

**Political declaration of the third high-level meeting
of the General Assembly on the prevention and
control of noncommunicable diseases**

Report by the Director-General

CORRIGENDUM

ANNEX 2

**DRAFT RECOMMENDATIONS TO STRENGTHEN AND MONITOR
DIABETES RESPONSES WITHIN NATIONAL NONCOMMUNICABLE
DISEASE PROGRAMMES, INCLUDING POTENTIAL TARGETS**

Please replace paragraph 1(a), second line, of Annex 2 as follows:

More than 460 million people were living with diabetes worldwide in 2019.

ANNEX 3

DRAFT GLOBAL STRATEGY ON ORAL HEALTH

Please replace paragraph 4, first line, of Annex 3 as follows:

Globally, there were estimated to be more than 3.5 billion cases of oral diseases and other oral conditions in 2017, most of which are preventable.

Please replace paragraph 5, fourth line, of Annex 3 as follows:

Orofacial clefts, the most common craniofacial birth defect, have a global prevalence approximately 1 in 1000–1500 births with wide variation in different studies and populations.^{2,3} Traumatic dental injury is estimated to have a global prevalence of 23% for primary teeth and 15% for permanent teeth, affecting more than 1 billion people.⁴

ANNEX 5

**PROGRESS IN THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE GLOBAL STRATEGY
TO ACCELERATE THE ELIMINATION OF CERVICAL CANCER
AS A PUBLIC HEALTH PROBLEM AND ITS ASSOCIATED GOALS
AND TARGETS FOR THE PERIOD 2020–2030**

Please replace paragraph 7, first line, of Annex 5 as follows:

Human papillomavirus (HPV) vaccination. The introduction of HPV vaccine in national immunization schedules had progressed to 117 countries by January 2022 and is expected to reach 120 countries end–2022, 40 countries also offer the vaccine to boys.

ANNEX 6

**PROGRESS ACHIEVED IN THE PREVENTION AND
CONTROL OF NONCOMMUNICABLE DISEASES
AND THE PROMOTION OF MENTAL HEALTH**

Please replace footnote 1, page 53, of Annex 6 as follows:

¹ World Health Statistics 2021. A visual summary. Geneva: World Health Organization; 2021. <https://www.who.int/data/stories/world-health-statistics-2021-a-visual-summary>.

Please replace footnotes 2 and 3, page 53, of Annex 6 as follows:

² The top 10 causes of death. Fact sheet. Geneva: World Health Organization; 2020. <https://www.who.int/news-room/fact-sheets/detail/the-top-10-causes-of-death>.

Please replace paragraph 7, last line, of Annex 6 as follows:

Diabetes has shown an unfavourable trend, with a 3% increase in this period.²

Please replace paragraph 8 and tables of Annex 6 as follows:

Number of deaths due to NCDs between the ages of 30 and 70 (“premature” deaths) – the most economically productive age span – are decreasing in prevalence. Global premature NCD mortality – as measured by the probability of dying from one of the four major NCDs between the ages of 30 and 70 years (SDG indicator 3.4.1) – dropped by over one fifth from 22.9% in 2000 to 17.8% in 2019.³ However, despite the fact that the overall trends in mortality for the four major NCDs are heading downwards, the total number of deaths generally attributed to these causes have gone up because of population growth and ageing, as shown in the tables below.

Age at death due to NCDs	2000	2010	2015	2019
> 70 years of age	16.8	19.9	21.8	23.8
30–70 years of age*	12.7	13.7	14.7	15.7
< 30 years of age	1.7	1.5	1.4	1.4
Total deaths (in millions)	31.2	35.1	37.9	40.9

NCD deaths between *30–70 years of age	2000	2010	2015	2019
Cardiovascular diseases	5.3	5.6	5.9	6.2
Cancers	3.7	4.2	4.5	4.9
Diabetes	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7
Chronic respiratory diseases	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1
Mental health conditions	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.6
Other	1.8	2.0	2.1	2.2
Total (in millions)	12.7	13.7	14.7	15.7

Please replace footnotes 1 and 4, page 54, of Annex 6 as follows:

¹ World health statistics 2021: monitoring health for the SDGs, sustainable development goals. Geneva: World Health Organization; 2021. <https://apps.who.int/iris/bitstream/handle/10665/342703/9789240027053-eng.pdf>.

Please replace footnote 2, page 54, of Annex 6 as follows:

² World Health Statistics 2021. A visual summary. Geneva: World Health Organization; 2021. <https://www.who.int/data/stories/world-health-statistics-2021-a-visual-summary>.

Please replace paragraph 11 and table of Annex 6 as follows:

Measuring the probability of dying between the ages of 30 and 70 from any cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes or chronic respiratory disease (SDG indicator 3.4.1 against a 2015 baseline) is important to assess the extent of burden from mortality due to NCDs in a population. The global risk of premature death has declined more than one fifth, from 22.9% in 2000 to 17.8% in 2019.¹

Probability of dying between the ages of 30 and 70 from any cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes or chronic respiratory disease

WB income group	2000	2010	2015	2019
Low-income	28.3	25.7	24.5	23.9
Lower-middle-income	25.8	24.2	23.1	22.4
Upper-middle-income	24.3	20.2	18.2	17.4
High-income	16.4	13.2	12.4	11.3
Global (in %)	22.9	19.9	18.5	17.8

Please replace footnote 1, page 55, of Annex 6 as follows:

¹ World Health Statistics 2021. A visual summary. Geneva: World Health Organization; 2021. <https://www.who.int/data/stories/world-health-statistics-2021-a-visual-summary>.

Please replace footnote 2, page 55, of Annex 6 as follows:

² World Health Statistics 2020. A visual summary. Geneva: World Health Organization; 2020
<https://www.who.int/data/gho/whs-2020-visual-summary>.

Please replace paragraph 31, second line, of Annex 6 as follows:

According to WHO's updated Global Health Estimates, there were 703 220 cases of suicide globally in 2019, an age standardized rate of 9 suicides per 100 000 (12.6 male and 5.4 female).

ANNEX 9

**DRAFT RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE PREVENTION AND MANAGEMENT
OF OBESITY OVER THE LIFE COURSE, INCLUDING CONSIDERING THE
POTENTIAL DEVELOPMENT OF TARGETS IN THIS REGARD**

Please replace paragraph 4, second bullet, of Annex 9, and insert a new footnote 3, as follows:

The prevalence of obesity among children 5–19 years in 2016 was about 20% or more in several countries in the Pacific, the Eastern Mediterranean, the Caribbean and the Americas.² Globally, there was a threefold increase in the number of obese children and adolescents from 2000 to 2016.³

³ Global Health Observatory. World Health Organization
([https://www.who.int/data/gho/data/indicators/indicator-details/GHO/prevalence-of-obesity-among-children-and-adolescents-bmi-2-standard-deviations-above-the-median-\(crude-estimate\)-\(-\)](https://www.who.int/data/gho/data/indicators/indicator-details/GHO/prevalence-of-obesity-among-children-and-adolescents-bmi-2-standard-deviations-above-the-median-(crude-estimate)-(-)), accessed 11 April 2022).

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