MANUAL OF THE INTERNATIONAL STATISTICAL CLASSIFICATION OF DISEASES, INJURIES, AND CAUSES OF DEATH

Based on the Recommendations of the Ninth Revision Conference, 1975, and Adopted by the Twenty-ninth World Health Assembly

Volume 1



WORLD HEALTH ORGANIZATION

GENEVA

1977

Volume 1 Introduction

List of Three-digit Categories

Tabular List of Inclusions and Four-digit Subcategories

Medical Certification and Rules for Classification Special Lists for Tabulation Definitions and Recommendations Regulations

Volume 2 Alphabetical Index

ISBN 92 4 154004 4

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PRINTED IN SWITZERLAND

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INTRODUCTION

INTRODUCTION

General principles

A classification of diseases may be defined as a system of categories to which morbid entities are assigned according to some established criteria. There are many possible choices for these criteria. The anatomist, for example, may desire a classification based on the part of the body affected whereas the pathologist is primarily interested in the nature of the disease process, the public health practitioner in aetiology and the clinician in the particular manifestation requiring his care. In other words there are many axes of classification and the particular axis selected will be determined by the interest of the investigator. A statistical classification of disease and injury will depend, therefore, upon the use to be made of the statistics to be compiled.

Because of this conflict of interests, efforts to base a statistical classification on a strictly logical adherence to any one axis have failed in the past. The various titles will represent a series of necessary compromises between classifications based on aetiology, anatomical site, circumstances of onset, etc., as well as the quality of information available on medical reports. Adjustments must also be made to meet the varied requirements of vital statistics offices, hospitals of different types, medical services of the armed forces, social insurance organizations, sickness surveys, and numerous other agencies. While no single classification will fit all the specialized needs, it should provide a common basis of classification for general statistical use; that is storage, retrieval and tabulation of data.

A statistical classification of disease must be confined to a limited number of categories which will encompass the entire range of morbid conditions. The categories should be chosen so that they will facilitate the statistical study of disease phenomena. A specific disease entity should have a separate title in the classification only when its separation is warranted because the frequency of its occurrence, or its importance as a morbid condition, justifies its isolation as a separate category. On the other hand, many titles in the classification will refer to groups of separate but usually related morbid conditions. Every disease or morbid condition, however, must have a definite and appropriate place as an inclusion in one of the categories of the statistical classification. A few items of the statistical list will be residual titles for other and miscellaneous conditions which cannot be classified under the more specific titles. These miscellaneous categories should be kept to a minimum.

It is this element of grouping in a statistical classification that distinguishes it from a nomenclature, a list or catalogue of approved names for morbid conditions, which must be extensive in order to accommodate all pathological conditions. The concepts of classification and nomenclature are, nevertheless, closely related in the sense that some classifications (e.g. in zoology) are so detailed that they become nomenclatures. Such classifications, however, are generally unsuitable for statistical analysis.

The aims of a statistical classification of disease cannot be better summarized than in the following paragraphs written by William Farr¹ a century ago:

- "The causes of death were tabulated in the early Bills of Mortality (Tables mortuaires) alphabetically; and this course has the advantage of not raising any of those nice questions in which it is vain to expect physicians and statisticians to agree unanimously. But statistics is eminently a science of classification; and it is evident, on glancing at the subject cursorily, that any classification that brings together in groups diseases that have considerable affinity, or that are liable to be confounded with each other, is likely to facilitate the deduction of general principles.
- "Classification is a method of generalization. Several classifications may, therefore, be used with advantage; and the physician, the pathologist, or the jurist, each from his own point of view, may legitimately classify the diseases and the causes of death in the way that he thinks best adapted to facilitate his inquiries, and to yield general results.
- "The medical practitioner may found his main divisions of diseases on their treatment as medical or surgical; the pathologist, on the nature of the morbid action or product; the anatomist or the physiologist on the tissues and organs involved; the medical jurist on the *suddenness* or the *slowness* of the death; and all these points well deserve attention in a statistical classification.
- "In the eyes of national statists the most important elements are, however, brought into account in the ancient subdivision of diseases into plagues, or epidemics and endemics, into diseases of common occurrence (sporadic diseases), which may be conveniently divided into three classes, and into *injuries*, the immediate results of violence or of external causes."

Historical Review

Early history

François Bossier de Lacroix (1706-1777), better known as Sauvages, first attempted to classify diseases systematically. Sauvages' comprehensive treatise was published under the title *Nosologia Methodica*. A contemporary of Sauvages was the great methodologist Linnaeus (1707-1778), one of whose treatises was entitled *Genera Morborum*. At the beginning of the 19th century, the classification of disease in most general use was one by William Cullen (1710-1790), of Edinburgh, which was published in 1785 under the title *Synopsis Nosologiae Methodicae*.

The statistical study of disease, however, began for all practical purposes with the work of John Graunt on the London Bills of Mortality a century earlier. In an attempt to estimate the proportion of liveborn children who died before reaching the age of six years, no records of age at death being available, he took all deaths classed as thrush, convulsions, rickets, teeth and worms, abortives, chrysomes, infants, livergrown, and overlaid and added to them half the deaths classed as smallpox, swine pox, measles, and worms without convulsions. Despite the crudity of this classification his estimate of a 36 per cent mortality before the age of six years appears from later evidence to have been a good one. While three centuries have contributed something to the scientific accuracy of disease classification, there are many who doubt the usefulness of attempts to compile statistics of disease, or even causes of death, because of the difficulties of classification. To these, one can quote Major Greenwood²: "The scientific purist, who will wait for medical statistics until they are nosologically exact, is no wiser than Horace's rustic waiting for the river to flow away ".

Fortunately for the progress of preventive medicine, the General Register Office of England and Wales, at its inception in 1837, found in William Farr (1807-1883)—its first medical statistician—a man who not only made the best possible use of the imperfect classifications of disease available at the time, but laboured to secure better classification and international uniformity in their use.

Farr found the classification of Cullen in use in the public services of his day. It had not been revised so as to embody the advances of medical science, nor was it deemed by him to be satisfactory for statistical purposes. In the first Annual Report of the Registrar General, therefore, he discussed the principles that should govern a statistical classification of disease and urged the adoption of a uniform classification.

Both nomenclature and statistical classification received constant study and consideration by Farr in his annual "Letters" to the Registrar General published in the Annual Reports of the Registrar General. The utility of a uniform classification of causes of death was so strongly recognized at the first International Statistical Congress, held at Brussels, in 1853, that it requested William Farr and Marc d'Espine, of Geneva, to prepare "une nomenclature uniforme des causes de décès applicable à tous les pays". ³ At the next Congress, at Paris in 1855, Farr and d'Espine submitted two separate lists which were based on very different principles. Farr's classification was arranged under five groups: Epidemic diseases, Constitutional (general) diseases, Local diseases arranged according to anatomical site, Developmental diseases, and diseases that are the direct result of violence. D'Espine classified diseases according to their nature (gouty, herpetic,

haematic, etc.). The Congress adopted a compromise list of 138 rubrics. In 1864, this classification was revised at Paris "sur le modèle de celle de W. Farr", and was subsequently revised in 1874, 1880, and 1886. Although there was never any universal acceptance of this classification, the general arrangement, including the principle of classifying diseases by anatomical site, proposed by Farr has survived as the basis of the International List of Causes of Death.

Adoption of International List of Causes of Death

The International Statistical Institute, the successor to the International Statistical Congress, at its meeting in Vienna in 1891, charged a committee, of which Jacques Bertillon (1851-1922), Chef des Travaux statistiques de la ville de Paris, was chairman, with the preparation of a classification of causes of death. It is of interest to note that Bertillon was the grandson of Achille Guillard, a noted botanist and statistician. who had introduced the resolution requesting Farr and d'Espine to prepare a uniform classification at the First Statistical Congress in 1853. The report of this committee was presented by Bertillon at the meeting of the International Statistical Institute at Chicago in 1893 and adopted by it. The classification prepared by Bertillon was based on the classification of causes of death used by the City of Paris, which, since its revision in 1885, represented a synthesis of English, German, and Swiss classifications. The classification was based on the principle, adopted by Farr, of distinguishing between general diseases and those localized to a particular organ or anatomical site. In accordance with the instructions of the Vienna Congress made at the suggestion of L. Guillaume, the Director of the Federal Bureau of Statistics of Switzerland, Bertillon included three classifications: the first, an abridged classification of 44 titles: the second. a classification of 99 titles; and the third, a classification of 161 titles.

The Bertillon Classification of Causes of Death, as it was at first called, received general approval and was adopted by several countries, as well as by many cities. The classification was first used in North America by Jesús E. Monjarás for the statistics of San Luis de Potosí, Mexico. ⁴ In 1898, the American Public Health Association, at its meeting in Ottawa, Canada, recommended the adoption of the Bertillon Classification by registrars of Canada, Mexico, and the United States. The Association further suggested that the classification be revised every ten years.

At the meeting of the International Statistical Institute at Christiania in 1899, Bertillon presented a report on the progress of the classification, including the recommendations of the American Public Health Associa-





tion for decennial revisions. The International Statistical Institute then adopted the following resolution:

- "The International Statistical Institute, convinced of the necessity of using in the different countries comparable nomenclatures:
- "Learns with pleasure of the adoption by all the statistical offices of North America, by some of those of South America, and by some in Europe, of the system of cause of death nomenclature presented in 1893:
- "Insists vigorously that this system of nomenclature be adopted in principle and without revision, by all the statistical institutions of Europe;
- "Approves, at least in its general lines, the system of decennial revision proposed by the American Public Health Association at its Ottawa session (1898);
- "Urges the statistical offices who have not yet adhered, to do so without delay, and to contribute to the comparability of the cause of death nomenclature." ⁵

The French Government therefore convoked at Paris, in August 1900, the first International Conference for the revision of the Bertillon or International Classification of Causes of Death. Delegates from 26 countries attended this Conference. A detailed classification of causes of death consisting of 179 groups and an abridged classification of 35 groups were adopted on 21 August 1900. The desirability of decennial revisions was recognized, and the French Government was requested to call the next meeting in 1910. Actually the next conference was held in 1909, and the Government of France called succeeding conferences in 1920, 1929, and 1938.

Bertillon continued as the guiding force in the promotion of the International List of Causes of Death, and the revisions of 1900, 1910, and 1920 were carried out under his leadership. As Secretary-General of the International Conference, he sent out the provisional revision for 1920 to more than 500 persons, asking for comments. His death in 1922 left the International Conference without a guiding hand.

At the 1923 session of the International Statistical Institute, Michel Huber, Bertillon's successor in France, recognized this lack of leadership and introduced a resolution for the International Statistical Institute to renew its stand of 1893 in regard to the International Classification of Causes of Death and to co-operate with other international organizations in preparation for subsequent revisions. The Health Organization of the League of Nations had also taken an active interest in vital statistics and appointed a Commission of Statistical Experts to study the classification of diseases and causes of death, as well as other problems in the field of medical statistics. E. Roesle, Chief of the Medical Statistical Service of the German Health Bureau and a member of the Commission of Expert Statisticians, prepared a monograph that listed the expansion in

5 After that conference ICD was repised periodicules by a, b who when WHO book over this pok

the rubrics of the 1920 International List of Causes of Death that would be required if the classification was to be used in the tabulation of statistics of morbidity. This careful study was published by the Health Organization of the League of Nations in 1928. In order to co-ordinate the work of both agencies, an international commission, known as the "Mixed Commission", was created with an equal number of representatives from the International Statistical Institute and the Health Organization of the League of Nations. This Commission drafted the proposals for the Fourth (1929) and the Fifth (1938) revisions of the International List of Causes of Death.

The Sixth, Seventh and Eighth Revisions

The International Health Conference held in New York City in 1946 entrusted the Interim Commission of the World Health Organization with the responsibility of undertaking preparatory work for the next decennial revision of the International Lists of Causes of Death and for the establishment of International Lists of Causes of Morbidity? The International Conference for the Sixth Revision of the International Lists of Diseases and Causes of Death was convened in Paris in April 1948 by the Government of France and its secretariat was entrusted jointly to the competent French administrations and to the World Health Organization which had carried out the preparatory work under the Arrangement concluded by the governments represented at the International Health Conference in 1946?

The Sixth Decennial Revision Conference marked the beginning of a new era in international vital and health statistics. Apart from approving a comprehensive list for both mortality and morbidity and agreeing on international rules for selecting the underlying cause of death it recommended the adoption of a comprehensive programme of international co-operation in the field of vital and health statistics, including the establishment of national committees on vital and health statistics for the purpose of co-ordinating statistical activities in the country and to serve as a link between the national statistical institutions and the World Health Organization 8.

The International Conference for the Seventh Revision of the International Classification of Diseases was held in Paris under WHO auspices in February 1955 ⁹. In accordance with a recommendation of the WHO Expert Committee on Health Statistics ¹⁰ this revision was limited to essential changes and amendments of errors and inconsistencies.

The Eighth Revision Conference convened by WHO met in the Palais des Nations, Geneva, from 6 to 12 July 1965 11. This revision was of a

more radical nature than the Seventh but left unchanged the basic structure of the Classification and the general philosophy of classifying diseases according to their aetiology rather than a particular manifestation.

Report of the International Conference for the Ninth Revision

The International Conference for the Ninth Revision of the International Classification of Diseases convened by the World Health Organization met at WHO headquarters in Geneva from 30 September to 6 October 1975. The Conference was attended by delegations from 46 Member States:

Algeria
Australia
Austria
Belgium
Brazil
Canada
Chad
Denmark
Egypt
Finland
France

German Democratic Republic Germany, Federal Republic of

Guatemala

Hungary India

Indonesia Ireland Israel

Italy Japan

Libyan Arab Republic Luxembourg

Netherlands, Kingdom of the

Nigeria Norway Poland Portugal Saudi Arabia Singapore Spain Sudan Sweden Switzerland

Thailand Togo

Trinidad and Tobago

Tunisia

Union of Soviet Socialist Republics

United Arab Emirates

United Kingdom of Great Britain

and Northern Ireland United Republic of Cameroon United States of America

Venezuela Yugoslavia Zaire

The United Nations, the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development, the International Labour Organisation and the International Agency for Research on Cancer sent representatives to participate in the Conference, as did the Council for International Organizations of Medical Sciences and ten other international non-governmental organizations concerned with dental health, dermatology, gynaecology and obstetrics, mental health, neurosurgery, ophthalmology, paediatrics, pathology, radiology, and rehabilitation of the disabled.

The Conference was opened by Dr A. S. Pavlov, Assistant Director-General, on behalf of the Director-General. Dr Pavlov reviewed the history of the ICD, reminding delegates that it had developed from an

International List of Causes of Death, first agreed in 1893. WHO took over responsibility with the Sixth Revision and its concern with the ICD is written into its Constitution. Since WHO took over, there had been a great extension of use of the ICD for the indexing and retrieval of records and for statistics concerning the planning, monitoring and evaluation of health services, besides its traditional use in epidemiology.

The Conference elected the following officers:

Chairman:

Dr R. H. C. Wells (Australia)

Vice-Chairmen:

Dr J. M. Avilan-Rovira (Venezuela)

Dr G. Cerkovnij (USSR)

Dr I. M. Moriyama (United States of America)

Mr G. Paine (United Kingdom)

Rapporteurs:

Dr M. A. Heasman (United Kingdom)

Dr (Mlle) M. Guidevaux (France)

Secretariat:

Dr A. S. Pavlov (Assistant Director-General, WHO)

Mr K. Uemura (Director, Division of Health Statistics, WHO) Dr K. Kupka (Chief Medical Officer, International Classification

of Diseases, WHO) (Secretary)

Mr H. G. Corbett (Statistician, International Classification

of Diseases, WHO)

Professor G. G. Avtandilov (USSR) (Temporary Adviser)

The Conference adopted an agenda dealing with the Ninth Revision of the International Classification of Diseases, with several provisional supplementary classifications intended for use in conjunction with it, and with allied topics.

- 1. Ninth Revision of the International Classification of Diseases
- 1.1 Review of activities in the preparation of the proposals for the Ninth Revision

The procedures leading up to the Ninth Revision commenced in 1969 with the calling of a Study Group. The work had been planned and carried out so that the proposals before the Conference were in a much more advanced state of preparation than had been the case at earlier revisions. The intention was to have the completed manual, with its alphabetical index, in the hands of users in good time to allow for adequate training and familiarization in countries before its introduction. The progress of preparations for revision had been guided by further meetings of the Study Group and by meetings of Heads of Centres for Classification of Diseases. The first meeting of the Study Group considered that the revision ought to be a limited one. It soon became clear, however, that a

much more radical revision was being demanded by specialists in many Views were sought from individual consultants, fields of medicine. international specialists bodies, the WHO Centres for Classification of Diseases and headquarters units. Regional offices arranged meetings so that representatives of Member States could give their views. The third meeting of the Study Group considered proposals incorporating views from all these sources, and on the basis of their recommendations draft proposals were circulated to Member States in mid-1973. Comments on the proposals were considered by the WHO Expert Committee on Health Statistics in June 1974 12, and the final proposals before the Conference were the results of its recommendations. Delegates from several countries spoke in support of the revision as proposed. In particular it was reiterated that clinical pressures had demanded an extensive revision at this stage on the grounds that the structure of several of the ICD chapters was out of touch with modern clinical concepts. The delegation from Sweden, on behalf of the five Nordic countries (Denmark, Finland, Iceland, Norway and Sweden), put forward the view that the problems and cost associated with so extensive a change would be substantial since these countries had established a 5-digit version based on the ICD-8 which was widely used in computerized health information systems. They considered that this 5-digit version met to a large extent the clinical demands for greater specificity which the Ninth Revision was aiming at. The Conference noted the concern of the Nordic countries but, recognizing the need pointed out by several countries to satisfy clinical requirements by structural changes as well as by providing increased specificity, in general supported the scope of the proposed revision as presented to the Conference.

1.2 History and development of uses of the ICD

The Conference was reminded of the impressive history of the classification. Its origins lay in a list of causes of death, which was used for many years. At the Sixth Revision, the classification was extended to cover non-fatal conditions. Later the classification had been shown to be useful for the purposes of hospital indexing, particularly if adapted by means of some extra subdivision. More recently adaptations had been made for use in medical audit systems. The Ninth Revision proposals include a device designed to improve its suitability for use in statistics for the evaluation of medical care. For the future, it would have to be decided what kind of adaptation of the ICD would render it usable for Health Insurance Statistics, and whether it was possible to adapt it as a basis for central payment for medical services. All these uses tended to push the classification in the direction of more detail. At the other end of the scale it had to be remembered that there were demands from countries and

areas where such sophistication was irrelevant but which nevertheless would like a classification based on the ICD so as to assess their progress in health care and in the control of sickness.

1.3 General characteristics of the proposed Ninth Revision

The general arrangement of the proposals for the Ninth Revision considered by the Conference was much the same as in the Eighth Revision, though with much additional detail. Care had been taken to ensure that the categories were meaningful at the 3-digit level. There were certain innovations:

- (i) Optional fifth digits were provided in certain places: for example, for the mode of diagnosis in tuberculosis, for method of delivery in Chapter XI, for anatomical site in musculoskeletal disorders and for place of accident in the E code.
- (ii) An independent 4-digit coding system was provided to classify histological varieties of neoplasm, prefixed by the letter M (for morphology) and followed by a fifth digit indicating behaviour. This code was for optional use in addition to the normal code indicating topography.
- (iii) The role of the E code for external causes had changed. In the Sixth, Seventh and Eighth Revisions, Chapter XVII consisted of two alternative classifications, one according to the nature of the injury (the N code) and one according to external cause (the E code). In the Ninth Revision it was proposed to drop the N prefix and consider only the nature of injury as part of the main classification. The E code becomes a supplementary classification to be used, where relevant, in conjunction with codes from any part of the classification. For mortality statistics, however, the E code should still be used in preference to Chapter XVII in presenting underlying causes of death, when only one is used.
- (iv) The Ninth Revision proposals included dual classification of certain diagnostic statements. The Conference heard that the system had been introduced into the 1973 proposals after it had become obvious that there was a demand to classify diseases according to important manifestations, e.g. to classify numps encephalitis to a category for encephalitis. It would have been unwise to change the whole axis of the ICD to this basis, so the first proposal was to make the positioning according to manifestation alternative to the traditional placing according to aetiology. As a result of criticism, it is now proposed that the "traditional" aetiology codes, those marked with a †, should be considered primary, and the new codes, positioned in the classification according to manifestation and marked

with an *, should be secondary, for use in applications concerned with the planning and evaluation of medical care. This system applies only to diagnostic statements that contain information about both etiology and manifestation and when the latter is important in its own right.

(v) Categories in the Mental Disorders Chapter include descriptions of their content with a view to overcoming the particular difficulties in this field, where international terminology is not standard.

The V code (formerly the Y code) continues to appear in Volume 1.

These characteristics of the proposed revision were accepted by the Conference.

1.4 Adoption of Ninth Revision of the International Classification of Diseases

The Conference,

Having considered the proposals prepared by the Organization on the recommendations of the Expert Committee on Health Statistics ¹²,

Recognizing the need for a few further minor modifications to meet the comments on points of detail submitted by Member States during the Conference,

Recommends that the revised Detailed List of Categories and Sub-Categories in Annex I• to this report constitute the Ninth Revision of the International Classification of Diseases.

2. Classification of Procedures in Medicine

In response to requests from a number of Member States, the Organization had drafted a classification of therapeutic, diagnostic and prophylactic procedures in medicine, covering surgery, radiology, laboratory and other procedures. Various national classifications of this kind had been studied and advice sought from hospital associations in a number of countries. The intention was to provide a tool for use in the analysis of health services provided to patients in hospitals, clinics, outpatient departments, etc.

The Conference congratulates the Secretariat on this important development and

Recommends that the provisional procedures classifications should be published as supplements to, and not as integral parts of, the Ninth

[•] The Annexes to the Report are not reproduced here. They are represented by the contents of this Volume.

Revision of the International Classification of Diseases. They should be published in some inexpensive form and, after two or three years' experience, revised in the light of users' comments.

3. Classification of Impairments and Handicaps

The ICD provided the means of classifying current illness or injury; the classification of procedures provided a means of coding the treatment or other services consumed by the patient. There remained a need to classify impairments and the consequent handicaps or disadvantages.

This was an area in which much development was occurring and a draft classification had been prepared by the Organization although this was to a large extent experimental and exploratory. It had been drafted after much consultation with agencies responsible for social services and rehabilitation.

The Conference having considered the classification of Impairments and Handicaps believes that these have potential value and accordingly

Recommends that the Impairments and Handicaps classifications be published for trial purposes as a supplement to, and not as an integral part of, the Ninth Revision of the International Classification of Diseases.

4. Adaptations of ICD for the Use of Specialists

The Conference noted three adaptations of the ICD which had been designed for the use of specialists.

The first was an adaptation for oncology-ICD-O. Coding was on three axes indicating the topography, morphology and behaviour of tumours. The 4-digit topography code was based on the list of sites of the malignant neoplasm section of Chapter II of the Ninth Revision of the ICD, but was to be used for any type of neoplasm. To this would be added a 4-digit code indicating histological variety of neoplasm, and a single-digit code indicating behaviour. It was intended that the code should be used by centres requiring to record extra detail about tumours, as an alternative to the Ninth Revision of ICD, with which it was entirely compatible. (A conversion guide would be available, enabling translation of codes by computer if desired.)

Other adaptations had been produced for dentistry and stomatology and for ophthalmology. Each of these contains, in a small volume, all conditions of interest to the specialist, selected from all chapters of the ICD, and provides additional detail by means of a fifth digit.

5. Lay Reporting

The Conference discussed the problem of securing badly needed morbidity and mortality statistics in countries still suffering from a lack of sufficiently qualified personnel. There was a divergence of opinion concerning the system of classification to be used where information about sickness or causes of death is necessarily furnished by persons other than physicians. Some delegates considered that the International Classification of Diseases in some simplified form (e.g. one of the tabulation lists) would serve this purpose while others believed that a system independent of the ICD needed to be established.

A small working party, consisting of delegates from Member States with experience of the problem, was convened to consider the question in more detail and in the light of its report

The Conference,

Realizing the present problem involved in the full utilization of ICD by the developing countries in most of the regions;

Recognizing the need for introducing a system which could provide useful and objective morbidity and mortality data for efficient health planning;

Appreciating the field trials conducted in some countries for collection of morbidity and mortality information through non-medical health or other personnel and the experience thus obtained;

Noting the concern of the World Health Organization for development and promotion of health services, particularly in the developing countries, as contained in resolutions EB55.R16¹³, WHA28.75¹⁴, WHA28. 77¹⁵ and WHA28.88 ¹⁶,

Recommends that the World Health Organization should

- (1) become increasingly involved in the attempts made by the various developing countries for collection of morbidity and mortality statistics through lay or paramedical personnel;
- (2) organize meetings at regional level for facilitating exchange of experiences between the countries currently facing this problem so as to design suitable classification lists with due consideration to national differences in terminology;
- (3) assist countries in their endeavour to establish or expand the system of collection of morbidity and mortality data through lay or paramedical personnel.

6. Statistics of Death in the Perinatal Period and Related Matters

The Conference considered with interest the reports of the Scientific Group on Health Statistics Methodology relating to Perinatal Events ¹⁷ and the recommendations of the Expert Committee ¹² on this subject. These were the culmination of a series of special WHO meetings attended by specialists from many disciplines. It had become clear that a review of the situation was needed in the light of certain developments in medical sciences, notably those leading to the improved survival of infants born at a very early gestational age.

After discussion, the Conference

Recommends that, where practicable, statistics in relation to perinatal deaths should be derived from a special certificate of perinatal death (instead of the normal death certificate) and presented in the manner set out in Annex II, which also includes relevant definitions. This annex also includes recommendations in respect of maternal mortality statistics.

7. Mortality Coding Rules

The Conference was made aware of the problems arising in selecting the underlying cause of death where this was the result of factors connected with surgical or other treatment. It was proposed that where an untoward effect of treatment is responsible for death then this should be coded rather than the condition for which the treatment was given. Although there were views expressed by some delegates that this interfered with the traditional underlying cause concept, the Conference preferred the former view and accordingly

Recommends that the modification rule in Annex III be added to the existing rules for selection of cause of death for primary mortality tabulation.

The Conference was also informed that additional guidelines for dealing with certificates of death from cancer had been drafted and were being tested in several countries. If the tests showed that the guidelines improved consistency in coding, they would be incorporated into the Ninth Revision.

8. Selection of a Single Cause for Statistics of Morbidity

No rules had hitherto been incorporated into the ICD concerning the tabulation of morbidity. Routine statistics are normally based upon a single cause and the Conference considered that the application of the ICD to routine morbidity statistics had reached a point where interna-

tional recommendations for selection of a single cause for presentation of morbidity statistics was appropriate and accordingly

Recommends that the condition to be selected for single-cause analysis for health-care records should be the main condition treated or investigated during the relevant episode of hospital or other care. If no diagnosis was made, the main symptom or problem should be selected instead. Whenever possible, the choice should be exercised by the responsible medical practitioner or other health-care professional and the main condition or problem distinguished from other conditions or problems.

It is desirable that, in addition to the selection of a single cause for tabulation purposes, multiple condition coding and analysis should be attempted wherever possible, particularly for data relating to episodes of health care by hospitals (inpatient or outpatient), health clinics and family practitioners. For certain other types of data, such as from health examination surveys, multiple cause analysis may be the only satisfactory method.

9. Short Lists for Tabulation of Mortality and Morbidity

Difficulties had become apparent in the use of the present short lists A, B, C and D for the tabulation of mortality and morbidity. Their construction and numbering was such that confusion often arose and comparability of statistics based on different lists presented some difficulties. Proposed new lists were presented to the Conference in which totals were shown for groups of diseases and for certain selected individual conditions. Minimum lists of 55 items were recommended for the tabulation of mortality and morbidity and countries could add to these further items from a basic list of 275 categories.

The Conference

Recommends that the Special Tabulation Lists set out in Annex IV to this report should replace the lists for tabulation of morbidity and mortality and should be published as part of the International Classification of Diseases together with appropriate explanation and instruction as to their use.

10. Multiple Condition Coding and Analysis

The Conference noted with interest the extended use of multiple condition coding and analysis in a number of countries with a variety of ends in view. One example was the study of the interrelationship of various conditions recorded on a death certificate; another was to permit computer selection of the underlying cause of death. The Conference also

noted the value of a store of multiple-coded national data on mortality and morbidity. The Conference expressed encouragement of such work but did not recommend that the ICD should contain any particular rules or methods of analysis to be followed.

11. Different Disease-Coding Systems

The Conference was reminded of the existence of other disease classifications and reviewed their attributes as a preliminary to discussion of the possible form of the Tenth Revision. Some of these classifications are developments from the International Classification of Diseases; others are multi-axial, enabling retrieval from different viewpoints but not primarily designed with the presentation of routine statistics in mind. In others, a unique code is given to each disease or term, enabling retrieval of specific conditions and assembly into alternative classifications according to need. These developments seemed to indicate some desire for greater flexibility and to raise doubts as to whether a single multipurpose classification was any longer practicable. It was felt that multiaxial classification often destroyed the ability to retrieve disease terms. Allocating a unique code to a disease or term might be one way of overcoming problems caused by changes in classification.

12. The Tenth Revision of the International Classification of Diseases

The Conference recognized the need to make an early start in planning the next revision of the classification and discussed a number of questions that needed to be settled before detailed work could begin. The most fundamental point was that the Organization's programme was no longer confined to disease classification alone. Many other reasons, social and economic, for contact with health services were now included in the main classification and supplementary classifications of procedures in medicine and of impairments and handicaps had been added. These needed to be further developed and incorporated into a comprehensive and coordinated system of classifications of health information. The name of the Organization's programme should reflect the wider scope of its activities.

Standardization of nomenclature on a multilingual basis was essential for conformity in diagnosis, and glossaries similar to the one developed for psychiatry might be provided for other specialities where diagnostic concepts were unclear. A lack of balance in the Eight Revision, which contained 140 categories for infectious diseases but only 20 for the whole of perinatal morbidity, had been retained in the Ninth Revision because ot its essentially conservative nature, but such a restriction should not necessarily hold for the next revision.

It was acknowledged that conflicts existed between the need for a fairly broad classification for the purposes of international comparisons and the desire for a very high degree of specificity for diagnostic indexing and for epidemiological research, and between the requirements of a classification usable at the community level in developing countries and one suitable for a national morbidity programme with access to a computer. The structure of the Tenth Revision was another question for urgent decision; should the present uni-axial system be retained or should there be a move to a multi-dimensional approach; should the coding and classification elements be separated so that the former could remain constant while the latter could be revised at shorter intervals than at present?

The view of the Conference was that these questions should be decided within the next two or three years by the construction and trial of model classifications of various types. It was recognized that this would be an additional task to the normal work of the Organization in this area and would require the provision of extra resources.

The Conference recognized the great value of the work already done and still being done on ICD; it also recognized the rapidly increasing demands for more flexibility than is available in the present structure of this classification.

The Conference,

Noting that the ICD, despite the present constraints upon resources, which it completely absorbs, is one of the most influential activities of WHO,

Recommends that:

- (1) WHO should continue its work in developing revisions of the ICD and related classifications and that the Organization's activity in connexion with the revision of the ICD should be expanded;
- (2) the ICD programme should be given sufficient resources to enable it simultaneously to explore the needs for new departures in the realm of health classifications and how these can be met without detracting from the present revision process; the programme should also be enabled to carry out extensive field trials of the various alternative approaches that exist or which may emerge.

The Conference expressed the hope that efforts would be made to retain the continuity of expertise that had been developed in the Organization, in the centres for classification of diseases and among numerous organizations and individuals throughout the world.

13. Publication of the Ninth Revision

The Conference was informed that, although the Tabular List of the ICD (Volume 1) in English and French could be made available in published form by the end of 1976, it was unlikely that the Alphabetical Index (Volume 2) could be published before the middle of 1977. The Russian and Spanish versions should follow the English and French fairly closely.

Member States intending to publish national language versions would receive pre-publication copies of the various parts of the classification as and when they were completed by the Secretariat to enable them to adhere as nearly as possible to this timetable.

Several delegates pointed out that the late appearance of the alphabetical indexes at the Eight Revision had resulted in a high rate of coding errors during the first year of use.

Because of the large amount of work still to be done before the Ninth Revision can be published and because the training of coders requires that both volumes, including the alphabetical index, should be in the hands of users some 12 months before it is due to come into use,

The Conference

Recommends that the Ninth Revision of the International Classification of Diseases should come into effect on 1 January 1979.

14. Familiarization and Training in the Use of the Ninth Revision

There were many aspects of the proposed revision, besides the change in the categories themselves, which would require very careful explanation to coders and to users of statistics based on the ICD. It was planned that familiarization courses would be organized by the WHO regional offices, to help Member countries in planning their own courses. The Conference noted with interest that WHO hoped to prepare a set of training material covering an instructional course for coders of approximately two weeks, to make sure that the instruction was as consistent as possible. WHO would also make available explanatory material for users of statistics.

Adoption of the Ninth Revision

The Twenty-ninth World Health Assembly, meeting in Geneva in May 1976, adopted the following resolution with regard to the Manual of the International Classification of Diseases (Resolution WHA29.34) 18.

The Twenty-ninth World Health Assembly,

Having considered the report of the International Conference for the Ninth Revision of the International Classification of Diseases,

- 1. Adopts the detailed list of three-digit categories and optional four-digit sub-categories recommended by the Conference as the Ninth Revision of the International Classification of Diseases, to come into effect as from 1 January 1979;
- 2. Adopts the rules recommended by the Conference for the selection of a single cause in morbidity statistics;
- 3. Adopts the recommendations of the Conference regarding statistics of perinatal and maternal mortality, including a special certificate of cause of perinatal death for use where practicable;
- 4. Requests the Director-General to issue a new edition of the Manual of the International Statistical Classification of Diseases, Injuries and Causes of Death.

The Assembly adopted a further resolution concerning activities related to the International Classification of Diseases (Resolution WHA29.35) 19.

The Twenty-ninth World Health Assembly,

Noting the recommendations of the International Conference for the Ninth Revision of the International Classification of Diseases in respect of activities related to the Classification.

- 1. Approves the publication, for trial purposes, of supplementary classifications of Impairments and Handicaps and of Procedures in Medicine as supplements to, but not as integral parts of, the International Classification of Diseases;
- 2. Endorses the recommendation of the Conference concerning assistance to developing countries in their endeavour to establish or expand the system of collection of morbidity and mortality statistics through lay or paramedical personnel;
- 3. Endorses the request made by the Executive Board in resolution EB57.R34 ²⁰ to the Director-General that he investigate the possibility of preparing an International Nomenclature of Diseases as an improvement to the Tenth Revision of the International Classification of Diseases.

Manual of the Ninth Revision

Conventions used in the Tabular List

The Tabular List makes special use of parentheses and colons which needs to be clearly understood. When parentheses are used for their normal function of enclosing synonyms, alternative wordings or explanatory phrases, square brackets [...] are employed. Round brackets (...) are used to enclose supplementary words which may be either present or absent in the statement of a diagnosis without affecting the code number to which it is assigned. Words followed by a colon [:] are not complete terms, but must have one or other of the understated modifiers to make them assignable to the given category. "NOS" is an abbreviation for "not otherwise specified" and is virtually the equivalent of "unspecified" and "unqualified".

As an example of the use of the above conventions, category 464.0, Acute laryngitis, includes the following terms:

Laryngitis (acute):

NOS
Haemophilus influenzae [H. influenzae]
oedematous
pneumococcal
septic
suppurative
ulcerative

This signifies that to this category should be assigned laryngitis, with or without the adjective "acute", if standing alone or if accompanied by one or other of the modifiers: Haemophilus influenzae [of which H. influenzae is an alternative wording], oedematous, pneumococcal, septic, suppurative, or ulcerative. Influenzal, streptococcal, diphtheritic, tuberculous, and chronic laryngitis will be found in other categories.

Dual classification of certain diagnostic statements

The Ninth Revision of the ICD contains an innovation in that there are two codes for certain diagnostic descriptions which contain elements of information both about a localised manifestation or complication and about a more generalised underlying disease process. One of the codes—marked with a dagger (†)—is positioned in the part of the classification in which the diagnostic description is located according to normal ICD principles, that relating to the underlying disease, and the other—marked with an asterisk (*)—is positioned in the chapter of the classification relating to the organ system to which the manifestation or complication relates. Thus tuberculous meningitis has its dagger code in the chapter for infectious and parasitic diseases, and its asterisk code in the nervous system chapter.

The necessity for this arose from the desire of specialists and those concerned with statistics of medical care to have certain manifestations

which are medical-care problems in their own right classified in the chapters relating to the relevant organ system. The ICD has traditionally classified generalised diseases and infectious disease entities which may affect several parts of the body to special chapters of the classification, and their manifestations are normally assigned to the same place, so that until now tuberculous meningitis has been classifiable only to the infectious and parasitic diseases chapter.

The dagger and asterisk categories are in fact alternative positionings in the classification for the relevant conditions, enabling retrieval or statistical analysis from either viewpoint. It is, however, a principle of ICD classification that the dagger category is the primary code and that the asterisk code is secondary, so it is important where it is desired to work with the asterisk code, and both are used, to use some special mark or a predetermined positioning in the coded record, to identify which is the dagger, and which the asterisk, code for the same entity.

The criteria adopted in the Ninth Revision are that asterisk categories are provided:

- (i) if the manifestation or complication represents a medical-care problem in its own right and is normally treated by a specialty different from the one which would handle the underlying condition, and
- (ii) if the information about both the manifestation and the underlying condition is customarily contained in one diagnostic phrase (such as "diabetic retinitis"), or
- (iii) if the category relating to the manifestation is subdivided according to the cause—an example is arthropathy in which the subdivisions relate to broad groups of causes.

Other underlying condition/manifestation combinations exist which do not cause coding and retrieval problems and have therefore not been incorporated in the "dagger and asterisk" system. Examples are:

- (i) situations where the two elements are customarily recorded as discrete diagnostic phrases and can be dealt with simply by coding the two terms separately, e.g. certain types of anaemia which may be the consequence of other diseases; the classification of the anaemia is usually according to its morphological type and does not depend on the cause;
- (ii) where the manifestation is an intrinsic part of the basic disease and is not regarded as a separate medical-care problem; for example, cholera, dysentery, etc. in the infectious and parasitic diseases chapter do not have asterisk categories in the digestive system chapter; lower genitourinary tract manifestations of venereal diseases, in the infectious and parasitic diseases chapter, do not have asterisk categories in the genito-

urinary diseases chapter, although gonococcal salpingitis and orchitis do;

(iii) where the ICD has traditionally classified the condition according to the manifestation, e.g. anaemia due to enzyme defect.

The areas of the Classification where the dagger and asterisk system operates are limited; there are about 150 rubrics of each in which asterisk-or dagger-marked terms occur. They may take one of three different forms:—

(i) if the symbol († or *) and the alternative code both appear in the title of the rubric, all terms classifiable to that rubric are subject to dual classification and all have the same alternative code, e.g.

049.0† Lymphocytic choriomeningitis (321.6*)

Lymphocytic:

meningitis (serous)
meningoencephalitis (serous)

321.2* Meningitis due to ECHO virus (047.1†)

Meningo-eruptive syndrome

(ii) if the symbol appears in the title but the alternative code does not, all terms classifiable to that rubric are subject to dual classification but they have different alternative codes (which are listed for each term), e.g.

074.2† Coxsackie carditis

Aseptic myocarditis of newborn (422.0*)

Coxsackie:

endocarditis (421.1*) myocarditis (422.0*) pericarditis (420.0*)

420.0* Pericarditis in diseases classified elsewhere

Pericarditis (acute):
Coxsackie (074.2†)
meningococcal (036.4†)
syphilitic (093.8†)

Pericarditis (acute): tuberculous (017.8†)

uraemic (585†)

(iii) if neither the symbol nor the alternative code appear in the title, the rubric as a whole is not subject to dual classification but individual inclusion terms may be; if so, these terms will be marked with the symbol and their alternative codes, e.g.

078.5 Cytomegalic inclusion disease

Cytomegalic inclusion virus hepatitis† (573.1*) Salivary gland virus disease

424.3 Pulmonary valve disorders

Pulmonic regurgitation:

NOS

syphilitic* (093.2†)

The use of asterisk coding is entirely optional. It should never be employed in coding the underlying cause of death (only dagger coding should be used for this purpose) but may be used in morbidity coding and in multiple-condition coding whether in morbidity or mortality. Any published tabulations, whether according to the detailed list or one of the short lists, of frequencies based on asterisk coding should be clearly annotated "Based on ICD asterisk coding".

Role of the E Code

As explained in the Report of the International Revision Conference (see paragraph 1.3 (iii), page XVI), the E Code is now a supplementary classification that may be used, if desired, to code external factors associated with morbid conditions classified to any part of the main classification. For single-cause tabulation of the underlying cause of death, however, the E Code should be used as the primary code if, and only if, the morbid condition is classifiable to Chapter XVII (Injury and Poisoning).

Gaps in the numbering system

It will be noticed that certain code numbers have not been used, leaving gaps in the numbering system. The reason for this practice was to avoid unnecessary changes in code numbers familiar to coders who have been using the Eighth Revision. For example, gangrene (category 445 in the Eighth Revision) has been moved to category 785.4; in order to avoid changing the code numbers of categories 446 (Polyarteritis nodosa and allied conditions), 447 (Other disorders of arteries and arterioles) and 448 (Diseases of capillaries), it was preferred to leave the code number 445 unused in the Ninth Revision.

Glossary of mental disorders

A glossary describing and defining the content of rubrics in Chapter V (Mental Disorders) was published separately from the Eighth Revision of the International Classification of Diseases. In the Ninth Revision, the glossary has been incorporated into the Classification itself (see pages 177-213).

The glossary descriptions are not intended as an aid for the lay coder, who should code whatever diagnostic statement appears on a medical record according to the provisions of the Tabular List and Alphabetical Index. Their purpose is to assist the person making the diagnosis, who should do so on the basis of the descriptions rather than the category titles, which may differ in meaning from place to place.

Adaptations of the ICD

Several adaptations or applications of the ICD to specific specialties have been published or are in preparation. They are briefly described below.

Dentistry and Stomatology

The "Application of the ICD to Dentistry and Stomatology" (ICD-DA), based on the Eighth Revision of the ICD, was prepared by the Oral Health Unit of WHO and first published in 1969. It brings together those ICD categories that include "diseases or conditions that occur in, have manifestations in, or have associations with the oral cavity and adjacent structures". It provides greater detail by means of a fifth digit, but the numbering system is so organized that the relationship between an ICD-DA code and the ICD code from which it is derived is immediately obvious and frequencies for ICD-DA categories can be readily aggregated into ICD categories.

ICD-DA has been revised to concord with the Ninth Revision of the ICD and this revision was published by the World Health Organization in 1977.

Oncology

The "International Classification of Diseases for Oncology" (ICD-O) was published by the World Health Organization in 1976. Developed in collaboration with the International Agency for Research on Cancer (WHO) and the United States National Cancer Institute, with input from many other countries and extensive field trials, the ICD-O is intended for use in cancer registries, pathology departments and other agencies specializing in cancer.

ICD-O is a dual-axis classification, providing coding systems for topography and morphology. The topography code uses for *all* neoplasms the same three- and four-digit categories that the Ninth Revision

of ICD uses for *malignant* neoplasms (categories 140-199), thus providing increased specificity of site for other neoplasms, where the ICD provides a more restricted topographical classification or none at all.

The morphology code is identical to the neoplasms section of the morphology field of the Systematized Nomenclature of Medicine (SNOMed) ²¹ and is compatible with the 1968 Edition of the Manual of Tumor Nomenclature and Coding (MOTNAC) ²² and the Systematized Nomenclature of Pathology (SNOP) ²³. It is a five-digit code, the first four digits identifying the histological type and the fifth the behaviour of the neoplasm (malignant, in situ, benign, etc.). The ICD-O morphology code also appears in this Volume (see pages 667-690) and in the Alphabetical Index.

