The current situation

- Lockdown lift on 3 August 2020 and travelers being tested increased the samples.

- The positivity rate of the tested cases is significantly lower than in previous weeks (from 3% last week to 1% this reporting week).

- Similarly, the cumulative positivity rate, since the start of the outbreak, has declined gradually and as of last two weeks, the positivity rate stands at 26%.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>KEY INDICATORS</th>
<th>16 MARCH – 8 AUGUST 2020</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Suspected COVID-19 cases tested</td>
<td>12,617</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Laboratory-confirmed COVID-19 cases</td>
<td>3,227</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reported COVID-19 deaths</td>
<td>93</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Recovered cases</td>
<td>2,293</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Close contacts identified</td>
<td>18,607</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Case fatality rate (CFR)</td>
<td>2.89%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Table of Contents

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No</th>
<th>Current Situation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>01</td>
<td>What we did in Somalia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.1</td>
<td>Alert Level system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.2</td>
<td>Border measures</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.3</td>
<td>All-of-Government process</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Major Achievements</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Pandemic Challenges</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Significant Impact</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
EPI CURVE OF COVID-19 CASES IN SOMALIA 16 MARCH-08 AUGUST 2020
What we did in Somalia

1. Introduced alert

1.1. Lockdown

- Somalia Gov. conducted risk assessment on community transition and widespread
  a) Business closed except essential service
  b) Educational facilities closed
  c) People instructed stay home
  d) Travel is severally limited
  e) All gathering cancelled and Public venues closed
  f) Patriotization of health care and specified hospitals for pandemic management
Cont......

1.2. Restrict & Reduce

- People instructed to say home in their bubble except for essential movement
- Physical distancing of at least two meters instructed in uncontrolled environment and one meter in controlled environment
- Public institutions and development partners order to work from home
- People with high risk of severe illness are encouraged to stay at home where is possible
- Inte-regional movement restricted
- Health facilities were used virtual non-contact consultation
- Gathering of on 10 -20 person was allowed but for salah and other Islamic Gathering and important business
1.3. Prepare

- Border entry measures to minimize importing covid-19 cases
- Intensive testing for covid-19
- Rapid contact tracking any positive cases
- Schools and workplaces open and must operate safely
- Physical distancing encouraged
- Self-isolation and quarantine required
Somalia Border management was another challenging due highly movement and business reliant on two neighboured countries Kenya and Ethiopia.

From March to August 2020, movement was restricted and border was tightening with the cooperation of the two neighboured countries Kenya and Ethiopia, compulsory self-isolation flowed by suspected travel.

Currently lockdown is lifted local and international flights reopened and border movement started.

- Technical Committees nominated and activated
- Activated Temporary pandemic emergency response structure in the MoH
Major Achievements

- Health care system re-periodized and reviewed
- Developed comprehensive plan for Covid-19
- Created and deployed especial dashboard for Covid-19
  - Information system and engaged public through media to know how the pandemic changes over time
- Multiple emergency responses public awareness campaigns coordinated.
- Government received international donation and managed appropriate distributions
- Sustaining the critical functions of the laboratories
Cont.....

- Maintain the community-based interventions and program
- Strengthen the PHC services including mental health
- Build effective linkage and referral between community level, PHC and secondary level care
- Improve public health surveillance, information management and impact measurement
Major Challenges

• Low testing capacity in Federal Member States
• Limited tracking and tracing of Covid-19
• Disruption of health service utilization
• Limited resources under funding
• Limited training on of COVID-19 case management
• Movement, public awareness
LESSONS LEARNED

**Pandemic coordination**
- Ensuring communications reached all communities
- *Emergency* Response planning and Implementation action by action
- Clear and consistent communications

**Equity**
- Guidance for residential care providers

**Domestic reviews**
- Contact tracing review
- PPE review
According to NEXUS Policy Brief of August 2020, the following was key significant of Covid-19 to the people of Somalia:

- Prevalence of COVID-19 spread was becoming higher day after day and increasing the public restrictions and lockdown which also affected the livelihood and
- Covid-19 restrictions caused reduction of opportunities for income generation and household finances.
- People feeling panic and risk but often do not have the resources to take protective, preventative measures.
- Remittances have been adversely affected by the pandemic.