Dominica, Lebanon, Lesotho, Libya, North Macedonia and Solomon Islands are still in arrears in the payment of their contributions to an extent that would justify invoking Article 7 of the Constitution, their voting privileges shall be suspended as from the said opening;
- (2) that any suspension that takes effect as set out in paragraph (1) above shall continue at the Seventy-sixth World Health Assembly and subsequent Health Assemblies, until the arrears have been reduced to a level below the amount that would justify invoking Article 7 of the Constitution;
- (3) that this decision shall be without prejudice to the right of any Member to request restoration of its voting privileges in accordance with Article 7 of the Constitution.

¹ Document A75/28.

² Document A75/55.

Agenda item 20

Health conditions in the occupied Palestinian territory, including east Jerusalem, and in the occupied Syrian Golan

The Seventy-fifth World Health Assembly, taking note of the report by the Director-General¹ requested in decision WHA74(9) (2021),

Decided to request the Director-General:

- (1) to report based on field monitoring and assessment conducted by the WHO on progress in the implementation of the recommendations contained in the report on the health conditions in the occupied Palestinian territory, including east Jerusalem, and in the occupied Syrian Golan by the Director-General, to the Seventy-sixth World Health Assembly, bearing in mind the legal obligation of the occupying power;
- (2) to support the Palestinian health sector, using a health system strengthening approach, including through capacity-building programmes by improving basic infrastructures, human and technical resources and the provision of health facilities, and of ensuring the accessibility, affordability and quality of health-care services required to address and deal with structural problems emanating from the prolonged occupation and the development of strategic plans for investments in specific treatment and diagnostic capacities locally;
- (3) to ensure sustainable procurement of WHO prequalified vaccines and medicine and medical equipment to the occupied Palestinian territory in compliance with the international humanitarian law and the WHO norms and standards;
- (4) to ensure non-discriminatory, affordable and equitable access to COVID-19 vaccines to the protected occupied population in the occupied Palestinian territory including east Jerusalem and in the occupied Syrian Golan in compliance with the International Law;
- (5) to ensure the respect and protection of wounded population and injuries, health and humanitarian aid workers, the healthcare systems, all medical and humanitarian personnel exclusively engaged in medical duties, their means of transport and equipment, as well as hospitals and other medical facilities in compliance with The Geneva Conventions and their Additional Protocols;
- (6) to assess, in full cooperation with UNICEF and other relevant UN agencies and the WHO Eastern Mediterranean Regional Office and WHO country office in occupied Palestinian territory, including east Jerusalem, the extent and nature of psychiatric morbidity, and other forms of mental health problems, resulting from protracted aerial and other forms of bombing among the population, particularly children and adolescents, of the occupied Palestinian territory, including east Jerusalem;
- (7) to continue strengthening partnership with other UN agencies and partners in the occupied Palestinian territory including east Jerusalem and in the occupied Syrian Golan to enhance

¹ Document A75/26.

humanitarian health response capacities by delivering aid and protection in an inclusive and sustained manner during coronavirus disease COVID-19 and after the pandemic crisis;

(8) to report, based on field assessments conducted by the WHO, on health conditions of the Syrian populations in the occupied Syrian Golan including prisoners and detainees and ensure their adequate access to mental physical and environment health, and to report on ways and means to provide them with health-related technical assistance;

(9) to continue providing the necessary technical assistance in order to meet the health needs of the Palestinian people, including prisoners and detainees, in cooperation with the efforts of the International Committee of the Red Cross, as well as the health needs of handicapped and injured people;

(10) to support the development of the health system in the occupied Palestinian territory, including east Jerusalem, by focusing on the development of human resources, in order to localize health services, decreasing referrals, reducing cost, strengthening mental health services provision and maintaining strong primary health care with integrated complete appropriate health services; and

(11) to ensure the allocation of human and financial resources in order to achieve these objectives.

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