In addition to the topography and morphology codes, ICD-O also includes a list of tumour-like lesions and conditions. A table explaining the method of converting ICD-O codes into ICD codes will be published in due course.

Ophthalmology

The International Council of Ophthalmology, supported by ophthalmological groups in many countries, has prepared a Classification of Disorders of the Eye, based on the Ninth Revision of the ICD.

In addition to the ICD section "Disorders of the eye and adnexa" (categories 360-379), it includes all other ICD categories that classify eye disorders, from infectious diseases to injuries. It is a five-digit classification, being identical with ICD at the three- and four-digit level but introducing additional detail at the fifth digit for the use of specialists.

The classification was published in the "International Nomenclature of Ophthalmology" by the American Academy of Ophthalmology and Otolaryngology ²⁴ in 1977, which also includes definitions or short descriptions of all terms, synonyms and equivalent terms in French, German and Spanish, and reference terms to facilitate literature retrieval.

WHO Centres for Classification of Diseases

Six WHO Centres have been established to assist countries with problems encountered in the classification of diseases and, in particular, in the use of the ICD. They are located in institutions in Paris (for French language users), São Paulo (for Portuguese), Moscow (for Russian) and Caracas (for Spanish); there are two Centres for English language users, in London and, for North America, in Washington, DC., USA. Communications should be addressed as follows:—

Head, WHO Centre for Classification of Diseases Office of Population Censuses and Surveys St. Catherine's House 10 Kingsway London WC2B6JP United Kingdom

or

Head, WHO Center for Classification of Diseases for North America National Center for Health Statistics
US Public Health Service
Department of Health, Education and Welfare
Washington, DC.,
United States of America

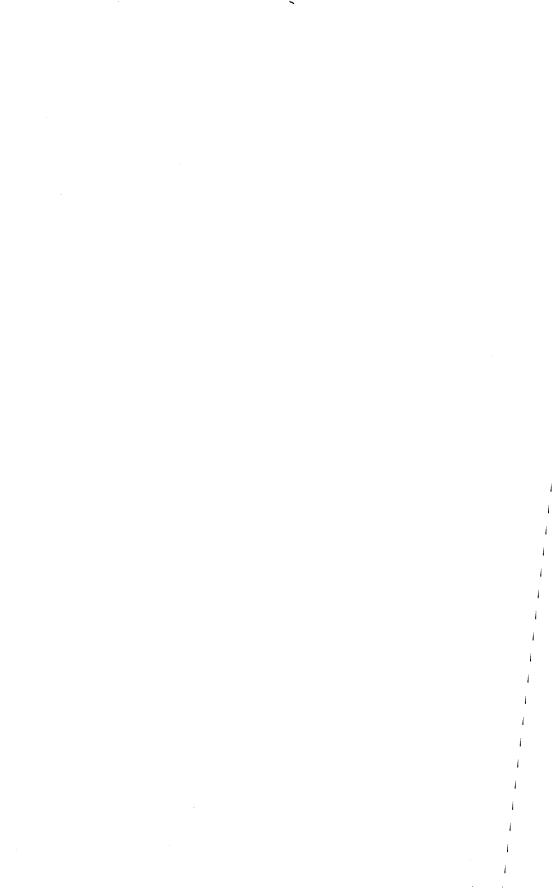
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LIST OF THREE-DIGIT CATEGORIES



I. INFECTIOUS AND PARASITIC DISEASES

Intestinal infectious diseases (001-009)

- 001 Cholera
- 002 Typhoid and paratyphoid fevers
- 003 Other salmonella infections
- 004 Shigellosis
- 005 Other food poisoning (bacterial)
- 006 Amoebiasis
- 007 Other protozoal intestinal diseases
- 008 Intestinal infections due to other organisms
- 009 Ill-defined intestinal infections

Tuberculosis (010-018)

- 010 Primary tuberculous infection
- 011 Pulmonary tuberculosis
- 012 Other respiratory tuberculosis
- 013 Tuberculosis of meninges and central nervous system
- 014 Tuberculosis of intestines, peritoneum and mesenteric glands
- 015 Tuberculosis of bones and joints
- 016 Tuberculosis of genitourinary system
- 017 Tuberculosis of other organs
- 018 Miliary tuberculosis

Zoonotic bacterial diseases (020-027)

- 020 Plague
- 021 Tularaemia
- 022 Anthrax
- 023 Brucellosis
- 024 Glanders
- 025 Melioidosis
- 026 Rat-bite fever
- 027 Other zoonotic bacterial diseases

Other bacterial diseases (030-041)

- 030 Leprosy
- 031 Diseases due to other mycobacteria
- 032 Diphtheria

000	****	
033	Whooping	COlloh
000	" HOOPING	COURT

- 034 Streptococcal sore throat and scarlatina
- 035 Erysipelas
- 036 Meningococcal infection
- 037 Tetanus
- 038 Septicaemia
- 039 Actinomycotic infections
- 040 Other bacterial diseases
- 041 Bacterial infection in conditions classified elsewhere and of unspecified site

Poliomyelitis and other non-arthropod-borne viral diseases of central nervous system (045-049)

- 045 Acute poliomyelitis
- 046 Slow virus infection of central nervous system
- 047 Meningitis due to enterovirus
- 048 Other enterovirus diseases of central nervous system
- Other non-arthropod-borne viral diseases of central nervous system

Viral diseases accompanied by exanthem (050-057)

- 050 Smallpox
- 051 Cowpox and paravaccinia
- 052 Chickenpox
- 053 Herpes zoster
- 054 Herpes simplex
- 055 Measles
- 056 Rubella
- 057 Other viral exanthemata

Arthropod-borne viral diseases (060-066)

- 060 Yellow fever
- 061 Dengue
- 062 Mosquito-borne viral encephalitis
- 063 Tick-borne viral encephalitis
- 064 Viral encephalitis transmitted by other and unspecified arthropods
- 065 Arthropod-borne haemorrhagic fever
- 066 Other arthropod-borne viral diseases

Other diseases due to viruses and Chlamydiae (070-079)

- 070 Viral hepatitis
- 071 Rabies
- 072 Mumps
- 073 Ornithosis
- 074 Specific diseases due to Coxsackie virus
- 075 Infectious mononucleosis
- 076 Trachoma
- 077 Other diseases of conjunctiva due to viruses and Chlamydiae
- 078 Other diseases due to viruses and Chlamydiae
- 079 Viral infection in conditions classified elsewhere and of unspecified site

Rickettsioses and other arthropod-borne diseases (080-088)

- 080 Louse-borne [epidemic] typhus
- 081 Other typhus
- 082 Tick-borne rickettsioses
- 083 Other rickettsioses
- 084 Malaria
- 085 Leishmaniasis
- 086 Trypanosomiasis
- 087 Relapsing fever
- 088 Other arthropod-borne diseases

Syphilis and other venereal diseases (090-099)

- 090 Congenital syphilis
- 091 Early syphilis, symptomatic
- 092 Early syphilis, latent
- 093 Cardiovascular syphilis
- 094 Neurosyphilis
- 095 Other forms of late syphilis, with symptoms
- 096 Late syphilis, latent
- 097 Other and unspecified syphilis
- 098 Gonococcal infections
- 099 Other venereal diseases

Other spirochaetal diseases (100-104)

- 100 Leptospirosis
- 101 Vincent's angina

- 102 Yaws
- 103 Pinta
- 104 Other spirochaetal infection

Mycoses (110-118)

- 110 Dermatophytosis
- 111 Dermatomycosis, other and unspecified
- 112 Candidiasis
- 114 Coccidioidomycosis
- 115 Histoplasmosis
- 116 Blastomycotic infection
- 117 Other mycoses
- 118 Opportunistic mycoses

Helminthiases (120-129)

- 120 Schistosomiasis [bilharziasis]
- 121 Other trematode infections
- 122 Echinococcosis
- 123 Other cestode infection
- 124 Trichinosis
- 125 Filarial infection and dracontiasis
- 126 Ancylostomiasis and necatoriasis
- 127 Other intestinal helminthiases
- 128 Other and unspecified helminthiases
- 129 Intestinal parasitism, unspecified

Other infectious and parasitic diseases (130-136)

- 130 Toxoplasmosis
- 131 Trichomoniasis
- 132 Pediculosis and phthirus infestation
- 133 Acariasis
- 134 Other infestation
- 135 Sarcoidosis
- 136 Other and unspecified infectious and parasitic diseases

Late effects of infectious and parasitic diseases (137-139)

- 137 Late effects of tuberculosis
- 138 Late effects of acute poliomyelitis
- 139 Late effects of other infectious and parasitic diseases

II. NEOPLASMS

Malignant neoplasm of lip, oral cavity and pharynx (140-149)

- 140 Malignant neoplasm of lip
- 141 Malignant neoplasm of tongue
- 142 Malignant neoplasm of major salivary glands
- 143 Malignant neoplasm of gum
- 144 Malignant neoplasm of floor of mouth
- 145 Malignant neoplasm of other and unspecified parts of mouth
- 146 Malignant neoplasm of oropharynx
- 147 Malignant neoplasm of nasopharynx
- 148 Malignant neoplasm of hypopharynx
- 149 Malignant neoplasm of other and ill-defined sites within the lip, oral cavity and pharynx

Malignant neoplasm of digestive organs and peritoneum (150-159)

- 150 Malignant neoplasm of oesophagus
- 151 Malignant neoplasm of stomach
- 152 Malignant neoplasm of small intestine, including duodenum
- 153 Malignant neoplasm of colon
- 154 Malignant neoplasm of rectum, rectosigmoid junction and anus
- 155 Malignant neoplasm of liver and intrahepatic bile ducts
- 156 Malignant neoplasm of gallbladder and extrahepatic bile ducts
- 157 Malignant neoplasm of pancreas
- 158 Malignant neoplasm of retroperitoneum and peritoneum
- 159 Malignant neoplasm of other and ill-defined sites within the digestive organs and peritoneum

Malignant neoplasm of respiratory and intrathoracic organs (160-165)

- 160 Malignant neoplasm of nasal cavities, middle ear and accessory sinuses
- 161 Malignant neoplasm of larynx
- 162 Malignant neoplasm of trachea, bronchus and lung
- 163 Malignant neoplasm of pleura
- 164 Malignant neoplasm of thymus, heart and mediastinum
- 165 Malignant neoplasm of other and ill-defined sites within the respiratory system and intrathoracic organs

Malignant neoplasm of bone, connective tissue, skin and breast (170-175)

- 170 Malignant neoplasm of bone and articular cartilage
- 171 Malignant neoplasm of connective and other soft tissue
- 172 Malignant melanoma of skin
- 173 Other malignant neoplasm of skin
- 174 Malignant neoplasm of female breast
- 175 Malignant neoplasm of male breast

Malignant neoplasm of genitourinary organs (179-189)

- 179 Malignant neoplasm of uterus, part unspecified
- 180 Malignant neoplasm of cervix uteri
- 181 Malignant neoplasm of placenta
- 182 Malignant neoplasm of body of uterus
- 183 Malignant neoplasm of ovary and other uterine adnexa
- 184 Malignant neoplasm of other and unspecified female genital organs
- 185 Malignant neoplasm of prostate
- 186 Malignant neoplasm of testis
- 187 Malignant neoplasm of penis and other male genital organs
- 188 Malignant neoplasm of bladder
- 189 Malignant neoplasm of kidney and other and unspecified urinary organs

Malignant neoplasm of other and unspecified sites (190-199)

- 190 Malignant neoplasm of eye
- 191 Malignant neoplasm of brain
- 192 Malignant neoplasm of other and unspecified parts of nervous system
- 193 Malignant neoplasm of thyroid gland
- 194 Malignant neoplasm of other endocrine glands and related structures
- 195 Malignant neoplasm of other and ill-defined sites
- 196 Secondary and unspecified malignant neoplasm of lymph nodes
- 197 Secondary malignant neoplasm of respiratory and digestive systems
- 198 Secondary malignant neoplasm of other specified sites
- 199 Malignant neoplasm without specification of site

Malignant neoplasm of lymphatic and haematopoietic tissue (200-208)

- 200 Lymphosarcoma and reticulosarcoma
- 201 Hodgkin's disease
- 202 Other malignant neoplasm of lympoid and histiocytic tissue
- 203 Multiple myeloma and immunoproliferative neoplasms
- 204 Lymphoid leukaemia
- 205 Myeloid leukaemia
- 206 Monocytic leukaemia
- 207 Other specified leukaemia
- 208 Leukaemia of unspecified cell type

Benign neoplasms (210-229)

- 210 Benign neoplasm of lip, oral cavity and pharynx
- 211 Benign neoplasm of other parts of digestive system
- 212 Benign neoplasm of respiratory and intrathoracic organs
- 213 Benign neoplasm of bone and articular cartilage
- 214 Lipoma
- 215 Other benign neoplasm of connective and other soft tissue
- 216 Benign neoplasm of skin
- 217 Benign neoplasm of breast
- 218 Uterine leiomyoma
- 219 Other benign neoplasm of uterus
- 220 Benign neoplasm of ovary
- 221 Benign neoplasm of other female genital organs
- 222 Benign neoplasm of male genital organs
- 223 Benign neoplasm of kidney and other urinary organs
- 224 Benign neoplasm of eye
- 225 Benign neoplasm of brain and other parts of nervous system
- 226 Benign neoplasm of thyroid gland
- 227 Benign neoplasm of other endocrine glands and related structures
- 228 Haemangioma and lymphangioma, any site
- 229 Benign neoplasm of other and unspecified sites

Carcinoma in situ (230-234)

- 230 Carcinoma in situ of digestive organs
- 231 Carcinoma in situ of respiratory system
- 232 Carcinoma in situ of skin

- 233 Carcinoma in situ of breast and genitourinary system
- 234 Carcinoma in situ of other and unspecified sites

Neoplasms of uncertain behaviour (235-238)

- 235 Neoplasm of uncertain behaviour of digestive and respiratory systems
- 236 Neoplasm of uncertain behaviour of genitourinary organs
- 237 Neoplasm of uncertain behaviour of endocrine glands and nervous system
- 238 Neoplasm of uncertain behaviour of other and unspecified sites and tissues

Neoplasms of unspecified nature (239)

239 Neoplasm of unspecified nature

III. ENDOCRINE, NUTRITIONAL AND METABOLIC DISEASES AND IMMUNITY DISORDERS

Disorders of thyroid gland (240-246)

- 240 Simple and unspecified goitre
- 241 Nontoxic nodular goitre
- 242 Thyrotoxicosis with or without goitre
- 243 Congenital hypothyroidism
- 244 Acquired hypothyroidism
- 245 Thyroiditis
- 246 Other disorders of thyroid

Diseases of other endocrine glands (250-259)

- 250 Diabetes mellitus
- 251 Other disorders of pancreatic internal secretion
- 252 Disorders of parathyroid gland
- 253 Disorders of the pituitary gland and its hypothalamic control
- 254 Diseases of thymus gland
- 255 Disorders of adrenal glands
- 256 Ovarian dysfunction
- 257 Testicular dysfunction
- 258 Polyglandular dysfunction and related disorders
- 259 Other endocrine disorders

Nutritional deficiencies (260-269)

- 260 Kwashiorkor
- 261 Nutritional marasmus
- 262 Other severe protein-calorie malnutrition
- 263 Other and unspecified protein-calorie malnutrition
- 264 Vitamin A deficiency
- 265 Thiamine and niacin deficiency states
- 266 Deficiency of B-complex components
- 267 Ascorbic acid deficiency
- 268 Vitamin D deficiency
- 269 Other nutritional deficiencies

Other metabolic disorders and immunity disorders (270-279)

- 270 Disorders of amino-acid transport and metabolism
- 271 Disorders of carbohydrate transport and metabolism
- 272 Disorders of lipoid metabolism
- 273 Disorders of plasma protein metabolism
- 274 Gout
- 275 Disorders of mineral metabolism
- 276 Disorders of fluid, electrolyte and acid-base balance
- 277 Other and unspecified disorders of metabolism
- 278 Obesity and other hyperalimentation
- 279 Disorders involving the immune mechanism

IV. DISEASES OF BLOOD AND BLOOD-FORMING ORGANS

- 280 Iron deficiency anaemias
- 281 Other deficiency anaemias
- 282 Hereditary haemolytic anaemias
- 283 Acquired haemolytic anaemias
- 284 Aplastic anaemia
- 285 Other and unspecified anaemias
- 286 Coagulation defects
- 287 Purpura and other haemorrhagic conditions
- 288 Diseases of white blood cells
- 289 Other diseases of blood and blood-forming organs

V. MENTAL DISORDERS

Organic psychotic conditions (290-294)

- 290 Senile and presenile organic psychotic conditions
- 291 Alcoholic psychoses
- 292 Drug psychoses
- 293 Transient organic psychotic conditions
- 294 Other organic psychotic conditions (chronic)

Other psychoses (295-299)

- 295 Schizophrenic psychoses
- 296 Affective psychoses
- 297 Paranoid states
- 298 Other nonorganic psychoses
- 299 Psychoses with origin specific to childhood

Neurotic disorders, personality disorders and other nonpsychotic mental disorders (300-316)

- 300 Neurotic disorders
- 301 Personality disorders
- 302 Sexual deviations and disorders
- 303 Alcohol dependence syndrome
- 304 Drug dependence
- 305 Nondependent abuse of drugs
- 306 Physiological malfunction arising from mental factors
- 307 Special symptoms or syndromes not elsewhere classified
- 308 Acute reaction to stress
- 309 Adjustment reaction
- 310 Specific nonpsychotic mental disorders following organic brain damage
- 311 Depressive disorder, not elsewhere classified
- 312 Disturbance of conduct not elsewhere classified
- 313 Disturbance of emotions specific to childhood and adolescence
- 314 Hyperkinetic syndrome of childhood
- 315 Specific delays in development
- 316 Psychic factors associated with diseases classified elsewhere

Mental retardation (317-319)

- 317 Mild mental retardation
- 318 Other specified mental retardation
- 319 Unspecified mental retardation

VI. DISEASES OF THE NERVOUS SYSTEM AND SENSE ORGANS

Inflammatory diseases of the central nervous system (320-326)

~~~	The state of the s		• . •
320	Bacterial	menin	gitis

- 321 Meningitis due to other organisms
- 322 Meningitis of unspecified cause
- 323 Encephalitis, myelitis and encephalomyelitis
- 324 Intracranial and intraspinal abscess
- 325 Phlebitis and thrombophlebitis of intracranial venous sinuses
- 326 Late effects of intracranial abscess or pyogenic infection

# Hereditary and degenerative diseases of the central nervous system (330-337)

- 330 Cerebral degenerations usually manifest in childhood
- 331 Other cerebral degenerations
- 332 Parkinson's disease
- 333 Other extrapyramidal disease and abnormal movement disorders
- 334 Spinocerebellar disease
- 335 Anterior horn cell disease
- 336 Other diseases of spinal cord
- 337 Disorders of the autonomic nervous system

# Other disorders of the central nervous system (340-349)

- 340 Multiple sclerosis
- 341 Other demyelinating diseases of central nervous system
- 342 Hemiplegia
- 343 Infantile cerebral palsy
- 344 Other paralytic syndromes
- 345 Epilepsy
- 346 Migraine
- 347 Cataplexy and narcolepsy
- 348 Other conditions of brain
- 349 Other and unspecified disorders of the nervous system

# Disorders of the peripheral nervous system (350-359)

- 350 Trigeminal nerve disorders
- 351 Facial nerve disorders

352	Disorders of other cranial nerves
353	Nerve root and plexus disorders
354	<u>-</u>
	Mononeuritis of upper limb and mononeuritis multiplex  Mononeuritis of lower limb
355	
356	Hereditary and idiopathic peripheral neuropathy
357	* *
358	Myoneural disorders
359	Muscular dystrophies and other myopathies
Diso	rders of the eye and adnexa (360-379)
360	Disorders of the globe
361	Retinal detachments and defects
362	Other retinal disorders
363	Chorioretinal inflammations and scars and other disorders of choroid
364	Disorders of iris and ciliary body
365	Glaucoma
366	Cataract
367	Disorders of refraction and accommodation
368	Visual disturbances
369	Blindness and low vision
370	Keratitis
371	Corneal opacity and other disorders of cornea
372	Disorders of conjunctiva
373	Inflammation of eyelids
374	Other disorders of eyelids
375	Disorders of lacrimal system
376	Disorders of the orbit
377	Disorders of optic nerve and visual pathways
378	Strabismus and other disorders of binocular eye movements
379	Other disorders of eye

# Diseases of the ear and mastoid process (380-389)

380	Disorders of external ear
381	Nonsuppurative otitis media and Eustachian tube disorders
382	Suppurative and unspecified otitis media
383	Mastoiditis and related conditions

384 Other disorders of tympanic membrane

385 Other disorders of middle ear and mastoid

- 386 Vertiginous syndromes and other disorders of vestibular system
- 387 Otosclerosis
- 388 Other disorders of ear
- 389 Deafness

#### VII. DISEASES OF THE CIRCULATORY SYSTEM

#### Acute rheumatic fever (390-392)

- 390 Rheumatic fever without mention of heart involvement
- 391 Rheumatic fever with heart involvement
- 392 Rheumatic chorea

### Chronic rheumatic heart disease (393-398)

- 393 Chronic rheumatic pericarditis
- 394 Diseases of mitral valve
- 395 Diseases of aortic valve
- 396 Diseases of mitral and aortic valves
- 397 Diseases of other endocardial structures
- 398 Other rheumatic heart disease

# Hypertensive disease (401-405)

- 401 Essential hypertension
- 402 Hypertensive heart disease
- 403 Hypertensive renal disease
- 404 Hypertensive heart and renal disease
- 405 Secondary hypertension

#### Ischaemic heart disease (410-414)

- 410 Acute myocardial infarction
- 411 Other acute and subacute form of ischaemic heart disease
- 412 Old myocardial infarction
- 413 Angina pectoris
- 414 Other forms of chronic ischaemic heart disease

### Diseases of pulmonary circulation (415-417)

- 415 Acute pulmonary heart disease
- 416 Chronic pulmonary heart disease
- 417 Other diseases of pulmonary circulation

# Other forms of heart disease (420-429)

- 420 Acute pericarditis
- 421 Acute and subacute endocarditis
- 422 Acute myocarditis
- 423 Other diseases of pericardium
- 424 Other diseases of endocardium
- 425 Cardiomyopathy
- 426 Conduction disorders
- 427 Cardiac dysrhythmias
- 428 Heart failure
- 429 Ill-defined descriptions and complications of heart disease

### Cerebrovascular disease (430-438)

- 430 Subarachnoid haemorrhage
- 431 Intracerebral haemorrhage
- 432 Other and unspecified intracranial haemorrhage
- 433 Occlusion and stenosis of precerebral arteries
- 434 Occlusion of cerebral arteries
- 435 Transcient cerebral ischaemia
- 436 Acute but ill-defined cerebrovascular disease
- 437 Other and ill-defined cerebrovascular disease
- 438 Late effects of cerebrovascular disease

### Diseases of arteries, arterioles and capillaries (440-448)

- 440 Atherosclerosis
- 441 Aortic aneurysm
- 442 Other aneurysm
- 443 Other peripheral vascular disease
- 444 Arterial embolism and thrombosis
- 446 Polvarteritis nodosa and allied conditions
- 447 Other disorders of arteries and arterioles
- 448 Diseases of capillaries

# Diseases of veins and lymphatics, and other diseases of circulatory system (451-459)

- 451 Phlebitis and thrombophlebitis
- 452 Portal vein thrombosis
- 453 Other venous embolism and thrombosis
- 454 Varicose veins of lower extremities

- 455 Haemorrhoids
- 456 Varicose veins of other sites
- 457 Noninfective disorders of lymphatic channels
- 458 Hypotension
- 459 Other disorders of circulatory system

# VIII. DISEASES OF THE RESPIRATORY SYSTEM

#### Acute respiratory infections (460-466)

- 460 Acute nasopharyngitis [common cold]
- 461 Acute sinusitis
- 462 Acute pharyngitis
- 463 Acute tonsillitis
- 464 Acute laryngitis and tracheitis
- 465 Acute upper respiratory infections of multiple or unspecified sites
- 466 Acute bronchitis and bronchiolitis

### Other diseases of upper respiratory tract (470-478)

- 470 Deflected nasal septum
- 471 Nasal polyps
- 472 Chronic pharyngitis and nasopharyngitis
- 473 Chronic sinusitis
- 474 Chronic disease of tonsils and adenoids
- 475 Peritonsillar abscess
- 476 Chronic laryngitis and laryngotracheitis
- 477 Allergic rhinitis
- 478 Other diseases of upper respiratory tract

#### Pneumonia and influenza (480-487)

- 480 Viral pneumonia
- 481 Pneumococcal pneumonia
- 482 Other bacterial pneumonia
- 483 Pneumonia due to other specified organism
- 484 Pneumonia in infectious diseases classified elsewhere
- 485 Bronchopneumonia, organism unspecified
- 486 Pneumonia, organism unspecified
- 487 Influenza

# Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease and allied conditions (490-496)

- 490 Bronchitis, not specified as acute or chronic
- 491 Chronic bronchitis
- 492 Emphysema
- 493 Asthma
- 494 Bronchiectasis
- 495 Extrinsic allergic alveolitis
- 496 Chronic airways obstruction, not elsewhere classified

# Pneumoconioses and other lung diseases due to external agents (500-508)

- 500 Coalworkers' pneumoconiosis
- 501 Asbestosis
- 502 Pneumoconiosis due to other silica or silicates
- 503 Pneumoconiosis due to other inorganic dust
- 504 Pneumopathy due to inhalation of other dust
- 505 Pneumoconiosis, unspecified
- 506 Respiratory conditions due to chemical fumes and vapours
- 507 Pneumonitis due to solids and liquids
- 508 Respiratory conditions due to other and unspecified external agents

# Other diseases of respiratory system (510-519)

- 510 Empyema
- 511 Pleurisy
- 512 Pneumothorax
- 513 Abscess of lung and mediastinum
- 514 Pulmonary congestion and hypostasis
- 515 Postinflammatory pulmonary fibrosis
- 516 Other alveolar and parietoalveolar pneumopathy
- 517 Lung involvement in conditions classified elsewhere
- 518 Other diseases of lung
- 519 Other diseases of respiratory system

# IX. DISEASES OF THE DIGESTIVE SYSTEM

### Diseases of oral cavity, salivary glands and jaws (520-529)

520 Disorders of tooth development and eruption

- 521 Diseases of hard tissues of teeth
- 522 Diseases of pulp and periapical tissues
- 523 Gingival and periodontal diseases
- 524 Dentofacial anomalies, including malocclusion
- 525 Other diseases and conditions of the teeth and supporting structures
- 526 Diseases of the jaws
- 527 Diseases of the salivary glands
- 528 Diseases of the oral soft tissues, excluding lesions specific for gingiva and tongue
- 529 Diseases and other conditions of the tongue

# Diseases of oesophagus, stomach and duodenum (530-537)

- 530 Diseases of oesophagus
- 531 Gastric ulcer
- 532 Duodenal ulcer
- 533 Peptic ulcer, site unspecified
- 534 Gastrojejunal ulcer
- 535 Gastritis and duodenitis
- 536 Disorders of function of stomach
- 537 Other disorders of stomach and duodenum

#### Appendicitis (540-543)

- 540 Acute appendicitis
- 541 Appendicitis, unqualified
- 542 Other appendicitis
- 543 Other diseases of appendix

### Hernia of abdominal cavity (550-553)

- 550 Inguinal hernia
- 551 Other hernia of abdominal cavity, with gangrene
- 552 Other hernia of abdominal cavity with obstruction, without mention of gangrene
- 553 Other hernia of abdominal cavity without mention of obstruction or gangrene

#### Noninfective enteritis and colitis (555-558)

- 555 Regional enteritis
- 556 Idiopathic proctocolitis
- 557 Vascular insufficiency of intestine
- 558 Other noninfective gastroenteritis and colitis

### Other diseases of intestines and peritoneum (560-569)

- 560 Intestinal obstruction without mention of hernia
- 562 Diverticula of intestine
- 564 Functional digestive disorders, not elsewhere classified
- 565 Anal fissure and fistula
- 566 Abcess of anal and rectal regions
- 567 Peritonitis
- 568 Other disorders of peritoneum
- 569 Other disorders of intestine

#### Other diseases of digestive system (570-579)

- 570 Acute and subacute necrosis of liver
- 571 Chronic liver disease and cirrhosis
- 572 Liver abscess and sequelae of chronic liver disease
- 573 Other disorders of liver
- 574 Cholelithiasis
- 575 Other disorders of gallbladder
- 576 Other disorders of biliary tract
- 577 Diseases of pancreas
- 578 Gastrointestinal haemorrhage
- 579 Intestinal malabsorption

#### X. DISEASES OF THE GENITOURINARY SYSTEM

#### Nephritis, nephrotic syndrome and nephrosis (580-589)

- 580 Acute glomerulonephritis
- 581 Nephrotic syndrome
- 582 Chronic glomerulonephritis
- 583 Nephritis and nephropathy, not specified as acute or chronic
- 584 Acute renal failure
- 585 Chronic renal failure
- 586 Renal failure, unspecified
- 587 Renal sclerosis, unspecified
- 588 Disorders resulting from impaired renal function
- 589 Small kidney of unknown cause

#### Other diseases of urinary system (590-599)

- 590 Infections of kidney
- 591 Hydronephrosis

- 592 Calculus of kidney and ureter
- 593 Other disorders of kidney and ureter
- 594 Calculus of lower urinary tract
- 595 Cystitis
- 596 Other disorders of bladder
- 597 Urethritis, not sexually transmitted, and urethral syndrome
- 598 Urethral stricture
- 599 Other disorders of urethra and urinary tract

### Diseases of male genital organs (600-608)

- 600 Hyperplasia of prostate
- 601 Inflammatory diseases of prostate
- 602 Other disorders of prostate
- 603 Hydrocele
- 604 Orchitis and epididymitis
- 605 Redundant prepuce and phimosis
- 606 Infertility, male
- 607 Disorders of penis
- 608 Other disorders of male genital organs

#### Disorders of breast (610-611)

- 610 Benign mammary dysplasias
- 611 Other disorders of breast

# Inflammatory disease of female pelvic organs (614-616)

- 614 Inflammatory disease of ovary, fallopian tube, pelvic cellular tissue and peritoneum
- 615 Inflammatory diseases of uterus, except cervix
- 616 Inflammatory disease of cervix, vagina and vulva

# Other disorders of female genital tract (617-629)

- 617 Endometriosis
- 618 Genital prolapse
- 619 Fistulae involving female genital tract
- 620 Noninflammatory disorders of ovary, fallopian tube and broad ligament
- 621 Disorders of uterus, not elsewhere classified

- 622 Noninflammatory disorders of cervix
- 623 Noninflammatory disorders of vagina
- 624 Noninflammatory disorders of vulva and perineum
- 625 Pain and other symptoms associated with female genital organs
- 626 Disorders of menstruation and other abnormal bleeding from female genital tract
- 627 Menopausal and postmenopausal disorders
- 628 Infertility, female
- 629 Other disorders of female genital organs

# XI. COMPLICATIONS OF PREGNANCY, CHILDBIRTH AND THE PUERPERIUM

# Pregnancy with abortive outcome (630-639)

- 630 Hydatidiform mole
- 631 Other abnormal product of conception
- 632 Missed abortion
- 633 Ectopic pregnancy
- 634 Spontaneous abortion
- 635 Legally induced abortion
- 636 Illegally induced abortion
- 637 Unspecified abortion
- 638 Failed attempted abortion
- 639 Complications following abortion and ectopic and molar preg-

# Complications mainly related to pregnancy (640-648)

- 640 Haemorrhage in early pregnancy
- 641 Antepartum haemorrhage, abruptio placentae, and placenta praevia
- 642 Hypertension complicating pregnancy, childbirth and the puerperium
- 643 Excessive vomiting in pregnancy
- 644 Early or threatened labour
- 645 Prolonged pregnancy
- 646 Other complications of pregnancy, not elsewhere classified
- 647 Infective and parasitic conditions in the mother classifiable elsewhere but complicating pregnancy, childbirth and the puerperium
- Other current conditions in the mother classifiable elsewhere but complicating pregnancy, childbirth and the puerperium

# Normal delivery, and other indications for care in pregnancy, labour and delivery (650-659)

- 650 Delivery in a completely normal case
- 651 Multiple gestation
- 652 Malposition and malpresentation of fetus
- 653 Disproportion
- 654 Abnormality of organs and soft tissues of pelvis
- 655 Known or suspected fetal abnormality affecting management of mother
- 656 Other fetal and placental problems affecting management of mother
- 657 Polyhydramnios
- 658 Other problems associated with amniotic cavity and membranes
- Other indications for care or intervention related to labour and delivery and not elsewhere classified

# Complications occurring mainly in the course of labour and delivery (660-669)

- 660 Obstructed labour
- 661 Abnormality of forces of labour
- 662 Long labour
- 663 Umbilical cord complications
- 664 Trauma to perineum and vulva during delivery
- 665 Other obstetrical trauma
- 666 Postpartum haemorrhage
- 667 Retained placenta or membranes, without haemorrhage
- 668 Complications of the administration of anaesthetic or other sedation in labour and delivery
- 669 Other complications of labour and delivery, not elsewhere classified

# Complications of the puerperium (670-676)

- 670 Major puerperal infection
- 671 Venous complications in pregnancy and the puerperium
- 672 Pyrexia of unknown origin during the puerperium
- 673 Obstetrical pulmonary embolism
- 674 Other and unspecified complications of the puerperium, not elsewhere classified
- 675 Infections of the breast and nipple associated with childbirth
- 676 Other disorders of the breast associated with childbirth, and disorders of lactation

# XII. DISEASES OF THE SKIN AND SUBCUTANEOUS TISSUE

#### Infections of skin and subcutaneous tissue (680-686)

680	Carbuncle	and	furuncle
UUU	Carbuncie	anu	Tul ullcic

- 681 Cellulitis and abscess of finger and toe
- 682 Other cellulitis and abscess
- 683 Acute lymphadenitis
- 684 Impetigo
- 685 Pilonidal cyst
- 686 Other local infections of skin and subcutaneous tissue

# Other inflammatory conditions of skin and subcutaneous tissue (690-698)

- 690 Erythematosquamous dermatosis
- 691 Atopic dermatitis and related conditions
- 692 Contact dermatitis and other eczema
- 693 Dermatitis due to taken internally substances
- 694 Bullous dermatoses
- 695 Erythematous conditions
- 696 Psoriasis and similar disorders
- 697 Lichen
- 698 Pruritus and related conditions

#### Other diseases of skin and subcutaneous tissue (700-709)

- 700 Corns and callosities
- 701 Other hypertrophic and atrophic conditions of skin
- 702 Other dermatoses
- 703 Diseases of nail
- 704 Diseases of hair and hair follicles
- 705 Disorders of sweat glands
- 706 Diseases of sebaceous glands
- 707 Chronic ulcer of skin
- 708 Urticaria
- 709 Other disorders of skin and subcutaneous tissue

# XIII. DISEASES OF THE MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM AND CONNECTIVE TISSUE

#### Arthropathies and related disorders (710-719)

- 710 Diffuse diseases of connective tissue
- 711 Arthropathy associated with infections
- 712 Crystal arthropathies
- 713 Arthropathy associated with other disorders classified elsewhere
- 714 Rheumatoid arthritis and other inflammatory polyarthropathies
- 715 Osteoarthrosis and allied disorders
- 716 Other and unspecified arthropathies
- 717 Internal derangement of knee
- 718 Other derangement of joint
- 719 Other and unspecified disorder of joint

### Dorsopathies (720-724)

- 720 Ankylosing spondylitis and other inflammatory spondylopathies
- 721 Spondylosis and allied disorders
- 722 Intervertebral disc disorders
- 723 Other disorders of cervical region
- 724 Other and unspecified disorders of back

#### Rheumatism, excluding the back (725-729)

- 725 Polymyalgia rheumatica
- 726 Peripheral enthesopathies and allied syndromes
- 727 Other disorders of synovium, tendon and bursa
- 728 Disorders of muscle, ligament and fascia
- 729 Other disorders of soft tissues

# Osteopathies, chondropathies and acquired musculoskeletal deformities (730-739)

- 730 Osteomyelitis, periostitis and other infections involving bone
- 731 Osteitis deformans and osteopathies associated with other disorders classified elsewhere
- 732 Osteochondropathies
- 733 Other disorders of bone and cartilage
- 734 Flat foot
- 735 Acquired deformities of toe

- 736 Other acquired deformities of limbs
- 737 Curvature of spine
- 738 Other acquired deformity
- 739 Nonallopathic lesions, not elsewhere classified

# XIV. CONGENITAL ANOMALIES

- 740 Anencephalus and similar anomalies
- 741 Spina bifida
- 742 Other congenital anomalies of nervous system
- 743 Congenital anomalies of eye
- 744 Congenital anomalies of ear, face and neck
- 745 Bulbus cordis anomalies and anomalies of cardiac septal closure
- 746 Other congenital anomalies of heart
- 747 Other congenital anomalies of circulatory system
- 748 Congenital anomalies of respiratory system
- 749 Cleft palate and cleft lip
- 750 Other congenital anomalies of upper alimentary tract
- 751 Other congenital anomalies of digestive system
- 752 Congenital anomalies of genital organs
- 753 Congenital anomalies of urinary system
- 754 Certain congenital musculoskeletal deformities
- 755 Other congenital anomalies of limbs
- 756 Other congenital musculoskeletal anomalies
- 757 Congenital anomalies of the integument
- 758 Chromosomal anomalies
- 759 Other and unspecified congenital anomalies

# XV. CERTAIN CONDITIONS ORIGINATING IN THE PERINATAL PERIOD

- 760 Fetus or newborn affected by maternal conditions which may be unrelated to present pregnancy
- 761 Fetus or newborn affected by maternal complications of pregnancy
- 762 Fetus or newborn affected by complications of placenta, cord and membranes
- 763 Fetus or newborn affected by other complications of labour and delivery

- 764 Slow fetal growth and fetal malnutrition
- 765 Disorders relating to short gestation and unspecified low birthweight
- 766 Disorders relating to long gestation and high birthweight
- 767 Birth trauma
- 768 Intrauterine hypoxia and birth asphyxia
- 769 Respiratory distress syndrome
- 770 Other respiratory conditions of fetus and newborn
- 771 Infections specific to the perinatal period
- 772 Fetal and neonatal haemorrhage
- 773 Haemolytic disease of fetus or newborn, due to isoimmunization
- 774 Other perinatal jaundice
- 775 Endocrine and metabolic disturbances specific to the fetus and newborn
- 776 Haematological disorders of fetus and newborn
- 777 Perinatal disorders of digestive system
- 778 Conditions involving the integument and temperature regulation of fetus and newborn
- 779 Other and ill-defined conditions originating in the perinatal period

# XVI. SYMPTOMS, SIGNS AND ILL-DEFINED CONDITIONS

# **Symptoms (780-789)**

- 780 General symptoms
- 781 Symptoms involving nervous and musculoskeletal systems
- 782 Symptoms involving skin and other integumentary tissue
- 783 Symptoms concerning nutrition, metabolism and development
- 784 Symptoms involving head and neck
- 785 Symptoms involving cardiovascular system
- 786 Symptoms involving respiratory system and other chest symptoms
- 787 Symptoms involving digestive system
- 788 Symptoms involving urinary system
- 789 Other symptoms involving abdomen and pelvis

#### Nonspecific abnormal findings (790-796)

- 790 Nonspecific findings on examination of blood
- 791 Nonspecific findings on examination or urine

- 792 Nonspecific abnormal findings in other body substances
- 793 Nonspecific abnormal findings on radiological and other examination of body structure
- 794 Nonspecific abnormal results of function studies
- 795 Nonspecific abnormal histological and immunological findings
- 796 Other nonspecific abnormal findings

# Ill-defined and unknown causes of morbidity and mortality (797-799)

- 797 Senility without mention of psychosis
- 798 Sudden death, cause unknown
- 799 Other ill-defined and unknown causes of morbidity and mortality

### XVII. INJURY AND POISONING

# Fracture of skull (800-804)

- 800 Fracture of vault of skull
- 801 Fracture of base of skull
- 802 Fracture of face bones
- 803 Other and unqualified skull fractures
- 804 Multiple fractures involving skull or face with other bones

#### Fracture of spine and trunk (805-809)

- 805 Fracture of vertebral column without mention of spinal cord lesion
- 806 Fracture of vertebral column with spinal cord lesion
- 807 Fracture of rib(s), sternum, larynx and trachea
- 808 Fracture of pelvis
- 809 Ill-defined fractures of trunk

### Fracture of upper limb (810-819)

- 810 Fracture of clavicle
- 811 Fracture of scapula
- 812 Fracture of humerus
- 813 Fracture of radius and ulna
- 814 Fracture of carpal bone(s)
- 815 Fracture of metacarpal bone(s)
- 816 Fracture of one or more phalanges of hand
- 817 Multiple fractures of hand bones

- 818 Ill-defined fractures of upper limb
- 819 Multiple fractures involving both upper limbs, and upper limb with rib(s) and sternum

### Fracture of lower limb (820-829)

- 820 Fracture of neck of femur
- 821 Fracture of other and unspecified parts of femur
- 822 Fracture of patella
- 823 Fracture of tibia and fibula
- 824 Fracture of ankle
- 825 Fracture of one or more tarsal and metatarsal bones
- 826 Fracture of one or more phalanges of foot
- 827 Other, multiple and ill-defined fractures of lower limb
- 828 Multiple fractures involving both lower limbs, lower with upper limb, and lower limb(s) with rib(s) and sternum
- 829 Fracture of unspecified bones

#### Dislocation (830-839)

- 830 Dislocation of jaw
- 831 Dislocation of shoulder
- 832 Dislocation of elbow
- 833 Dislocation of wrist
- 834 Dislocation of finger
- 835 Dislocation of hip
- 836 Dislocation of knee
- 837 Dislocation of ankle
- 838 Dislocation of foot
- 839 Other, multiple and ill-defined dislocations

# Sprains and strains of joints and adjacent muscles (840-848)

- 840 Sprains and strains of shoulder and upper arm
- 841 Sprains and strains of elbow and forearm
- 842 Sprains and strains of wrist and hand
- 843 Sprains and strains of hip and thigh
- 844 Sprains and strains of knee and leg
- 845 Sprains and strains of ankle and foot
- 846 Sprains and strains of sacroiliac region
- 847 Sprains and strains of other and unspecified parts of back
- 848 Other and ill-defined sprains and strains

### Intracranial injury, excluding those with skull fracture (850-854)

- 850 Concussion
- 851 Cerebral laceration and contusion
- 852 Subarachnoid, subdural and extradural haemorrhage, following injury
- 853 Other and unspecified intracranial haemorrhage following injury
- 854 Intracranial injury of other and unspecified nature

### Internal injury of chest, abdomen and pelvis (860-869)

- 860 Traumatic pneumothorax and haemothorax
- 861 Injury to heart and lung
- 862 Injury to other and unspecified intrathoracic organs
- 863 Injury to gastrointestinal tract
- 864 Injury to liver
- 865 Injury to spleen
- 866 Injury to kidney
- 867 Injury to pelvic organs
- 868 Injury to other intraabdominal organs
- 869 Internal injury to unspecified or ill-defined organs

# Open wound of head, neck and trunk (870-879)

- 870 Open wound of ocular adnexa
- 871 Open wound of eyeball
- 872 Open wound of ear
- 873 Other open wound of head
- 874 Open wound of neck
- 875 Open wound of chest (wall)
- 876 Open wound of back
- 877 Open wound of buttock
- 878 Open wound of genital organs (external), including traumatic amputation
- 879 Open wound of other and unspecified sites, except limbs

# Open wound of upper limb (880-887)

- 880 Open wound of shoulder and upper arm
- 881 Open wound of elbow, forearm and wrist
- 882 Open wound of hand except finger(s) alone
- 883 Open wound of finger(s)
- 884 Multiple and unspecified open wound of upper limb
- 885 Traumatic amputation of thumb (complete) (partial)

- 886 Traumatic amputation of other finger(s) (complete) (partial)
- 887 Traumatic amputation of arm and hand (complete) (partial)

#### Open wound of lower limb (890-897)

- 890 Open wound of hip and thigh
- 891 Open wound of knee, leg [except thigh] and ankle
- 892 Open wound of foot except toe(s) alone
- 893 Open wound of toe(s)
- 894 Multiple and unspecified open wound of lower limb
- 895 Traumatic amputation of toe(s) (complete) (partial)
- 896 Traumatic amputation of foot (complete) (partial)
- 897 Traumatic amputation of leg(s) (complete) (partial)

# Injury to blood vessels (900-904)

- 900 Injury to blood vessels of head and neck
- 901 Injury to blood vessels of thorax
- 902 Injury to blood vessels of abdomen and pelvis
- 903 Injury to blood vessels of upper extremity
- 904 Injury to blood vessels of lower extremity and unspecified sites

# Late effects of injuries, poisonings, toxic effects and other external causes (905-909)

- 905 Late effects of musculoskeletal and connective tissue injuries
- 906 Late effetcs of injuries to skin and subcutaneous tissues
- 907 Late effects of injuries to the nervous system
- 908 Late effects of other and unspecified injuries
- 909 Late effects of other and unspecified external causes

#### Superficial injury (910-919)

- 910 Superficial injury of face, neck and scalp except eye
- 911 Superficial injury of trunk
- 912 Superficial injury of shoulder and upper arm
- 913 Superficial injury of elbow, forearm and wrist
- 914 Superficial injury of hand(s) except finger(s) alone
- 915 Superficial injury of finger(s)
- 916 Superficial injury of hip, thigh, leg and ankle
- 917 Superficial injury of foot and toe(s)
- 918 Superficial injury of eye and adnexa
- 919 Superficial injury of other, multiple and unspecified sites

# Contusion with intact skin surface (920-924)

- 920 Contusion of face, scalp, and neck except eye(s)
- 921 Contusion of eye and adnexa
- 922 Contusion of trunk
- 923 Contusion of upper limb
- 924 Contusion of lower limb and of other and unspecified sites

# Crushing injury (925-929)

- 925 Crushing injury of face, scalp and neck
- 926 Crushing injury of trunk
- 927 Crushing injury of upper limb
- 928 Crushing injury of lower limb
- 929 Crushing injury of multiple and unspecified sites

# Effects of foreign body entering through orifice (930-939)

- 930 Foreign body on external eye
- 931 Foreign body in ear
- 932 Foreign body in nose
- 933 Foreign body in pharynx and larynx
- 934 Foreign body in trachea, bronchus and lung
- 935 Foreign body in mouth, oesophagus and stomach
- 936 Foreign body in intestine and colon
- 937 Foreign body in anus and rectum
- 938 Foreign body in digestive system, unspecified
- 939 Foreign body in genitourinary tract

# Burns (940-949)

- 940 Burn confined to eye and adnexa
- 941 Burn of face, head and neck
- 942 Burn of trunk
- 943 Burn of upper limb, except wrist and hand
- 944 Burn of wrist(s) and hand(s)
- 945 Burn of lower limb(s)
- 946 Burns of multiple specified sites
- 947 Burn of internal organs
- 948 Burns classified according to extent of body surface involved
- 949 Burn, unspecified

### Injury to nerves and spinal cord (950-957)

- 950 Injury to optic nerve and pathways
- 951 Injury to other cranial nerve(s)
- 952 Spinal cord lesion without evidence of spinal bone injury
- 953 Injury to nerve roots and spinal plexus
- 954 Injury to other nerve(s) of trunk excluding shoulder and pelvic girdles
- 955 Injury to peripheral nerve(s) of shoulder girdle and upper limb
- 956 Injury to peripheral nerve(s) of pelvic girdle and lower limb
- 957 Injury to other and unspecified nerves

# Certain traumatic complications and unspecified injuries (958-959)

- 958 Certain early complications of trauma
- 959 Injury, other and unspecified

# Poisoning by drugs, medicaments and biological substances (960-979)

- 960 Poisoning by antibiotics
- 961 Poisoning by other anti-infectives
- 962 Poisoning by hormones and synthetic substitutes
- 963 Poisoning by primarily systemic agents
- 964 Poisoning by agents primarily affecting blood constituents
- 965 Poisoning by analgesics, antipyretics and antirheumatics
- 966 Poisoning by anticonvulsants and anti-Parkinsonism drugs
- 967 Poisoning by sedatives and hypnotics
- 968 Poisoning by other central nervous system depressants
- 969 Poisoning by psychotropic agents
- 970 Poisoning by central nervous system stimulants
- 971 Poisoning by drugs primarily affecting the autonomic nervous system
- 972 Poisoning by agents primarily affecting the cardiovascular system
- 973 Poisoning by agents primarily affecting the gastrointestinal system
- 974 Poisoning by water, mineral and uric acid metabolism drugs
- 975 Poisoning by agents primarily acting on the smooth and skeletal muscles and respiratory system
- 976 Poisoning by agents primarily affecting skin and mucous membrane, ophthalmological, otorhinolaryngological and dental drugs
- 977 Poisoning by other and unspecified drugs and medicaments

- 978 Poisoning by bacterial vaccines
- 979 Poisoning by other vaccines and biological substances

# Toxic effects of substances chiefly nonmedicinal as to source (980-989)

- 980 Toxic effect of alcohol
- 981 Toxic effect of petroleum products
- 982 Toxic effect of solvents other than petroleum-based
- 983 Toxic effect of corrosive aromatics, acids and caustic alkalis
- 984 Toxic effect of lead and its compounds (including fumes)
- 985 Toxic effect of other metals
- 986 Toxic effect of carbon monoxide
- 987 Toxic effect of other gases, fumes or vapours
- 988 Toxic effect of noxious substances eaten as food
- 989 Toxic effect of other substances, chiefly nonmedicinal as to source

# Other and unspecified effects of external causes (990-995)

- 990 Effects of radiation, unspecified
- 991 Effects of reduced temperature
- 992 Effects of heat and light
- 993 Effects of air pressure
- 994 Effects of other external causes
- 995 Certain adverse effects not elsewhere classified

# Complications of surgical and medical care not elsewhere classified (996-999)

- 996 Complications peculiar to certain specified procedures
- 997 Complications affecting specified body systems, not elsewhere classified
- 998 Other complications of procedures, not elsewhere classified
- 999 Complications of medical care, not elsewhere classified

# SUPPLEMENTARY CLASSIFICATION OF EXTERNAL CAUSES OF INJURY AND POISONING

#### Railway accidents (E800-E807)

- E800 Railway accident involving collision with rolling stock
- E801 Railway accident involving collision with other object
- E802 Railway accident involving derailment without antecedent collision
- · E803 Railway accident involving explosion, fire or burning
  - E804 Fall in, on or from railway train
  - E805 Hit by rolling stock
  - E806 Other specified railway accident
  - E807 Railway accident of unspecified nature

### Motor vehicle traffic accidents (E810-E819)

- E810 Motor vehicle traffic accident involving collision with train
- E811 Motor vehicle traffic accident involving re-entrant collision with another motor vehicle
- E812 Other motor vehicle traffic accident involving collision with another motor vehicle
- E813 Motor vehicle traffic accident involving collision with other vehicle
- E814 Motor vehicle traffic accident involving collision with pedestrian
- E815 Other motor vehicle traffic accident involving collision on the highway
- E816 Motor vehicle traffic accident due to loss of control, without collision on the highway
- E817 Noncollision motor vehicle traffic accident while boarding or alighting
- E818 Other noncollision motor vehicle traffic accident
- E819 Motor vehicle traffic accident of unspecified nature

# Motor vehicle nontraffic accidents (E820-E825)

- E820 Nontraffic accident involving motor-driven snow vehicle
- E821 Nontraffic accident involving other off-road motor vehicle
- E822 Other motor vehicle nontraffic accident involving collision with moving object

- E823 Other motor vehicle nontraffic accident involving collision with stationary object
- E824 Other motor vehicle nontraffic accident while boarding and alighting
- E825 Other motor vehicle nontraffic accident of other and unspecified nature

### Other road vehicle accidents (E826-E829)

- E826 Pedal cycle accident
- E827 Animal-drawn vehicle accident
- E828 Accident involving animal being ridden
- E829 Other road vehicle accidents

### Water transport accidents (E830-E838)

- E830 Accident to watercraft causing submersion
- E831 Accident to watercraft causing other injury
- E832 Other accidental submersion or drowning in water transport accident
- E833 Fall on stairs or ladders in water transport
- E834 Other fall from one level to another in water transport
- E835 Other and unspecified fall in water transport
- E836 Machinery accident in water transport
- E837 Explosion, fire or burning in watercraft
- E838 Other and unspecified water transport accident

# Air and space transport accidents (E840-E845)

- E840 Accident to powered aircraft at takeoff or landing
- E841 Accident to powered aircraft, other and unspecified
- E842 Accident to unpowered aircraft
- E843 Fall in, on or from aircraft
- E844 Other specified air transport accidents
- E845 Accident involving spacecraft

#### Vehicle accidents not elsewhere classifiable (E846-E848)

- E846 Accidents involving powered vehicles used solely within the buildings and premises of an industrial or commercial establishment
- E847 Accidents involving cable cars not running on rails
- E848 Accidents involving other vehicles not elsewhere classifiable

# Accidental poisoning by drugs, medicaments and biologicals (E850-E858)

- E850 Accidental poisoning by analgesics, antipyretics, antirheumatics
- E851 Accidental poisoning by barbiturates
- E852 Accidental poisoning by other sedatives and hypnotics
- E853 Accidental poisoning by tranquillizers
- E854 Accidental poisoning by other psychotropic agents
- E855 Accidental poisoning by other drugs acting on central and autonomic nervous systems
- E856 Accidental poisoning by antibiotics
- E857 Accidental poisoning by anti-infectives
- E858 Accidental poisoning by other drugs

# Accidental poisoning by other solid and liquid substances, gases and vapours (E860-E869)

- E860 Accidental poisoning by alcohol, not elsewhere classified
- E861 Accidental poisoning by cleansing and polishing agents, disinfectants, paints and varnishes
- E862 Accidental poisoning by petroleum products, other solvents and their vapours, not elsewhere classified
- E863 Accidental poisoning by agricultural and horticultural chemical and pharmaceutical preparations other than plant foods and fertilizers
- E864 Accidental poisoning by corrosives and caustics, not elsewhere classified
- E865 Accidental poisoning from foodstuffs and poisonous plants
- E866 Accidental poisoning by other and unspecified solid and liquid substances
- E867 Accidental poisoning by gas distributed by pipeline
- E868 Accidental poisoning by other utility gas and other carbon monoxide
- E869 Accidental poisoning by other gases and vapours

# Misadventures to patients during surgical and medical care (E870-E876)

- E870 Accidental cut, puncture, perforation or haemorrhage during medical care
- E871 Foreign object left in body during procedure
- E872 Failure of sterile precautions during procedure
- E873 Failure in dosage

- E874 Mechanical failure of instrument or apparatus during procedure
- E875 Contaminated or infected blood, other fluid, drug or biological substance
- E876 Other and unspecified misadventures during medical care

# Surgical and medical procedures as the cause of abnormal reaction of patient or later complication, without mention of misadventure at the time of procedure (E878-E879)

- E878 Surgical operation and other surgical procedures as the cause of abnormal reaction of patient, or of later complication, without mention of misadventure at the time of operation
- E879 Other procedures, without mention of misadventure at the time of procedure, as the cause of abnormal reaction of patient, or of later complication

#### Accidental falls (E880-E888)

- E880 Fall on or from stairs or steps
- E881 Fall on or from ladders or scaffolding
- E882 Fall from or out of building or other structure
- E883 Fall into hole or other opening in surface
- E884 Other fall from one level to another
- E885 Fall on same level from slipping, tripping or stumbling
- E886 Fall on same level from collision, pushing or shoving, by or with other person
- E887 Fracture, cause unspecified
- E888 Other and unspecified fall

# Accidents caused by fire and flames (E890-E899)

- E890 Conflagration in private dwelling
- E891 Conflagration in other and unspecified building or structure
- E892 Conflagration not in building or structure
- E893 Accident caused by ignition of clothing
- E894 Ignition of highly inflammable material
- E895 Accident caused by controlled fire in private dwelling
- E896 Accident caused by controlled fire in other and unspecified building or structure
- E897 Accident caused by controlled fire not in building or structure
- E898 Accident caused by other specified fire and flames
- E899 Accident caused by unspecified fire

Accidents	due	to	natural	and	environmental	factors
(E	900-	E9(	<b>)9</b> )			

E900	Excessive heat
E901	Excessive cold
E902	High and low air pressure and changes in air pressure
E903	Travel and motion
E904	Hunger, thirst, exposure, neglect
E905	Venomous animals and plants as the cause of poisoning and toxic reactions
E906	Other injury caused by animals
E907	Lightning
E908	Cataclysmic storms, and floods resulting from storms
E909	Cataclysmic earth surface movements and eruptions

# Accidents caused by submersion, suffocation and foreign bodies (E910-E915)

E910	Accidental drowning and submersion
E911	Inhalation and ingestion of food causing obstruction of respiratory tract or suffocation
E912	Inhalation and ingestion of other object causing obstruction of respiratory tract or suffocation
E913	Accidental mechanical suffocation
E914	Foreign body accidentally entering eye and adnexa
E915	Foreign body accidentally entering other orifice

# Other accidents (E916-E928)

E916	Struck accidentally by falling object
E917	Striking against or struck accidentally by objects or persons
E918	Caught accidentally in or between objects
E919	Accidents caused by machinery
E920	Accidents caused by cutting and piercing instruments or objects
E921	Accident caused by explosion of pressure vessel
E922	Accident caused by firearm missile
E923	Accident caused by explosive material
E924	Accident caused by hot substance or object, caustic or corrosive material and steam
E925	Accident caused by electric current
E926	Exposure to radiation
E927	Overexertion and strenuous movements
E928	Other and unspecified environmental and accidental causes

#### Late effects of accidental injury (E929)

E929 Late effects of accidental injury

Drugs,	medicaments	and biol	ogical	substances	causing	adverse
_	effects in the	erapeutic	use (I	E930-E949)	_	

E930	Antibiotics			
E931	Other anti-infectives			
E932	Hormones and synthetic substitutes			
E933	Primarily systemic agents			
E934	Agents primarily affecting blood constituents			
E935	Analgesics, antipyretics and antirheumatics			
E936	Anticonvulsants and anti-Parkinsonism drugs			
E937	Sedatives and hypnotics			
E938	Other central nervous system depressants			
E939	Psychotropic agents			
E940	Central nervous system stimulants			
E941	Drugs primarily affecting the autonomic nervous system			
E942	Agents primarily affecting the cardiovascular system			
E943	Agents primarily affecting gastrointestinal system			
E944	Water, mineral and uric acid metabolism drugs			
E945	Agents primarily acting on the smooth and skeletal muscle and respiratory system			
E946	Agents primarily affecting skin and mucous membrane ophthalmological, otorhinolaryngological and dental drug			
E947	Other and unspecified drugs and medicaments			
E948	Bacterial vaccines			

#### Suicide and selfinflicted injury (E950-E959)

E949 Other vaccines and biological substances

ヒタンひ	Suicide and selfinflicted poisoning by solid or liquid substances
E951	Suicide and selfinflicted poisoning by gases in domestic use
E9 <b>52</b>	Suicide and selfinflicted poisoning by other gases and vapours
E953	Suicide and selfinflicted injury by hanging, strangulation and
	suffocation
E954	Suicide and selfinflicted injury by submersion [drowning]
E955	Suicide and selfinflicted injury by firearms and explosives
E956	Suicide and selfinflicted injury by cutting and piercing instru-
	ments
E957	Suicide and selfinflicted injuries by jumping from high place

E958	Suicide and selfinflicted injury by other and unspecified means			
E959	Late effects of selfinflicted injury			
Homic	ide and injury purposely inflicted by other persons (E960-E969)			
E960	Fight, brawl, rape			
E961	Assault by corrosive or caustic substance, except poisoning			
E962	Assault by poisoning			
E963	Assault by hanging and strangulation			
E964	Assault by submersion [drowning]			
E965	Assault by firearms and explosives			
E966	Assault by cutting and piercing instrument			
E967	Child battering and other maltreatment			
E968	Assault by other and unspecified means			
E969	Late effects of injury purposely inflicted by other person			
Legal	intervention (E970-E978)			
E970	Injury due to legal intervention by firearms			
E971	Injury due to legal intervention by explosives			
E972	Injury due to legal intervention by gas			
E973	Injury due to legal intervention by blunt object			
E974	Injury due to legal intervention by cutting and piercing instruments			
E975	Injury due to legal intervention by other specified means			
E976	Injury due to legal intervention by unspecified means			
E977	Late effects of injuries due to legal intervention			
E978	Legal execution			
Injury	undetermined whether accidentally or purposely inflicted (E980-E989)			
E980	Poisoning by solid or liquid substances, undetermined whether accidentally or purposely inflicted			
E981	Poisoning by gases in domestic use, undetermined whether accidentally or purposely inflicted			
E982	Poisoning by other gases, undetermined whether accidentally or purposely inflicted			
E983	Hanging, strangulation or suffocation, undetermined whether accidentally or purposely inflicted			
E984	Submersion [drowning], undetermined whether accidentally or purposely inflicted			
E985	Injury by firearms and explosives, undetermined whether accidentally or purposely inflicted			

- E986 Injury by cutting and piercing instruments, undetermined whether accidentally or purposely inflicted
- E987 Falling from high place, undetermined whether accidentally or purposely inflicted
- E988 Injury by other and unspecified means, undetermined whether accidentally or purposely inflicted
- E989 Late effects of injury, undetermined whether accidentally or purposely inflicted

#### Injury resulting from operations of war (E990-E999)

- E990 Injury due to war operations by fires and conflagrations
- E991 Injury due to war operations by bullets and fragments
- E992 Injury due to war operations by explosion of marine weapons
- E993 Injury due to war operations by other explosion
- E994 Injury due to war operations by destruction of aircraft
- E995 Injury due to war operations by other and unspecified forms of conventional warfare
- E996 Injury due to war operations by nuclear weapons
- E997 Injury due to war operations by other forms of unconventional warfare
- E998 Injury due to war operations but occuring after cessation of hostilities
- E999 Late effects of injury due to war operations

# SUPPLEMENTARY CLASSIFICATION OF FACTORS INFLUENCING HEALTH STATUS AND CONTACT WITH HEALTH SERVICES

# Persons with potential health hazards related to communicable diseases (V01-V07)

- V01 Contact with or exposure to communicable diseases
- V02 Carrier or suspected carrier of infectious diseases
- V03 Need for prophylactic vaccination and inoculation against bacterial diseases
- V04 Need for prophylactic vaccination and inoculation against certain viral diseases
- V05 Need for other prophylactic vaccination and inoculation against single diseases

- V06 Need for prophylactic vaccination and inoculation against combinations of diseases
- V07 Need for isolation and other prophylactic measures

# Persons with potential health hazards related to personal and family history (V10-V19)

- V10 Personal history of malignant neoplasm
- V11 Personal history of mental disorder
- V12 Personal history of certain other diseases
- V13 Personal history of other diseases
- V14 Personal history of allergy to medicinal agents
- V15 Other personal history presenting hazards to health
- V16 Family history of malignant neoplasm
- V17 Family history of certain chronic disabling diseases
- V18 Family history of certain other specific conditions
- V19 Family history of other conditions

# Persons encountering health services in circumstances related to reproduction and development (V20-V28)

- V20 Health supervision of infant or child
- V21 Constitutional states in development
- V22 Normal pregnancy
- V23 Supervision of high-risk pregnancy
- V24 Postpartum care and examination
- V25 Contraceptive management
- V26 Procreative management
- V27 Outcome of delivery
- V28 Antenatal screening

#### Healthy liveborn infants according to type of birth (V30-V39)

- V30 Singleton
- V31 Twin, mate live born
- V32 Twin, mate stillborn
- V33 Twin, unspecified
- V34 Other multiple, mates all live born
- V35 Other multiple, mates all stillborn
- V36 Other multiple, mates live- and stillborn
- V37 Other multiple, unspecified
- V39 Unspecified

## Persons with a condition influencing their health status (V40-V49)

- V40 Mental and behavioural problems
- V41 Problems with special senses and other special functions
- V42 Organ or tissue replaced by transplant
- V43 Organ or tissue replaced by other means
- V44 Artificial opening status
- V45 Other postsurgical states
- V46 Other dependence on machines
- V47 Other problems with internal organs
- V48 Problems with head, neck and trunk
- V49 Problems with limbs and other problems

# Persons encountering health services for specific procedures and aftercare (V50-V59)

- V50 Elective surgery for purposes other than remedying health states
- V51 Aftercare involving the use of plastic surgery
- V52 Fitting and adjustment of prosthetic device
- V53 Fitting and adjustment of other device
- V54 Other orthopaedic aftercare
- V55 Attention to artificial openings
- V56 Aftercare involving intermittent dialysis
- V57 Care involving use of rehabilitation procedures
- V58 Other and unspecified aftercare
- V59 Donors

## Persons encountering health services in other circumstances (V60-V68)

- V60 Housing, household and economic circumstances
- V61 Other family circumstances
- V62 Other psychosocial circumstances
- V63 Unavailability of other medical facilities for care
- V64 Persons encountering health services for specific procedures, not carried out
- V65 Other persons seeking consultation without complaint or sickness
- V66 Convalescence
- V67 Follow-up examination
- V68 Encounters for administrative purposes

# Persons without reported diagnosis encountered during examination and investigation of individuals and populations (V70-V82)

- V70 General medical examination
- V71 Observation and evaluation for suspected conditions
- V72 Special investigations and examinations
- V73 Special screening examination for viral diseases
- V74 Special screening examination for bacterial and spirochaetal diseases
- V75 Special screening examination for other infectious diseases
- V76 Special screening for malignant neoplasms
- V77 Special screening for endocrine, nutritional, metabolic and immunity disorders
- V78 Special screening for disorders of blood and blood-forming organs
- V79 Special screening for mental disorders and developmental handicaps
- V80 Special screening for neurological, eye and ear diseases
- V81 Special screening for cardiovascular, respiratory and genitourinary diseases
- V82 Special screening for other conditions



# TABULAR LIST OF INCLUSIONS AND FOUR-DIGIT SUBCATEGORIES



#### I. INFECTIOUS AND PARASITIC DISEASES

Includes: diseases generally recognized as communicable or trans-

missible as well as a few diseases of unknown but

possibly infectious origin

Excludes: acute respiratory infections (460-466)

influenza (487.–)

carrier or suspected carrier of infectious organism (V02.-)

certain localized infections

Note: Categories for "late effects" of infectious and parasitic diseases

are to be found at 137.- to 139.-

INTESTINAL INFECTIOUS DISEASES (001-009)

Excludes: helminthiases (120-129)

#### 001 Cholera

001.0 Due to Vibrio cholerae

001.1 Due to Vibrio cholerae el tor

001.9 Unspecified

#### 002 Typhoid and paratyphoid fevers

002.0 Typhoid fever

Typhoid (fever) (infection) [any site]

002.1 Paratyphoid fever A

002.2 Paratyphoid fever B

002.3 Paratyphoid fever C

002.9 Paratyphoid fever, unspecified

#### 003 Other salmonella infections

Includes: infection or food poisoning by Salmonella [any serotype]

003.0 Salmonella gastroenteritis

Salmonellosis

003.1 Salmonella septicaemia

003.2 Localized salmonella infections

Salmonella: arthritis † (711.3*) meningitis † (320.7*) Salmonella:

osteomyelitis † (730.2*) pneumonia † (484.8*) 003.8 Other

003.9 Unspecified

Salmonella infection NOS

#### 004 Shigellosis

Includes: bacillary dysentery

004.0 Shigella dysenteriae

Infection by group A Shigella (Schmitz) (Shiga)

004.1 Shigella flexneri

Infection by group B Shigella

004.2 Shigella boydii

Infection by group C Shigella

004.3 Shigella sonnei

Infection by group D Shigella

004.8 Other

004.9 Unspecified

#### 005 Other food poisoning (bacterial)

Excludes: salmonella infections (003.-)

toxic effect of noxious foodstuffs (988.-)

005.0 Staphylococcal food poisoning

Staphylococcal toxaemia specified as due to food

005.1 Botulism

Food poisoning due to Clostridium botulinum

005.2 Food poisoning due to Clostridium perfringens [Cl. welchii] Enteritis necroticans

005.3 Food poisoning due to other Clostridia

005.4 Food poisoning due to Vibrio parahaemolyticus

005.8 Other bacterial food poisoning

Food poisoning due to Bacillus cereus

Excludes: salmonella food poisoning (003.-)

005.9 Food poisoning, unspecified

#### 006 Amoebiasis

Includes: infection due to Entamoeba histolytica

Excludes: amoebiasis due to organisms other than Entamoeba histolytyca (007.8)

006.0 Acute amoebic dysentery without mention of abscess

Acute amoebiasis

006.1 Chronic intestinal amoebiasis without mention of abscess

Chronic:

amoebiasis amoebic dysentery

006.2 Amoebic nondysenteric colitis

006.3 Amoebic liver abscess

006.4 Amoebic lung abscess

Amoebic abscess of lung (and liver)

006.5 Amoebic brain abscess

Amoebic abscess of brain (and liver) (and lung)

006.6 Amoebic skin ulceration

006.8 Amoebic infection of other sites

Amoebic:

Amoeboma

appendicitis balanitis

Excludes: specific infections by free-living amoebae (136.2)

006.9 Amoebiasis, unspecified

Amoebiasis NOS

#### 007 Other protozoal intestinal diseases

Includes: protozoal:

colitis diarrhoea dysentery

007.0 Balantidiasis

Infection by Balantidium coli

007.1 Giardiasis

Infection by Giardia lamblia

Lambliasis

007.2 Coccidiosis

Infection by Isospora belli and Isospora hominis Isosporosis

007.3 Intestinal trichomoniasis

007.8 Other protozoal intestinal diseases

007.9 Unspecified

Flagellate diarrhoea

Protozoal dysentery NOS

#### 008 Intestinal infections due to other organisms

Includes: any terms listed in 009.- with mention of the responsible

organisms

Excludes: food poisoning by these organisms (005.-)

008.0 Escherichia coli

008.1 Arizona

008.2 Aerobacter aerogenes

008.3 Proteus (mirabilis) (morganii)

008.4 Other specified bacteria

Staphylococcal enterocolitis

008.5 Bacterial enteritis, unspecified

008.6 Enteritis due to specified virus

Enteritis due to:

adenovirus

enterovirus

008.8 Other organism, not elsewhere classified

Viral:

enteritis NOS gastroenteritis

Excludes: influenza with involvement of gastrointestinal tract (487.8)

#### 009 Ill-defined intestinal infections

Excludes: diarrhoeal disease due to specified organism (001-008)

diarrhoea following gastrointestinal surgery (564.4)

intestinal malabsorption (579.–) ischaemic enteritis (557.–)

other noninfective gastroenteritis and colitis (558)

regional enteritis (555.-) ulcerative colitis (556)

009.0 Infectious colitis, enteritis and gastroenteritis

Colitis Dysentery:
Enteritis septic NOS

Gastroenteritis septic roos catarrhal

haemorrhagic

009.1 Colitis, enteritis and gastroenteritis of presumed infectious origin

Catarrh, enteric or intestinal

Colitis Enteritis

NOS

Gastroenteritis

haemorrhagic

009.2 Infectious diarrhoea

Diarrhoea:

Infectious diarrhoeal disease NOS

dysenteric epidemic

009.3 Diarrhoea, of presumed infectious origin

Diarrhoea NOS

Diarrhoeal disease NOS

Note: In countries where any term listed in 009.1 and 009.3 without further specification can be assumed to be of noninfectious origin, the term should be classified to 558.—.

#### TUBERCULOSIS (010-018)

Includes: infection by Mycobacterium tuberculosis (human) (bovine)

Excludes: congenital tuberculosis (771.2)

The following fifth-digit subclassification may be used, if desired, with categories 010-018:

.0 Bacteriological or histological examination not done

.1 Bacteriological or histological examination unknown (at present)

.2 Tubercle bacilli found (in sputum) by microscopy

.3 Tubercle bacilli not found (in sputum) by microscopy, but found by culture

.4 Tubercle bacilli not found by bacteriological examination, but

tuberculosis confirmed histologically

- .5 Tubercle bacilli not found by bacteriological or histological examination but tuberculosis confirmed by other methods [inoculation in animals]
- .9 Unspecified

#### 010 Primary tuberculous infection

010.0 Primary tuberculous complex

010.1 Tuberculous pleurisy in primary progressive tuberculosis

010.8 Other primary progressive tuberculosis

Excludes: tuberculous erythema nodosum (017.1)

010.9 Unspecified

#### 011 Pulmonary tuberculosis

Use additional code, if desired, to identify any associated silicosis (502)

- 011.0 Tuberculosis of lung, infiltrative
- 011.1 Tuberculosis of lung, nodular
- 011.2 Tuberculosis of lung with cavitation
- 011.3 Tuberculosis of bronchus

Excludes: isolated bronchial tuberculosis (012.2)

- 011.4 Tuberculous fibrosis of lung
- 011.5 Tuberculous bronchiectasis
- 011.6 Tuberculous pneumonia [any form]
- 011.7 Tuberculous pneumothorax
- 011.8 Other pulmonary tuberculosis
- 011.9 Unspecified

Respiratory tuberculosis NOS Tuberculosis of lung NOS

#### 012 Other respiratory tuberculosis

Excludes: respiratory tuberculosis, unspecified (011.9)

012.0 Tuberculous pleurisy

Tuberculosis of pleura

Tuberculosis hydrothorax

Tuberculous empyema

Excludes: pleurisy with effusion without mention of cause (511.9)

tuberculous pleurisy in primary progressive tuberculosis

(010.1)

#### 012.1 Tuberculosis of intrathoracic lymph nodes

Tuberculosis of lymph nodes:

hilar

mediastinal

tracheobronchial

Excludes: when specified as primary (010.-)

- 012.2 Isolated tracheal or bronchial tuberculosis
- 012.3 Tuberculous laryngitis

Tuberculosis of glottis

012.8 Other

Tuberculosis of:

mediastinum nasopharynx

nose (septum)

Tuberculosis of: sinus [any nasal]

#### 013 Tuberculosis of meninges and central nervous system

013.0† Tuberculous meningitis (320.4*)

Tuberculosis of meninges (cerebral) Tuberculous: (spinal) leptomeningitis

meningoencephalitis

Excludes: tuberculoma of meninges (013.1)

013.1† Tuberculoma of meninges (349.2*)

013.8 Other

Tuberculoma† Tuberculosis† of brain (348.8*)
Tuberculous:
abscess of brain† (324.0*)

myelitis† (323.4*)
013.9 Unspecified

Tuberculosis of central nervous system NOS

#### 014 Tuberculosis of intestines, peritoneum and mesenteric glands

Tuberculosis (of):

anus

intestine (large) (small)

rectum

retroperitoneal (lymph nodes)

Tuberculous:

ascites enteritis

peritonitis† (567.0*)

#### 015 Tuberculosis of bones and joints

Includes:

tuberculous:

arthritis† (711.4*)

necrosis of bone† (730.-*)

osteitis† (730.-*)

osteomyelitis† (730.-*) synovitis† (727.0*)

tenosynositis† (727.0*)

015.0† Vertebral column

Pott's:

Tuberculous:

kyphosis (737.4*) spondylitis (720.8*)

curvature (737.4*) disease (730.4*)

015.1 Hip

015.2 Knee

015.7 Other bone

Tuberculous dactylitis

Tuberculous mastoiditis† (383.1*)

015.8 Other joint

015.9 Unspecified

#### 016 Tuberculosis of genitourinary system

016.0 Kidney

Tuberculous pyelitis† (590.8*)

Tuberculous pyelonephritis†

(590.8*)

016.1 Other urinary organs

Tuberculosis of bladder† (595.4*)

Tuberculosis of ureter † (593.8*)

016.2† Epididymis (604.9*)

016.3 Other male genital organs

Tuberculosis of:

prostate† (601.4*) seminal vesicle† (608.8*) Tuberculosis of testis† (608.8*)

016.4 Female genital organs

Tuberculous:

oophoritis† (614.2*) salpingitis† (614.2*)

016.9 Unspecified

#### 017 Tuberculosis of other organs

017.0 Skin and subcutaneous cellular tissue

Lupus:

Tuberculosis: colliquativa

NOS exedens

cutis

vulgaris

lichenoides

Scrofuloderma papulonecrotica verrucosa cutis

Excludes: lupus erythrematosus (695.4) disseminated (710.0)

017.1 Erythema nodosum with hypersensitivity reaction in tuberculosis

Bazin's disease

Tuberculosis indurativa

Erythema:

induratum

nodosum, tuberculous

Excludes: erythema nodosum NOS (695.2)

017.2 Peripheral lymph nodes

Scrofula

Tuberculous adenitis

Scrofulous abscess

Excludes: tuberculosis of lymph nodes:

bronchial and mediastinal (012.1) mesenteric and retroperitoneal (014)

tuberculous tracheobronchial adenopathy (012.1)

017.3 Eye

Tuberculous:

chorioretinitis, disseminated † (363.1*)

episcleritis† (379.0*)

interstitial keratitis† (370.5*)

iridocyclitis, chronic† (364.1*)

keratoconjunctivitis (phlyctenular) † (370.3*)

017.4 Ear

Tuberculosis of ear† (382.3*)

Tuberculous otitis media† (382.3*)

Excludes: tuberculous mastoiditis (015.7)

017.5 Thyroid gland

017.6† Adrenal glands (255.4*)

Addison's disease, tuberculous

017.7 Spleen

017.8 Other

Tuberculosis of:

Tuberculosis of:

myocardium† (422.0*)

oesophagus† (530.1*)

pericardium † (420.0*)

#### 018 Miliary tuberculosis

Includes: tuberculosis:

disseminated generalized

endocardium [any valve]† (424.-*)

miliary, whether of a single specified site, multiple sites or

unspecified site

polyserositis

018.0 Acute

018.8 Other

018.9 Unspecified

ZOONOTIC BACTERIAL DISEASES (020-027)

020 Plague

Includes: infection by Yersinia pestis

020.0	Bubonic				
020.1	Cellulocutaneous				
020.2	Septicaemic				
020.3	Primary pneumonic				
020.4	Secondary pneumonic				
020.5	Pneumonic, unspecified				
020.8	Other				
Abortive plague Pestis minor Ambulatory plague					
020.9	Unspecified				
021	Tularaemia				
Include	es: infection by Francisella tu	larensis			
Deer fly fever Rabbit fever					
022	Anthrax				
022.0	Cutaneous anthrax				
Malign	nant pustule				
022.1	Pulmonary anthrax				
Respira	atory anthrax	Wool-sorters' disease			
022.2	Gastrointestinal anthrax				
022.3	Anthrax septicaemia				
022.8	Other manifestations				
022.9	Unspecified				
023	Brucellosis				
Include	es: fever: Malta Mediterranean undulant				
023.0	Brucella melitensis				
023.1	Brucella abortus				
023.2	Brucella suis				

023.3 Brucella canis

023.8 Other

Infection by more than one organism

023.9 Unspecified

#### 024 Glanders

Infection by:

Farcy

Actinobacillus mallei Malleomyces mallei

Pseudomonas mallei

Malleus

#### 025 Melioidosis

Infection by:

**Pseudoglanders** 

Malleomyces pseudomallei Pseudomonas pseudomallei

Whitmore's bacillus

#### 026 Rat-bite fever

026.0 Spirillary fever

Rat-bite fever due to Spirillum minor [S. minus] Sodoku

026.1 Streptobacillary fever

Epidemic arthritic erythema

Haverhill fever

Rat-bite fever due to Streptobacillus moniliformis

026.9 Unspecified

#### 027 Other zoonotic bacterial diseases

027.0 Listeriosis

Excludes: congenital listeriosis (771.2)

Infection

Meningitis† (320.7*)

Meningoencephalitis† (320.7*

Septicaemia

by Listeria monocytogenes

027.1 Erysipelothrix infection

Erysipeloid (of Rosenbach)

Infection by Erysipelothrix insidiosa [E. rhusiopathiae] Septicaemia

#### 027.2 Pasteurellosis

Pasteurella pseudotuberculosis infection

Mesenteric adenitis ) by Pasteurella multocida

Septic infection (cat-bite) (dog-bite) [P. septica]

Excludes: infection by:

Francisella tularensis (021) Yersinia pestis (020.-)

027.8 Other

027.9 Unspecified

#### OTHER BACTERIAL DISEASES (030-041)

Excludes: bacterial venereal diseases (098.-, 099.-)

bartonellosis (088.0)

#### 030 Leprosy

Includes: Hansen's disease

infection by Mycobacterium leprae

030.0 Lepromatous [type L]

Lepromatous leprosy (macular) (diffuse) (infiltrated) (nodular) (neuritic)

030.1 Tuberculoid [type T]

Tuberculoid leprosy (macular) (maculoanaesthetic) (major) (minor) (neuritic)

030.2 Indeterminate [group I]

Indeterminate leprosy (macular) (neuritic)

030.3 Borderline [group B]

Borderline or dimorphous leprosy (infiltrated) (neuritic)

030.8 Other

030.9 Unspecified

#### 031 Diseases due to other mycobacteria

031.0 Pulmonary

Infection by Mycobacterium:

avium

intracellulare [Battey bacillus]

kansasii

Battey disease

031.1 Cutaneous

Buruli ulcer
Infection by Mycobacterium:
marinum [M. balnei]
ulcerans

031.8 Other

031.9 Unspecified

Atypical mycobacterium infection NOS

#### 032 Diphtheria

Includes: infection by Corynebacterium diphtheriae

032.0 Faucial diphtheria

Membranous angina, diphtheritic

- 032.1 Nasopharyngeal diphtheria
- 032.2 Anterior nasal diphtheria
- 032.3 Laryngeal diphtheria

Laryngotracheitis, diphtheritic

032.8 Other

Cutaneous diphtheria

032.9 Diphtheria, unspecified

#### 033 Whooping cough

- 033.0 Bordetella pertussis [B. pertussis]
- 033.1 Bordetella parapertussis [B. parapertussis]
- 033.8 Other specified organism
- 033.9 Whooping cough, unspecified organism

#### 034 Streptococcal sore throat and scarlatina

034.0 Streptococcal sore throat

Streptococcal: angina laryngitis

pharyngitis tonsillitis

034.1 Scarlatina

Scarlet fever

Septic: angina

angina sore throat

#### 035 Erysipelas

Excludes: postpartum or puerperal erysipelas (670)

#### 036 Meningococcal infection

036.0† Meningococcal meningitis (320.5*)

Cerebrospinal fever (meningococcal)

Meningitis: cerebrospinal epidemic

036.1† Meningococcal encephalitis (323.4*)

036.2 Meningococcaemia

Meningococcal septicaemia

036.3† Waterhouse-Friderichsen syndrome, meningococcal (255.5*)

Meningococcal haemorrhagic adrenalitis

Waterhouse-Friderichsen syndrome NOS

Meningococcic adrenal syndrome

036.4† Meningococcal carditis

Meningococcal:

endocarditis (421.1*) pericarditis (420.0*)

036.8 Other

Meningococcal optic neuritis† (377.3*)

036.9 Unspecified

Meningococcal infection NOS

#### 037 Tetanus

Excludes: tetanus:

complicating abortion (634-638 with fourth digit .0, 639.0)

complicating ectopic or molar pregnancy (639.0)

neonatorum (771.3) puerperal (670)

#### 038 Septicaemia

Excludes: during labour (659.3)

following ectopic or molar pregnancy (639.0)

following infusion, injection, transfusion or vaccination

(999.3)

postoperative (998.5)

postpartum, puerperal (670)

when complicating abortion (634-638 with fourth digit .0, 639.0)

038.0 Streptococcal septicaemia

038.1 Staphylococcal septicaemia

038.2 Pneumococcal septicaemia

038.3 Septicaemia due to anaerobes

Excludes: anaerobic streptococci (038.0) gas gangrene (040.0)

038.4 Septicaemia due to other gram-negative organisms

Gram-negative septicaemia NOS

038.8 Other specified septicaemias

Excludes: septicaemia (due to):

anthrax (022.3) gonococcal (098.8)

herpetic (054.5)

meningococcal (036.2) septicaemic plague (020.2)

038.9 Unspecified septicaemia

Septicaemia NOS

Excludes: bacteraemia NOS (790.7)

#### 039 Actinomycotic infections

Includes: actinomycotic mycetoma

infection by Actinomycetales such as species of Actinomyces,

Actinomadura, Nocardia, Streptomyces

maduromycosis (actinomycotic)

039.0 Cutaneous

Erythrasma

Trichomycosis axillaris

039.1 Pulmonary

039.2 Abdominal

039.3 Cervicofacial

039.4 Madura foot

Excludes: madura foot due to mycotic infection (117.4)

039.8 Of other specified sites

039.9 Of unspecified site

Actinomycosis NOS Nocardiosis NOS Maduromycosis NOS

#### 040 Other bacterial diseases

Excludes: bacteraemia NOS (790.7)

bacterial infection NOS (041.9)

040.0 Gas gangrene

Infection by Clostridium:

histolyticum oedematiens

perfringens [welchii]

septicum sordellii

040.1 Rhinoscleroma

040.2 Whipple's disease

Intestinal lipodystrophy

040.3 Necrobacillosis

040.8 Other bacterial diseases

Tropical pyomyositis† (728.0*)

Gas bacillus infection or gangrene Malignant oedema Myositis, clostridial

# O41 Bacterial infection in conditions classified elsewhere and of unspecified site

Excludes: bacteraemia NOS (790.7) septicaemia (038.–)

Note: This category will rarely be used for primary coding. It is provided as an additional code where it is desired to identify the bacterial agent in diseases classified elsewhere. This category will also be used in primary coding to classify bacterial infections of unspecified nature or site.

041.0 Streptococcus

041.1 Staphylococcus

041.2 Pneumococcus

041.3 Friedländer's bacillus

041.4 Escherichia coli

041.5 Haemophilus influenzae [H. influenzae]

041.6 Proteus (mirabilis) (morganii)

041.7 Pseudomonas

041.8 Other

Aerobacter aerogenes Eaton's agent Mima polymorpha Mycoplasma Pleuropneumonia-like organisms
[PPLO]
Other cocci, not elsewhere classified

041.9 Bacterial infection, unspecified

# POLIOMYELITIS AND OTHER NON-ARTHROPOD-BORNE VIRAL DISEASES OF CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM (045-049)

```
045†
       Acute poliomyelitis (323.2*)
045.0† Acute paralytic poliomyelitis specified as bulbar (323.2*)
Infantile paralysis (acute)
                                  specified as bulbar
Poliomyelitis (acute) (anterior)
Polioencephalitis (acute) (bulbar)
Polioencephalomyelitis (acute) (anterior) (bulbar)
045.1† Acute poliomyelitis with other paralysis (323.2*)
Paralysis:
  acute atrophic, spinal
  infantile, paralytic
Poliomyelitis (acute)
                        with paralysis except bulbar
  anterior
  epidemic
045.2† Acute nonparalytic poliomyelitis (323.2*)
Poliomyelitis (acute)
  anterior
                        specified as nonparalytic
  epidemic
045.9† Acute poliomyelitis, unspecified (323.2*)
Infantile paralysis
Poliomyelitis (acute)
                        unspecified whether paralytic or nonparalytic
  anterior
  epidemic
046
       Slow virus infection of central nervous system
046.0† Kuru (323.0*)
046.1† Jakob-Creutzfeldt disease (331.5*)
Subacute spongioform encephalopathy
046.2† Subacute sclerosing panencephalitis (323.1*)
Dawson's inclusion body encephalitis
Van Bogaert's sclerosing leucoencephalitis
046.3† Progressive multifocal leucoencephalopathy (331.6*)
Multifocal leucoencephalopathy NOS
046.8
       Other
046.9
       Unspecified
```

#### 047 Meningitis due to enterovirus

Includes: meningitis:

abacterial aseptic viral

Excludes: meningitis due to:

adenovirus (049.1†, 321.7*)

arthropod-borne virus (060-066†, 321.7*)

leptospira (100.8†, 321.8*)

virus of:

herpes simplex (054.7†, 321.4*) herpes zoster (053.0†, 321.3*)

lymphocytic choriomeningitis (049.0†, 321.6*)

mumps (072.1†, 321.5*) poliomyelitis (045.-†, 321.7*)

any other infection specifically classified elsewhere

047.0† Coxsackie virus (321.1*)

047.1† ECHO virus (321.2*)

047.8† Other (321.7*)

047.9† *Unspecified* (321.7*)

Viral meningitis NOS

#### 048 Other enterovirus diseases of central nervous system

Boston exanthem

#### 049 Other non-arthropod-borne viral diseases of central nervous system

049.0† Lymphocytic choriomeningitis (321.6*)

Lymphocytic:

meningitis (serous)
meningoencephalitis (serous)

049.1† Meningitis due to adenovirus (321.7*)

049.8 Other

Encephalitis:

von Economo's disease† (323.4*)

acute: inclusion body† (323.4*) necrotizing† (323.4*) epidemic† (323.4*) lethargica† (323.4*)

lethargica† (323.4*) Rio Bravo† (323.4*) 049.9 Unspecified

Viral encephalitis NOS† (323.4*)

VIRAL DISEASES ACCOMPANIED BY EXANTHEM (050-057)

Excludes: arthropod-borne viral diseases (060-066)

050 Smallpox

050.0 Variola major

Haemorrhagic (pustular) smallpox Malignant smallpox

Purpura variolosa

050.1 Alastrim

Variola minor

050.2 Modified smallpox

050.9 Smallpox, unspecified

051 Cowpox and paravaccinia

051.0 Cowpox

Vaccinia not from vaccination

Excludes: vaccinia (generalized) (from vaccination) (999.0)

051.1 Pseudocowpox

Milkers' node

051.2 Contagious pustular dermatitis

Ecthyma contagiosum

Orf

051.9 Paravaccinia, unspecified

052 Chickenpox

Varicella

053 Herpes zoster

Includes:

shingles

zona

053.0† With meningitis (321.3*)

053.1 With other nervous system complications

Geniculate herpes zoster

s†

Herpetic geniculate ganglionitis† (351.1*)

polyneuropathy† (357.4*) trigeminal neuralgia† (350.0*)

Post-herpetic:

053.2† With ophthalmic complications

Herpes zoster: Herpes zoster:

dermatitis of eyelids (373.5*) iridocyclitis (364.0*)

keratoconjunctivitis (370.4*)

With other complications 053.7

053.8 With unspecified complication

053.9 Herpes zoster without mention of complication

#### 054 Herpes simplex

Excludes: congenital herpes simplex (771.2)

054.0 Eczema herpeticum

Kaposi's varicelliform eruption

054.1 Genital herpes

Herpetic vulvovaginitis† (616.1*)

Herpetic ulceration of vulva† (616.5*)

054.2 Herpetic gingivostomatitis

054.3† Herpetic meningoencephalitis (323.4*)

Herpes encephalitis

Simian B disease

054.4† With ophthalmic complications

Herpes simplex:

Keratitis: dermatitis of eyelid (373.5*)

keratitis (370.4*)

dendritic (370.1*) disciform (370.5*)

keratoconjunctivitis (370.4*)

Iritis due to herpes simplex (364.0*)

054.5 Herpetic septicaemia

054.6 Herpetic whitlow

054.7 With other complications

Meningitis due to herpes simplex[†] (321.4*)

Visceral herpes simplex

054.8 With unspecified complication

054.9 Herpes simplex without mention of complication

#### 055 Measles

Includes: morbilli

rubeola

055.0† Postmeasles encephalitis (323.6*)

055.1† Postmeasles pneumonia (484.0*)

055.2† Postmeasles otitis (382.0*)

055.7 With other complications

055.8 With unspecified complication

055.9 Measles without mention of complication

#### 056 Rubella

Includes: German measles

Excludes: congenital rubella (771.0)

056.0 With neurological complications

Encephalomyelitis† (323.4*)

056.7 With other complications

Rubella arthritis† (711.5*)

056.8 With unspecified complications

056.9 Rubella without mention of complication

#### 057 Other viral exanthemata

057.0 Erythema infectiosum [fifth disease]

057.8 Other

Dukes(-Filatow) disease Exanthema subitum

Fourth disease
Parascarlatina

057.9 Unspecified

Pseudoscarlatina Roseola infantum Sixth disease

ARTHROPOD-BORNE VIRAL DISEASES (060-066)

#### 060 Yellow fever

060.0 Sylvatic

Jungle yellow fever

060.1 Urban

060.9 Unspecified

#### 061 · Dengue

Breakbone fever

Excludes: haemorrhagic fever caused by dengue virus (065.4)

#### 062 † Mosquito-borne viral encephalitis (323.3*)

062.0† Japanese encephalitis (323.3*)

062.1† Western equine encephalitis (323.3*)

062.2† Eastern equine encephalitis (323.3*)

Excludes: Venezuelan equine encephalitis (066.2)

062.3† St. Louis encephalitis (323.3*)

062.4† Australian encephalitis (323.3*)

Australian arboencephalitis

Australian X disease

062.5† California virus encephalitis (323.3*)

Encephalitis:

Tahyna fever

California La Crosse

La Crossc

062.8† Other (323.3*)

Encephalitis by Ilheus virus

062.9† Unspecified (323.3*)

#### 063† Tick-borne viral encephalitis (323.3*)

Includes: diphasic meningoencephalitis

063.0† Russian spring-summer [taiga] encephalitis (323.3*)

063.1† Louping ill (323.3*)

063.2† Central European encephalitis (323.3*)

063.8† Other (323.3*)

Langat encephalitis

Powassan encephalitis

063.9† *Unspecified* (323.3*)

# Viral encephalitis transmitted by other and unspecified arthropods (323.3*)

Arthropod-borne viral encephalitis, vector unknown Negishi virus encephalitis

Excludes: viral encephalitis NOS (049.9)

#### 065 Arthropod-borne haemorrhagic fever

065.0 Crimean haemorrhagic fever [CHF Congo virus]

Central Asian haemorrhagic fever

065.1 Omsk haemorrhagic fever

065.2 Kyasanur Forest disease

065.3 Other tick-borne haemorrhagic fever

065.4 Mosquito-borne haemorrhagic fever

Chikungunya haemorrhagic fever Dengue haemorrhagic fever

Excludes: Chikungunya fever (066.3)

dengue (061) vellow fever (060.-)

065.8 Other

065.9 Unspecified

Arbovirus haemorrhagic fever NOS

#### 066 Other arthropod-borne viral diseases

066.0 Phlebotomus fever

Sandfly fever Changuinola fever

066.1 Tick-borne fever

Nairobi sheep disease Tick fever:

Tick fever: Kemerovo

American mountain Quaranfil

Colorado

066.2 Venezuelan equine fever

066.3 Other mosquito-borne fever

Fever (viral): Fever (viral):

Bunyamwera Oropouche
Bwamba Pixuna
Chikungunya Rift valley
Guama Wesselsbron

Mayaro West Nile Mucambo Zika

O'nyong-nyong

Excludes: dengue (061)

yellow fever (060.-)

066.8 Other

Chandipura fever Piry fever

066.9 Unspecified

Arbovirus infection NOS

#### OTHER DISEASES DUE TO VIRUSES AND CHLAMYDIAE (070-079)

#### 070† Viral hepatitis (573.1*)

Excludes: cytomegalic inclusion virus hepatitis (078.5†, 573.1*)

070.0† Viral hepatitis A with hepatic coma (573.1*)

070.1† Viral hepatitis A without mention of hepatic coma (573.1*)

Infectious hepatitis

070.2† Viral hepatitis B with hepatic coma (573.1*)

070.3† Viral hepatitis B without mention of hepatic coma (573.1*)

Serum hepatitis

070.4† Other specified viral hepatitis with hepatic coma (573.1*)

070.5† Other specified viral hepatitis without mention of hepatic coma (573.1*)

070.6† Unspecified viral hepatitis with hepatic coma (573.1*)

070.9† Unspecified viral hepatitis without mention of hepatic coma (573.1*) Viral hepatitis NOS

#### 071 Rabies

Hydrophobia

Lyssa

#### 072 Mumps

072.0† Mumps orchitis (604.9*)

072.1† *Mumps meningitis* (321.5*)

072.2† *Mumps encephalitis* (323.4*)

Mumps meningoencephalitis

072.3† *Mumps pancreatitis* (577.0*)

072.7 Mumps with other complications

072.8 Mumps with unspecified complication

072.9 Mumps without mention of complication

Epidemic parotitis

Infectious parotitis

#### 073 Ornithosis

Parrot fever

**Psittacosis** 

#### 074 Specific diseases due to Coxsackie virus

Excludes: Coxsackie virus:

infection NOS (079.2) meningitis (047.0†, 321.1*)

074.0 Herpangina

Vesicular pharyngitis

074.1 Epidemic pleurodynia

Bornholm disease

Epidemic: Devil's grip myalgia myositis

074.2† Coxsackie carditis

Aseptic myocarditis of newborn (422.0*)

Coxsackie: endocarditis (421.1*) myocarditis (422.0*) pericarditis (420.0*)

074.3 Hand, foot and mouth disease

Vesicular stomatitis and exanthem

074.8 Other

Acute lymphonodular pharyngitis

#### 075 Infectious mononucleosis

Glandular fever Monocytic angina Pfeiffer's disease

#### 076 Trachoma

Excludes: late effect of trachoma; see category 139.1

076.0 Initial stage

Trachoma dubium

076.1 Active stage

Granular conjunctivitis

(trachomatous)

Trachomatous:

follicular conjunctivitis

pannus

076.9 Unspecified

Trachoma NOS

#### 077 Other diseases of conjunctiva due to viruses and Chlamydiae

Excludes: ophthalmic complications of viral diseases classified elsewhere

077.0† Inclusion conjunctivitis (372.0*)

Paratrachoma

Swimming pool conjunctivitis

Excludes: inclusion blennorrhoea (neonatal) (771.6)

077.1† Epidemic keratoconjunctivitis (370.4*)

Shipyard eye

077.2† Pharyngoconjunctival fever (372.0*)

Viral pharyngoconjunctivitis

077.3† Other adenoviral conjunctivitis (372.0*)

Acute adenoviral follicular conjunctivitis

077.4† Epidemic haemorrhagic conjunctivitis (372.0*)

Apollo:

conjunctivitis

disease

Conjunctivitis due to enterovirus

type 70

Haemorrhagic conjunctivitis (acute) (epidemic)

077.8† Other viral conjunctivitis

Newcastle conjunctivitis (372.0*)

077.9† Unspecified

Viral conjunctivitis NOS (372.0*)

#### 078 Other diseases due to viruses and Chlamydiae

Excludes: Viraemia NOS (790.8)

viral infection NOS (079.-)

078.0 Molluscum contagiosum

078.1 Viral warts

Condyloma acuminatum

Warts (infectious)

Verruca (vulgaris) (plana) (plantaris)

078.2 Sweating fever

Miliary fever

Sweating disease

078.3 Cat-scratch disease

Benign lymphoreticulosis (of inoculation)

Cat-scratch fever

078.4 Foot and mouth disease

Epizootic:

aphthae

stomatitis

078.5 Cytomegalic inclusion disease

Cytomegalic inclusion virus hepatitis† (573.1*)

Salivary gland virus disease

Excludes: congenital cytomegalovirus infection (771.1)

078.6† Haemorrhagic nephrosonephritis (581.8*)

Haemorrhagic fever: Haemorrhagic fever:

epidemic Russian

Korean with renal syndrome

078.7 Arenaviral haemorrhagic fever

Haemorrhagic fever: Haemorrhagic fever:

Argentine Junin virus
Bolivian Machupo virus

078.8 Other

Epidemic: Marburg disease

cervical myalgia Tanapox

vertigo † (386.1*) Winter vomiting disease vomiting syndrome

## 079 Viral infection in conditions classified elsewhere and of unspecified site

Note: This category will rarely be used for primary coding. It is provided as an additional code where it is desired to identify the viral agent in diseases classified elsewhere. This category will also be used in primary coding to classify virus infection of unspecified nature or site.

079.0 Adenovirus

079.1 ECHO virus

079.2 Coxsackie virus

079.3 Rhinovirus

079.8 Other

079.9 Unspecified

Viral infection NOS

Excludes: viraemia NOS (790.8)

RICKETTSIOSES AND OTHER ARTHROPOD-BORNE DISEASES (080-088)

Excludes: arthropod-borne viral diseases (060-066)

## 080 Louse-borne [epidemic] typhus

Typhus (fever): classical epidemic

Typhus (fever): exanthematic NOS louse-borne

## 081 Other typhus

081.0 Murine [endemic] typhus

Typhus (fever): endemic flea-borne

081.1 Brill's disease

Brill-Zinsser disease

Recrudescent typhus (fever)

081.2 Scrub typhus

Japanese river fever Kedani fever

081.9 Unspecified
Typhus (fever) NOS

Mite-borne typhus Tsutsugamushi

### 082 Tick-borne rickettsioses

082.0 Spotted fevers

Rocky Mountain spotted fever

São Paulo fever

082.1 Boutonneuse fever

African tick typhus India tick typhus Kenya tick typhus Marseilles fever Mediterranean tick fever

082.2 North Asian tick fever

Siberian tick typhus

082.3 Queensland tick typhus

082.8 Other

Lone star fever

082.9 Unspecified

Tick-borne typhus NOS

#### 083 Other rickettsioses

083.0 Q-fever

083.1 Trench fever

Quintan fever

Wolhynian fever

083.2 Rickettsialpox

Vesicular rickettsiosis

083.8 Other

083.9 Unspecified

#### 084 Malaria

Excludes: congenital malaria (771.2)

Note: Subcategories 084.0-084.6 exclude the listed conditions with mention of pernicious complications (084.8, 084.9).

084.0 Falciparum malaria [malignant tertian]

Malaria (fever):

by Plasmodium falciparum subtertian

084.1 Vivax malaria [benign tertian]

Malaria (fever) by Plasmodium vivax

084.2 Quartan malaria

Malaria (fever) by Plasmodium malariae

Malariae malaria

084.3 Ovale malaria

Malaria (fever) by Plasmodium ovale

084.4 Other malaria

Monkey malaria

084.5 Mixed

Malaria (fever) by more than one parasite

084.6 Unspecified

Malaria (fever) NOS

084.7 Induced malaria

Therapeutically induced malaria

Excludes: accidental infection from syringe, blood transfusion, etc. (084.0-084.6, above, according to parasite species) transmission from mother to child during delivery (771.2)

084.8 Blackwater fever

Haemoglobinuric:

fever (bilious) malaria Malarial haemoglobinuria

084.9 Other pernicious complications of malaria

Algid malaria

Cerebral malaria

Malarial:

hepatitis† (573.2*) nephrosis† (581.8*)

085 Leishmaniasis

085.0 Visceral [kala-azar]

Dumdum fever

Infection by Leishmania:

donovani infantum Leishmaniasis:

dermal, post-kala-azar

Mediterranean visceral (Indian)

085.1 Cutaneous, urban

Aleppo boil

Baghdad boil Delhi boil

Infection by Leishmania tropica Oriental sore Leishmaniasis, cutaneous:

dry form

recurrent ulcerating

085.2 Cutaneous, Asian desert

Infection by Leishmania tropica

major

Leishmaniasis, cutaneous:

acute necrotizing

rural
wet form
zoonotic form

085.3 Cutaneous, Ethiopian

Infection by Leishmania ethiopica

Leishmaniasis, cutaneous:

diffuse lepromatous

085.4 Cutaneous, American

Chiclero ulcer

Infection by Leishmania mexicana

Leishmaniasis tegumentaria diffusa

085.5 Mucocutaneous (American)

Espundia

Infection by Leishmania brasiliensis

Uta

085.9 Unspecified

086 Trypanosomiasis

Includes: with meningoencephalitis† (323.4*)

086.0† Chagas's disease with heart involvement (425.6*)

Any condition in 086.2 with heart involvement

Chagas's disease with other organ involvement

Any condition in 086.2 with involvement of organ other than heart

Chagas's disease without mention of organ involvement

American trypanosomiasis

Infection by Trypanosoma cruzi

086.3 Gambian trypanosomiasis

Infection by Trypanosoma gambiense

Gambian sleeping sickness

086.4 Rhodesian trypanosomiasis

Infection by Trypanosama rhodesiense

Rhodesian sleeping sickness

African trypanosomiasis, unspecified

Sleeping sickness NOS

086.9 Unspecified

#### 087 Relapsing fever

Recurrent fever

087.0 Louse-borne

087.1 Tick-borne

087.9 Unspecified

#### 088 Other arthropod-borne diseases

0.880 Bartonellosis

Carrion's disease

Verruga peruana

Oroya fever

8.880 Other

088.9 Unspecified

Arthropod-borne disease, not elsewhere classified

Syphilis and other venereal diseases (090-099)

Excludes:

nonvenereal endemic syphilis (104.0) urogenital trichomoniasis (131.0)

#### 090 Congenital syphilis

090.0 Early congenital syphilis, symptomatic

Congenital syphilitic:

choroiditis coryza (chronic)

hepatomegaly mucous patches periostitis

splenomegaly

pemphigus

epiphysitis

Syphilitic (congenital):

osteochondritis

Any congenital syphilitic condition specified as early or manifest less than two years after birth

## 090.1 Early congenital syphilis, latent

Congenital syphilis without clinical manifestations, with positive serological reaction and negative spinal fluid test, less than two years after birth

## 090.2 Early congenital syphilis, unspecified

Congenital syphilis NOS, less than two years after birth

090.3† Syphilitic interstitial keratitis (370.5*)

Syphilitic keratitis: parenchymatous

punctata profunda

Excludes: interstitial keratitis NOS (370.5)

090.4 Juvenile neurosyphilis

Congenital:

neurosyphilis syphilitic:

encephalitis† (323.4*) meningitis† (320.7*) Dementia paralytica juvenilis

Juvenile:

general paresis tabes

taboparesis

Use additional code, if desired, to identify any associated mental disorder

090.5 Other late congenital syphilis, symptomatic

Gumma due to congenital syphilis Hutchinson's teeth

Syphilitic saddle nose

Any congenital syphilitic condition specified as late or manifest two years or more after birth

## 090.6 Late congenital syphilis, latent

Congenital syphilis without clinical manifestations, with positive serological reaction and negative spinal fluid test, two years or more after birth

## 090.7 Late congenital syphilis, unspecified

Congenital syphilis NOS, two years or more after birth

090.9 Congenital syphilis, unspecified

## 091 Early syphilis, symptomatic

Excludes: early cardiovascular syphilis (093.-) early neurosyphilis (094.-)

091.0 Genital syphilis (primary)

Genital chancre

091.1 Primary anal syphilis

091.2 Other primary syphilis

Primary syphilis of:

Primary syphilis of tonsils

fingers lip

091.3 Secondary syphilis of skin or mucous membranes

Condyloma latum

Secondary syphilis of:

Secondary syphilis of:

skin tonsil

anus mouth

tonsii

pharynx

091.4 Adenopathy due to secondary syphilis

Syphilitic adenopathy (secondary)

Syphilitic lymphadenitis

(secondary)

091.5† Uveitis due to secondary syphilis

Syphilitic chorioretinitis (secondary) (363.1*)

Syphilitic iridocyclitis (secondary) (364.1*)

091.6 Secondary syphilis of viscera and bone

Secondary syphilis of liver † (573.2*) Secondary syphilitic:

hepatitis† (573.2*) periostitis† (730.3*)

091.7 Secondary syphilis, relapse

Secondary syphilis, relapse (treated) (untreated)

091.8 Other forms of secondary syphilis

Acute syphilitic meningitis† (320.7*) Syphilitic alopecia

091.9 Unspecified secondary syphilis

### 092 Early syphilis, latent

Includes: syphilis (acquired) without clinical manifestations, with positive serological reaction and negative spinal fluid test, less than two years after infection

092.0 Early syphilis, latent, serological relapse after treatment

092.9 Early syphilis, latent, unspecified

#### 093 Cardiovascular syphilis

093.0† Aneurysm of aorta, specified as syphilitic (441.7*)

Dilatation of aorta, specified as syphilitic

093.1† Syphilitic aortitis (447.7*)

093.2† Syphilitic endocarditis (424.-*) Syphilitic: aortic incompetence or stenosis ostial coronary disease 093.8 Other Syphilitic: myocarditis† (422.0*) pericarditis † (420.0*) 093.9 Unspecified 094 Neurosyphilis Use additional code, if desired, to identify any associated mental disorder Tabes dorsalis 094.0 Arthropathy: Locomotor ataxia (progressive) neurogenic (Charcot)† (713.5*) Posterior spinal sclerosis tabetic[†] (713.5*) (syphilitic) Charcot's joint disease (713.5*) Tabetic neurosyphilis 094.1 General paresis Dementia paralytica Paretic neurosyphilis General paralysis (of insane) **Taboparesis** (progressive) 094.2† Syphilitic meningitis (320.7*) Meningovascular syphilis Asymptomatic neurosyphilis 094.8 Other Syphilitic: Syphilitic: acoustic neuritis† (388.5*) Parkinsonism[†] (332.1*) disseminated retinochoroiditis† retrobulbar neuritis† (377.3*) (363.1*)ruptured cerebral aneurysm† encephalitis† (323.4*) (430*)optic atrophy† (377.1*) 094.9 Unspecified Gumma (syphilitic) Syphilis (early) (late) of central nervous system NOS Syphiloma

### 095 Other forms of late syphilis, with symptoms

Gumma (syphilitic) any site except those classifiable in 093.—
Syphilis, late or tertiary and 094.—

Gumma (syphilitic) NOS
Syphilis [stage unspecified]:
bone† (730.8*)
kidney† (583.8*)
liver† (573.2*)
lung† (517.8*)
muscle† (728.0*)
Syphilitic:
episcleritis† (379.0*)
peritonitis† (567.0*)

## 096 Late syphilis, latent

Syphilis (acquired) without clinical manifestations, with positive serological reaction and negative spinal fluid test, two years or more after infection

### 097 Other and unspecified syphilis

097.0 Late syphilis, unspecified

097.1 Latent syphilis, unspecified

Positive serological reaction for syphilis

097.9 Syphilis, unspecified

Syphilis (acquired) NOS

Excludes: syphilis NOS causing death under two years of age (090.9)

### 098 Gonococcal infections

098.0 Acute, of lower genitourinary tract

Gonococcal:
Bartholinitis (acute)
urethritis (acute)

Gonorrhoea (acute):
NOS

genitourinary (tract) NOS

vulvovaginitis (ácute)

098.1 Acute, of upper genitourinary tract

Gonococcal: endometritis (acute)† (615.–*) orchitis (acute)† (604.9*) prostatitis (acute)† (601.4*) Gonorrhoea (acute): bladder† (595.4*) cervix† (616.0*)

seminal vesicle† (608.0*)

salpingitis, acute† (614.0*)

098.2 Chronic, of lower genitourinary tract

Any condition in 098.0 specified as chronic or with duration of two months or over

098.3 Chronic, of upper genitourinary tract

Any condition in 098.1 specified as chronic or with duration of two months or over

Gonococcal salpingitis (chronic) † (614.1, 614.2*)

098.4† Of eye

Gonococcal:

conjunctivitis (neonatorum) (372.0*)

iridocyclitis (364.0*)

ophthalmia (neonatorum) (372.0*)

098.5† Of joint

Gonococcal:

arthritis (711.4*)

synovitis (727.0*) bursitis (727.3*) tenosynovitis (727.0*)

098.6 Of pharynx

098.7 Of anus and rectum

098.8 Of other sites

Gonococcaemia

Gonococcal: endocarditis† (421.1*)

keratosis (blenorrhagica)† (701.1*)

Gonococcal:

Gonococcal:

meningitis† (320.7*)

peritonitis† (567.0*)

099 Other venereal diseases

099.0 Chancroid

Bubo (inguinal): chancroidal

due to Haemophilus ducreyi

Ulcus molle (cutis) (skin)

Chancre:

Ducrey's simple soft

099.1 Lymphogranuloma venereum

Climatic or tropical bubo

(Durand-)Nicolas-Favre disease

Esthiomene

Lymphogranuloma inguinale

099.2 Granuloma inguinale

Donovanosis

Granuloma pudendi (ulcerating)

Granuloma venereum

099.3 Reiter's disease

Reiter's syndrome

099.4 Other nongonococcal urethritis

Nonspecific and nongonococcal urethritis so stated

099.8 Other

099.9 Unspecified

## OTHER SPIROCHAETAL DISEASES (100-104)

## 100 Leptospirosis

100.0 Leptospirosis icterohaemorrhagica

Leptospiral or spirochaetal jaundice (haemorrhagic)

Weil's disease

100.8 Other

Fever:

Fort Bragg pretibial swamp Infection by Leptospira:

australis bataviae pyrogenes

Leptospiral meningitis (aseptic)†

(321.8*)

100.9 Unspecified

## 101 Vincent's angina

Acute necrotizing ulcerative:

gingivitis stomatitis

Fusospirochaetal pharyngitis

Spirochaetal stomatitis

Trench mouth Vincent's: gingivitis

infection [any site]

#### 102 Yaws

Includes:

framboesia

pian

102.0 Initial lesions

Chancre of yaws

Framboesia, initial or primary

Initial framboesial ulcer

Mother yaw

102.1 Multiple papillomata and wet crab yaws

Butter yaws

Pianoma

Framboesioma

Plantar or palmar papilloma of

yaws

102.2 Other early skin lesions

Early yaws (cutaneous) (macular) (papular) (maculopapular) (micropapular)

Framboeside of early yaws

Cutaneous yaws, less than five years after infection

## 102.3 Hyperkeratosis

Ghoul hand

Hyperkeratosis, palmar or plantar (early) (late) due to yaws

Worm-eaten soles

103.9 Unspecified

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102.4 Gummata and ulcers
Nodular late yaws (ulcerated)
                                    Gummatous framboeside
102.5 Gangosa
Rhinopharyngitis mutilans
102.6 Bone and joint lesions
Goundou
Gumma, bone
Gummatous osteitis or periostitis
Ganglion
                           of yaws (early) (late)
Hydrarthrosis
Osteitis
Periostitis (hypertrophic)
102.7 Other manifestations
Juxta-articular nodules of yaws
                                    Mucosal yaws
102.8 Latent yaws
Yaws without clinical manifestations, with positive serology
102.9 Yaws, unspecified
103
       Pinta
103.0 Primary lesions
Chancre (primary)
                     of pinta [carate]
Papule (primary)
Pintid
103.1 Intermediate lesions
Erythematous plaques
                        of pinta [carate]
Hyperchromic lesions
Hyperkeratosis
103.2 Late lesions
Cardiovascular lesions
Skin lesions:
  achromic
                        of pinta [carate]
  cicatricial
  dyschromic
Vitiligo
103.3 Mixed lesions
Achromic and hyperchromic skin lesions of pinta [carate]
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## 104 Other spirochaetal infection

104.0 Nonvenereal endemic syphilis

Bejel Njovera

104.8 Other

Excludes: relapsing fever (087.-)

syphilis (090-097)

104.9 Unspecified

## Mycoses (110-118)

Excludes: infection by Actinomycetales such as species of Actinomyces, Actinomadura, Nocardia, Streptomyces (039.–)

### 110 Dermatophytosis

Includes: infection by species of Epidermophyton, Microsporum and

Trichophyton

tinea, any type except those in 111

110.0 Of scalp and beard

Kerion Trichophytic tinea, scalp [black

Sycosis, mycotic dot tinea]

110.1 Of nail

Dermatophytic onychia Tinea unguium

Onychomycosis

110.2 *Of hand* 

Tinea manuum

110.3 Of groin and perianal area

Dhobie itch Eczema marginatum

110.4 *Of foot* 

Athlete's foot Tinea pedis

110.5 Of the body

Herpes circinatus Tinea imbricata [Tokelau]

110.6 Deep seated dermatophytosis

Granuloma trichophyticum Majocchi's granuloma

110.8 Of other sites

110.9 Of unspecified site

Favus NOS Ringworm NOS

Microsporic tinea NOS

## 111 Dermatomycosis, other and unspecified

111.0 Pityriasis versicolor

Infection by Malassezia [Pityrosporum] furfur Tinea flava

Tinea versicolor

111.1 Tinea nigra

Infection by Cladosporium species

Keratomycosis nigricans

Pityriasis nigra Tinea palmaris nigra

Microsporosis nigra

111.2 Tinea blanca

Infection by Trichosporon (beigelii) cutaneum White piedra

111.3 Black piedra

Infection by Piedraia hortai

111.8 Other

111.9 Unspecified

#### 112 Candidiasis

Includes: infection by Candida species

candidiosis moniliasis

Excludes: neonatal monilial infection (771.7)

112.0 Of mouth

Thrush

112.1† Of vulva and vagina (616.1*)

Candidal vulvovaginitis

Monilial vulvovaginitis

112.2 Of other urogenital sites

112.3 Of skin and nails

Candidal intertrigo Candidal onychia Candidal perionyxis [paronychia]

112.4† Of lung (484.7*)

112.5 Disseminated

Systemic candidiasis

112.8 Of other sites

Candidal endocarditis† (421.1*)

112.9 Of unspecified site

## 114 Coccidioidomycosis

Coccidioidal granuloma
Desert rheumatism
Infection by Coccidioides (immitis)

Posadas-Wernicke disease San Joaquin Valley fever

## 115 Histoplasmosis

## 115.0 Infection by Histoplasma capsulatum

American histoplasmosis Darling's disease

Reticuloendothelial cytomycosis Small form histoplasmosis

## 115.1 Infection by Histoplasma duboisii

African histoplasmosis

Large form histoplasmosis

### 115.9 Unspecified

Histoplasmosis NOS

## 116 Blastomycotic infection

#### 116.0 Blastomycosis

Blastomycetic dermatitis Chicago disease Cutaneous blastomycosis Disseminated blastomycosis Gilchrist's disease Infection by Blastomyces
[Ajellomyces] dermatitidis
North American blastomycosis
Primary pulmonary blastomycosis

#### 116.1 Paracoccidioidomycosis

Brazilian blastomycosis
Infection by Paracoccidioides
[Blastomyces] brasiliensis
Lutz-Splendore-Almeida disease
Mucocutaneous-lymphangitic
paracoccidioidomycosis

Pulmonary paracoccidioidomycosis South American blastomycosis Visceral paracoccidioidomycosis

### 116.2 Lobomycosis

Infections by Loboa [Blastomyces]
loboi
Keloidal blastomycosis

Lobo's disease

#### 117 Other mycoses

117.0 Rhinosporidiosis

Infection by Rhinosporidium seeberi

### 117.1 Sporotrichosis

Cutaneous sporotrichosis
Disseminated sporotrichosis
Infection by Sporothrix
[Sporotrichum] schenckii

Lymphocutaneous sporotrichosis Pulmonary sporotrichosis Sporotrichosis of the bones

### 117.2 Chromoblastomycosis

Chromomycosis

Infection by Cladosporidium carrionii, Fonsecaea compactum, Fonsecaea pedrosoi, Phialophora verrucosa

## 117.3 Aspergillosis

Infection by Aspergillus species, mainly A. fumigatus, A. flavus group, A. terreus group

## 117.4 Mycotic mycetomas

Infection by various genera and species of Ascomycetes and Deuteromycetes such as Acremonium [Cephalosporium] falciforme, Neotestudina rosatii, Madurella grisea, Madurella mycetomii, Pyrenochaeta romeroi, Zopfia [Leptosphaeria] senegalensis

Madura foot, mycotic Maduromycosis, mycotic

Excludes: actinomycotic mycetomas (039.-)

### 117.5 Cryptococcosis

neoformans

Busse-Buschke's disease Cryptococcal meningitis† (321.0*) European cryptococcosis Infection by Cryptococcus Pulmonary cryptococcosis Systemic cryptococcosis Torula

#### 117.6 Allescheriosis [Petriellidosis]

Infections by Allescheria [Petriellidium] boydii [Monosporium apiospermum]

Excludes: mycotic mycetoma (117.4)

## 117.7 Zygomycosis [Phycomycosis or Mucormycosis]

Infection by species of Absidia, Basidiobolus, Conidiobolus, Cunninghamella, Entomophthora, Mucor, Rhizopus, Saksenaea

## 117.8 Infection by dematiacious fungi [Phaeohyphomycosis]

Infection by dematiacious fungi such as Cladosporium trichoides [bantianum], Dreschlera hawaiiensis, Phialophora gougerotii, P. jeanselmei

## 117.9 Other and unspecified

## 118 Opportunistic mycoses

Infection of skin, subcutaneous tissues and/or organs by a wide variety of fungi generally considered to be pathogenic to compromised hosts only, e.g., infection by species of Alternaria, Dreschlera, Fusarium

## HELMINTHIASES (120-129)

## 120 Schistosomiasis [bilharziasis]

120.0 Schistosoma haematobium

Vesical schistosomiasis NOS

120.1 Schistosoma mansoni

Intestinal schistosomiasis NOS

120.2 Schistosoma japonicum

Asiatic schistosomiasis NOS

Katayama disease or fever

120.3 Cutaneous

Cercarial dermatitis

Schistosome dermatitis

Infection by cercariae of Schistosoma

120.8 Other

Infection by Schistosoma:

bovis

intercalatum

Infection by Schistosoma:

mattheii

spindale

Schistosomiasis chestermani

120.9 Unspecified

Blood flukes NOS

Haemic distomiasis

#### 121 Other trematode infections

121.0 Opisthorchiasis

Infection by:

cat liver fluke

Opisthorchis (felineus) (tenuicollis) (viverrini)

#### 121.1 Clonorchiasis

Biliary cirrhosis due to clonorchiasis Chinese liver fluke disease Hepatic distomiasis due to Clonorchis sinensis Oriental liver fluke disease

121.2 Paragonimiasis

Infection by Paragonimus Lung fluke disease (oriental) Pulmonary distomiasis

121.3 Fascioliasis

Infection by Fasciola:

gigantica

Liver flukes NOS
Sheep liver fluke infection

hepatica

121.4 Fasciolopsiasis

Infection by Fasciolopsis (buski)

Intestinal distomiasis

121.5 Metagonimiasis

Infection by Metagonimus yokogawai

121.6 Heterophyiasis

Infection by:

Heterophyes heterophyes Stellantchasmus falcatus

121.8 Other

Infection by:

Infection by:

Dicrocoelium dendriticum

Echinostomum ilocanum

121.9 Unspecified
Distomiasis NOS

Fluke disease NOS

Gastrodiscoides hominis

## 122 Echinococcosis

Includes:

echinococciasis hydatid disease hydatidosis

- 122.0 Echinococcus granulosus infection of liver
- 122.1 Echinococcus granulosus infection of lung
- 122.2 Echinococcus granulosus infection of thyroid
- 122.3 Echinococcus granulosus infection, other
- 122.4 Echinococcus granulosus infection, unspecified
- 122.5 Echinococcus multilocularis infection of liver
- 122.6 Echinococcus multilocularis infection, other
- 122.7 Echinococcus multilocularis infection, unspecified 122.8 Echinococcosis, unspecified, of liver
- 122.9 Echinococcosis, other and unspecified

#### 123 Other cestode infection

## 123.0 Taenia solium infection, intestinal form

Pork tapeworm (adult) (infection)

#### 123.1 Cysticercosis

Cysticerciasis

Infection by:

Cysticercus cellulosae [larval form of Taenia solium]

#### 123.2 Taenia saginata infection

Beef tapeworm (infection)

Infection by Taeniarhyuchus saginatus

#### 123.3 Taeniasis, unspecified

#### 123.4 Diphyllobothriasis, intestinal

Diphyllobothrium (adult) (latum) (pacificum) infection Fish tapeworm (infection)

### 123.5 Sparganosis [larval diphyllobothriasis]

Infection by:

Diphyllobothrium larvae

Sparganum (mansoni) (proliferum)

Spirometra larvae

#### 123.6 Hymenolepiasis

Dwarf tapeworm (infection)

Rat tapeworm (infection)

Hymenolepis (diminuta) (nana)

infection

#### 123.8 Other

Diplogonoporus (grandis)

Dog tapeworm (infection)

Dipylidium (caninum) | infection

## 123.9 Unspecified

Tapeworm (infection) NOS

#### 124 Trichinosis

Trichinella spiralis infection

Trichiniasis

**Trichinellosis** 

#### 125 Filarial infection and dracontiasis

#### 125.0 Bancroftian filariasis

Chyluria Elephantiasis

Infection

Lymphadenitis Lymphangitis Wuchereriasis due to Wuchereria bancrofti

### 125.1 Malayan filariasis

Brugia filariasis Chyluria Elephantiasis Infection Lymphadenitis

due to Brugia [Wuchereria] malayi

Lymphangitis
125.2 Loiasis

Eyeworm disease of Africa

Loa loa infection

125.3 Onchocerciasis

Onchocerca volvulus infection

**Onchocercosis** 

125.4 Dipetalonemiasis

Infection by:

Acanthocheilonema perstans Dipetalonema perstans

125.5 Mansonella ozzardi infection

Filariasis ozzardi

125.6 Other specified filariusis

Infection by:

Dirofilaria infection

Acanthocheilonema streptocerca Dipetalonema streptocerca

125.7 Dracontiasis

Guinea-worm infection

Infection by Dracunculus medinensis

125.9 Unspecified filariasis

## 126 Ancylostomiasis and necatoriasis

Includes:

cutaneous larva migrans due to Ancylostoma

hookworm (disease) (infection)

uncinariasis

126.0 Ancylostoma duodenale

126.1 Necator americanus

126.2 Ancylostoma braziliense

126.3 Ancylostoma ceylanicum

126.8 Other specified Ancylostoma

126.9 Unspecified

Creeping eruption NOS

Cutaneous larva migrans NOS

#### 127 Other intestinal helminthiases

127.0 Ascariasis

Ascaridiasis

Roundworm infection

Infection by Ascaris lumbricoides

127.1 Anisakiasis

Infection by Anisakis larva

127.2 Strongyloidiasis

Infection by Strongyloides stercoralis

Excludes: trichostrongyliasis (127.6)

127.3 Trichuriasis

Infection by Trichuris trichiura

Whipworm (disease) (infection)

Trichocephaliasis

127.4 Enterobiasis

Infection by Enterobius vermicularis Pinworm (disease) (infection)

Oxyuris vermicularis infection Threadworm infection

Oxyuriasis

127.5 Capillariasis

Infection by Capillaria philippinensis

Excludes: infection by Capillaria hepatica (128.8)

127.6 Trichostrongyliasis

Infection by Trichostrongylus species

127.7 Other intestinal helminthiasis

Infection by:

Oesophagostomum apiostomum and related species

Ternidens diminutus

other specified intestinal helminth

**Physalopteriasis** 

127.8 Mixed intestinal helminthiasis

Infection by intestinal helminths classified to more than one of the categories 120.0-127.7

Mixed helminthiasis NOS

127.9 Intestinal helminthiasis, unspecified

#### 128 Other and unspecified helminthiases

128.0 Toxocariasis

Larva migrans visceralis Toxocara (canis) (cati) infection Visceral larva migrans syndrome

#### 128.1 Gnathostomiasis

Infection by Gnathostoma spinigerum and related species

#### 128.8 Other

Infection by:

Angiostrongylus cantonensis Capillaria hepatica other specified helminth

#### 128.9 Unspecified

Helminthiasis NOS

Worms NOS

## 129 Intestinal parasitism, unspecified

OTHER INFECTIOUS AND PARASITIC DISEASES (130-136)

## 130 Toxoplasmosis

Infection by Toxoplasma gondii
Chorioretinitis† (363.0*)
Hepatitis† (573.2*)
Meningoencephalitis† (323.4*)
Myocarditis† (422.0*)
Pneumonitis† (484.8*)

due to acquired toxoplasmosis

Excludes: congenital toxoplasmosis (771.2)

#### 131 Trichomoniasis

#### 131.0 Urogenital trichomoniasis

Fluor (vaginalis)
Leukorrhoea (vaginalis)
Prostatitis† (601.4*)
Urethritis† (597.8*)
Vaginitis† (616.1*)
Vulvovaginitis† (616.1*)

trichomonal or due to Trichomonas (vaginalis)

#### 131.8 Other sites

Excludes: intestinal (007.3)

131.9 Unspecified

### 132 Pediculosis and phthirus infestation

- 132.0 Pediculus capitis [head louse]
- 132.1 Pediculus corporis [body louse]
- 132.2 Phthirus pubis [pubic louse]

#### 132.3 *Mixed*

Infestation classifiable to more than one of the categories 132.0-132.2

132,9 Pediculosis, unspecified

#### 133 Acariasis

133.0 Scabies

Infestation by Sarcoptes scabiei Sarcoptic itch

133.8 Other

Chiggers

Infestation by:

Demodex folliculorum

Trombiculae

133.9 Unspecified

Infestation by mites NOS

#### 134 Other infestation

134.0 Myiasis

Infestation by:

fly larvae

Dermatobia (hominis)

Gasterophilus (intestinalis)

134.1 Other arthropod infestation

Infestation by:

chigoe

Tunga penetrans

sand flea

134.2 Hirudiniasis

Hirudiniasis (external) (internal)

Leeches (aquatic) (land)

134.8 Other

134.9 Unspecified

Infestation (skin) NOS

Skin parasites NOS

Infestation by:

Oestrus ovis

maggots

Jigger disease Scarabiasis

#### 135 Sarcoidosis

Besnier-Boeck-Schaumann disease

Lupoid (miliary) of Boeck

Lupus pernio (Besnier)

Lymphogranulomatosis, benign

(Schaumann)

Sarcoid (any site):

NOS

Boeck

Darier-Roussy

Uveoparotid fever

## 136 Other and unspecified infectious and parasitic diseases

136.0 Ainhum

Dactylolysis spontanea

136.1 Behcet's syndrome

136.2 Specific infections by free-living amoebae

Meningoencephalitis due to Naegleria† (323.4*)

136.3 Pneumocystosis

Pneumonia due to Pneumocystis carinii† (484.8*)

136.4 Psorospermiasis

136.5 Sarcosporidiosis

136.8 Other

Candiru infestation

136.9 Unspecified

## LATE EFFECTS OF INFECTIOUS AND PARASITIC DISEASES (137-139)

## 137 Late effects of tuberculosis

Note: This category is to be used to indicate conditions in 010-018 as the cause of late effects, which are themselves classified elsewhere. The "late effects" include those specified as such, as sequelae or as due to old or inactive tuberculosis, without evidence of active disease. [See III Late effects, page 723].

- 137.0 Late effects of respiratory or unspecified tuberculosis
- 137.1 Late effects of central nervous system tuberculosis
- 137.2 Late effects of genitourinary tuberculosis
- 137.3 Late effects of tuberculosis of bones and joints
- 137.4 Late effects of tuberculosis of other specified organs

## 138 Late effects of acute poliomyelitis

Note: This category is to be used to indicate conditions in 045.— as the cause of late effects, which are themselves classified elsewhere. The "late effects" include conditions specified as such, or as sequelae, or those which are present one year or more after the onset of the acute poliomyelitis. [See III Late effects, page 723].

## 139 Late effects of other infectious and parasitic diseases

Note: This category is to be used to indicate conditions in categories 001-009, 020-041, 046-136 as the cause of late effects, which are themselves classified elsewhere. The "late effects" include conditions specified as such; they also include sequela of diseases classifiable to the above categories if there is evidence that the disease itself is no longer present. [See III Late effects, page 723].

139.0 Late effects of viral encephalitis

Late effects of conditions classifiable to 049.8, 049.9, 062-064

139.1 Late effects of trachoma

Late effects of conditions classifiable to 076.-

139.8 Late effects of other and unspecified infectious and parasitic diseases



#### II. NEOPLASMS

Notes:

#### 1. Content

This chapter contains the following broad groups: —

140-195 Malignant neoplasms, stated or presumed to be primary, of specified sites, except of lymphatic and haematopoietic tissue

196-198 Malignant neoplasms, stated or presumed to be secondary, of specified sites

Malignant neoplasm without specification of site

200-208 Malignant neoplasms, stated or presumed to be primary, of lymphatic and haematopoietic tissue

210-229 Benign neoplasms

230-234 Carcinoma in situ

235-238 Neoplasms of uncertain behaviour [see Note, page 140]

Neoplasms of unspecified nature

### 2. Functional activity

All neoplasms are classified in this chapter, whether or not functionally active. An additional code from Chapter III may be used, if desired, to identify such functional activity associated with any neoplasm, e.g.: catecholamine-producing malignant phaeochromocytoma of adrenal code 194.0 additional code 255.6 basophil adenoma of pituitary with Cushing's syndrome code 227.3 additional code 255.0

## 3. Morphology [Histology]

For those wishing to identify the histological type of neoplasms, a comprehensive coded nomenclature, which comprises the morphology rubrics of the ICD-Oncology, is given on pages 667-690. See also Introduction, page XXX.

## 4. Malignant neoplasms overlapping site boundaries

Categories 140-195 are for the classification of primary malignant neoplasms according to their point of origin. A malignant neoplasm that overlaps two or more subcategories within a three-digit rubric and whose point of origin cannot be determined should be classified to the subcategory .8 "Other". For example: "carcinoma involving tip and ventral surface of tongue" should be assigned to 141.8. On the other hand, "carcinoma of tip of tongue extending to involve the ventral surface" should be coded to 141.2 as the point of origin, the tip, is known. Three subcategories, (149.8, 159.8, 165.8), have been provided for malignant neoplasms that overlap the boundaries of three-digit rubrics within certain systems. Overlapping malignant neoplasms that cannot be classified as indicated above should be assigned to the appropriate subdivision of category 195 (Malignant neoplasm of other and ill-defined sites).

## MALIGNANT NEOPLASM OF LIP, ORAL CAVITY AND PHARYNX (140-149)

## 140 Malignant neoplasm of lip

Excludes: skin of lip (173.0)

140.0 Upper lip, vermilion border

Upper lip: NOS external lipstick area

140.1 Lower lip, vermilion border

Lower lip: NOS external lipstick area

140.3 Upper lip, inner aspect

Upper lip: Upper lip: buccal aspect mucosa frenulum oral aspect

140.4 Lower lip, inner aspect

Lower lip: Lower lip: buccal aspect mucosa frenulum oral aspect

140.5 Lip, unspecified, inner aspect

Lip, not specified whether upper or lower: buccal aspect

frenulum mucosa oral aspect

140.6 Commissure of lip

140.8 Other [see Note 4, page 101]

140.9 Lip, unspecified, vermilion border

Lip not specified as upper or lower:

NOS external lipstick area

## 141 Malignant neoplasm of tongue

141.0 Base of tongue

Dorsal surface of base of tongue Fixed part of tongue NOS

141.1 Dorsal surface of tongue

Anterior two-thirds of tongue, dorsal surface

Excludes: dorsal surface of base of tongue (141.0)

141.2 Tip and lateral border of tongue

141.3 Ventral surface of tongue

Anterior two-thirds of tongue, ventral surface

Frenulum linguae

141.4 Anterior two-thirds of tongue, part unspecified

Mobile part of tongue NOS

141.5 Junctional zone

Border of tongue at junction of fixed and mobile parts at insertion of anterior tonsillar pillar

141.6 Lingual tonsil

141.8 Other [see Note 4, page 101]

141.9 Tongue, unspecified

Tongue NOS

## 142 Malignant neoplasm of major salivary glands

Excludes: malignant neoplasms of minor salivary glands, which are to be classified according to their anatomical location; if location is not specified, classify to 145.9

142.0 Parotid gland

142.1 Submandibular gland

Submaxillary gland

142.2 Sublingual gland

142.8 Other [see Note 4, page 101]

142.9 Site unspecified

Salivary gland (major) NOS

## 143 Malignant neoplasm of gum

Includes: alveolar (ridge) mucosa

gingiva

Excludes: malignant odontogenic neoplasms (170.–)

143.0 Upper gum

143.1 Lower gum

143.8 Other [see Note 4, page 101]

143.9 Gum, unspecified

## 144 Malignant neoplasm of floor of mouth

144.0 Anterior portion

Anterior to the premolar-canine junction

144.1 Lateral portion

144.8 Other [see Note 4, page 101]

144.9 Part unspecified

## 145 Malignant neoplasm of other and unspecified parts of mouth

Excludes: mucosa of lips (140.-)

145.0 Cheek mucosa

Buccal mucosa

Internal cheek

145.1 Vestibule of mouth

Buccal sulcus (upper) (lower)

Labial sulcus (upper) (lower)

145.2 Hard palate

145.3 Soft palate

Excludes: nasopharyngeal [posterior] [superior] surface of soft palate (147.3)

145.4 Uvula

145.5 Palate, unspecified

Junction of hard and soft palate Roof of mouth

145.6 Retromolar area

145.8 Other [see Note 4, page 101]

145.9 Mouth, unspecified

Minor salivary gland, unspecified site Oral cavity NOS

## 146 Malignant neoplasm of oropharynx

146.0 Tonsil

Tonsil:

NOS

faucial

palatine

Excludes: lingual tonsil (141.6)

pharyngeal tonsil (147.1)

146.1 Tonsillar fossa

146.2 Tonsillar pillars (anterior) (posterior)

Palatoglossal arch

Palatopharyngeal arch

146.3 Vallecula

Anterior and medial surface of the pharyngoepiglottic fold

146.4 Anterior aspect of epiglottis

Epiglottis, free border [margin]

Glossoepiglottic fold(s)

Excludes: epiglottis:

NOS (161.1)

suprahyoid portion (161.1)

146.5 Junctional region

Junction of the free margin of the epiglottis, the aryepiglottic fold and the pharyngoepiglottic fold

146.6 Lateral wall of oropharynx

146.7 Posterior wall of oropharynx

146.8 Other [see Note 4, page 101]

146.9 Oropharynx, unspecified

## 147 Malignant neoplasm of nasopharynx

147.0 Superior wall

Roof of nasopharynx

147.1 Posterior wall

Pharyngeal tonsil

Adenoid

147.2 Lateral wall

Fossa of Rosenmüller

Pharyngeal recess

Opening of auditory tube

147.3 Anterior wall

Floor of nasopharynx

Nasopharyngeal [posterior] [superior] surface of soft palate

Posterior margin of nasal septum and choanae

147.8 Other [see Note 4, page 101]

147.9 Nasopharynx, unspecified

Nasopharyngeal wall NOS

## 148 Malignant neoplasm of hypopharynx

148.0 Postcricoid region

148.1 Pyriform sinus

Pyriform fossa

148.2 Aryepiglottic fold, hypopharyngeal aspect

Aryepiglottic fold or interarytenoid fold:

ŃÔŚ

marginal zone

Excludes: aryepiglottic fold or interarytenoid fold, laryngeal aspect (161.1)

148.3 Posterior hypopharyngeal wall

148.8 Other [see Note 4, page 101]

148.9 Hypopharynx, unspecified

Hypopharyngeal wall NOS

Hypopharynx NOS

# 149 Malignant neoplasm of other and ill-defined sites within the lip, oral cavity and pharynx

149.0 Pharynx, unspecified

149.1 Waldeyer's ring

149.8 Other [see Note 4, page 101]

Malignant neoplasm of lip, oral cavity and pharynx whose point of origin cannot be assigned to any one of the categories 140-148

149.9 Ill-defined

# Malignant neoplasm of digestive organs and peritoneum (150-159)

## 150 Malignant neoplasm of oesophagus

Note: Two alternative subclassifications are given: —

.0-.2 by anatomical description

.3-.5 by thirds

This departure from the principle that categories should be mutually exclusive is deliberate, since both forms of terminology are currently encountered on medical records.

150.0 Cervical part

150.1 Thoracic part

150.2 Abdominal part

150.3 Upper third

150.4 Middle third

150.5 Lower third

150.8 Other [see Note 4, page 101]

150.9 Oesophagus, unspecified

## 151 Malignant neoplasm of stomach

151.0 Cardia

Cardiac orifice

Cardio-oesophageal junction

151.1 Pylorus

Pyloric canal

Prepylorus

151.2 Pyloric antrum

Antrum of stomach NOS

151.3 Fundus of stomach

151.4 Body of stomach

151.5 Lesser curvature, unspecified

Lesser curvature, not classifiable to 151.1-151.4

151.6 Greater curvature, unspecified

Greater curvature, not classifiable to 151.0-151.4

151.8 Other [see Note 4, page 101]

Anterior wall, not classifiable to 151.0-151.4 Posterior wall, not classifiable to 151.0-151.4

151.9 Stomach, unspecified

Carcinoma ventriculi

Gastric cancer

## 152 Malignant neoplasm of small intestine, including duodenum

- 152.0 Duodenum
- 152.1 Jejunum
- 152.2 Ileum

Excludes: ileocaecal valve (153.4)

152.3 Meckel's diverticulum

152.8 Other [see Note 4, page 101]

Duodenojejunal junction

152.9 Small intestine, unspecified

## 153 Malignant neoplasm of color

- 153.0 Hepatic flexure
- 153.1 Transverse colon

153.2 Descending colon

153.3 Sigmoid colon

Sigmoid (flexure)

Excludes: rectosigmoid junction (154.0)

153.4 *Caecum* 

Ileocaecal valve

153.5 Appendix

153.6 Ascending colon

153.7 Splenic flexure

153.8 Other [see Note 4, page 101]

153.9 Colon, unspecified

Large intestine NOS

## 154 Malignant neoplasm of rectum, rectosigmoid junction and anus

154.0 Rectosigmoid junction

Rectosigmoid (colon)

Colon and rectum

154.1 Rectum

Rectal ampulla

154.2 Anal canal

Anal sphincter

154.3 Anus, unspecified

Excludes: anus:

margin (172.5, 173.5) skin (172.5, 173.5) perianal skin (172.5, 173.5)

154.8 Other [see Note 4, page 101]

Anorectum

Cloacogenic zone

## 155 Malignant neoplasm of liver and intrahepatic bile ducts

155.0 Liver, primary

Carcinoma:

Hepatoblastoma

liver, specified as primary

hepatocellular

liver cell

155.1 Intrahepatic bile ducts

Canaliculi biliferi Interlobular: bile ducts

biliary canals

Intrahepatic: canaliculi biliary passages gall duct

155.2 Liver, not specified as primary or secondary

## 156 Malignant neoplasm of gallbladder and extrahepatic bile ducts

156.0 Gallbladder

156.1 Extrahepatic bile ducts

Biliary duct or passage NOS Common bile duct

Cystic duct Hepatic duct

156.2 Ampulla of Vater

156.8 Other [see Note 4, page 101]

156.9 Biliary tract, part unspecified

Malignant neoplasm involving both intrahepatic and extrahepatic bile ducts

## 157 Malignant neoplasm of pancreas

157.0 Head of pancreas

157.1 Body of pancreas

157.2 Tail of pancreas

157.3 Pancreatic duct

Duct of:

Santorini

Wirsung

157.4 Islets of Langerhans

Islets of Langerhans, any part of pancreas

157.8 Other [see Note 4, page 101]

157.9 Part unspecified

## 158 Malignant neoplasm of retroperitoneum and peritoneum

158.0 Retroperitoneum

158.8 Specified parts of peritoneum [see Note 4, page 101]

Mesentery Mesocolon Omentum

Peritoneum: parietal pelvic

### 158.9 Peritoneum, unspecified

# 159 Malignant neoplasm of other and ill-defined sites within the digestive organs and peritoneum

159.0 Intestinal tract, part unspecified

Intestine NOS

159.1 Spleen, not elsewhere classified

Angiosarcoma of spleen

Excludes: Hodgkin's disease (201.-)

lymphosarcoma (200.1) reticulosarcoma (200.0)

159.8 Other [see Note 4, page 101]

Malignant neoplasm of digestive organs and peritoneum whose point of origin cannot be assigned to any one of the categories 150-158

Excludes: cardio-oesophageal junction (151.0)

colon and rectum (154.0)

159.9 Ill-defined

Alimentary canal or tract NOS

Gastrointestinal tract NOS

## MALIGNANT NEOPLASM OF RESPIRATORY AND INTRATHORACIC ORGANS (160-165)

## 160 Malignant neoplasm of nasal cavities, middle ear and accessory sinuses

160.0 Nasal cavities

Cartilage of nose Conchae, nasal

Septum of nose Vestibule of nose

Internal nose

Excludes:

nasal bone (170.0) nose NOS (195.0) olfactory bulb (192.0)

posterior margin of septum and choanae (147.3)

skin of nose (172.3, 173.3)

160.1 Auditory tube, middle ear and mastoid air cells

Antrum tympanicum

Tympanic cavity

Eustachian tube

Excludes: auricular canal (external) (172.2, 173.2)

bone of ear (meatus) (170.0)

cartilage of ear (171.0)

ear (external) (skin) (172.2, 173.2)

160.2	Maxillary	sinus

Antrum (Highmore) (maxillary)

- 160.3 Ethmoidal sinus
- 160.4 Frontal sinus
- 160.5 Sphenoidal sinus
- 160.8 Other [see Note 4, page 101]
- 160.9 Accessory sinus, unspecified

## 161 Malignant neoplasm of larynx

161.0 Glottis

Intrinsic larynx
Laryngeal commissure (anterior)

True vocal cord Vocal cord NOS

(posterior)

## 161.1 Supraglottis

Aryepiglottic fold or interarytenoid fold, laryngeal aspect

Epiglottis (suprahyoid portion) NOS

Extrinsic larynx

False vocal cords

Posterior (laryngeal) surface of epiglottis

Ventricular bands

Excludes: ant

anterior aspect of epiglottis (146.4)

aryepiglottic fold or interarytenoid fold:

NOS (148.2)

hypopharyngeal aspect (148.2)

marginal zone (148.2)

#### 161.2 Subglottis

#### 161.3 Laryngeal cartilages

Cartilage: arytenoid cricoid Cartilage:

cuneiform thyroid

- 161.8 Other [see Note 4, page 101]
- 161.9 Larynx, unspecified

## 162 Malignant neoplasm of trachea, bronchus and lung

- 162.0 Trachea
- 162.2 Main bronchus

Carina

Hilus

162.3	Unner	lohe.	bronchus	or	lung
102.5	Upper	woot,	OI OIICIIUS	U,	imig

- 162.4 Middle lobe, bronchus or lung
- 162.5 Lower lobe, bronchus or lung
- 162.8 Other [see Note 4, page 101]
- 162.9 Bronchus and lung, unspecified

#### 163 Malignant neoplasm of pleura

- 163.0 Parietal
- 163.1 Visceral
- 163.8 Other [see Note 4, page 101]
- 163.9 Pleura, unspecified

#### 164 Malignant neoplasm of thymus, heart and mediastinum

- 164.0 Thymus
- 164.1 Heart

Pericardium

Excludes: great vessels (171.4)

- 164.2 Anterior mediastinum
- 164.3 Posterior mediastinum
- 164.8 Other [see Note 4, page 101]
- 164.9 Mediastinum, part unspecified

## Malignant neoplasm of other and ill-defined sites within the respiratory system and intrathoracic organs

- 165.0 Upper respiratory tract, part unspecified
- 165.8 Other [see Note 4, page 101]

Malignant neoplasms of respiratory and intrathoracic organs whose point of origin cannot be assigned to any one of the categories 160-164

165.9 Ill-defined sites within the respiratory system

Respiratory tract NOS

Excludes: intrathoracic NOS (195.1)

thoracic NOS (195.1)

## Malignant neoplasm of bone, connective tissue, skin and breast (170-175)

```
170
       Malignant neoplasm of bone and articular cartilage
Excludes:
           bone marrow NOS (202.9)
           cartilage:
              ear (171.0)
              eyelid (171.0)
              larynx (161.3)
              nose (160.0)
           synovia (171.-)
      Bones of skull and face
170.0
Bone:
                                     Bone:
  ethmoid
                                       parietal
  frontal
                                       sphenoid
  malar
                                       temporal
                                     Maxilla
  nasal
                                     Turbinate
  occipital
  orbital
                                     Vomer
Excludes:
           carcinoma, any type other than intraosseous or odontogenic:
              maxilla, maxillary (sinus) (160.2)
              upper jaw bone (143.0)
           jaw bone (lower) (170.1)
170.1
       Lower jaw bone
Mandible
                                     Jaw bone NOS
           carcinoma, any type other than intraosseous or odontogenic:
Excludes:
             jaw bone NOS (143.9)
                lower (143.1)
           upper jaw bone (170.0)
170.2
       Vertebral column, excluding sacrum and coccyx
Spinal column
                                     Vertebra
Spine
170.3
      Ribs, sternum and clavicle
Costal cartilage
                                     Xiphoid process
      Long bones of upper limb and scapula
                                     Radius
Acromion process
Bone NOS of upper limb
                                     Ulna
Humerus
170.5 Upper limb, short bones
Carpal
                                     Scaphoid (of hand)
Cuneiform, wrist
                                     Semilunar or lunate
                                     Trapezium
Metacarpal
Phalanges of hand
                                     Trapezoid
```

Unciform

**Pisiform** 

170.6 Pelvic bones, sacrum and coccyx

Coccygeal vertebra

Pubic bone

Ilium

Sacral vertebra

Ischium

170.7 Lower limb, long bones

Bones NOS of lower limb

Fibula

Femur

Tibia

170.8 Lower limb, short bones

Astragalus

Navicular (of ankle)

Patella

Calcaneus Cuboid

Phalanges of foot

Cuneiform, ankle

Metatarsal

Tarsal

170.9 Site unspecified

Chondrosarcoma

Chondromyxosarcoma

Ewing's sarcoma or tumour

Osteosarcoma

site unspecified

#### Malignant neoplasm of connective and other soft tissue 171

Includes:

Excludes:

blood vessel

peripheral, sympathetic and para-

sympathetic nerves and

bursa fascia

ganglia

ligament, except uterine

synovia tendon (sheath)

muscle

cartilage (of):

articular (170.-) larynx (161.3)

nose (160.0)

connective tissue of breast (174.-)

heart (164.1)

171.0 Head, face and neck

Cartilage of:

ear

eyelid

171.2 Upper limb, including shoulder

171.3 Lower limb, including hip

171.4 **Thorax** 

Axilla

Great vessels

Diaphragm

Excludes: thymus, heart and mediastinum (164.–)

171.5 Abdomen

Abdominal wall

Hypochondrium

171.6 Pelvis

Buttock

Perineum

Groin

Excludes: uterine ligament, any (183.-)

171.7 Trunk, unspecified

Back NOS

171.8 Other [see Note 4, page 101]

171.9 Site unspecified

Fibrosarcoma Haemangiosarcoma Leiomysarcoma

Liposarcoma

Lymphangiosarcoma

Myosarcoma Myxosarcoma Rhabdomyosarcoma

Sarcoma Sarcomatosis site unspecified

### 172 Malignant melanoma of skin

Includes:

melanocarcinoma

melanoma (skin) NOS

Excludes: skin of genital organs (184.-, 187.-)

172.0 Lip

Excludes: vermilion border of lip (140.-)

172.1 Eyelid, including canthus

172.2 Ear and external auricular canal

Auricle (ear)

Pinna

External meatus

172.3 Other and unspecified parts of face

Cheek (external)

Nose, external

Eyebrow

Temple

172.4 Scalp and neck

Trunk, except scrotum 172.5

Perianal skin Axilla Perineum **Breast Umbilicus** Buttock

Groin

Excludes: anus NOS (154.3) scrotum (187.7)

172.6 Upper limb including shoulder

172.7 Lower limb including hip

172.8 Other [see Note 4, page 101]

172.9 Site unspecified

173 Other malignant neoplasm of skin

malignant neoplasm of: Includes:

> sebaceous glands sweat glands

malignant melanoma of skin (172.-) Excludes:

skin of genital organs (184.–, 187.–)

Pinna

perineum

173.0 Skin of lip

Excludes: vermilion border of lip (140.-)

Eyelid, including canthus

Excludes: cartilage of eyelid (171.0)

173.2 Ear and external auricular canal

Auricle (ear)

External meatus

Excludes: cartilage of ear (171.0)

173.3 Skin of other and unspecified parts of face

Nose, external Cheek, external

Eyebrow

Temple

173.4 Scalp and skin of neck

173.5 Skin of trunk, except scrotum

Axillary fold Skin of: Perianal skin breast Umbilicus buttock Skin of: chest wall abdominal wall groin

anus back

Excludes: anal canal (154.2)

anus NOS (154.3)

skin of scrotum (187.7)

173.6 Skin of upper limb, including shoulder

173.7 Skin of lower limb, including hip

173.8 Other [see Note 4, page 101]

173.9 Site unspecified

#### 174 Malignant neoplasm of female breast

Includes: brea

breast (female)

Paget's disease of:

connective tissue

breast

soft parts

nipple

Excludes: skin of breast (172.5, 173.5)

174.0 Nipple and areola

174.1 Central portion

174.2 Upper-inner quadrant

174.3 Lower-inner quadrant

174.4 Upper-outer quadrant

174.5 Lower-outer quadrant

174.6 Axillary tail

174.8 Other [see Note 4, page 101]

Ectopic sites

174.9 Breast, unspecified

### 175 Malignant neoplasm of male breast

Excludes: skin of breast (172.5, 173.5)

#### MALIGNANT NEOPLASM OF GENITOURINARY ORGANS (179-189)

### 179 Malignant neoplasm of uterus, part unspecified

### 180 Malignant neoplasm of cervix uteri

180.0 Endocervix

Cervical canal

Endocervical gland

Endocervical canal

180.1 Exocervix

180.8 Other [see Note 4, page 101]

180.9 Cervix uteri, unspecified

#### 181 Malignant neoplasm of placenta

Choriocarcinoma NOS

Chorionepithelioma NOS

Excludes: chorioadenoma (destruens) (236.1)

hydatidiform mole (630) malignant (236.1)

#### 182 Malignant neoplasm of body of uterus

182.0 Corpus uteri, except isthmus

Cornu

Fundus

Endometrium

Myometrium

182.1 Isthmus

Lower uterine segment

182.8 Other [see Note 4, page 101]

#### 183 Malignant neoplasm of ovary and other uterine adnexa

183.0 Ovary

183.2 Fallopian tube

Oviduct

Uterine tube

- 183.3 Broad ligament
- 183.4 Parametrium

Uterine ligament NOS

- 183.5 Round ligament
- 183.8 Other [see Note 4, page 101]
- 183.9 Uterine adnexa, unspecified

#### 184 Malignant neoplasm of other and unspecified female genital organs

184.0 Vagina

184.1 Labia majora

Greater vestibular [Bartholin's] gland

184.2 Labia minora

184.3 Clitoris

184.4 Vulva, unspecified

External female genitalia NOS

Pudendum

184.8 Other [see Note 4, page 101]

184.9 Site unspecified

Female genitourinary tract NOS

#### 185 Malignant neoplasm of prostate

#### 186 Malignant neoplasm of testis

186.0 Undescended

Ectopic testis

Retained testis

186.9 Other and unspecified

Testis:

NOS

descended

scrotal

### 187 Malignant neoplasm of penis and other male genital organs

187.1 Prepuce

Foreskin

187.2 Glans penis

187.3 Body of penis

Corpus cavernosum

187.4 Penis, part unspecified

Skin of penis NOS

187.5 Epididymis

187.6 Spermatic cord

187.7 Scrotum

Skin of scrotum

187.8 Other [see Note 4, page 101]

Seminal vesicle

Tunica vaginalis

187.9 Site unspecified

Male genital organ or tract NOS

### 188 Malignant neoplasm of bladder

188.0 Trigone

- 188.1 Dome
- 188.2 Lateral wall
- 188.3 Anterior wall
- 188.4 Posterior wall
- 188.5 Bladder neck

Internal urethral orifice

- 188.6 Ureteric orifice
- 188.7 Urachus
- 188.8 Other [see Note 4, page 101]
- 188.9 Part unspecified

## 189 Malignant neoplasm of kidney and other and unspecified urinary organs

- 189.0 Kidney, except pelvis
- 189.1 Renal pelvis

Pelviureteric junction

Renal calyces

189.2 *Ureter* 

Excludes: ureteric orifice of bladder (188.6)

189.3 Urethra

Excludes: urethral orifice of bladder (188.5)

- 189.4 Paraurethral glands
- 189.8 Other [see Note 4, page 101]
- 189.9 Site unspecified

Urinary system NOS

## Malignant neoplasm of other and unspecified sites (190-199)

#### 190 Malignant neoplasm of eye

Excludes: cartilage of eyelid (171.0)

eyelid (skin) (172.1, 173.1)

optic nerve (192.0) orbital bone (170.0)

190.0 Eyeball, except conjunctiva, cornea, retina and choroid Ciliary body

190.1 Orbit

Connective tissue of orbit

Retrobulbar

Extraocular muscle

Excludes: orbital bone (170.0)

190.2 Lacrimal gland

190.3 Conjunctiva

190.4 Cornea

190.5 Retina

190.6 Choroid

190.7 Lacrimal duct

Lacrimal sac

Nasolacrimal duct

190.8 Other [see Note 4, page 101]

190.9 Part unspecified

#### 191 Malignant neoplasm of brain

Excludes: cranial nerves (192.–) retrobulbar (190.1)

191.0 Cerebrum, except lobes and ventricles

191.1 Frontal lobe

191.2 Temporal lobe

191.3 Parietal lobe

191.4 Occipital lobe

191.5 Ventricle

Floor of ventricle

191.6 Cerebellum

191.7 Brain stem

191.8 Other [see Note 4, page 101]

191.9 Brain, unspecified

Astrocytoma Astroblastoma Ependymoma

Glioma

Medulloblastoma Neuroepithelioma

Oligodendroblastoma

site unspecified

## 192 Malignant neoplasm of other and unspecified parts of nervous system

Excludes: peripheral, sympathetic and parasympathetic nerves and ganglia (171.-)

≯ 192.0 Cranial nerves

192.1 Cerebral meninges

Meninges NOS

192.2 Spinal cord

192.3 Spinal meninges

192.8 Other [see Note 4, page 101]

192.9 Part unspecified

Nervous system (central) NOS

Excludes: meninges NOS (192.1)

#### 193 Malignant neoplasm of thyroid gland

#### 194 Malignant neoplasm of other endocrine glands and related structures

Excludes: islets of Langerhans (157.4)

194.0 Suprarenal gland

Adrenal gland

194.1 Parathyroid gland

194.3 Pituitary gland and craniopharyngeal duct

194.4 Pineal gland

194.5 Carotid body

194.6 Aortic body and other paraganglia

194.8 Other

Pluriglandular involvement NOS

Note: If the sites of multiple involvement are known, they should be coded separately.

194.9 Site unspecified

Endocrine gland NOS

#### 195 Malignant neoplasm of other and ill-defined sites

Includes: overlapping neoplasms, not elsewhere classified [see Note 4,

page 101]

Excludes: malignant neoplasm:

lymphatic and haematopoietic tissue (200-208)

unspecified site (199.–)

195.0 Head, face and neck

Cheek NOS

Nose NOS

195.1 *Thorax* 

Axilla

195.2 Abdomen

195.3 Pelvis

Groin

Sites overlapping systems within the pelvis, such as:

rectovesical (septum) rectovaginal (septum)

195.4 Upper limb

195.5 Lower limb

195.8 Other specified sites

### 196 Secondary and unspecified malignant neoplasm of lymph nodes

Excludes: any malignant neoplasm of lymph nodes, specified as primary

(200-202)

Hodgkin's disease (201.–) lymphosarcoma (200.1)

other forms of lymphoma (202.–)

recticulosarcoma (200.0)

Note: This category should not be used for coding underlying cause of death [see page 727].

196.0 Head, face and neck

Cervicofacial Supraclavicular

196.1 Intrathoracic

Bronchopulmonary Tracheobronchial

Mediastinal

196.2 Intra-abdominal

Intestinal Retroperitoneal

Mesenteric

196.3 Axilla and upper limb Brachial Pectoral Epitrochlear 196.5 Inguinal and lower limb Groin **Tibial** Popliteal 196.6 Intrapelvic Iliac Obturator 196.8 Multiple sites 196.9 Site unspecified Lymph nodes NOS 197 Secondary malignant neoplasm of respiratory and digestive systems Note: This category should not be used for coding underlying cause of death [see page 727]. 197.0 Lung 197.1 Mediastinum 197.2 Pleura 197.3 Other respiratory organs 197.4 Small intestine, including duodenum 197.5 Large intestine and rectum 197.6 Retroperitoneum and peritoneum 197.7 Liver 197.8 Other digestive organs 198 Secondary malignant neoplasm of other specified sites Note: This category should not be used for coding underlying cause of death [see page 727]. 198.0 Kidney 198.1 Other urinary organs 198.2 Skin

198.4 Other parts of nervous system Meninges (cerebral) (spinal)

Brain and spinal cord

198.3

198.5 Bone and bone marrow

198.6 Ovary

198.7 Suprarenal gland

198.8 Other specified sites

#### 199 Malignant neoplasm without specification of site

(secondary) **

199.0 Disseminated

Carcinomatosis

Generalised: unspecified site cancer (primary)

malignancy Multiple cancer

199.1 Other

Carcinoma Cancer (primary)
Malignancy (secondary)

## MALIGNANT NEOPLASM OF LYMPHATIC AND HAEMATOPOIETIC TISSUE (200-208)

Excludes: secondary and unspecified neoplasm of lymph nodes (196.-)

#### 200 Lymphosarcoma and reticulosarcoma

200.0 Reticulosarcoma

200.1 Lymphosarcoma

Excludes: lymphosarcoma-cell leukaemia (207.8)

200.2 Burkitt's tumour

200.8 Other named variants

Reticulolymphosarcoma

#### 201 Hodgkin's disease

Note: Two alternative sub-classifications are given:

.0-.2 Parker-Jackson

.4-.7 Rye modification of Lukes-Butler

This departure from the principle that categories should be mutually exclusive is deliberate, since both forms of terminology are currently encountered on medical records.

201.0	Hodgkin's paragranuloma					
201.1	Hodgkin's granuloma					
201.2	Hodgkin's sarcoma					
201.4	Lymphocytic-histiocytic predominance					
201.5	Nodular sclerosis					
201.6	Mixed cellularity					
201.7	Lymphocytic depletion					
201.9	Unspecified					
202	Other malignant neoplasm of l	ymphoid and histiocytic tissue				
202.0	Nodular lymphoma					
Brill-Sy	ymmers disease	Follicular lymphoma				
202.1	Mycosis fungoides					
202.2	Sézary's disease					
202.3	Malignant histiocytosis					
202.4	Leukaemic reticuloendotheliosi	is				
Hairy-	cell leukaemia					
202.5	Letterer-Siwe disease					
his	differentiated progressive stiocytosis infantile reticuloendotheliosis	Acute (progressive) histiocytosis Acute reticulosis of infancy				
Exclud	es: histiocytosis (acute) (chro histiocytosis X (chronic)					
202.6	Malignant mast-cell tumours					
	iant: cocytoma cocytosis	Mast-cell sarcoma				
Exclud	es: mast-cell leukaemia (207.	8)				
202.8	Other lymphomas					
Lymph NOS diffu						

202.9 Other and unspecified

#### 203 Multiple myeloma and immunoproliferative neoplasms

203.0 Multiple myeloma

Kahler's disease

Myelomatosis

Excludes: solitary myeloma (238.6)

203.1 Plasma cell leukaemia

203.8 Other immunoproliferative neoplasms

#### 204 Lymphoid leukaemia

Includes: leukaemia:

lymphatic lymphocytic

204.0 Acute

Excludes: acute exacerbation of chronic lymphoid leukaemia (204.1)

204.1 Chronic

204.2 Subacute

204.8 Other

204.9 Unspecified

#### 205 Myeloid leukaemia

Includes: leukaemia:

granulocytic myelogenous

205.0 Acute

Excludes: acute exacerbation of chronic myeloid leukaemia (205.1)

205.1 Chronic

205.2 Subacute

205.3 Myeloid sarcoma

Chloroma

Granulocytic sarcoma

205.8 Other

205.9 Unspecified

#### 206 Monocytic leukaemia

Includes: monocytoid leukaemia

206.0 Acute

Excludes: acute exacerbation of chronic monocytic leukaemia (206.1)

206.1 Chronic

206.2 Subacute

206.8 Other

206.9 Unspecified

#### 207 Other specified leukaemia

Excludes: leukaemic reticuloendotheliosis (202.4) plasma cell leukaemia (203.1)

207.0 Acute erythraemia and erythroleukaemia

Acute erythraemic myelosis

Di Guglielmo's disease

207.1 Chronic erythraemia

Heilmeyer-Schöner disease

207.2 Megakaryocytic leukaemia

207.8 Other

Lymphosarcoma cell leukaemia

#### 208 Leukaemia of unspecified cell type

208.0 Acute

Acute leukaemia NOS

Stem cell leukaemia

Blast cell leukaemia

Excludes: acute exacerbation of unspecified leukaemia (208.1)

208.1 Chronic

Chronic leukaemia NOS

208.2 Subacute

Subacute leukaemia NOS

208.8 Other

208.9 Unspecified

Leukaemia NOS

BENIGN NEOPLASMS (210-229)

#### 210 Benign neoplasm of lip, oral cavity and pharynx

Excludes: cyst of jaw (522.-, 526.-) cyst of oral soft tissue (528.-)

210.0 Lip

Frenulum labii

Lip (inner aspect) (mucosa) (vermilion border)

Excludes: labial commissure (210.4)

skin of lip (216.0)

210.1 Tongue

Lingual tonsil

210.2 Major salivary glands

Gland:

parotid sublingual

submandibular

Excludes: benign neoplasms of minor salivary glands which are to be

classified according to their anatomical location; if lo-

cation is not specified, classify to 210.4

210.3 Floor of mouth

210.4 Other and unspecified parts of mouth

Gingiva

Oral mucosa

Labial commissure

Palate (hard) (soft)

Oral cavity NOS

Uvula

Excludes:

benign odontogenic neoplasms (213.–)

mucosa of lips (210.0)

nasopharyngeal [posterior] [superior] surface of soft palate

(210.7)

210.5 Tonsil

Tonsil (faucial) (palatine)

Excludes:

lingual tonsil (210.1)

pharyngeal tonsil (210.7)

tonsillar:

fossa (210.6)

pillars (210.6)

210.6 Other parts of oropharynx

Epiglottis, anterior aspect

Vallecula

Tonsillar:

fossa

pillars

Excludes:

epiglottis:

NOS (212.1)

suprahyoid portion (212.1)

- 210.7 Nasopharynx
- 210.8 Hypopharynx
- 210.9 Pharynx, unspecified

#### 211 Benign neoplasm of other parts of digestive system

- 211.0 Oesophagus
- 211.1 Stomach
- 211.2 Small intestine, including duodenum

Excludes: ampulla of Vater (211.5) ileocaecal valve (211.3)

211.3 Colon

Excludes: rectosigmoid junction (211.4)

211.4 Rectum and anal canal

Anus NOS

Excludes: anus:

margin (216.5) skin (216.5) perianal skin (216.5)

- 211.5 Liver and biliary passages
- 211.6 Pancreas, except islets of Langerhans
- 211.7 Islets of Langerhans

Islet cell tumour

- 211.8 Retroperitoneum and peritoneum
- 211.9 Other and unspecified site

Alimentary canal or tract NOS Gastrointestinal tract NOS Intestine NOS

Spleen, not elsewhere classified

#### 212 Benign neoplasm of respiratory and intrathoracic organs

212.0 Nasal cavities, middle ear and accessory sinuses

Excludes: auricular canal (external) (216.2)

bone of:

ear (213.0) nose (213.0)

cartilage of ear (215.0)

ear (external) (skin) (216.2)

```
nose NOS (229.8)
              skin (216.3)
           olfactory bulb (225.1)
           polyp of:
              accessory sinus (471.8)
             ear (387.9)
              nasal cavity (471.0)
           posterior margin of septum and choanae (210.7)
       Larynx
           epiglottis, anterior aspect (210.6)
Excludes:
           polyp of vocal cord or larynx (478.4)
      Trachea
      Bronchus and lung
212.4 Pleura
      Mediastinum
      Thymus
212.7 Heart
Excludes: great vessels (215.4)
      Other specified sites
212.9 Site unspecified
Respiratory organ NOS
Upper respiratory tract NOS
Excludes: intrathoracic NOS (229.8)
           thoracic NOS (229.8)
       Benign neoplasm of bone and articular cartilage
           cartilage of:
Excludes:
              ear (215.0)
              eyelid (215.0)
              larynx (212.1)
              nose (212.0)
           synovia (215.–)
       Bones of skull and face
Excludes:
          lower jaw bone (213.1)
     Lower jaw bone
213.2 Vertebral column, excluding sacrum and coccyx
213.3 Ribs, sternum and clavicle
213.4 Long bones of upper limb and scapula
```

212.1

212.2

212.3

212.5

212.6

212.8

213

213.0

213.1

- 213.5 Upper limb, short bones
- 213.6 Pelvic bones, sacrum and coccyx
- 213.7 Lower limb, long bones
- 213.8 Lower limb, short bones
- 213.9 Site unspecified

Chondroma Osteoma site unspecified

#### 214 Lipoma

Angiolipoma
Fibrolipoma
Hibernoma
Lipoma (fetal) (infiltrating) (intramuscular)
Myxolipoma

#### 215 Other benign neoplasm of connective and other soft tissue

Includes: blood vessel

bursa

fascia ligament muscle peripheral, sympathetic and parasympathetic nerves and

ganglia synovia

tendon (sheath)

Excludes: cartilage:

articular (213.-) larynx (212.1) nose (212.0)

connective tissue of breast (217)

- 215.0 Head, face and neck
- 215.2 Upper limb, including shoulder
- 215.3 Lower limb, including hip
- 215.4 Thorax

Excludes: heart (212.7)

mediastinum (212.5) thymus (212.6)

215.5 Abdomen

215.6 Pelvis

Excludes: uterine:

leiomyoma (218) ligament, any (221.0) 215.7 Trunk, unspecified

**Back NOS** 

215.8 Other specified sites

215.9 Site unspecified

Leiomyoma Mvoma

Myxofibroma

} site unspecified

Myxoma

Rhabdomyoma

#### 216 Benign neoplasm of skin

Includes:

blue naevus

dermatofibroma

pigmented naevus

syringoadenoma

hydrocystoma

syringoma

Excludes: skin of genital organs (221.-, 222.-)

216.0 Skin of lip

Excludes: vermilion border of lip (210.0)

216.1 Eyelid, including canthus

Excludes: cartilage of eyelid (215.0)

216.2 Ear and external auricular canal

Auricle (ear)

Pinna

External meatus

Excludes: cartilage of ear (215.0)

216.3 Skin of other and unspecified parts of face

Cheek, external

Nose, external

Eyebrow

Temple

216.4 Scalp and skin of neck

216.5 Skin of trunk, except scrotum

Axillary fold

Skin of:

abdominal wall

Perianal skin Umbilicus

anus

back breast

buttock chest wall

groin perineum

Excludes: anal canal (211.4)

anus NOS (211.4)

skin of scrotum (222.4)

216.6 Skin of upper limb, including shoulder

216.7 Skin of lower limb, including hip

216.8 Other

216.9 Site unspecified

#### 217 Benign neoplasm of breast

Breast (male) (female) connective tissue soft parts

Excludes: benign cyst of breast (610.-) skin of breast (216.5)

#### 218 Uterine leiomyoma

Fibroid (uterus)

Fibromyoma duterus Myoma

#### 219 Other benign neoplasm of uterus

219.0 Cervix uteri

219.1 Corpus uteri

219.8 Other specified parts

219.9 Part unspecified

### 220 Benign neoplasm of ovary

## 221 Benign neoplasm of other female genital organs

Includes: adenomatous polyp benign teratoma

221.0 Uterine tube and ligaments

Fallopian tube

Uterine ligament (broad) (round)

Oviduct

221.1 Vagina

221.2 Vulva

Clitoris

Labia (majora) (minora)

External female genitalia NOS Pudendum

Greater vestibular [Bartholin's] gland

221.8 Other specified sites

#### 221.9 Site unspecified

#### 222 Benign neoplasm of male genital organs

222.0 Testis

222.1 Penis

Corpus cavernosum

Prepuce

Glans penis

222.2 Prostate

Excludes: adenomatous hyperplasia of prostate (600)

prostatic:

adenoma (600) enlargement (600) hypertrophy (600)

222.3 Epididymis

222.4 Scrotum

Skin of scrotum

222.8 Other specified sites

Seminal vesicle

Spermatic cord

Urethra

222.9 Site unspecified

#### 223 Benign neoplasm of kidney and other urinary organs

223.0 Kidney, except pelvis

Excludes: renal:

calyces (223.1) pelvis (223.1)

223.1 Renal pelvis

223.2 Ureter

Excludes: ureteric orifice of bladder (223.3)

223.3 Bladder

223.8 Other specified sites

Paraurethral glands

Excludes: urethral orifice of bladder (223.3)

223.9 Site unspecified

Urinary system NOS

#### 224 Benign neoplasm of eye

Excludes: cartilage of eyelid (215.0)

eyelid (skin) (216.1) optic nerve (225.1) orbital bone (213.0)

- 224.0 Eyeball, except conjunctiva, cornea, retina and choroid
- 224.1 *Orbit*
- 224.2 Lacrimal gland
- 224.3 Conjunctiva
- 224.4 Cornea
- 224.5 Retina

Excludes: haemangioma of retina (228.0)

- 224.6 Choroid
- 224.7 Lacrimal duct

Lacrimal sac

Nasolacrimal duct

- 224.8 Other specified parts
- 224.9 Part unspecified

#### Benign neoplasm of brain and other parts of nervous system

Excludes: haemangioma (228.0)

peripheral, sympathetic and parasympathetic nerves and

ganglia (215.-) retrobulbar (224.1)

- 225.0 Brain
- 225.1 Cranial nerves
- 225.2 Cerebral meninges

Meninges NOS

Meningioma (cerebral)

- 225.3 Spinal cord
- 225.4 Spinal meninges

Spinal meningioma

- 225.8 Other
- 225.9 Part unspecified

Nervous system (central) NOS

Excludes: meninges NOS (225.2)

#### 226 Benign neoplasm of thyroid gland

#### 227 Benign neoplasm of other endocrine glands and related structures

227.0 Suprarenal gland

Adrenal gland

227.1 Parathyroid gland

227.3 Pituitary gland and craniopharyngeal duct

227.4 Pineal gland

227.5 Carotid body

227.6 Aortic body and other paraganglia

227.8 Other

227.9 Site unspecified

Endocrine gland NOS

#### 228 Haemangioma and lymphangioma, any site

Excludes: blue or pigmented naevus (216.-)

228.0 Haemangioma, any site

Angioma (benign) (cavernous)

Naevus:

(congenital) NOS Glomus tumour

cavernous vascular

Haemangioma (benign) (congenital)

Systemic angiomatosis

228.1 Lymphangioma, any site

Congenital lymphangioma

Lymphatic naevus

#### 229 Benign neoplasm of other and unspecified sites

229.0 Lymph nodes

229.8 Other specified sites

229.9 Site unspecified

CARCINOMA IN SITU (230-234)

Includes: Bowen's disease

erythroplasia

Queyrat's erythroplasia

#### 230 Carcinoma in situ of digestive organs

230.0 Lip, oral cavity and pharynx

Gingiva

Oropharynx

Hypopharynx

Salivary gland or duct

Mouth [any part]

Tongue

Nasopharynx

Excludes: aryepiglott

aryepiglottic fold or interarytenoid fold, laryngeal aspect (231.0)

epiglottis:

NOS (231.0)

suprahyoid portion (231.0)

skin of lip (232.0)

230.1 Oesophagus

230.2 Stomach

230.3 Colon

Excludes: rectosigmoid junction (230.4)

230.4 Rectum

230.5 Anal canal

230.6 Anus, unspecified

Excludes: anus:

margin (232.5) skin (232.5) perianal skin (232.5)

230.7 Other and unspecified parts of intestine

Excludes: ampulla of Vater (230.8)

230.8 Liver and biliary system

230.9 Other and unspecified digestive organs

Digestive organ NOS

Pancreas

#### 231 Carcinoma in situ of respiratory system

231.0 *Larynx* 

Excludes: aryepiglottic fold or interarytenoid fold:

NOS (230.0)

hypopharyngeal aspect (230.0)

marginal zone (230.0)

231.1 Trachea

231.2 Bronchus and lung

231.8 Other specified parts

Accessory sinuses

Nasal cavities

Middle ear

Excludes:

ear (external) (skin) (232.2)

nose NOS (234.8) skin (232.3)

231.9 Part unspecified

Respiratory organ NOS

#### 232 Carcinoma in situ of skin

Includes: pigment cells

232.0 Skin of lip

Excludes: vermilion border of lip (230.0)

232.1 Eyelid, including canthus

232.2 Ear and external auricular canal

232.3 Skin of other and unspecified parts of face

232.4 Scalp and skin of neck

232.5 Skin of trunk, except scrotum

Anus, margin

Axillary fold

Axinary fold addominal wa

Perianal skin

Umbilicus

Skin of:

abdominal wall

anus

back

breast buttock

chest wall

groin

perineum

Excludes: anal canal (230.5)

anus NOS (230.6)

skin of genital organs (233.3, 233.5, 233.6)

232.6 Skin of upper limb, including shoulder

232.7 Skin of lower limb, including hip

232.8 Other specified sites

232.9 Site unspecified

#### 233 Carcinoma in situ of breast and genitourinary system

233.0 Breast

Excludes: skin of breast (232.5)

- 233.1 Cervix uteri
- 233.2 Other and unspecified parts of uterus
- 233.3 Other and unspecified female genital organs
- 233.4 Prostate
- 233.5 Penis
- 233.6 Other and unspecified male genital organs
- 233.7 Bladder
- 233.9 Other and unspecified urinary organs

#### 234 Carcinoma in situ of other and unspecified sites

234.0 *Eye* 

Excludes: eyelid (skin) (232.1)

234.8 Other specified sites

Endocrine gland [any]

234.9 Site unspecified

Carcinoma in situ NOS

#### NEOPLASMS OF UNCERTAIN BEHAVIOUR (235-238)

Note: Categories 235-238 classify by site certain histo-morphologically well-defined neoplasms the subsequent behaviour of which cannot be predicted from their present appearance.

## Neoplasm of uncertain behaviour of digestive and respiratory systems

235.0 Major salivary glands

Gland:

parotid

sublingual submandibular

235.1 Lip, oral cavity and pharynx

Gingiva Hypopharynx Nasopharynx Oropharynx

Mouth

Tongue

Excludes: aryepiglottic fold or interarytenoid fold, laryngeal aspect (235.6)

epiglottis:

NOS (235.6)

suprahyoid portion (235.6)

skin of lip (238.2)

#### 235.2 Stomach, intestines and rectum

235.3 Liver and biliary passages

Ampulla of Vater

Gallbladder

Bile ducts [any]

Liver

235.4 Retroperitoneum and peritoneum

235.5 Other and unspecified digestive organs

Anal:

Anus NOS

canal sphincter

Oesophagus Pancreas

Excludes: anus:

margin (238.2)

skin (238.2)

perianal skin (238.2)

235.6 Larynx

Excludes: aryepiglottic fold or interarytenoid fold:

NOS (235.1)

hypopharyngeal aspect (235.1)

marginal zone (235.1)

235.7 Trachea, bronchus and lung

235.8 Pleura, thymus and mediastinum

235.9 Other and unspecified respiratory organs

Accessory sinuses

Nasal cavities

Middle ear

Respiratory organ NOS

Excludes: ear (external) (skin) (238.2)

nose (238.8) skin (238.2)

#### 236 Neoplasm of uncertain behaviour of genitourinary organs

236.0 Uterus

236.1 Placenta

Chorioadenoma (destruens)

Malignant hydatid(iform) mole

236.2 Ovary

236.3 Other and unspecified female genital organs

236.4 *Testis* 

236.5 Prostate

236.6 Othe	r and	unspecified	male	genital	organs
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236.7 Bladder

236.9 Other and unspecified urinary organs

Kidney Ureter Urethra

# Neoplasm of uncertain behaviour of endocrine glands and nervous system

- 237.0 Pituitary gland and craniopharyngeal duct
- 237.1 Pineal gland
- 237.2 Suprarenal gland

Adrenal gland

- 237.3 Paraganglia
- 237.4 Other and unspecified endocrine glands

Parathyroid gland

Thyroid gland

- 237.5 Brain and spinal cord
- 237.6 Meninges

Meninges:

NOS

cerebral

spinal

237.7 Neurofibromatosis

von Recklinghausen's disease

237.9 Other and unspecified parts of nervous system

Cranial nerves

## Neoplasm of uncertain behaviour of other and unspecified sites and tissues

238.0 Bone and articular cartilage

Excludes: cartilage: ear (238.1) eyelid (238.1) larynx (235.6) nose (235.9) synovia (238.1) 238.1 Connective and other soft tissue

Excludes: cartilage (of):

articular (238.0) larynx (235.6) nose (235.9)

connective tissue of breast (238.3)

238.2 Skin

Excludes: anus NOS (235.5)

> skin of genital organs (236.3, 236.6) vermilion border of lip (235.1)

238.3 Breast

Excludes: skin of breast (238.2)

238.4 Polycythaemia vera

238.5 Histiocytic and mast cells

Mast-cell tumour NOS Mastocytoma NOS

238.6 Plasma cells

Plasmacytoma NOS

Solitary myeloma

238.7 Other lymphatic and haematopoietic tissues

Disease:

lymphoproliferative (chronic) NOS myeloproliferative (chronic) NOS

Idiopathic thrombocythaemia Megakaryocytic myelosclerosis

Myelosclerosis with myeloid metaplasia

Panmyelosis (acute)

Excludes: myelofibrosis (298.8)

myelosclerosis NOS (289.8)

myelosis:

NOS (205.9)

megakaryocytic (207.2)

238.8 Other specified sites

Eye Heart

Excludes: eyelid (skin) (238.2)

cartilage (238.1)

238.9 Site unspecified

NEOPLASMS OF UNSPECIFIED NATURE (239)

Note: Category 239 classifies by site neoplasms of unspecified mor-

phology and behaviour.

#### 239 Neoplasm of unspecified nature

Includes: "growth" NOS

neoplasm NOS new growth NOS tumour NOS

239.0 Digestive system

Excludes: anus:

margin (239.2) skin (239.2) perianal skin (239.2)

239.1 Respiratory system

239.2 Bone, soft tissue and skin

Excludes: anal canal (239.0)

anus NOS (239.0)

cartilage:

larynx (239.1) nose (239.1)

connective tissue of breast (239.3) skin of genital organs (239.5) vermilion border of lip (239.8)

239.3 Breast

Excludes: skin of breast (239.2)

239.4 Bladder

239.5 Other genitourinary organs

239.6 Brain

Excludes: cerebral meninges (239.7) cranial nerves (239.7)

Endocrine glands, and other parts of nervous system

Excludes: peripheral, sympathetic and parasympathetic nerves and ganglia (239.2)

239.8 Other specified sites

Excludes: eyelid (skin) (239.2) cartilage (239.2)

great vessels (239.2) optic nerve (239.7)

239.9 Site unspecified

## III. ENDOCRINE, NUTRITIONAL AND METABOLIC DISEASES AND IMMUNITY DISORDERS

Excludes: endocrine and metabolic disturbances specific to the fetus and newborn (775.-)

Note: All neoplasms, whether functionally active or not, are classified in Chapter II. Codes in Chapter III (i.e. 242.8, 246.0, 251-253, 255-259) may be used, if desired, to identify such functional activity associated with any neoplasm, or by ectopic endocrine tissue.

#### DISORDERS OF THYROID GLAND (240-246)

parenchymatous

#### 240 Simple and unspecified goitre

240.0 Goitre, specified as simple

Includes: conditions in 240.9, specified as simple

240.9 Goitre, unspecified

Enlargement of thyroid

Goitre or struma: Goitre or struma: hyperplastic

diffuse colloid endemic

Excludes: congenital (dyshormonogenic) goitre (246.1)

#### 241 Nontoxic nodular goitre

Excludes: adenoma of thyroid (226)

cystadenoma of thyroid (226)

241.0 Nontoxic uninodular goitre

Thyroid nodule Uninodular goitre (nontoxic)

241.1 Nontoxic multinodular goitre

Multinodular goitre (nontoxic)

241.9 Unspecified

Adenomatous goitre Struma nodosa (simplex)

Nodular goitre (nontoxic) NOS

#### 242 Thyrotoxicosis with or without goitre

Excludes: neonatal thyrotoxicosis (775.3)

242.0 Toxic diffuse goitre

Exophthalmic or toxic goitre NOS

242.1 Toxic uninodular goitre

Thyroid nodule Uninodular goitre toxic or with hyperthyroidism

- 242.2 Toxic multinodular goitre
- 242.3 Toxic nodular goitre, unspecified

Any condition in 241.9 specified as toxic or with hyperthyroidism

- 242.4 Thyrotoxicosis from ectopic thyroid nodule
- 242.8 Thyrotoxicosis of other specified origin

Overproduction of thyroid-stimulating hormone Thyrotoxicosis:

factitia

from ingestion of excessive thyroid material

Use additional E code, if desired, to identify cause if drug induced

242.9 Thyrotoxicosis without mention of goitre or other cause Hyperthyroidism NOS

#### 243 Congenital hypothyroidism

Congenital thyroid insufficiency Cretinism

Use additional code, if desired, to identify associated mental retardation

Excludes: congenital (dyshormonogenic) goitre (246.1)

### 244 Acquired hypothyroidism

Includes: hypothyroidism (acquired)

myxoedema (juvenile) (adult)

- 244.0 Postsurgical hypothyroidism
- 244.1 Other postablative hypothyroidism

Hypothyroidism following therapy such as irradiation

244.2 Iodine hypothyroidism

Hypothyroidism resulting from administration or ingestion of iodide Use additional E code, if desired, to identify drug

244.3 Other iatrogenic hypothyroidism

Hypothyroidism resulting from:

P-aminosalicylic acid [PAS]

Phenylbutazone

Resorcinol

Use additional E code, if desired, to identify drug

244.8 Other

244.9 Unspecified hypothyroidism

Hypothyroidism Myxoedema primary or NOS

#### 245 Thyroiditis

245.0 Acute thyroiditis

Abscess of thyroid

Thyroiditis:

pyogenic

suppurative

Use additional code, if desired, to identify organism

#### 245.1 Subacute thyroiditis

Thyroiditis:

de Quervain's giant-cell

granulomatous

#### 245.2 Chronic lymphocytic thyroiditis

Autoimmune thyroiditis

Lymphocytic thyroiditis (chronic) Struma lymphomatosa

Hashimoto's disease

245.3 Chronic fibrous thyroiditis

Thyroiditis:

ligneous

Riedel's

### 245.4 Iatrogenic thyroiditis

Use additional code, if desired, to identify cause

245.8 Other and unspecified chronic thyroiditis

Chronic thyroiditis NOS

245.9 Unspecified

Thyroiditis NOS

### 246 Other disorders of thyroid

246.0 Disorders of thyrocalcitonin secretion

Hypersecretion of calcitonin or thyrocalcitonin

246.1 Dyshormonogenic goitre

Congenital goitre

Goitre due to enzyme defect in synthesis of thyroid hormone

246.2 Cyst of thyroid

Excludes: cystadenoma (226)

246.3 Haemorrhage and infarction of thyroid

246.8 Other

Abnormality of thyroid-binding globulin

Atrophy of thyroid

246.9 Unspecified

DISEASES OF OTHER ENDOCRINE GLANDS (250-259)

#### 250 Diabetes mellitus

The following fifth-digit subclassification may be used, if desired, with category 250:

- .0 adult-onset type
- .1 juvenile type
- .9 unspecified whether adult-onset or juvenile type

Excludes: neonatal diabetes mellitus (775.1)

nonclinical diabetes (790.2)

when complicating pregnancy, childbirth or the puerperium (648.0)

250.0 Diabetes mellitus without mention of complication

Diabetes mellitus without mention of complication or manifestation classifiable to 250.1-250.9

Diabetes (mellitus) NOS

250.1 Diabetes with ketoacidosis

Diabetic: acidosis ketosis

without mention of coma

250.2 Diabetes with coma

Diabetic coma (with ketoacidosis) Diabetes with hyperosmolar coma

250.3† Diabetes with renal manifestations (581.8, 582.8, 583.8*)

Diabetic nephropathy Intracapillary glomerulosclerosis Kimmelstiel-Wilson syndrome

250.4† Diabetes with ophthalmic manifestations

Diabetic:

cataract (366.4*) retinopathy (362.0*) 250.5† Diabetes with neurological manifestations

Diabetic:

amyotrophy (358.1*) Diabetic polyneuropathy (357.2*) mononeuropathy (354.-, 355.-*)

250.6† Diabetes with peripheral circulatory disorders

Diabetic:

gangrene (785.4*) peripheral angiopathy (443.8*)

250.7† Diabetes with other specified manifestations

Excludes: intercurrent infections in diabetic patients

250.9 Diabetes with unspecified complications

### 251 Other disorders of pancreatic internal secretion

251.0 Hypoglycaemic coma

Iatrogenic hyperinsulinism Insulin coma

Use additional E code, if desired, to identify cause if drug induced

251.1 Other hyperinsulinism

Hyperinsulinism:

NOS

ectopic

functional

Hyperplasia of pancreatic islet beta cells NOS

251.2 Hypoglycaemia, unspecified

251.3 Postsurgical hypoinsulinaemia

Postpancreatectomy hyperglycaemia

251.4 Abnormality of secretion of glucagon

Hyperplasia of pancreatic islet alpha cells with glucagon excess

251.5 Abnormality of secretion of gastrin

Hyperplasia of pancreatic alpha cells with gastrin excess Zollinger-Ellison syndrome

Zominger-Emison sym

251.8 Other

251.9 Unspecified

Islet-cell hyperplasia NOS

#### 252 Disorders of parathyroid gland

252.0 Hyperparathyroidism

Hyperplasia of parathyroid

Osteitis fibrosa cystica generalisata [von Recklinghausen's disease of bone]

Excludes: secondary hyperparathyroidism (of renal origin) (588.8)

# 252.1 Hypoparathyroidism

Parathyroiditis (autoimmune)

Tetany:

parathyroid parathyroprival

Excludes:

pseudohypoparathyroidism (275.4)

pseudopseudohypoparathyroidism (275.4)

tetany NOS (781.7)

transitory neonatal hypoparathyroidism (775.4)

252.8 Other

252.9 Unspecified

# 253 Disorders of the pituitary gland and its hypothalamic control

Includes: the listed conditions whether the disorder is in the pituitary

or the hypothalamus

Excludes: Cushing's syndrome (255.0)

253.0 Acromegaly and gigantism

Arthropathy associated with acromegaly † (713.0*)

Overproduction of growth hormone

253.1 Other anterior pituitary hyperfunction

Excludes:

overproduction of: ACTH (255.3)

thyroid-stimulating hormone (242.8)

#### 253.2 Panhypopituitarism

Cachexia, pituitary

Sheehan's syndrome Simmonds's disease

Necrosis of pituitary (post-partum)

Pituitary insufficiency NOS

Excludes: iatrogenic hypopituitarism (253.7)

#### 253.3 Pituitary dwarfism

Isolated deficiency of growth hormone

Lorain-Levi dwarfism

#### 253.4 Other anterior pituitary disorders

Isolated or partial deficiency of an anterior pituitary hormone, other than growth hormone

#### 253.5 Diabetes insipidus

Excludes: nephrogenic diabetes insipidus (588.1)

# 253.6 Other disorders of neurohypophysis

Syndrome of inappropriate secretion of antidiuretic hormone

253.7 Iatrogenic pituitary disorders

Hypopituitarism:

hormone-induced

hypophysectomy-induced radiotherapy-induced

Use additional E code, if desired, to identify cause

253.8 Other disorders of the pituitary and other syndromes of diencephalohypophyseal origin

Abscess of pituitary

Adiposogenital dystrophy

Cyst of Rathke's pouch Fröhlich's syndrome

253.9 Unspecified

Dyspituitarism

# 254 Diseases of thymus gland

Excludes: aplasia or dysplasia with immunodeficiency (279.2)

myasthenia gravis (358.0)

254.0 Persistent hyperplasia of thymus

Hypertrophy of thymus

254.1 Abscess of thymus

254.8 Other

254.9 Unspecified

# 255 Disorders of adrenal glands

Includes: the listed conditions whether the basic disorder is in the adrenals or is pituitary induced

255.0 Cushing's syndrome

Cushing's syndrome: NOS

Ectopic ACTH syndrome Overproduction of cortisol

iatrogenic

idiopathic

pituitary-dependent

Use additional E code, if desired, to identify cause if drug induced

255.1 Hyperaldosteronism

Conn's syndrome

#### 255.2 Adrenogenital disorders

Adrenogenital syndromes, virilizing or feminizing, whether acquired or associated with congenital adrenal hyperplasia consequent on inborn enzyme defects in hormone synthesis

Adrenogenital syndrome

Female adrenal pseudohermaphroditism

Male:

macrogenitosomia praecox sexual precocity with adrenal hyperplasia

Virilization (female)

# 255.3 Other corticoadrenal overactivity

Overproduction of ACTH

# 255.4 Corticoadrenal insufficiency

Addisonian crisis

Addison's disease:

NOS

tuberculous* (017.6†)

Adrenal:

atrophy (autoimmune)

calcification

crisis

haemorrhage infarction

insufficiency NOS

# 255.5 Other adrenal hypofunction

Waterhouse-Friderichsen syndrome (meningoccal)* (036.3†)

# 255.6 Medulloadrenal hyperfunction

Catecholamine secretion by phaeochromocytoma

Note: Not to be used as the primary code for phaeochromocytoma. See note, page 145.

255.8 Other

Abnormality of cortisol-binding globulin

255.9 Unspecified

# 256 Ovarian dysfunction

256.0 Hyperoestrogenism

256.1 Other ovarian hyperfunction

Hypersecretion of ovarian androgens

# 256.2 Postablative ovarian failure

Ovarian failure:

iatrogenic

postirradiation

postsurgical

256.3 Other ovarian failure

Premature menopause NOS

Primary ovarian failure

256.4 Polycystic ovaries

Stein-Leventhal syndrome

256.8 Other

256.9 Unspecified

# 257 Testicular dysfunction

257.0 Testicular hyperfunction

Hypersecretion of testicular hormones

257.1 Postablative testicular hypofunction

Testicular hypofunction:

iatrogenic

postirradiation

postsurgical

257.2 Other testicular hypofunction

Defective biosynthesis of testicular androgen

Testicular hypogonadism

Excludes: azoospermia (606)

257.8 Other

Goldberg-Maxwell syndrome
Male pseudohermaphroditism with testicular feminization

Testicular feminization

257.9 Unspecified

# 258 Polyglandular dysfunction and related disorders

258.0 Polyglandular activity in multiple endocrine adenomatosis

Wermer's syndrome

Note: Not to be used as the primary code for multiple endocrine adenomatosis. See note, page 145.

258.1 Other combinations of endocrine dysfunction

Lloyd's syndrome

Schmidt's syndrome

258.8 Other

258.9 Polyglandular dysfunction, unspecified

#### 259 Other endocrine disorders

259.0 Delay in sexual development and puberty, not elsewhere classified Delayed puberty

259.1 Precocious sexual development and puberty, not elsewhere classified

Sexual precocity:

NOS

constitutional

cryptogenic

idiopathic

259.2 Carcinoid syndrome

Hormone secretion by carcinoid tumours

Note: Not to be used as the primary code for carcinoid tumour. See note, page 145.

259.3 Ectopic hormone secretion, not elsewhere classified

259.4 Dwarfism, not elsewhere classified

Dwarfism:

NOS

constitutional

Excludes: dwarfism:

achondroplastic (756.4) intrauterine (759.7) nutritional (263.2) pituitary (253.3) renal (588.0) progeria (259.8)

259.8 Other

Pineal gland dysfunction

Werner's syndrome

Progeria

259.9 Unspecified

Disturbance:

Infantilism NOS

endocrine NOS hormone NOS

NUTRITIONAL DEFICIENCIES (260-269)

Excludes: deficiency anaemias (280.-, 281.-)

#### 260 Kwashiorkor

Nutritional oedema with dyspigmentation of skin and hair

#### 261 Nutritional marasmus

Nutritional atrophy Severe calorie deficiency Severe malnutrition NOS

# 262 Other severe protein-calorie malnutrition

Malnutrition of third degree according to Gomez classification [weight for age less than 60% of standard]

Nutritional oedema without mention of dyspigmentation of skin and hair

## 263 Other and unspecified protein-calorie malnutrition

263.0 Malnutrition of moderate degree

Malnutrition of second degree according to Gomez classification [weight for age 60% to less than 75% of standard]

263.1 Malnutrition of mild degree

Malnutrition of first degree according to Gomez classification [weight for age 75% to less than 90% of standard]

263.2 Arrested development following protein-calorie malnutrition

Nutritional dwarfism

Physical retardation due to malnutrition

263.8 Other protein-calorie malnutrition

263.9 Unspecified

Dystrophy due to malnutrition

Malnutrition (calorie) NOS

Excludes: nutritional deficiency NOS (269.9)

# 264 Vitamin A deficiency

264.0† With conjunctival xerosis (372.5*)

264.1† With Bitot's spot and conjunctival xerosis (372.5*)

Bitot's spot in the young child

264.2† With corneal xerosis (371.4*)

264.3† With corneal ulceration and xerosis (370.0, 371.4*)

264.4† With keratomalacia (371.4*)

264.5† With night blindness (368.6*)

264.6† With xerophthalmic scars of cornea (371.0*)

264.7† Other ocular manifestations of vitamin A deficiency

Xerophthalmia due to vitamin A deficiency (372.5*)

264.8 Other manifestations of vitamin A deficiency

Follicular keratosis deroderma

due to vitamin A deficiency† (701.1*)

264.9 Unspecified

Hypovitaminosis A NOS

# 265 Thiamine and niacin deficiency states

265.0 Beriberi

265.1 Other and unspecified manifestations of thiamine deficiency

Other vitamin B₁ deficiency states

265.2 Pellagra

Deficiency:

niacin(-tryptophan)

nicotinamide nicotinic acid

vitamin PP

Pellagra (alcoholic)

# 266 Deficiency of B-complex components

266.0 Ariboflavinosis

Riboflavin deficiency

266.1 Vitamin B₆ deficiency

Deficiency:

pyridoxal pyridoxamine

pyridoxine

Excludes: vitamin-B₆-responsive sideroblastic anaemia (285.0)

266.2 Other B-complex deficiencies

Deficiency:

cyanocobalamine

folic acid

vitamin B₁₂

Excludes: deficiency anaemias (281.–)

266.9 Unspecified vitamin B deficiency

## 267 Ascorbic acid deficiency

Deficiency of vitamin C

Scurvy

Vitamin B₆ deficiency syndrome

Excludes: scorbutic anaemia (281.3)

# 268 Vitamin D deficiency

Excludes: vitamin-D-resistant rickets and osteomalacia (275.3)

268.0 Rickets, active

Excludes: coeliac rickets (579.0) renal rickets (588.0)

268.1 Rickets, late effect

Any condition specified as rachitic or due to rickets and present one year or more after onset, or stated to be a late effect or sequela of rickets

268.2 Osteomalacia

268.9 Unspecified

Avitaminosis D

#### 269 Other nutritional deficiencies

269.0 Deficiency of vitamin K

Excludes: deficiency of coagulation factor due to vitamin K deficiency (286.7)
vitamin K deficiency of newborn (776.0)

# 269.1 Deficiency of other vitamins

Deficiency:

vitamin E

vitamin P

269.2 Unspecified vitamin deficiency

269.3 Mineral deficiency, not elsewhere classified

Excludes: deficiency:

potassium (276.8) sodium (276.1)

269.8 Other nutritional deficiency

Excludes: failure to thrive (783.4)

feeding problems (783.3)

newborn (779.3)

269.9 Unspecified

# OTHER METABOLIC DISORDERS AND IMMUNITY DISORDERS (270-279)

Use additional code, if desired, to identify any associated mental retardation

# 270 Disorders of amino-acid transport and metabolism

Excludes: abnormal findings without manifest disease (791-796) disorders of purine and pyrimidine metabolism (277.2)

gout (274.–)

270.0 Disturbances of amino-acid transport

Cystinosis

Cystinuria

Fanconi (-de Toni) (-Debré) syndrome

Glycinuria (renal)

Hartnup disease

270.1 Phenylketonuria

Hyperphenylalaninaemia

270.2 Other disturbances of aromatic amino-acid metabolism

Albinism Oast-house urine disease

Alkaptonuria Ochronotic arthritis† (713.0*)

Disturbances of metabolism of tyrosine and tryptophan Tyrosinuria

Hydroxykynureninuria Hypertyrosinaemia

Excludes: vitamin-B₆-deficiency syndrome (266.1)

270.3 Disturbances of branched-chain amino-acid metabolism

Disturbances of metabolism of leucine, isoleucine and valine

Hypervalinaemia

Leucinosis

Maple-syrup-urine disease

270.4 Disturbances of sulphur-bearing amino-acid metabolism

Cystathioninuria

Disturbances of metabolism of methionine, homocystine and cystathionine

Homocystinuria

Hypermethioninaemia

270.5 Disturbances of histidine metabolism

Histidinaemia Imidazole amino-aciduria

Hyperhistidinaemia

270.6 Disorders of urea cycle metabolism

Arginosuccinic aciduria

Citrullinaemia

Disorders of metabolism of ornithine, citrulline, arginosuccinic acid, arginine and ammonia

Hyperammonaemia

Hyperornithinaemia

270.7 Other disturbances of straight-chain amino-acid metabolism

Hyperglycinaemia Hyperlysinaemia Pipecolic acidaemia Saccharopinuria Other disturbances of metabolism of glycine, threonine, serine, glutamine and lysine

270.8 Other

Ethanolaminuria Hydroxyprolinaemia Hyperprolinaemia Iminoacidopathy Sarcosinaemia

270.9 Unspecified

# 271 Disorders of carbohydrate transport and metabolism

Excludes: abnormality of secretion of glucagon (251.4)

diabetes mellitus (250.–) hypoglycaemia NOS (251.2) mucopolysaccharidosis (277.5)

271.0 Glycogenosis

Glycogen-storage disease

271.1 Galactosaemia

271.2 Hereditary fructose intolerance

271.3 Intestinal disaccharidase deficiencies and disaccharide malabsorption

Intolerance or malabsorption (congenital):

glucose-galactose lactose

sucrose-isomaltose

271.4 Renal glycosuria

Renal diabetes

271.8 Other

Hyperoxaluria (primary)

Oxalosis

271.9 Unspecified

# 272 Disorders of lipoid metabolism

Excludes: localized cerebral lipidoses (330.1)

272.0 Pure hypercholesterolaemia

Familial hypercholesterolaemia Fredrickson Type IIa hyperlipoproteinaemia

Hyper-beta-lipoproteinaemia

Hyperlipidaemia, Group A Low-density-lipoid-type [LDL] hyperlipoproteinaemia

#### 272.1 Pure hyperglyceridaemia

Endogenous hyperglyceridaemia Fredrickson Type IV hyperlipoproteinaemia

Hyperlipidaemia, Group B

# 272.2 Mixed hyperlipidaemia

Broad- or floating-beta lipoproteinaemia

Fredrickson Type IIb or III hyperlipoproteinaemia

Hypercholesterolaemia with endogenous hyperglyceridaemia

# Hyperchylomicronaemia

Fredrickson's Type I or V hyperlipoproteinaemia

Hyperlipidaemia, Group D Mixed hyperglyceridaemia

Tubo-eruptive xanthoma

Xanthoma tuberosum

Hyper-pre-beta lipoproteinaemia

[VLDL] hyperlipoproteinae-

Hyper-beta-lipoproteinaemia with

pre-beta-lipoproteinaemia Hyperlipidaemia, Group C

Very-low-density-lipoid-type

# Other and unspecified hyperlipidaemia

Alpha-lipoproteinaemia Combined hyperlipidaemia Hyperlipidaemia NOS

#### 272.5 Lipoprotein deficiencies

A-beta-lipoproteinaemia High-density lipoid deficiency Hypo-alpha-lipoproteinaemia

Hypo-beta-lipoproteinaemia (familial) Lecithin cholesterol acyltransferase deficiency Tangier disease

#### 272.6 Lipodystrophy

Barraquer-Simons disease

Progressive lipodystrophy Use additional E code, if desired, to identify cause, if iatrogenic Excludes: intestinal lipodystrophy (040.2)

#### 272.7 Lipidoses

Chemically-induced lipidosis

Disease:

Anderson's Fabry's Gaucher's

I-cell or mucolipidosis I Lipoid-storage NOS Niemann-Pick

Disease:

pseudo-Hurler's or mucolipidosis III Sandhoff's triglyceride-storage, Type I or II Wolman's or triglyceridestorage, Type III Mucolipidosis II

Primary familial xanthomatosis

# Other disorders of lipoid metabolism Hoffa's disease or liposynovitis prepatellaris

Launois Bensaude's lipomatosis

#### Unspecified disorders of lipoid metabolism 272.9

# 273 Disorders of plasma protein metabolism

Excludes: agammaglobulinaemia and hypogammaglobulinaemia (279.-)

coagulation defects (286.-)

hereditary haemolytic anaemias (282.-)

# 273.0 Polyclonal hypergammaglobulinaemia

Waldenström's hypergammaglobulinaemic purpura

#### 273.1 Monoclonal paraproteinaemia

Monoclonal gammopathy:

NOS

associated with lymphoplasmacytic dyscrasias benign

Paraproteinaemia:

benign (familial)

secondary to malignant or inflammatory disease

## 273.2 Other paraproteinaemias

Cryoglobulinaemic:

Mixed cryoglobulinaemia

purpura vasculitis

### 273.3 Macroglobulinaemia

Macroglobulinaemia (idiopathic) (primary)

Waldenström's macroglobulinaemia

273.8 Other

Abnormality of transport protein

Bisalbuminaemia

273.9 Unspecified

#### **274** Gout

Excludes: lead gout (984.-)

274.0† Gouty arthropathy (712.0*)

274.1† Gouty nephropathy

Gouty nephropathy NOS (583.8*) Uric acid nephrolithiasis (592.0*)

274.8 Gout with other manifestations

Gouty tophi of:

ear† (380.8*)

heart† (425.7*)

274.9 Unspecified

#### 275 Disorders of mineral metabolism

Excludes: abnormal findings without clinical significance (790-796)

#### 275.0 Disorders of iron metabolism

Haemochromatosis Excludes: anaemia:

iron deficiency (280) sideroblastic (285.0)

# 275.1 Disorders of copper metabolism

Hepatolenticular degeneration

Wilson's disease

#### 275.2 Disorders of magnesium metabolism

Hypermagnesaemia

Hypomagnesaemia

#### 275.3 Disorders of phosphorus metabolism

Familial hypophosphataemia

Hypophosphatasia

Vitamin-D-resistant: osteomalacia rickets

#### 275.4 Disorders of calcium metabolism

Calcinosis

Nephrocalcinosis

Hypercalcaemia

Pseudohypoparathyroidism Pseudopseudohypoparathyroidism

Hypercalcinuria Pse Excludes: parathyroid disorders (252.-)

vitamin D deficiency (268.-)

275.8 Other

275.9 Unspecified

## 276 Disorders of fluid, electrolyte and acid-base balance

Excludes: diabetes insipidus (253.5)

familial periodic paralysis (359.3)

#### 276.0 Hyperosmolality and/or hypernatraemia

Na overload

Na excess

#### 276.1 Hyposmolality and/or hyponatraemia

Na deficiency

276.2 Acidosis

#### Acidosis:

NOS

lactic

metabolic

respiratory

Excludes: diabetic acidosis (250.1)

276.3 Alkalosis

Alkalosis:

NOS

metabolic

respiratory

276.4 Mixed acid-base balance disorder

276.5 Volume depletion

Dehydration

Depletion of volume of plasma or extracellular fluid

Hypovolaemia

Excludes: hypovolaemic shock:

postoperative (998.0) traumatic (958.4)

276.6 Fluid overload

Fluid retention

276.7 Hyperpotassaemia

K overload

K excess

276.8 Hypopotassaemia

K deficiency

276.9 Electrolyte and fluid disorders, not elsewhere classified

Electrolyte imbalance

Hypochloraemia

Hyperchloraemia

Excludes: electrolyte imbalance:

associated with hyperemesis gravidarum (643.1)

following abortion and ectopic or molar pregnancy (634-

638 with fourth digit .4, 639.4)

#### 277 Other and unspecified disorders of metabolism

277.0 Cystic fibrosis

Fibrocystic disease of the pancreas Mucoviscidosis

277.1 Disorders of porphyrin metabolism

Porphyria

Porphyrinuria

277.2 Other disorders of purine and pyrimidine metabolism

Hypoxanthine-guanine-phosphoribosyltransferase deficiency [HG-PRT deficiency]

Lesch-Nyhan syndrome

Excludes: gout (274.–)

orotaciduric anaemia (281.4)

277.3 Amyloidosis

Amyloidosis:

NOS

Familial Mediterranean fever Hereditary cardiac amyloid

inherited systemic

nephropathic

neuropathic (Portuguese) (Swiss)

secondary

277.4 Disorders of bilirubin excretion

Syndrome:

Syndrome:

Crigler-Najjar

Gilbert's Rotor's

Dubin-Johnson

Excludes: hyperbilirubinaemias specific to the perinatal period (774.-)

277.5 Mucopolysaccharidosis

Gargoylism

Hurler's syndrome

Hunter's syndrome

277.6 Other deficiencies of circulating enzymes

Alpha 1-antitrypsin deficiency

Hereditary angio-oedema

277.8 Other

277.9 Unspecified

# 278 Obesity and other hyperalimentation

Excludes: hyperalimentation NOS (783.6)

poisoning by vitamin preparations (963.5)

278.0 Obesity

Excludes: adiposogenital dystrophy (253.8)

obesity of endocrine origin NOS (259.9)

278.1 Localized adiposity

Fat pad

278.2 Hypervitaminosis A

278.3 Hypercarotinaemia

278.4 Hypervitaminosis D

278.8 Other

# 279 Disorders involving the immune mechanism

279.0 Deficiency of humoral immunity

Agammaglobulinaemia:

Hypogammaglobulinaemia

NOS

brulous type

# 279.1 Deficiency of cell-mediated immunity

Di George syndrome

Wiskott-Aldrich syndrome

Nezelof syndrome

Excludes: ataxia-telangiectasia (334.8)

279.2 Combined immunity deficiency

Agammaglobulinaemia, Swiss type Combined immunity deficiency syndrome Reticular dysgenesis

Thymic:

alymphoplasia aplasia or dysplasia with immunodeficiency

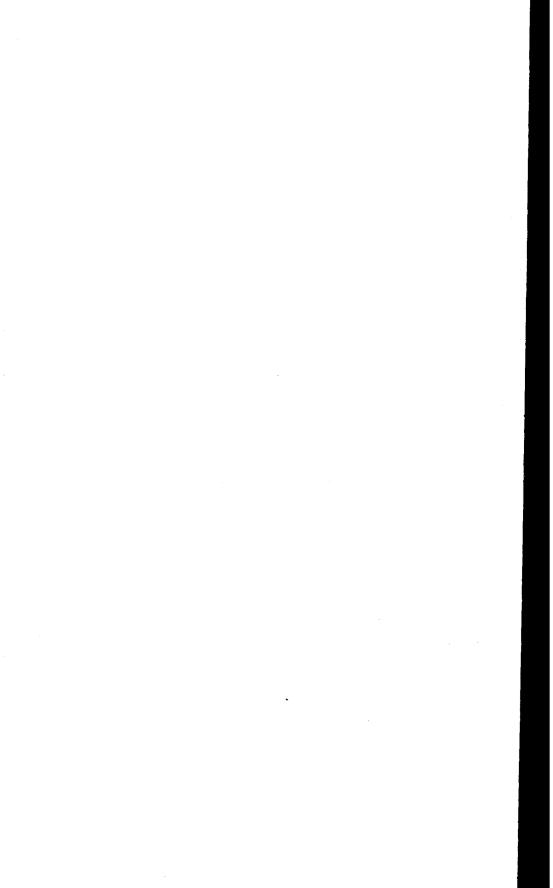
279.3 Unspecified immunity deficiency

279.4 Autoimmune disease, not elsewhere classified

Autoimmune disease NOS

279.8 Other

279.9 Unspecified



### IV. DISEASES OF BLOOD AND BLOOD-FORMING ORGANS

Excludes: anaemia complicating pregnancy or puerperium (648.2)

# 280 Iron deficiency anaemias

Anaemia:
asiderotic
hypochromic

due to blood loss (chronic) posthaemorrhagic

postnaemorrnagio

Excludes: acute posthaemorrhagic anaemia (285.1)

## 281 Other deficiency anaemias

#### 281.0 Pernicious anaemia

Anaemia:

Addison's Biermer's

congenital pernicious

Congenital intrinsic factor deficiency

Kelly-Paterson syndrome

Sideropenic dysphagia

Plummer-Vinson syndrome

# 281.1 Other Vitamin- $B_{12}$ -deficiency anaemia

Anaemia:

vegan's

vitamin B₁₂ deficiency (dietary)

due to selective vitamin B₁₂ malabsorption with proteinuria

Syndrome:

Imerslund's

Imerslund-Gräsbeck

#### 281.2 Folate-deficiency anaemia

Folate or folic acid deficiency anaemia:

NOS

dietary

drug induced

Nutritional megaloblastic anaemia

Use additional E code, if desired, to identify drug

#### 281.3 Other specified megaloblastic anaemias, not elsewhere classified

#### 281.4 Protein-deficiency anaemia

Amino-acid-deficiency anaemia

# 281.8 Anaemia associated with other specified nutritional deficiency Scorbutic anaemia

# 281.9 Unspecified

Anaemia:

megaloblastic NOS nutritional NOS simple chronic

## 282 Hereditary haemolytic anaemias

# 282.0 Hereditary spherocytosis

Acholuric (familial) jaundice Congenital spherocytosis Minkowski-Chauffard syndrome

#### 282.1 Hereditary elliptocytosis

Elliptocytosis (congenital)

Ovalocytosis (congenital) (hereditary)

## 282.2 Anaemia due to disorders of glutathione metabolism

#### Anaemia:

enzyme-deficiency drug induced erythrocytic glutathione deficiency glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase [G-6-PD] deficiency glutathione-reductase deficiency haemolytic nonspherocytic (hereditary), type I

#### Favism

#### 282.3 Other haemolytic anaemias due to enzyme deficiency

#### Anaemia:

haemolytic nonspherocytic (hereditary), type II hexokinase deficiency pyruvate-kinase [PK] deficiency triose phosphate isomerase deficiency

#### 282.4 Thalassaemias

Cooley's anaemia

Mediterranean anaemia (with other haemoglobinopathy)

Sickle-cell thalassaemia

Thalassaemia (alpha) (beta) (intermedia) (major) (minor) (mixed) (trait) (with other haemoglobinopathy)

#### 282.5 Sickle-cell trait

Hb-AS genotype Haemoglobin S [Hb-S] trait

Heterozygous: haemoglobin S

Hb-S

Excludes: with thalassaemia (282.4)

with other haemoglobinopathy (282.6)

#### 282.6 Sickle-cell anaemia

Hb-S disease
Hb-S/Hb-C disease
Hb-S/Hb-D disease
Hb-S/Hb-D disease
Sickle-cell/Hb-E disease
Hb-S/Hb-E disease

Hb-S/Hb-E disease

Excludes: sickle-cell thalassaemia (282.4)

#### 282.7 Other haemoglobinopathies

Abnormal haemoglobin NOS
Congenital Heinz-body anaemia
Disease:
Hb-C
Hb-D
Haemoglobinopathy NOS
Hereditary persistence of fetal
haemoglobin [HPFH]
Unstable haemoglobin haemolytic
disease

Hb-E

Excludes: familial polycythaemia (289.6)

Hb-M disease (289.7)

high-oxygen-affinity haemoglobin (289.0)

282.8 Other

Stomatocytosis

282.9 Unspecified

Hereditary haemolytic anaemia NOS

# 283 Acquired haemolytic anaemias

#### 283.0 Autoimmune haemolytic anaemias

Autoimmune haemolytic disease (cold type) (warm type)

Chronic cold-haemagglutinin disease

Cold agglutinin disease or haemoglobinuria

Haemolytic anaemia:

cold type (secondary) (symptomatic) warm type (secondary) (symptomatic)

Excludes: Evans's syndrome (287.3)

haemolytic disease of newborn (773.–)

#### 283.1 Non-autoimmune haemolytic anaemias

Haemolytic anaemia: mechanical

microangiopathic

toxic

Haemolytic-uraemic syndrome

Use additional E code, if desired, to identify cause

# 283.2 Haemoglobinuria due to haemolysis from external causes

Haemoglobinuria:

from exertion

march

paroxysmal

cold

nocturnal

due to other haemolysis

Marchiafava-Micheli syndrome

Use additional E code, if desired, to identify cause

#### 283.9 Unspecified

Acquired haemolytic anaemia NOS Chronic idiopathic haemolytic anaemia

#### 284 Aplastic anaemia

# 284.0 Constitutional aplastic anaemia

Aplasia (pure) red cell:

congenital

of infants

primary

Blackfan-Diamond syndrome Familial hypoplastic anaemia

Fanconi's anaemia

Pancytopenia with malformations

#### 284.8 Other

Aplastic anaemia (due to):

drugs

infection

radiation toxic Pancytopenia (acquired)

Red cell aplasia (acquired) (adult)

(pure) (with thymoma)

Use additional E code, if desired, to identify cause

#### 284.9 Unspecified

Anaemia:

aplastic (idiopathic) NOS

hypoplastic

Medullary hypoplasia

#### 285 Other and unspecified anaemias

#### 285.0 Sideroblastic anaemia

Anaemia:

pyridoxine-responsive

sidero-achrestic sideroblastic

acquired congenital

hereditary primary Anaemia, sideroblastic

refractory

secondary (drug-induced) (due

to disease)

sex-linked hypochromic vitamin-B₆-responsive

Use additional E code, if desired, to identify cause if drug induced

# 285.1 Acute posthaemorrhagic anaemia

# 285.8 Other specified anaemias

Anaemia:

Infantile pseudoleukaemia

dyserythropoietic (congenital) dyshaematopoietic (congenital)

leukoerythroblastic

#### 285.9 Anaemia, unspecified

#### 286 Coagulation defects

286.0 Congenital factor VIII disorder

Factor VIII (functional) deficiency

Haemophilia:

NOS A

Excludes: factor VIII deficiency with vascular defect (286.4)

286.1 Congenital factor IX disorder

Christmas disease

Deficiency:

factor IX (functional)

plasma thromboplastin component [PTC]

Haemophilia B

286.2 Congenital factor XI deficiency

Haemophilia C

Plasma thromboplastin antecedent [PTA] deficiency

286.3 Congenital deficiency of other clotting factors

Congenital afibrinogenaemia

Deficiency of factor:

I or fibrinogen

II or prothrombin

V or labile

VII or stable

X or Stuart-Prower

XII or Hageman

XIII or fibrin stabilizing

286.4 von Willebrand's disease

Angiohaemophilia

Factor VIII deficiency with

vascular defect

Excludes: factor VIII deficiency:

NOS (286.0)

with functional defect (286.0)

hereditary capillary fragility (287.8)

Deficiency:

AC globulin proaccelerin

Disease:

Owren's

Stuart-Prower

Dysfibrinogenaemia (congenital)

Hypoproconvertinaemia

Vascular haemophilia

286.5 Haemorrhagic disorder due to circulating anticoagulants

Hyperheparinaemia

Systemic lupus erythematosus

inhibitor

Increase in:

antithrombin

anti-VIIIa

anti-IXa

anti-Xa

anti-XIa

Use additional E code, if desired, to identify any administered anticoagulant

286.6 Defibrination syndrome

Afibrinogenaemia, acquired

Consumption coagulopathy

Diffuse or disseminated intravascular coagulation

Fibrinolytic haemorrhage, acquired

Purpura:

fibrinolytic

fulminans

Excludes: complicating abortion, pregnancy or the puerperium (634-

638 with fourth digit .1, 639.1, 641.3, 666.3)

disseminated intravascular coagulation in newborn (776.2)

286.7 Acquired coagulation factor deficiency

Deficiency of coagulation factor due to:

liver disease

vitamin K deficiency

Excludes: vitamin K deficiency of newborn (776.0)

286.9 Other and unspecified coagulation defects

Defective coagulation NOS

Deficiency, coagulation factor

Delay, coagulation

Disorder, coagulation

Disorder, haemostasis

Prolongation of time of:

bleeding coagulation

Excludes: complicating abortion, pregnancy or the puerperium (634-

638 with fourth digit .1, 639.1, 641.3, 666.3)

# 287 Purpura and other haemorrhagic conditions

Excludes: haemorrhagic thrombocythaemia (238.7)

purpura fulminans (286.6)

287.0 Allergic purpura

Purpura:

anaphylactoid

Henoch (-Schönlein)

nonthrombocytopenic:

onthrombocytopenic: haemorrhagic

idiopathic

Vascular purpura Vasculitis, allergic

#### 287.1 Qualitative platelet defects

Thromboasthenia (haemorrhagic) (hereditary)

Thrombocytopathy

Excludes: von Willebrand's disease (286.4)

#### 287.2 Other nonthrombocytopenic purpuras

## Purpura:

NOS senile simplex

# 287.3 Primary thrombocytopenia

Megakaryocytic hypoplasia

Purpura, thrombocytopenic congenital hereditary idiopathic Thrombocytopenia:

congenital hereditary primary

# 287.4 Secondary thrombocytopenia

Thrombocytopenia (due to):

dilutional drugs

extracorporeal circulation of blood massive blood transfusion platelet alloimmunization

Use additional E code, if desired, to identify cause

# 287.5 Thrombocytopenia, unspecified

287.8 Other specified haemorrhagic conditions

Capillary fragility (hereditary)

Vascular pseudohaemophilia

287.9 Unspecified haemorrhagic conditions

#### 288 Diseases of white blood cells

# 288.0 Agranulocytosis

Agranulocytic angina

Infantile genetic agranulocytosis Kostman's disease Neutropenia:

NOS cyclic

drug induced periodic

splenic (primary)

toxic

Neutropenic splenomegaly

Use additional code, if desired, to identify drug

# 288.1 Functional disorders of neutrophil polymorphonuclears

Chronic (childhood) granulomatous disease

Congenital dysphagocytosis

Progressive septic granulomatosis

# 288.2 Genetic anomalies of leucocytes

Anomaly (granulation)

Hereditary:

(granulocyte) or syndrome:

hypersegmentation hyposegmentation leukomelanopathy

Alder's Chediak-Steinbrink

May-Hegglin Pelger-Huët

#### 288.3 Eosinophilia

Eosinophilia allergic

hereditary

Excludes: pulmonary eosinophilia (518.3)

#### 288.8 Other

Leukocytosis

Leukaemoid reaction

lymphocytic

monocytic myelocytic Lymphocytosis (symptomatic)

Lymphopenia

Monocytosis (symptomatic)

**Plasmacytosis** 

Excludes: immunity disorders (279.-)

288.9 Unspecified

#### 289 Other diseases of blood and blood-forming organs

#### 289.0 Secondary polycythaemia

Polycythaemia:

acquired due to:

fall in plasma volume high altitude

emotional

Polycythaemia: erythropoietin hypoxaemic nephrogenous

relative stress

Excludes: polycythaemia neonatorum (776.4)

polycythaemia vera (238.4)

#### 289.1 Chronic lymphadenitis

Adenitis c

chronic, any lymph node except mesenteric

Excludes: acute lymphadenitis (683)

mesenteric (289.2)

enlarged glands NOS (785.6)

289.2 Nonspecific mesenteric lymphadenitis

Mesenteric lymphadenitis (acute) (chronic)

289.3 Lymphadenitis, unspecified, except mesenteric

289.4 Hypersplenism

289.5 Other diseases of spleen

Atrophy
Cyst
Infarction
Rupture, nontraumatic

Atrophy
of spleen

Of spleen

Chronic congestive splenomegaly
Fibrosis of spleen:
NOS
bilharzial* (120.-†)
Perisplenitis

Excludes: splenomegaly NOS (789.2)

289.6 Familial polycythaemia

Familial:

benign polycythaemia erythrocytosis

289.7 Methaemoglobinaemia

Congenital NADH-methaemoglobin-reductase deficiency

Haemoglobin-M disease

Methaemoglobinaemia:

NOS

acquired (with sulfhaemoglobinaemia)

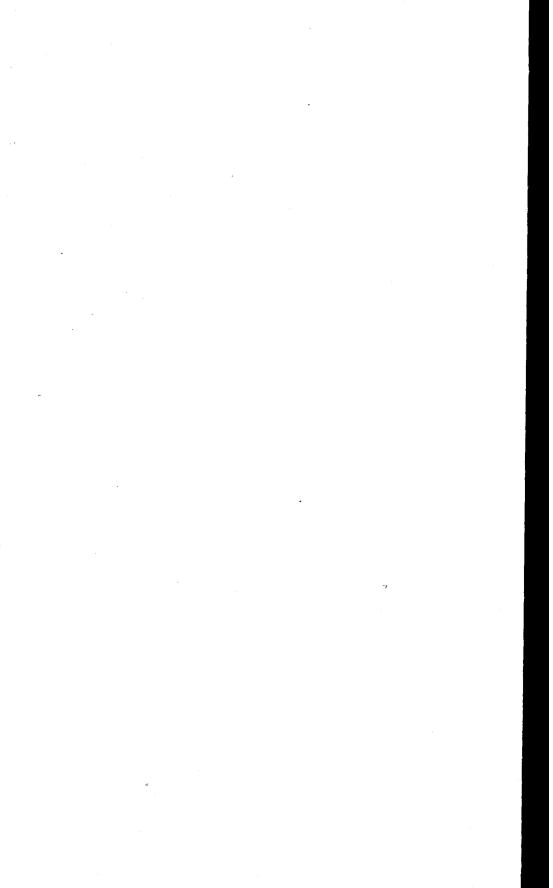
hereditary

toxic

Use additional E code, if desired, to identify cause

289.8 Other

289.9 Unspecified



#### V. MENTAL DISORDERS

This section of the Classification differs from the others in that it includes a glossary, prepared after consultation with experts from many different countries, defining the contents of the rubrics. This difference is considered to be justified because of the special problems posed for psychiatrists by the relative lack of independent laboratory information upon which to base their diagnoses. The diagnosis of many of the most important mental disorders still relies largely upon descriptions of abnormal experience and behaviour, and without some guidance in the form of a glossary that can serve as a common frame of reference, psychiatric communications easily become unsatisfactory at both clinical and statistical levels.

Many well-known terms have different meanings in current use, and it is important for the user to use the glossary descriptions and not merely the category titles when searching for the best fit for the condition he is trying to code. This is particularly important if a separate national glossary also exists.

The instructions "Use additional code to identify..." are important because of the nature of many psychiatric conditions in which two or more codes are necessary to describe the condition and the associated or causal factors. It should be used whenever possible.

In cases where no other information is available except that a mental disorder is present, the code V40.9 (unspecified mental or behavioural problems) can be used.

#### Psychoses (290-299)

Mental disorders in which impairment of mental function has developed to a degree that interferes grossly with insight, ability to meet some ordinary demands of life or to maintain adequate contact with reality. It is not an exact or well defined term. Mental retardation is excluded.

#### ORGANIC PSYCHOTIC CONDITIONS (290-294)

Syndromes in which there is impairment of orientation, memory, comprehension, calculation, learning capacity and judgement. These are the essential features but there may also be shallowness or lability of affect, or a more persistent disturbance of mood, lowering of ethical standards and exaggeration or emergence of personality traits, and diminished capacity for independent decision.

Psychoses of the types classifiable to 295-298 and without the above features are excluded even though they may be associated with organic conditions.

The term 'dementia' in this glossary includes organic psychoses as just specified, of a chronic or progressive nature, which if untreated are usually irreversible and terminal.

The term 'delirium' in this glossary includes organic psychoses with a short course in which the above features are overshadowed by clouded consciousness, confusion, disorientation, delusions, illusions and often vivid hallucinations.

Includes: psychotic organic brain syndrome

Excludes: nonpsychotic syndromes of organic aetiology (see 310.-)

psychoses classifiable to 295-298 and without the above features but associated with physical disease, injury or condition affecting the brain [e.g., following childbirth]; code to 295-298 and use additional code to identify the

associated physical condition

# 290 Senile and presenile organic psychotic conditions

Excludes: psychoses classifiable to 295-298.8 occurring in the senium

without dementia or delirium (295-298)

transient organic psychotic conditions (293.-)

dementia not classified as senile, presenile, or arteriosclerotic (294.1)

#### 290.0 Senile dementia, simple type

Dementia occurring usually after the age of 65 in which any cerebral pathology other than that of senile atrophic change can be reasonably excluded.

Excludes: mild memory disturbances, not amounting to dementia, associated with senile brain disease (310.1)

senile dementia:

depressed or paranoid type (290.2) with confusion and/or delirium (290.3)

#### 290.1 Presenile dementia

Dementia occurring usually before the age of 65 in patients with the relatively rare forms of diffuse or lobar cerebral atrophy. Use additional code to identify the associated neurological condition.

Brain syndrome with presentle brain disease

Circumscribed atrophy of the brain

Dementia in:

Alzheimer's disease

Pick's disease of the brain

Excludes: arteriosclerotic dementia (290.4)

dementia associated with other cerebral conditions (294.1)

#### 290.2 Senile dementia, depressed or paranoid type

A type of senile dementia characterized by development in advanced old age, progressive in nature, in which a variety of delusions and hallucinations of a persecutory, depressive and somatic content are also present. Disturbance of the sleep/waking cycle and preoccupation with dead people are often particularly prominent.

Senile psychosis NOS

Excludes: senile dementia:

NOS (290.0)

with confusion and/or delirium (290.3)

#### 290.3 Senile dementia with acute confusional state

Senile dementia with a superimposed reversible episode of acute confusional state

Excludes: senile:

dementia NOS (290.0) psychosis NOS (290.2)

#### 290.4 Arteriosclerotic dementia

Dementia attributable, because of physical signs [on examination of the central nervous system] to degenerative arterial disease of the brain. Symptoms suggesting a focal lesion in the brain are common. There may be a fluctuating or patchy intellectual defect with insight, and an intermittent course is common. Clinical differentiation from senile or presentle dementia, which may coexist with it, may be very difficult or impossible. Use additional code to identify cerebral atherosclerosis (437.0).

Excludes: suspected cases with no clear evidence of arteriosclerosis (290.9)

290.8 Other

290.9 Unspecified

# 291 Alcoholic psychoses

Organic psychotic states due mainly to excessive consumption of alcohol; defects of nutrition are thought to play an important role. In some of these states, withdrawal of alcohol can be of aetiological significance.

Excludes: alcoholism without psychosis (303)

#### 291.0 Delirium tremens

Acute or subacute organic psychotic states in alcoholics, characterized by clouded consciousness, disorientation, fear, illusions, delusions, hallucinations of any kind, notably visual and tactile, and restlessness, tremor and sometimes fever.

Alcoholic delirium

#### 291.1 Korsakov's psychosis, alcoholic

A syndrome of prominent and lasting reduction of memory span, including striking loss of recent memory, disordered time appreciation and confabulation, occurring in alcoholics as the sequel to an acute alcoholic psychosis [especially delirium tremens] or, more rarely, in the course of chronic alcoholism. It is usually accompanied by peripheral neuritis and may be associated with Wernicke's encephalopathy.

Alcoholic polyneuritic psychosis

Excludes: Korsakov's psychosis:

NOS (294.0)

nonalcoholic (294.0)

#### 291.2 Other alcoholic dementia

Nonhallucinatory dementias occurring in association with alcoholism but not characterized by the features of either delirium tremens or Korsakov's psychosis.

Alcoholic dementia NOS Chronic alcoholic brain syndrome

#### 291.3 Other alcoholic hallucinosis

A psychosis usually of less than six months' duration, with slight or no clouding of consciousness and much anxious restlessness in which auditory hallucinations, mostly of voices uttering insults and threats, predominate.

Excludes: schizophrenia (295.-) and paranoid states (297.-) taking the form of chronic hallucinosis with clear consciousness in an alcoholic

#### 291.4 Pathological drunkenness

Acute psychotic episodes induced by relatively small amounts of alcohol. These are regarded as individual idiosyncratic reactions to alcohol, not due to excessive consumption and without conspicuous neurological signs of intoxication.

Excludes: simple drunkenness (305.0)

#### 291.5 Alcoholic jealousy

Chronic paranoid psychosis characterized by delusional jealousy and associated with alcoholism.

Alcoholic paranoia

Excludes: nonalcoholic paranoid states (297.-)

schizophrenia, paranoid type (295.3)

291.8 Other

Alcohol withdrawal syndrome

Excludes: delirium tremens (291.0)

291.9 Unspecified

Alcoholic:

mania NOS

psychosis NOS

Alcoholism (chronic) with psychosis

# 292 Drug psychoses

Syndromes that do not fit the descriptions given in 295-298 (nonorganic psychoses) and which are due to consumption of drugs [notably amphetamines, barbiturates and the opiate and LSD groups] and solvents. Some of the syndromes in this group are not as severe as most conditions labelled "psychotic" but they are included here for practical reasons. Use additional E Code to identify the drug and also code drug dependence (304.—) if present.

#### 292.0 Drug withdrawal syndrome

States associated with drug withdrawal ranging from severe, as specified for alcohol under 291.0 (delirium tremens) to less severe states characterized by one or more symptoms such as convulsions, tremor, anxiety, restlessness, gastrointestinal and muscular complaints, and mild disorientation and memory disturbance.

# 292.1 Paranoid and/or hallucinatory states induced by drugs

States of more than a few days but not usually of more than a few months duration, associated with large or prolonged intake of drugs, notably of the amphetamine and LSD groups. Auditory hallucinations usually predominate, and there may be anxiety and restlessness.

Excludes: the described conditions with confusion or delirium (293.–) states following LSD or other hallucinogens, lasting only a few days or less ["bad trips"] (305.3)

#### 292.2 Pathological drug intoxication

Individual idiosyncratic reactions to comparatively small quantities of a drug, which take the form of acute, brief psychotic states of any type.

Excludes: physiological side-effects of drugs [e.g., dystonias] expected brief psychotic reactions to hallucinogens ["bad trips"] (305.3)

292.8 Other

292.9 Unspecified

# 293 Transient organic psychotic conditions

States characterized by clouded consciousness, confusion, disorientation, illusions and often vivid hallucinations. They are usually due to some intra- or extracerebral toxic, infectious, metabolic or other systemic disturbance and are generally reversible. Depressive and paranoid symptoms may also be present but are not the main feature. Use additional code to identify the associated physical or neurological condition.

Excludes: confusional state or delirium superimposed on senile dementia (290.3)

dementia due to:

alcohol (291.–) arteriosclerosis (290.4)

senility (290.0)

# 293.0 Acute confusional state

Short-lived states, lasting hours or days, of the above type.

#### Acute:

delirium
infective psychosis
organic reaction
post-traumatic organic
psychosis

#### Acute:

psycho-organic syndrome psychosis associated with endocrine, metabolic or cerebrovascular disorder

Epileptic:

confusional state twilight state

#### 293.1 Subacute confusional state

States of the above type in which the symptoms, usually less florid, last for several weeks or longer, during which they may show marked fluctuations in intensity.

Subacute:

Subacute:

delirium infective psychosis organic reaction

psycho-organic syndrome psychosis associated with endocrine or metabolic disorder

post-traumatic organic psychosis

293.8 Other

293.9 Unspecified

#### 294 Other organic psychotic conditions (chronic)

294.0 Korsakov's psychosis or syndrome (nonalcoholic)

Syndromes as described under 291.1 but not due to alcohol.

#### 294.1 Dementia in conditions classified elsewhere

Dementia not classifiable as senile, presenile or arteriosclerotic (290.-) but associated with other underlying conditions.

Dementia in:

cerebral lipidoses
epilepsy
general paralysis of the insane
hepatolenticular degeneration
Huntington's chorea
multiple sclerosis
polyarteritis nodosa

Use additional code to identify the underlying physical condition

#### 294.8 Other

States that fulfill the criteria of an organic psychosis but do not take the form of a confusional state (293.-), a nonalcoholic Korsakov's psychosis (294.0) or a demenția (294.1).

Mixed paranoid and affective organic psychotic states

Epileptic psychosis NOS (code also 345.-)

Excludes: mild memory disturbances, not amounting to dementia (310.1)

294.9 Unspecified

OTHER PSYCHOSES (295-299)

#### 295 Schizophrenic psychoses

A group of psychoses in which there is a fundamental disturbance of personality, a characteristic distortion of thinking, often a sense of being controlled by alien forces, delusions which may be bizarre, disturbed perception, abnormal affect out of keeping

with the real situation, and autism. Nevertheless, clear consciousness and intellectual capacity are usually maintained. The disturbance of personality involves its most basic functions which give the normal person his feeling of individuality, uniqueness and self-direction. The most intimate thoughts, feelings and acts are often felt to be known to or shared by others and explanatory delusions may develop, to the effect that natural or supernatural forces are at work to influence the schizophrenic person's thoughts and actions in ways that are often bizarre. He may see himself as the pivot of all that happens. Hallucinations, especially of hearing, are common and may comment on the patient or address him. Perception is frequently disturbed in other ways; there may be perplexity, irrelevant features may become all-important and, accompanied by passivity feelings, may lead the patient to believe that everyday objects and situations possess a special, usually sinister, meaning intended for him. In the characteristic schizophrenic disturbance of thinking, peripheral and irrelevant features of a total concept, which are inhibited in normal directed mental activity, are brought to the forefront and utilized in place of the elements relevant and appropriate to the situation. Thus thinking becomes vague, elliptical and obscure, and its expression in speech sometimes incomprehensible. Breaks and interpolations in the flow of consecutive thought are frequent, and the patient may be convinced that his thoughts are being withdrawn by some outside agency. Mood may be shallow, capricious or incongruous. Ambivalence and disturbance of volition may appear as inertia, negativism or stupor. Catatonia may be present. The diagnosis "schizophrenia" should not be made unless there is, or has been evident during the same illness, characteristic disturbance of thought, perception, mood, conduct, or personality-preferably in at least two of these areas. The diagnosis should not be restricted to conditions running a protracted, deteriorating, or chronic course. In addition to making the diagnosis on the criteria just given, effort should be made to specify one of the following subdivisions of schizophrenia, according to the predominant symptoms.

Includes: schizophrenia of the types described in 295.0-295.9 occurring

in children

Excludes: childhood type schizophrenia (299.9)

infantile autism (299.0)

#### 295.0 Simple type

A psychosis in which there is insidious development of oddities of conduct, inability to meet the demands of society, and decline in total performance. Delusions and hallucinations are not in evidence and the condition is less obviously psychotic than are the hebephrenic, catatonic and paranoid types of schizophrenia. With increasing social impoverishment vagrancy may ensue and the patient becomes self-absorbed, idle and aimless. Because the schizophrenic symptoms are not clear-cut, diagnosis of this form should be made sparingly, if at all.

Schizophrenia simplex

Excludes: latent schizophrenia (295.5)

# 295.1 Hebephrenic type

A form of schizophrenia in which affective changes are prominent, delusions and hallucinations fleeting and fragmentary, behaviour irresponsible and unpredictable and mannerisms common. The mood is shallow and inappropriate, accompanied by giggling or self-satisfied, self-absorbed smiling, or by a lofty manner, grimaces, mannerisms, pranks, hypochondriacal complaints and reiterated phrases. Thought is dis-

organized. There is a tendency to remain solitary, and behaviour seems empty of purpose and feeling. This form of schizophrenia usually starts between the ages of 15 and 25 years.

### Hebephrenia

### 295.2 Catatonic type

Includes as an essential feature prominent psychomotor disturbances often alternating between extremes such as hyperkinesis and stupor, or automatic obedience and negativism. Constrained attitudes may be maintained for long periods: if the patient's limbs are put in some unnatural position they may be held there for some time after the external force has been removed. Severe excitement may be a striking feature of the condition. Depressive or hypomanic concomitants may be present.

Catatonic:

agitation excitation

stupor

Schizophrenic:

catalepsy catatonia

flexibilitas cerea

### 295.3 Paranoid type

The form of schizophrenia in which relatively stable delusions, which may be accompanied by hallucinations, dominate the clinical picture. The delusions are frequently of persecution but may take other forms [for example of jealousy, exalted birth, Messianic mission, or bodily change]. Hallucinations and erratic behaviour may occur; in some cases conduct is seriously disturbed from the outset, thought disorder may be gross, and affective flattening with fragmentary delusions and hallucinations may develop.

#### Paraphrenic schizophrenia

Excludes: paraphrenia, involutional paranoid state (297.2) paranoia (297.1)

#### 295.4 Acute schizophrenic episode

Schizophrenic disorders, other than those listed above, in which there is a dream-like state with slight clouding of consciousness and perplexity. External things, people and events may become charged with personal significance for the patient. There may be ideas of reference and emotional turmoil. In many such cases remission occurs within a few weeks or months, even without treatment.

Oneirophrenia

Schizophreniform:

attack

psychosis, confusional type

Excludes: acute forms of schizophrenia of:

catatonic type (295.2) hebephrenic type (295.1) paranoid type (295.3) simple type (295.0)

#### 295.5 Latent schizophrenia

It has not been possible to produce a generally acceptable description for this condition. It is not recommended for general use, but a description is provided for those who

believe it to be useful: a condition of eccentric or inconsequent behaviour and anomalies of affect which give the impression of schizophrenia though no definite and characteristic schizophrenic anomalies, present or past, have been manifest.

The inclusion terms indicate that this is the best place to classify some other poorly defined varieties of schizophrenia.

Latent schizophrenic reaction

Schizophrenia:

borderline prepsychotic prodromal Schizophrenia: pseudoneurotic

pseudopsychopathic

Excludes: schizoid personality (301.2)

### 295.6 Residual schizophrenia

A chronic form of schizophrenia in which the symptoms that persist from the acute phase have mostly lost their sharpness. Emotional response is blunted and thought disorder, even when gross, does not prevent the accomplishment of routine work.

Chronic undifferentiated schizophrenia

Restzustand (schizophrenic)

Schizophrenic residual state

### 295.7 Schizoaffective type

A psychosis in which pronounced manic or depressive features are intermingled with schizophrenic features and which tends towards remission without permanent defect, but which is prone to recur. The diagnosis should be made only when both the affective and schizophrenic symptoms are pronounced.

Cyclic schizophrenia

Mixed schizophrenic and affective psychosis

Schizoaffective psychosis

Schizophreniform psychosis, affective type

#### 295.8 Other

Schizophrenia of specified type not classifiable under 295.0-295.7.

Acute (undifferentiated) schizophrenia

Atypical schizophrenia
Coenesthopathic schizophrenia

Excludes: infantile autism (299.0)

#### 295.9 Unspecified

To be used only as a last resort.

Schizophrenia NOS

Schizophrenic reaction NOS

Schizophreniform psychosis NOS

## 296 Affective psychoses

Mental disorders, usually recurrent, in which there is a severe disturbance of mood [mostly compounded of depression and anxiety but also manifested as elation and excitement] which is accompanied by one or more of the following: delusions, perplexity, disturbed attitude to self, disorder of perception and behaviour; these are all

in keeping with the patient's prevailing mood [as are hallucinations when they occur]. There is a strong tendency to suicide. For practical reasons, mild disorders of mood may also be included here if the symptoms match closely the descriptions given; this applies particularly to mild hypomania.

Excludes: reactive depressive psychosis (298.0)

reactive excitation (298.1) neurotic depression (300.4)

## 296.0 Manic-depressive psychosis, manic type

Mental disorders characterized by states of elation or excitement out of keeping with the patient's circumstances and varying from enhanced liveliness [hypomania] to violent, almost uncontrollable excitement. Aggression and anger, flight of ideas, distractibility, impaired judgement, and grandiose ideas are common.

Hypomania NOS Hypomanic psychosis Mania (monopolar) NOS Manic disorder

Manic-depressive psychosis or reaction:
hypomanic
manic

Manic psychosis

Excludes: circular type if there was a previous attack of depression (296.2)

#### 296.1 Manic-depressive psychosis, depressed type

An affective psychosis in which there is a widespread depressed mood of gloom and wretchedness with some degree of anxiety. There is often reduced activity but there may be restlessness and agitation. There is a marked tendency to recurrence; in a few cases this may be at regular intervals.

Depressive psychosis Endogenous depression Involutional melancholia Manic-depressive reaction, depressed Monopolar depression Psychotic depression

Excludes: circular type if previous attack was of manic type (296.3) depression NOS (311)

#### 296.2 Manic-depressive psychosis, circular type but currently manic

An affective psychosis which has appeared in both the depressive and the manic form, either alternating or separated by an interval of normality, but in which the manic form is currently present. [The manic phase is far less frequent than the depressive].

Bipolar disorder, now manic

Excludes: brief compensatory or rebound mood swings (296.8)

296.3 Manic-depressive psychosis, circular type but currently depressed Circular type (see 296.2) in which the depressive form is currently present.

Bipolar disorder, now depressed

Excludes: brief compensatory or rebound mood swings (296.8)

#### 296.4 Manic-depressive psychosis, circular type, mixed

An affective psychosis in which both manic and depressive symptoms are present at the same time.

# 296.5 Manic-depressive psychosis, circular type, current condition not specified

Circular type (see 296.2) in which the current condition is not specified as either manic or depressive.

### 296.6 Manic-depressive psychosis, other and unspecified

Use this code for cases where no other information is available, except the unspecified term, manic-depressive psychosis, or for syndromes corresponding to the descriptions of depressed (296.1) or manic (296.0) types but which for other reasons cannot be classified under 296.0-296.5.

Manic-depressive psychosis:

Manic-depressive:

NOS

reaction NOS

mixed type

syndrome NOS

296.8 Other

Excludes: psychogenic affective psychoses (298.–)

296.9 Unspecified

Affective psychosis NOS

Melancholia NOS

#### 297 Paranoid states

Excludes: acute paranoid reaction (298.3)

alcoholic jealousy (291.5)

paranoid schizophrenia (295.3)

#### 297.0 Paranoid state, simple

A psychosis, acute or chronic, not classifiable as schizophrenia or affective psychosis, in which delusions, especially of being influenced, persecuted or treated in some special way, are the main symptoms. The delusions are of a fairly fixed, elaborate and systematized kind.

#### 297.1 Paranoia

A rare chronic psychosis in which logically constructed systematized delusions have developed gradually without concomitant hallucinations or the schizophrenic type of disordered thinking. The delusions are mostly of grandeur [the paranoiac prophet or inventor], persecution or somatic abnormality.

Excludes: paranoid personality disorder (301.0)

#### 297.2 Paraphrenia

Paranoid psychosis in which there are conspicuous hallucinations, often in several modalities. Affective symptoms and disordered thinking, if present, do not dominate the clinical picture and the personality is well preserved.

Involutional paranoid state

Late paraphrenia

#### 297.3 Induced psychosis

Mainly delusional psychosis, usually chronic and often without florid features, which appears to have developed as a result of a close, if not dependent, relationship with another person who already has an established similar psychosis. The delusions are at least partly shared. The rare cases in which several persons are affected should also be included here.

Folie à deux

Induced paranoid disorder

297.8 Other

Paranoid states which, though in many ways akin to schizophrenic or affective states, cannot readily be classified under any of the preceding rubrics, nor under 298.4.

Paranoia querulans

Sensitiver Beziehungswahn

Excludes: senile paranoid state (297.2)

297.9 Unspecified

Paranoid:

psychosis NOS reaction NOS state NOS

# 298 Other nonorganic psychoses

Categories 298.0-298.8 should be restricted to the small group of psychotic conditions that are largely or entirely attributable to a recent life experience. They should not be used for the wider range of psychoses in which environmental factors play some [but not the *major*] part in aetiology.

#### 298.0 Depressive type

A depressive psychosis which can be similar in its symptoms to manic-depressive psychosis, depressed type (296.1) but is apparently provoked by saddening stress such as a bereavement, or a severe disappointment or frustration. There may be less diurnal variation of symptoms than in 296.1, and the delusions are more often understandable in the context of the life experiences. There is usually a serious disturbance of behaviour, e.g., major suicidal attempt.

Reactive depressive psychosis Psychogenic depressive psychosis

Excludes: manic-depressive psychosis, depressed type (296.1)

neurotic depression (300.4)

#### 298.1 Excitative type

An affective psychosis similar in its symptoms to manic-depressive psychosis, manic type, but apparently provoked by emotional stress.

Excludes: manic-depressive psychosis, manic type (296.0)

#### 298.2 Reactive confusion

Mental disorders with clouded consciousness, disorientation [though less marked than in organic confusion] and diminished accessibility often accompanied by excessive activity and apparently provoked by emotional stress.

Psychogenic confusion Psychogenic twilight state

Excludes: acute confusional state (293.0)

#### 298.3 Acute paranoid reaction

Paranoid states apparently provoked by some emotional stress. The stress is often misconstrued as an attack or threat. Such states are particularly prone to occur in prisoners or as acute reactions to a strange and threatening environment, e.g. in immigrants.

Bouffée délirante

Excludes: paranoid states (297.–)

### 298.4 Psychogenic paranoid psychosis

Psychogenic or reactive paranoid psychosis of any type which is more protracted than the acute reactions covered in 298.3. Where there is a diagnosis of psychogenic paranoid psychosis which does not specify "acute" this coding should be made.

Protracted reactive paranoid psychosis

#### 298.8 Other and unspecified reactive psychosis

Hysterical psychosis

Psychogenic stupor

Psychogenic psychosis NOS

# 298.9 Unspecified psychosis

To be used only as a last resort, when no other term can be used.

Psychosis NOS

# 299 Psychoses with origin specific to childhood

This category should be used only for psychoses which always begin before puberty. Adult-type psychoses such as schizophrenia or manic-depressive psychoses when occurring in childhood should be coded elsewhere under the appropriate heading—i.e., 295 and 296 for the examples given.

#### 299.0 Infantile autism

A syndrome present from birth or beginning almost invariably in the first 30 months. Responses to auditory and sometimes to visual stimuli are abnormal and there are usually severe problems in the understanding of spoken language. Speech is delayed and, if it

develops, is characterized by echolalia, the reversal of pronouns, immature grammatical structure and inability to use abstract terms. There is generally an impairment in the social use of both verbal and gestural language. Problems in social relationships are most severe before the age of five years and include an impairment in the development of eye-to-eye gaze, social attachments, and cooperative play. Ritualistic behaviour is usual and may include abnormal routines, resistance to change, attachment to odd objects and stereotyped patterns of play. The capacity for abstract or symbolic thought and for imaginative play is diminished. Intelligence ranges from severely subnormal to normal or above. Performance is usually better on tasks involving rote memory or visuospatial skills than on those requiring symbolic or linguistic skills.

Childhood autism Infantile psychosis

Kanner's syndrome

imanine psychosis

Excludes:

disintegrative psychosis (299.1) Heller's syndrome (299.1)

schizophrenic syndrome of childhood (299.9)

### 299.1 Disintegrative psychosis

A disorder in which normal or near-normal development for the first few years is followed by a loss of social skills and of speech, together with a severe disorder of emotions, behaviour and relationships. Usually this loss of speech and of social competence takes place over a period of a few months and is accompanied by the emergence of overactivity and of stereotypies. In most cases there is intellectual impairment, but this is not a necessary part of the disorder. The condition may follow overt brain disease—such as measles encephalitis—but it may also occur in the absence of any known organic brain disease or damage. Use additional code to identify any associated neurological disorder.

Heller's syndrome

Excludes: infantile autism (299.0)

schizophrenic syndrome of childhood (299.9)

#### 299.8 Other

A variety of atypical infantile psychoses which may show some, but not all, of the features of infantile autism. Symptoms may include stereotyped repetitive movements, hyperkinesis, self-injury, retarded speech development, echolalia and impaired social relationships. Such disorders may occur in children of any level of intelligence but are particularly common in those with mental retardation.

Atypical childhood psychosis

Excludes: simple stereotypies without psychotic disturbance (307.3)

299.9 Unspecified

Child psychosis NOS Schizophrenia, childhood type NOS Schizophrenic syndrome of childhood NOS

Excludes: schizophrenia of adult type occurring in childhood (295.0-295.8)

# NEUROTIC DISORDERS, PERSONALITY DISORDERS AND OTHER NONPSYCHOTIC MENTAL DISORDERS (300-316)

#### 300 Neurotic disorders

The distinction between neurosis and psychosis is difficult and remains subject to debate. However, it has been retained in view of its wide use.

Neurotic disorders are mental disorders without any demonstrable organic basis in which the patient may have considerable insight and has unimpaired reality testing, in that he usually does not confuse his morbid subjective experiences and fantasies with external reality. Behaviour may be greatly affected although usually remaining within socially acceptable limits, but personality is not disorganized. The principal manifestations include excessive anxiety, hysterical symptoms, phobias, obsessional and compulsive symptoms, and depression.

#### 300.0 Anxiety states

Various combinations of physical and mental manifestations of anxiety, not attributable to real danger and occurring either in attacks or as a persisting state. The anxiety is usually diffuse and may extend to panic. Other neurotic features such as obsessional or hysterical symptoms may be present but do not dominate the clinical picture.

Anxiety: Panic:
neurosis attack
reaction disorder
state (neurotic) state

Excludes: neurasthenia (300.5)

psychophysiological disorders (306.–)

#### 300.1 Hysteria

Mental disorders in which motives, of which the patient seems unaware, produce either a restriction of the field of consciousness or disturbances of motor or sensory function which may seem to have psychological advantage or symbolic value. It may be characterized by conversion phenomena or dissociative phenomena. In the conversion form the chief or only symptoms consist of psychogenic disturbance of function in some part of the body, e.g., paralysis, tremor, blindness, deafness, seizures. In the dissociative variety, the most prominent feature is a narrowing of the field of conscious ness which seems to serve an unconscious purpose and is commonly accompanied or followed by a selective amnesia. There may be dramatic but essentially superficial changes of personality sometimes taking the form of a fugue [wandering state]. Behaviour may mimic psychosis or, rather, the patient's idea of psychosis.

Astasia-abasia, hysterical Compensation neurosis Conversion hysteria Conversion reaction Dissociative reaction or state Ganser's syndrome, hysterical Hysteria NOS Multiple personality

Excludes: adjustment reaction (309.-)

anorexia nervosa (307.1) gross stress reaction (308.–) hysterical personality (301.5)

psychophysiological disorders (306.–)

#### 300.2 Phobic state

Neurotic states with abnormally intense dread of certain objects or specific situations which would not normally have that effect. If the anxiety tends to spread from a specified situation or object to a wider range of circumstances, it becomes akin to or identical with anxiety state, and should be classified as such (300.0).

Agoraphobia Animal phobias Anxiety-hysteria Claustrophobia Phobia NOS

Excludes: anxiety state (300.0)

obsessional phobias (300.3)

### 300.3 Obsessive-compulsive disorders

States in which the outstanding symptom is a feeling of subjective compulsion—which must be resisted—to carry out some action, to dwell on an idea, to recall an experience, or to ruminate on an abstract topic. Unwanted thoughts which intrude, the insistency of words or ideas, ruminations or trains of thought are perceived by the patient to be inappropriate or nonsensical. The obsessional urge or idea is recognized as alien to the personality but as coming from within the self. Obsessional actions may be quasi-ritual performances designed to relieve anxiety e.g., washing the hands to cope with contamination. Attempts to dispel the unwelcome thoughts or urges may lead to a severe inner struggle, with intense anxiety.

Anankastic neurosis Compulsive neurosis

Excludes: obsessive-compulsive symptoms occurring in:

endogenous depression (296.1)

schizophrenia (295.-)

organic states, e.g., encephalitis

### 300.4 Neurotic depression

A neurotic disorder characterized by disproportionate depression which has usually recognizably ensued on a distressing experience; it does not include among its features delusions or hallucinations, and there is often preoccupation with the psychic trauma which preceded the illness, e.g., loss of a cherished person or possession. Anxiety is also frequently present and mixed states of anxiety and depression should be included here. The distinction between depressive neurosis and psychosis should be made not only upon the degree of depression but also on the presence or absence of other neurotic and psychotic characteristics and upon the degree of disturbance of the patient's behaviour.

Anxiety depression Depressive reaction

Neurotic depressive state Reactive depression

Excludes: adjustment reaction with depressive symptoms (309.0)

depression NOS (311)

manic-depressive psychosis, depressed type (296.1)

reactive depressive psychosis (298.0)

#### 300.5 Neurasthenia

A neurotic disorder characterized by fatigue, irritability, headache, depression, insomnia, difficulty in concentration, and lack of capacity for enjoyment [anhedonia]. It may follow or accompany an infection or exhaustion, or arise from continued emotional stress. If neurasthenia is associated with a physical disorder, the latter should also be coded.

#### Nervous debility

Excludes: anxiety state (300.0)

neurotic depression (300.4)

psychophysiological disorders (306.-)

specific nonpsychotic mental disorders following organic

brain damage (310.-)

#### 300.6 Depersonalization syndrome

A neurotic disorder with an unpleasant state of disturbed perception in which external objects or parts of one's own body are experienced as changed in their quality, unreal, remote or automatized. The patient is aware of the subjective nature of the change he experiences. Depersonalization may occur as a feature of several mental disorders including depression, obsessional neurosis, anxiety and schizophrenia; in that case the condition should not be classified here but in the corresponding major category.

#### Derealization (neurotic)

#### 300.7 Hypochondriasis

A neurotic disorder in which the conspicuous features are excessive concern with one's health in general or the integrity and functioning of some part of one's body, or, less frequently, one's mind. It is usually associated with anxiety and depression. It may occur as a feature of severe mental disorder and in that case should not be classified here but in the corresponding major category.

Excludes:

hysteria (300.1)

manic-depressive psychosis, depressed type (296.1)

neurasthenia (300.5)

obsessional disorder (300.3)

schizophrenia (295.–)

#### 300.8 Other neurotic disorders

Neurotic disorders not classified elsewhere, e.g., occupational neurosis. Patients with mixed neuroses should not be classified in this category but according to the most prominent symptoms they display.

Briquet's disorder

Occupational neurosis, including writer's cramp

Psychasthenia

Psychasthenic neurosis

#### 300.9 Unspecified

To be used only as a last resort.

Neurosis NOS

Psychoneurosis NOS

#### 301 Personality disorders

Deeply ingrained maladaptive patterns of behaviour generally recognizable by the time of adolescence or earlier and continuing throughout most of adult life, although often becoming less obvious in middle or old age. The personality is abnormal either in the balance of its components, their quality and expression or in its total aspect. Because of this deviation or psychopathy the patient suffers or others have to suffer and there is an adverse effect upon the individual or on society. It includes what is sometimes called psychopathic personality, but if this is determined primarily by malfunctioning of the brain, it should not be classified here but as one of the nonpsychotic organic brain syndromes (310). When the patient exhibits an anomaly of personality directly related to his neurosis or psychosis, e.g., schizoid personality and schizophrenia or anankastic personality and obsessive compulsive neurosis, the relevant neurosis or psychosis which is in evidence should be diagnosed in addition.

#### Character neurosis

#### 301.0 Paranoid personality disorder

Personality disorder in which there is excessive sensitiveness to setbacks or to what are taken to be humiliations and rebuffs, a tendency to distort experience by misconstruing the neutral or friendly actions of others as hostile or contemptuous, and a combative and tenacious sense of personal rights. There may be a proneness to jealousy or excessive self-importance. Such persons may feel helplessly humiliated and put upon; others, likewise excessively sensitive, are agressive and insistent. In all cases there is excessive self-reference.

Fanatic personality

Paranoid personality (disorder)

Paranoid traits

Excludes: acute paranoid reaction (298.3)

> alcoholic paranoia (291.5) paranoid schizophrenia (295.3)

paranoid states (297.-)

#### 301.1 Affective personality disorder

Personality disorder characterized by lifelong predominance of a pronounced mood which may be persistently depressive, persistently elated, or alternately one then the other. During periods of elation there is unshakeable optimism and an enhanced zest for life and activity, whereas periods of depression are marked by worry, pessimism, low output of energy and a sense of futility.

Cycloid personality

Depressive personality

Cyclothymic personality

Excludes: affective psychoses (296.–)

cyclothymia (296.2–296.5)

neurasthenia (300.5)

neurotic depression (300.4)

#### Schizoid personality disorder

Personality disorder in which there is withdrawal from affectional, social and other contacts with autistic preference for fantasy and introspective reserve. Behaviour may be slightly eccentric or indicate avoidance of competitive situations. Apparent coolness and detachment may mask an incapacity to express feeling.

schizophrenia (295.-) Excludes:

### 301.3 Explosive personality disorder

Personality disorder characterized by instability of mood with liability to intemperate outbursts of anger, hate, violence or affection. Aggression may be expressed in words or in physical violence. The outbursts cannot readily be controlled by the affected persons, who are not otherwise prone to antisocial behaviour.

Aggressive: personality

Emotional instability (excessive)

personality reaction Pathological emotionality Ouarrelsomeness

Aggressiveness

Excludes:

dyssocial personality (301.7) hysterical neurosis (300.1)

## 301.4 Anankastic personality disorder

Personality disorder characterized by feelings of personal insecurity, doubt and incompleteness leading to excessive conscientiousness, checking, stubborness and caution. There may be insistent and unwelcome thoughts or impulses which do not attain the severity of an obsessional neurosis. There is perfectionism and meticulous accuracy and a need to check repeatedly in an attempt to ensure this. Rigidity and excessive doubt may be conspicuous.

Compulsive personality

Obsessional personality

Excludes:

obsessive-compulsive disorder (300.3)

phobic state (300.2)

# 301.5 Hysterical personality disorder

Personality disorder characterized by shallow, labile affectivity, dependence on others, craving for appreciation and attention, suggestibility and theatricality. There is often sexual immaturity, e.g., frigidity and over-responsiveness to stimuli. Under stress hysterical symptoms [neurosis] may develop.

Histrionic personality

Psychoinfantile personality

Excludes: hysterical neurosis (300.1)

# 301.6 Asthenic personality disorder

Personality disorder characterized by passive compliance with the wishes of elders and others and a weak inadequate response to the demands of daily life. Lack of vigour may show itself in the intellectual or emotional spheres; there is little capacity for enjoyment.

Dependent personality

Passive personality

Inadequate personality

Excludes: neurasthenia (300.5)

# 301.7 Personality disorder with predominantly sociopathic or asocial manifestation

Personality disorder characterized by disregard for social obligations, lack of feeling for others, and impetuous violence or callous unconcern. There is a gross disparity between behaviour and the prevailing social norms. Behaviour is not readily modifiable by experience, including punishment. People with this personality are often

affectively cold and may be abnormally aggressive or irresponsible. Their tolerance to frustration is low; they blame others or offer plausible rationalizations for the behaviour which brings them into conflict with society.

Amoral personality

Asocial personality

Antisocial personality

Excludes: disturbance of conduct without specifiable personality disor-

der (312.-)

explosive personality (301.3)

301.8 Other personality disorders

Personality:

Personality:

eccentric

immature

"haltlose" type

passive-aggressive psychoneurotic

Excludes: psychoinfantile personality (301.5)

301.9 Unspecified

Pathological personality NOS

Psychopathic:

Personality disorder NOS

constitutional state personality (disorder)

#### 302 Sexual deviations and disorders

Abnormal sexual inclinations or behaviour which are part of a referral problem. The limits and features of normal sexual inclination and behaviour have not been stated absolutely in different societies and cultures but are broadly such as serve approved social and biological purposes. The sexual activity of affected persons is directed primarily either towards people not of the opposite sex, or towards sexual acts not associated with coitus normally, or towards coitus performed under abnormal circumstances. If the anomalous behaviour becomes manifest only during psychosis or other mental illness the condition should be classified under the major illness. It is common for more than one anomaly to occur together in the same individual; in that case the predominant deviation is classified. It is preferable not to include in this category individuals who perform deviant sexual acts when normal sexual outlets are not available to them.

# 302.0 Homosexuality

Exclusive or predominant sexual attraction for persons of the same sex with or without physical relationship. Code homosexuality here whether or not it is considered as a mental disorder.

Lesbianism

Excludes: homosexual paedophilia (302.2)

302.1 Bestiality

Sexual or anal intercourse with animals.

Paedophilia

Sexual deviations in which an adult engages in sexual activity with a child of the same or opposite sex.

#### 302.3 Transvestism

Sexual deviation in which sexual pleasure is derived from dressing in clothes of the opposite sex. There is no consistent attempt to take on the identity or behaviour of the opposite sex.

Excludes: trans-sexualism (302.5)

#### 302.4 Exhibitionism

Sexual deviation in which the main sexual pleasure and gratification is derived from exposure of the genitals to a person of the opposite sex.

#### 302.5 Trans-sexualism

Sexual deviation centred around fixed beliefs that the overt bodily sex is wrong. The resulting behaviour is directed towards either changing the sexual organs by operation, or completely concealing the bodily sex by adopting both the dress and behaviour of the opposite sex.

Excludes: transvestism (302.3)

#### 302.6 Disorders of psychosexual identity

Behaviour occurring in preadolescents of immature psychosexuality which is similar to that shown in the sexual deviations described under transvestism (302.3) and transsexualism (302.5). Cross-dressing is intermittent, although it may be frequent, and identification with the behaviour and appearance of the opposite sex is not yet fixed. The commonest form is feminism in boys.

#### Gender-role disorder

Excludes:

homosexuality (302.0) trans-sexualism (302.5) transvestism (302.3)

#### 302.7 Frigidity and impotence

Frigidity—dislike of or aversion to sexual intercourse, of psychological origin, of sufficient intensity to lead, if not to active avoidance, to marked anxiety, discomfort or pain when normal sexual intercourse takes place. Less severe degrees of this disorder that also give rise to consultation should also be coded here.

Impotence—sustained inability, due to psychological causes, to maintain an erection which will allow normal heterosexual penetration and ejaculation to take place.

#### Dyspareunia, psychogenic

Excludes:

impotence of organic origin

normal transient symptoms from ruptured hymen

transient or occasional failures of erection due to fatigue, anxiety, alcohol or drugs

302.8 Other

Fetishism Masochism Sadism

302.9 Unspecified

#### 303 Alcohol dependence syndrome

A state, psychic and usually also physical, resulting from taking alcohol, characterized by behavioural and other responses that always include a compulsion to take alcohol on a continuous or periodic basis in order to experience its psychic effects, and sometimes to avoid the discomfort of its absence; tolerance may or may not be present. A person may be dependent on alcohol and other drugs; if so also make the appropriate 304 coding. If dependence is associated with alcoholic psychosis or with physical complications, both should be coded.

Acute drunkenness in alcoholism

Dipsomania

Chronic alcoholism

Excludes: alcoholic psychoses (291.-)

drunkenness NOS (305.0)

physical complications of alcohol, such as:

cirrhosis of liver (571.2)

epilepsy (345.–) gastritis (535.3)

#### 304 Drug dependence

A state, psychic and sometimes also physical, resulting from taking a drug, characterized by behavioural and other responses that always include a compulsion to take a drug on a continuous or periodic basis in order to experience its psychic effects, and sometimes to avoid the discomfort of its absence. Tolerance may or may not be present. A person may be dependent on more than one drug.

Excludes: nondependent abuse of drugs (305.–)

304.0 Morphine type

Heroin Methadone

Opium

Opium alkaloids and their deriva-

tives

Synthetics with morphine-like effects

304.1 Barbiturate type

Barbiturates

Nonbarbiturate sedatives and tranquillizers with a similar effect:

chlordiazepoxide

diazepam

glutethimide

meprobamate

304.2 Cocaine

Coca leaves and derivatives

304.3 Cannabis

Hemp Hashish Marijuana

304.4 Amphetamine type and other psychostimulants

Phenmetrazine

Methylphenidate

304.5 Hallucinogens

LSD and derivatives

Psilocybin

Mescaline

304.6 Other

Absinthe addiction

Glue sniffing

Excludes: tobacco dependence (305.1)

304.7 Combinations of morphine type drug with any other

304.8 Combinations excluding morphine type drug

304.9 Unspecified

Drug addiction NOS

Drug dependence NOS

#### 305 Nondependent abuse of drugs

Includes cases where a person, for whom no other diagnosis is possible, has come under medical care because of the maladaptive effect of a drug on which he is not dependent (as defined in 304.—) and that he has taken on his own initiative to the detriment of his health or social functioning. When drug abuse is secondary to a psychiatric disorder, code the disorder.

Excludes: alcohol dependence syndrome (303)

drug dependence (304.–)

drug withdrawal syndrome (292.0)

poisoning by drugs or medicaments (960-979)

305.0 Alcohol

Cases of acute intoxication or "hangover" effects.

Drunkenness NOS "Hangover" (alcohol)

Excessive drinking of alcohol NOS Inebriety NOS

Excludes: alcoholic psychoses (291.–)

physical complications of alcohol, such as:

cirrhosis of liver (571.2)

epilepsy (345.–)

gastritis (535.3)

#### 305.1 Tobacco

Cases in which tobacco is used to the detriment of a person's health or social functioning or in which there is tobacco dependence. Dependence is included here rather than under 304.— because tobacco differs from other drugs of dependence in its psychotoxic effects.

Tobacco dependence

305.2 Cannabis

#### 305.3 Hallucinogens

Cases of acute intoxication or "bad trips".

LSD reaction

#### 305.4 Barbiturates and tranquillizers

Cases where a person has taken the drug to the detriment of his health or social functioning, in doses above or for periods beyond those normally regarded as therapeutic.

305.5 Morphine type

305.6 Cocaine type

305.7 Amphetamine type

305.8 Antidepressants

305.9 Other, mixed or unspecified

"Laxative habit" Misuse of drugs NOS Nonprescribed use of drugs or patent medicinals

#### 306 Physiological malfunction arising from mental factors

A variety of physical symptoms or types of physiological malfunction of mental origin, not involving tissue damage and usually mediated through the autonomic nervous system. The disorders are grouped according to body system. Codes 306.0-306.9 should not be used if the physical symptom is secondary to a psychiatric disorder classifiable elsewhere. If tissue damage is involved, code under 316.

Excludes: hysteria (300.1)

> psychic factors associated with physical conditions involving tissue damage classified elsewhere (316)

> specific nonpsychotic mental disorders following organic

brain damage (310.-)

306.0 Musculoskeletal

Psychogenic torticollis

Excludes: Gilles de la Tourette's syndrome (307.2)

tics (307.2)

306.1 Respiratory

Air hunger Psychogenic cough

Hiccough (psychogenic) Yawning

Hyperventilation

Excludes: psychogenic asthma (316 and 493.9)

306.2 Cardiovascular

Cardiac neurosis Neurocirculatory asthenia

Cardiovascular neurosis Psychogenic cardiovascular

disorder

Excludes: psychogenic paroxysmal tachycardia (316 and 427.9)

#### 306.3 Skin

Psychogenic pruritus

Excludes: psychogenic:

alopecia (316 and 704.0)

dermatitis (316 and 692.-)

eczema (316 and 691.9 or 692.-)

urticaria (316 and 708.-)

#### 306.4 Gastrointestinal

# Aerophagy

Cyclical vomiting, psychogenic

Excludes:

cyclical vomiting NOS (536.2)

mucous colitis (316 and 564.1)

psychogenic:

cardiospasm (316 and 530.0) duodenal ulcer (316 and 532.-) gastric ulcer (316 and 531.-) peptic ulcer (316 and 533.-)

#### 306.5 Genitourinary

Psychogenic dysmenorrhoea

Excludes:

dyspareunia (302.7) enuresis (307.6) frigidity (302.7) impotence (302.7)

306.6 Endocrine

306.7 Organs of special sense

Excludes: hysterical blindness or deafness (300.1)

306.8 Other

Teeth-grinding

306.9 Unspecified

Psychophysiologic disorder NOS

Psychosomatic disorder NOS

# 307 Special symptoms or syndromes not elsewhere classified

Conditions in which an outstanding symptom or group of symptoms is not manifestly part of a more fundamental classifiable condition.

Excludes: when due to mental disorders classified elsewhere

when of organic origin

#### 307.0 Stammering and stuttering

Disorders in the rhythm of speech, in which the individual knows precisely what he wishes to say, but at the time is unable to say it because of an involuntary, repetitive prolongation or cessation of a sound.

Excludes: dysphasia (784.5)

lisping or lalling (307.9)

retarded development of speech (315.3)

#### 307.1 Anorexia nervosa

A disorder in which the main features are persistent active refusal to eat and marked loss of weight. The level of activity and alertness is characteristically high in relation to the degree of emaciation. Typically the disorder begins in teenage girls but it may sometimes begin before puberty and rarely it occurs in males. Amenorrhoea is usual and there may be a variety of other physiological changes including slow pulse and respiration, low body temperature and dependent oedema. Unusual eating habits and attitudes toward food are typical and sometimes starvation follows or alternates with periods of overeating. The accompanying psychiatric symptoms are diverse.

Excludes: eating disturbance NOS (307.5)

loss of appetite (783.0)

of nonorganic origin (307.5)

#### 307.2 Tics

Disorders of no known organic origin in which the outstanding feature consists of quick, involuntary, apparently purposeless, and frequently repeated movements which are not due to any neurological condition. Any part of the body may be involved but the face is most frequently affected. Only one form of tic may be present, or there may be a combination of tics which are carried out simultaneously, alternatively or consecutively. Gilles de la Tourette's syndrome refers to a rare disorder occurring in individuals of any level of intelligence in which facial tics and tic-like throat noises become more marked and more generalized and in which later, whole words or short sentences [often with an obscene content] are ejaculated spasmodically and involuntarily. There is some overlap with other varieties of tic.

Excludes: nail-biting or thumb-sucking (307.9)

stereotypies occurring in isolation (307.3)

tics of organic origin (333.3)

## 307.3 Stereotyped repetitive movements

Disorders in which voluntary repetitive stereotyped movements, which are not due to any psychiatric or neurological condition, constitute the main feature. Includes head-banging, spasmus nutans, rocking, twirling, finger-flicking mannerisms and eye poking. Such movements are particularly common in cases of mental retardation with sensory impairment or with environmental monotony.

Stereotypies NOS

Excludes: tics:

NOS (307.2)

of organic origin (333.3)

#### 307.4 Specific disorders of sleep

This category should only be used when a more precise medical or psychiatric diagnosis cannot be made.

Hypersomnia Insomnia Inversion of sleep rhythm of nonorganic origin Nightmares Night terrors Sleepwalking Excludes: narcolepsy (347.0)

when of unspecified cause (780.5)

#### 307.5 Other and unspecified disorders of eating

This category should only be used when a more precise medical or psychiatric diagnosis cannot be made.

Infantile feeding disturbances Loss of appetite of nonorganic origin Overeating Pica Psychogenic vomiting Excludes: anorexia: nervosa (307.1)

of unspecified cause (783.0) overeating of unspecified cause (783.6) vomiting: NOS (787.0) cyclical (536.2) psychogenic (306.4)

#### 307.6 Enuresis

A disorder in which the main manifestation is a persistent involuntary voiding of urine by day or night which is considered abnormal for the age of the individual. Sometimes the child will have failed to gain bladder control and in other cases he will have gained control and then lost it. Episodic or fluctuating enuresis should be included. The disorder would not usually be diagnosed under the age of four years.

Enuresis (primary) (secondary) of nonorganic origin

Excludes: enuresis of unspecified cause (788.3)

#### 307.7 Encopresis

A disorder in which the main manifestation is the persistent voluntary or involuntary passage of formed motions of normal or near-normal consistency into places not intended for that purpose in the individual's own sociocultural setting. Sometimes the child has failed to gain bowel control, and sometimes he has gained control but then later again became encopretic. There may be a variety of associated psychiatric symptoms and there may be smearing of faeces. The condition would not usually be diagnosed under the age of four years.

Encopresis (continuous) (discontinuous) of nonorganic origin

Excludes: encopresis of unspecified cause (787.6)

#### 307.8 Psychalgia

Cases in which there are pains of mental origin, e.g., headache or backache, when a more precise medical or psychiatric diagnosis cannot be made.

#### Tension headache

Psychogenic backache

Excludes: migraine (346.-)

pains not specifically attributable to a psychological cause

(in): back (724.5)

headache (784.0)

joint (719.4) limb (729.5)

lumbago (724.2)

rheumatic (729.0)

#### 307.9 Other and unspecified

The use of this category should be discouraged. Most of the items listed in the inclusion terms are not indicative of psychiatric disorder and are included only because such terms may sometimes still appear as diagnoses.

Hair plucking

Lalling

Masturbation Nail-biting

Lisping Thumb-sucking

#### 308 Acute reaction to stress

Very transient disorders of any severity and nature which occur in individuals without any apparent mental disorder in response to exceptional physical or mental stress, such as natural catastrophe or battle, and which usually subside within hours or days.

Catastrophic stress

Exhaustion delirium

Combat fatigue

Excludes: adjustment reaction (309.–)

308.0 Predominant disturbance of emotions

Panic states, excitability, fear, depressions and anxiety fulfilling the above criteria.

308.1 Predominant disturbance of consciousness

Fugues fulfilling the above criteria.

308.2 Predominant psychomotor disturbance

Agitation states, stupor fulfilling the above criteria.

308.3 Other

Acute situational disturbance

#### 308.4 *Mixed*

Many gross stress reactions include several elements but whenever possible a specific coding under .0, .1, .2 or .3 should be made according to the *preponderant* type of disturbance. The category of mixed disorders should only be used when there is such an admixture that this cannot be done.

### 308.9 Unspecified

#### 309 Adjustment reaction

Mild or transient disorders lasting longer than acute stress reactions (308.–) which occur in individuals of any age without any apparent pre-existing mental disorder. Such disorders are often relatively circumscribed or situation-specific, are generally reversible, and usually last only a few months. They are usually closely related in time and content to stresses such as bereavement, migration or separation experiences. Reactions to major stress that last longer than a few days are also included here. In children such disorders are associated with no significant distortion of development.

Excludes: acute reaction to major stress (308.–) neurotic disorders (300.–)

### 309.0 Brief depressive reaction

States of depression, not specifiable as manic-depressive, psychotic or neurotic, generally transient, in which the depressive symptoms are usually closely related in time and content to some stressful event.

#### Grief reaction

Excludes: affective psychoses (296.-)

neurotic depression (300.4)

prolonged depressive reaction (309.1) psychogenic depressive psychosis (298.0)

# 309.1 Prolonged depressive reaction

States of depression, not specifiable as manic-depressive, psychotic or neurotic, generally long-lasting; usually developing in association with prolonged exposure to a stressful situation.

Excludes: affective psychoses (296.–)

brief depressive reaction (309.0) neurotic depression (300.4)

psychogenic depressive psychosis (298.0)

# 309.2 With predominant disturbance of other emotions

States, fulfilling the general criteria for adjustment reaction, in which the main symptoms are emotional in type [anxiety, fear, worry, etc.] but not specifically depressive.

Abnormal separation anxiety

Culture shock

### 309.3 With predominant disturbance of conduct

Mild or transient disorders, fulfilling the general criteria for adjustment reaction, in which the main disturbance predominantly involves a disturbance of conduct. For example, an adolescent grief reaction resulting in aggressive or antisocial disorder would be included here.

Excludes: disturbance of conduct NOS (312.-)

dyssocial behaviour without manifest psychiatric disorder (V71.0)

personality disorder with predominantly sociopathic or asocial manifestations (301.7)

#### 309.4 With mixed disturbance of emotions and conduct

Disorders fulfilling the general definition in which both emotional disturbance and disturbance of conduct are prominent features.

309.8 Other

Adjustment reaction with elective mutism Hospitalism in children NOS

309.9 Unspecified

Adjustment reaction NOS

Adaptation reaction NOS

#### 310 Specific nonpsychotic mental disorders following organic brain damage

Note: This category should be used only for conditions where the form of the disorder is determined by the brain pathology.

Excludes: neuroses, personality disorders or other nonpsychotic conditions occurring in a form similar to that seen with functional disorders but in association with a physical condition; code to 300.-, 301.-, etc., and use additional code to identify the physical condition

#### 310.0 Frontal lobe syndrome

Changes in behaviour following damage to the frontal areas of the brain or following interference with the connections of those areas. There is a general diminution of selfcontrol, foresight, creativity and spontaneity, which may be manifest as increased irritability, selfishness, restlessness and lack of concern for others. Conscientiousness and powers of concentration are often diminished, but measurable deterioration of intellect or memory is not necessarily present. The overall picture is often one of emotional dullness, lack of drive and slowness; but, particularly in persons previously with energetic, restless or aggressive characteristics, there may be a change towards impulsiveness, boastfulness, temper outbursts, silly fatuous humour, and the development of unrealistic ambitions; the direction of change usually depends upon the previous personality. A considerable degree of recovery is possible and may continue over the course of several years.

Lobotomy syndrome

Postleucotomy syndrome (state)

Excludes: postcontusional syndrome (310.2)

# 310.1 Cognitive or personality change of other type

Chronic, mild states of memory disturbance and intellectual deterioration, often accompanied by increased irritability, querulousness, lassitude and complaints of physical weakness. These states are often associated with old age, and may precede more severe states due to brain damage classifiable under dementia of any type (290.-, and 294.-) or any condition in 293.- (Transient organic psychotic conditions).

Mild memory disturbance

Organic psychosyndrome of nonpsychotic severity

#### 310.2 Postconcussional syndrome

States occurring after generalized contusion of the brain, in which the symptom picture may resemble that of the frontal lobe syndrome (310.0) or that of any of the neurotic disorders (300.0-300.9), but in which in addition, headache, giddiness, fatigue, insomnia and a subjective feeling of impaired intellectual ability are usually prominent. Mood may fluctuate, and quite ordinary stress may produce exaggerated fear and apprehension. There may be marked intolerance of mental and physical exertion, undue sensitivity to noise, and hypochondriacal preoccupation. The symptoms are more common in persons who have previously suffered from neurotic or personality disorders, or when there is a possibility of compensation. This syndrome is particularly associated with the closed type of head injury when signs of localized brain damage are slight or absent, but it may also occur in other conditions.

Postcontusional syndrome (encephalopathy)

Status post commotio cerebri

Post-traumatic brain syndrome, nonpsychotic

Excludes: frontal lobe syndrome (310.0)

postencephalitic syndrome (310.8)

any organic psychotic conditions following head injury (290.- to 294.0)

310.8 Other

Include here disorders resembling the postcontusional syndrome (310.2), associated with infective or other diseases of the brain or surrounding tissues.

Other focal (partial) organic psychosyndromes

310.9 Unspecified

# 311 Depressive disorder, not elsewhere classified

States of depression, usually of moderate but occasionally of marked intensity, which have no specifically manic-depressive or other psychotic depressive features and which do not appear to be associated with stressful events or other features specified under neurotic depression.

Depressive disorder NOS

Depression NOS

Depressive state NOS

Excludes: acute reaction to major stress with depressive symptoms (308.0)

affective personality disorder (301.1)

affective psychoses (296.-)

brief depressive reaction (309.0)

disturbance of emotions specific to childhood and adolescence, with misery and unhappiness (313.1)

mixed adjustment reaction with depressive symptoms (309.4)

neurotic depression (300.4)

prolonged depressive adjustment reaction (309.1)

psychogenic depressive psychosis (298.0)

#### 312 Disturbance of conduct not elsewhere classified

Disorders mainly involving aggressive and destructive behaviour and disorders involving delinquency. It should be used for abnormal behaviour, in individuals of any age, which gives rise to social disapproval but which is not part of any other psychiatric condition. Minor emotional disturbances may also be present. To be included, the behaviour—as judged by its frequency, severity and type of associations with other symptoms—must be abnormal in its context. Disturbances of conduct are distinguished from an adjustment reaction by a longer duration and by a lack of close relationship in time and content to some stress. They differ from a personality disorder by the absence of deeply ingrained maladapative patterns of behaviour present from adolescence or earlier.

Excludes: adjustment reaction with disturbance of conduct (309.3)

drug dependence (304.-)

dyssocial behaviour without manifest psychiatric disorder (V71.0)

personality disorder with predominantly sociopathic or asocial manifestations (301.7)

sexual deviations (302.-)

#### 312.0 Unsocialized disturbance of conduct

Disorders characterized by behaviours such as defiance, disobedience, quarrelsomeness, aggression, destructive behaviour, tantrums, solitary stealing, lying, teasing, bullying and disturbed relationships with others. The defiance may sometimes take the form of sexual misconduct.

Unsocialized aggressive disorder

## 312.1 Socialized disturbance of conduct

Disorders in individuals who have acquired the values or behaviour of a delinquent peer group to whom they are loyal and with whom they characteristically steal, play truant, and stay out late at night. There may also be promiscuity.

Group delinquency

Excludes: gang activity without manifest psychiatric disorder (V71.0)

#### 312.2 Compulsive conduct disorder

Disorder of conduct or delinquent act which is specifically compulsive in origin.

#### Kleptomania

#### 312.3 Mixed disturbance of conduct and emotions

Disorders involving behaviours listed for 312.0 and 312.1 but in which there is also *considerable* emotional disturbance as shown for example by anxiety, misery or obsessive manifestations.

Neurotic delinquency

Excludes: compulsive conduct disorder (312.2)

312.8 Other

312.9 Unspecified

#### 313 Disturbance of emotions specific to childhood and adolescence

Less well differentiated emotional disorders characteristic of the childhood period. Where the emotional disorder takes the form of a neurotic disorder described under 300.—, the appropriate 300.— coding should be made. This category differs from category 308.— in terms of longer duration and by the lack of close relationship in time and content to some stress.

Excludes: adjustment reaction (309.–)

masturbation, nail-biting, thumb-sucking and other isolated symptoms (307.-)

## 313.0 With anxiety and fearfulness

Ill-defined emotional disorders characteristic of childhood in which the main symptoms involve anxiety and fearfulness. Many cases of school refusal or elective mutism might be included here.

Overanxious reaction of childhood or adolescence

Excludes: abnormal separation anxiety (309.2)

anxiety states (300.0)

hospitalism in children (309.8)

phobic state (300.2)

#### 313.1 With misery and unhappiness

Emotional disorders characteristic of childhood in which the main symptoms involve misery and unhappiness. There may also be eating and sleep disturbances.

Excludes: depressive neurosis (300.4)

### 313.2 With sensitivity, shyness and social withdrawal

Emotional disorders characteristic of childhood in which the main symptoms involve sensitivity, shyness, or social withdrawal. Some cases of elective mutism might be included here.

Withdrawing reaction of childhood or adolescence

Excludes: infantile autism (299.0)

schizoid personality (301.2)

schizophrenia (295.-)

#### 313.3 Relationship problems

Emotional disorders characteristic of childhood in which the main symptoms involve relationship problems.

Sibling jealousy

Excludes: relationship problems associated with aggression, destruction or other forms of conduct disturbance (312.–)

#### 313.8 Other or mixed

Many emotional disorders of childhood include several elements but whenever possible a specific coding under .0, .1, .2 or .3 should be made according to the *preponderant* type of disturbance. The category of mixed disorders should only be used when there is such an admixture that this cannot be done.

#### 313.9 Unspecified

#### 314 Hyperkinetic syndrome of childhood

Disorders in which the essential features are short attention-span and distractibility. In early childhood the most striking symptom is disinhibited, poorly organized and poorly regulated extreme overactivity but in adolescence this may be replaced by underactivity. Impulsiveness, marked mood fluctuations and aggression are also common symptoms. Delays in the development of specific skills are often present and disturbed, poor relationships are common. If the hyperkinesis is symptomatic of an underlying disorder, code the underlying disorder instead.

#### 314.0 Simple disturbance of activity and attention

Cases in which short attention span, distractibility, and overactivity are the main manifestations without significant disturbance of conduct or delay in specific skills.

## Overactivity NOS

#### 314.1 Hyperkinesis with developmental delay

Cases in which the hyperkinetic syndrome is associated with speech delay, clumsiness, reading difficulties or other delays in specific skills.

Developmental disorder of hyperkinesis

Use additional code to identify any associated neurological disorder

#### 314.2 Hyperkinetic conduct disorder

Cases in which the hyperkinetic syndrome is associated with marked conduct disturbance but not developmental delay.

Hyperkinetic conduct disorder

Excludes: hyperkinesis with significant delays in specific skills (314.1)

314.8 Other

#### 314.9 Unspecified

Hyperkinetic reaction of childhood Hyperkinetic syndrome NOS or adolescence NOS

#### 315 Specific delays in development

A group of disorders in which a specific delay in development is the main feature. In each case development is related to biological maturation but it is also influenced by nonbiological factors and the coding carries no aetiological implications.

Excludes: when due to a neurological disorder (320-389)

### 315.0 Specific reading retardation

Disorders in which the main feature is a serious impairment in the development of reading or spelling skills which is not explicable in terms of general intellectual retardation or of inadequate schooling. Speech or language difficulties, impaired right-left differentiation, perceptuo-motor problems, and coding difficulties are frequently associated. Similar problems are often present in other members of the family. Adverse psychosocial factors may be present.

Developmental dyslexia

Specific spelling difficulty

#### 315.1 Specific arithmetical retardation

Disorders in which the main feature is a serious impairment in the development of arithmetical skills which is not explicable in terms of general intellectual retardation or of inadequate schooling.

Dyscalculia

### 315.2 Other specific learning difficulties

Disorders in which the main feature is a serious impairment in the development of other learning skills which are not explicable in terms of general intellectual retardation or of inadequate schooling.

Excludes: specific arithmetical retardation (315.1)

specific reading retardation (315.0)

### 315.3 Developmental speech or language disorder

Disorders in which the main feature is a serious impairment in the development of speech or language [syntax or semantics] which is not explicable in terms of general intellectual retardation. Most commonly there is a delay in the development of normal word-sound production resulting in defects of articulation. Omissions or substitutions of consonants are most frequent. There may also be a delay in the production of spoken language. Rarely, there is also a developmental delay in the comprehension of sounds. Includes cases in which delay is largely due to environmental privation.

Developmental aphasia

Dyslalia

Excludes:

acquired aphasia (784.3)

elective mutism (309.8, 313.0 or 313.2)

lisping and lalling (307.9)

stammering and stuttering (307.0)

# 315.4 Specific motor retardation

Disorders in which the main feature is a serious impairment in the development of motor coordination which is not explicable in terms of general intellectual retardation. The clumsiness is commonly associated with perceptual difficulties.

Clumsiness syndrome

Dyspraxia syndrome

# 315.5 Mixed development disorder

A delay in the development of one specific skill [e.g., reading, arithmetic, speech or coordination] is frequently associated with lesser delays in other skills. When this occurs the coding should be made according to the skill most seriously impaired. The mixed category should be used only where the mixture of delayed skills is such that no one skill is preponderantly affected.

315.8 Other

# 315.9 Unspecified

Developmental disorder NOS

#### 316 Psychic factors associated with diseases classified elsewhere

Mental disturbances or psychic factors of any type thought to have played a major part in the aetiology of physical conditions, usually involving tissue damage, classified elsewhere. The mental disturbance is usually mild and nonspecific and psychic factors [worry, fear, conflict, etc.] may be present without any overt psychiatric disorder. Use an additional code to identify the physical condition. In the rare instance that an overt psychiatric disorder is thought to have caused a physical condition, use a second additional code to record the psychiatric diagnosis.

Examples of the use of this category are:

psychogenic:

asthma 316 and 493.9 dermatitis 316 and 692. eczema 316 and 691.— or 692. gastric ulcer 316 and 531. mucous colitis 316 and 564.1 ulcerative colitis 316 and 556 urticaria 316 and 708. psychosocial dwarfism 316 and 259.4

Excludes: physical symptoms and physiological malfunctions, not involving tissue damage, of mental origin (306.-)

### MENTAL RETARDATION (317-319)

A condition of arrested or incomplete development of mind which is especially characterized by subnormality of intelligence. The coding should be made on the individual's current level of functioning without regard to its nature or causation—such as psychosis, cultural deprivation, Down's syndrome etc.. Where there is a specific cognitive handicap—such as in speech—the four-digit coding should be based on assessments of cognition outside the area of specific handicap. The assessment of intellectual level should be based on whatever information is available, including clinical evidence, adaptive behaviour and psychometric findings. The IQ levels given are based on a test with a mean of 100 and a standard deviation of 15—such as the Wechsler scales. They are provided only as a guide and should not be applied rigidly. Mental retardation often involves psychiatric disturbances and may often develop as a result of some physical disease or injury. In these cases, an additional code or codes should be used to identify any associated condition, psychiatric or physical. The Impairment and Handicap codes should also be consulted.

#### 317 Mild mental retardation

Feeble-minded
High-grade defect
Mild mental subnormality

Moron IO 50-70

#### 318 Other specified mental retardation

318.0 Moderate mental retardation

Imbecile IQ 35-49

Moderate mental subnormality

318.1 Severe mental retardation

IQ 20-34

Severe mental subnormality

318.2 Profound mental retardation

Idiocy

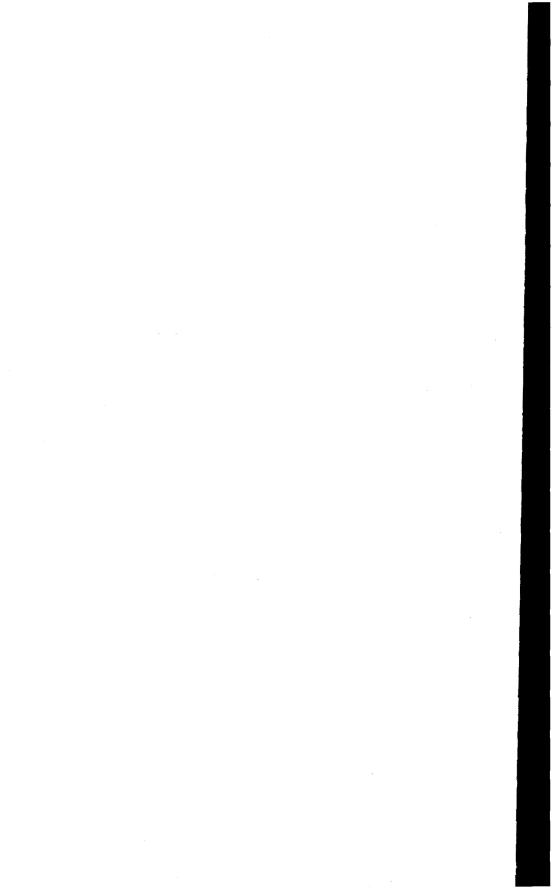
Profound mental subnormality

IQ under 20

# 319 Unspecified mental retardation

Mental deficiency NOS

Mental subnormality NOS



# VI. DISEASES OF THE NERVOUS SYSTEM AND SENSE ORGANS

INFLAMMATORY DISEASES OF THE CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM (320-326)

#### 320 Bacterial meningitis

Includes: arachnoiditis

leptomeningitis

meningitis

meningoencephalitis

meningomyelitis pachymeningitis

bacterial

320.0 Haemophilus meningitis

Meningitis due to Haemophilus influenzae [H. influenzae]

320.1 Pneumococcal meningitis

320.2 Streptococcal meningitis

320.3 Staphylococcal meningitis

320.4* Tuberculous meningitis (013.0†)

320.5* Meningococcal meningitis (036.0†)

320.7* Meningitis in other bacterial diseases classified elsewhere

Meningitis (in):

gonoccocal (098.8†)

listeriosis (027.0†)

neurosyphilis (094.2†)

salmonellosis (003.2†) syphilis:

congenital (090.4†)

secondary (091.8†)

typhoid fever (002.0†)

320.8 Meningitis due to other specified bacteria

Meningitis due to:

Escherichia coli [E. coli]

Friedländer bacillus

320.9 Meningitis due to unspecified bacterium

Meningitis:

bacterial NOS

purulent NOS

pyogenic NOS

suppurative NOS

### 321* Meningitis due to other organisms

Includes:

arachnoiditis leptomeningitis

meningitis

pachymeningitis

due to organisms other than bacteria

321.0* Fungal meningitis (110-118†)

Cryptococcal meningitis (117.5†)

- 321.1* Meningitis due to Coxsackie virus (047.0†)
- 321.2* Meningitis due to ECHO virus (047.1†)

Meningo-eruptive syndrome

- 321.3* Meningitis due to herpes zoster virus (053.0†)
- 321.4* Meningitis due to herpes simplex virus (054.7†)
- 321.5* Meningitis due to mumps virus (072.1†)
- 321.6* Meningitis due to lymphocytic choriomeningitis virus (049.0†)
- 321.7* Meningitis due to other and unspecified viruses

Meningitis:

arbovirus (060-066†) aseptic NOS (047.9†) viral NOS (047.9†)

321.8* Other

Meningitis due to: leptospira (100.8†) trypanosomiasis (086.-†)

#### 322 Meningitis of unspecified cause

Includes:

arachnoiditis leptomeningitis meningitis

pachymeningitis

with no organism specified as cause

322.0 Nonpyogenic meningitis

Meningitis with clear cerebrospinal fluid

- 322.1 Eosinophilic meningitis
- 322.2 Chronic meningitis
- 322.9 Meningitis, unspecified

### 323 Encephalitis, myelitis and encephalomyelitis

Includes: acute disseminated encephalomyelitis

meningoencephalitis, except bacterial meningomyelitis, except bacterial

myelitis (acute): ascending transverse

Excludes: bacterial:

meningoencephalitis (320.-) meningomyelitis (320.-)

323.0* Kuru (046.0†)

323.1* Subacute sclerosing panencephalitis (046.2†)

Dawson's encephalitis

Van Bogaert's subacute sclerosing leucoencephalitis

323.2* *Poliomyelitis* (045.-†)

323.3* Arthropod-borne viral encephalitis (062-064†)

#### 323.4* Other encephalitis due to infection

Encephalitis (in):
herpes simplex (054.3†)
meningococcal (036.1†)
mumps (072.2†)
rubella (056.0†)
syphilis (094.8†)

congenital (090.4†)

Encephalitis (in):
trypanosomiasis (086.-†)
tuberculosis (013.8†)
viral NOS (049.9†)
Meningoencephalitis due to free
living amoebae [Naegleria]

(136.2†)

### 323.5 Encephalitis following immunization procedures

Encephalitis Encephalomyelitis } postimmunization or postvaccinal

Use additional E code, if desired, to identify vaccine

# 323.6* Postinfectious encephalitis

Encephalitis:

postchickenpox (052†) postmeasles (055.0†)

323.7* Toxic encephalitis

Lead encephalitis (984.-†)

323.8 Other

323.9 Unspecified cause

#### 324 Intracranial and intraspinal abscess

#### 324.0 Intracranial abscess

Abscess (embolic) of brain [any part]: cerebellar cerebral extradural

extradural otogenic subdural tuberculous* (013.8†)

#### 324.1 Intraspinal abscess

Abscess (embolic) of spinal cord [any part]:

epidural extradural subdural tuberculous* (013.8†)

324.9 Of unspecified site

Extradural or subdural abscess NOS

# 325 Phlebitis and thrombophlebitis of intracranial venous sinuses

Embolism
Endophlebitis
Phlebitis, septic or suppurative
Thrombophlebitis
Thrombosis

of cavernous, lateral or other intracranial or unspecified intracranial venous sinus

Excludes: when specified as:

complicating pregnancy, childbirth or the puerperium (671.5)
of nonpyogenic origin (437.6)

#### 326 Late effects of intracranial abscess or pyogenic infection

Note: This category is to be used to indicate conditions whose primary classification is to 320-325 [i.e. excluding those marked with an asterisk (*)] as the cause of late effects, themselves classifiable elsewhere. The "late effects" include conditions specified as such, or as sequelae, or present one year or more after the onset of the causal condition. [See III Late effects, page 723].

# HEREDITARY AND DEGENERATIVE DISEASES OF THE CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM (330-337)

Excludes: hepatolenticular degeneration (275.1)

multiple sclerosis (340)

other demyelinating diseases of central nervous system

(341.-)

### 330 Cerebral degenerations usually manifest in childhood

Use additional code, if desired, to identify associated mental retardation

330.0 Leucodystrophy

Krabbe's disease

Leucodystrophy:

NOS

globoid cell

metachromatic

sudanophilic

330.1 Cerebral lipidoses

Amaurotic (family) idiocy

Disease:

Batten
Jansky-Bielschowsky

Kufs

Disease:

Spielmeyer-Vogt

Tay-Sachs

Gangliosidosis

330.2* Cerebral degeneration in generalized lipidoses (272.7†)

Cerebral degeneration in:

Fabry's disease

Gaucher's disease

Niemann-Pick disease

sphingolipidosis

330.3* Cerebral degeneration of childhood in other diseases classified elsewhere

Cerebral degeneration in:

Hunter's disease (277.5†)

mucopolysaccharidoses (277.5†)

330.8 Other cerebral degenerations in childhood

Alpers's disease or grey-matter degeneration

Leigh's disease or subacute necrotizing encephalopathy

330.9 Unspecified

## 331 Other cerebral degenerations

Use additional code, if desired, to identify associated mental disorder

- 331.0 Alzheimer's disease
- 331.1 Pick's disease
- 331.2 Senile degeneration of brain

Excludes: senility NOS (797)

#### 331.3 Communicating hydrocephalus

Excludes: congenital hydrocephalus (741.0, 742.3)

## 331.4 Obstructive hydrocephalus

Acquired hydrocephalus NOS

Excludes: congenital hydrocephalus (741.0, 742.3)

331.5* Jakob-Creutzfeldt disease (046.1†)

Subacute spongioform encephalopathy

331.6* Progressive multifocal leucoencephalopathy (046.3†)

#### 331.7* Cerebral degeneration in other diseases classified elsewhere

Cerebral degeneration in:

alcoholism (303†)

beriberi (265.0†)

cerebrovascular disease (430-438†)

congenital hydrocephalus (741.0, 742.3†)

neoplastic disease (140-239†)

myxoedema (244.-†)

vitamin B₁₂ deficiency (266.2†)

#### 331.8 Other cerebral degeneration

331.9 Unspecified

#### 332 Parkinson's disease

#### 332.0 Paralysis agitans

Parkinsonism or Parkinson's disease:

NOS

idiopathic

primary

#### 332.1 Secondary Parkinsonism

## Parkinsonism:

due to drugs

syphilitic* (094.8†)

Use additional E code, if desired, to identify drug, if drug-induced

#### 333 Other extrapyramidal disease and abnormal movement disorders

Includes: other forms of extrapyramidal, basal ganglia or striatopalli-

dal disease

Excludes: abnormal movements of head NOS (781.0)

333.0 Other degenerative diseases of the basal ganglia

Hallervorden-Spatz disease or pigmentary pallidal degeneration

Olivopontocerebellar degeneration

Parkinsonian syndrome associated with:

idiopathic orthostatic hypotension

symptomatic orthostatic hypotension

Progressive supranuclear ophthalmoplegia

Shy-Drager syndrome

Strionigral degeneration

333.1 Essential and other specified forms of tremor

Benign essential tremor

Familial tremor

Use additional E code, if desired, to identify drug, if drug-induced

Excludes: tremor NOS (781.0)

333.2 Myoclonus

Familial essential myoclonus

Unverricht-Lundborg disease

Progressive myoclonic epilepsy

Use additional E code, if desired, to identify drug, if drug-induced

333.3 Tics of organic origin

Excludes: Gilles de la Tourette's syndrome (307.2)

habit spasm (307.2) tic NOS (307.2)

Use additional E code, if desired, to identify drug, if drug-induced

333.4 Huntington's chorea

333.5 Other choreas

Hemiballism(us)

Paroxysmal choreo-athetosis

Excludes: Sydenham's or rheumatic chorea (392.–)

Use additional E code, if desired, to identify drug, if drug-induced

333.6 Idiopathic torsion dystonia

Dystonia musculorum deformans or (Schwalbe-)Ziehen-Oppenheim disease

333.7 Symptomatic torsion dystonia

Athetoid cerebral palsy or Vogt's disease

Double athetosis

Use additional E code, if desired, to identify drug, if drug-induced

333.8 Fragments of torsion dystonia

Blepharospasm

Orofacial dyskinesia

Organic writers' cramp

Spasmodic torticollis

Use additional E code, if desired, to identify drug, if drug-induced

333.9 Other and unspecified

Restless legs

Stiff man syndrome

## 334 Spinocerebellar disease

Excludes: olivopontocerebellar degeneration (333.0) peroneal muscular atrophy (356.1)

334.0 Friedreich's ataxia

334.1 Hereditary spastic paraplegia

334.2 Primary cerebellar degeneration

Primary cerebellar degeneration:

NOS hereditary sporadic

334.3 Other cerebellar ataxia

Cerebellar ataxia NOS

Use additional E code, if desired, to identify drug, if drug-induced

334.4* Cerebellar ataxia in diseases classified elsewhere

Cerebellar ataxia in:

alcoholism (303†) myxoedema (244.-†) neoplastic disease (140-239†)

334.8 Other

Ataxia telangiectasia or Louis-Bar syndrome

334.9 Unspecified

#### 335 Anterior horn cell disease

335.0 Werdnig-Hoffmann disease

Infantile spinal muscular atrophy

335.1 Spinal muscular atrophy

Kugelberg-Welander disease

_

335.2 Motor neurone disease

Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis Motor neurone disease (bulbar) (mixed type) Progressive muscular atrophy (pure)

Adult spinal muscular atrophy

335.8 Other

### 335.9 Unspecified

#### 336 Other diseases of spinal cord

336.0 Syringomyelia and syringobulbia

336.1 Vascular myelopathies

Acute infarction of spinal cord (embolic) (nonembolic)

Arterial thrombosis of spinal cord

Haematomyelia

Oedema of spinal cord

Subacute necrotic myelopathy

336.2* Subacute combined degeneration of spinal cord (266.2, 281.0, 281.1†)

336.3* Myelopathy in other diseases classified elsewhere

Myelopathy (in):

intervertebral disc disorder (722.7†) neoplastic disease (140-239†)

spondylosis (721.-†)

336.8 Other myelopathy

Myelopathy:

drug-induced radiation-induced

Use additional E code, if desired, to identify cause

336.9 Unspecified diseases of spinal cord

Cord compression NOS

Myelopathy NOS

Excludes: myelitis (323.–)

### 337 Disorders of the autonomic nervous system

Includes: disorders of peripheral autonomic, sympathetic, parasym-

pathetic or vegetative system

Excludes: familial dysautonomia [Riley-Day syndrome] (742.8)

337.0 Idiopathic peripheral autonomic neuropathy

337.1* Peripheral autonomic neuropathy in disorders classified elsewhere

Autonomic neuropathy (peripheral) in:

amyloidosis (277.3†) diabetes (250.5†)

337.9 Unspecified

## OTHER DISORDERS OF THE CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM (340-349)

#### 340 Multiple sclerosis

Disseminated or multiple sclerosis:

NOS

brain stem

cord

generalized

## 341 Other demyelinating diseases of central nervous system

341.0 Neuromyelitis optica

341.1 Schilder's disease

Balo's concentric sclerosis

Encephalitis periaxialis:

concentrica diffusa

341.8 Other

341.9 Unspecified

## 342 Hemiplegia

Note: For primary coding, this category is to be used only when hemiplegia (complete) (incomplete), except of types listed in 343.1 and 343.4, is reported without further specification, or is stated to be old or long standing but of unspecified cause. The category is also for use in multiple coding to identify these types of hemiplegia resulting from any cause.

- 342.0 Flaccid hemiplegia
- 342.1 Spastic hemiplegia
- 342.9 Unspecified

#### 343 Infantile cerebral palsy

Includes: cerebral:

palsy NOS

spastic infantile paralysis

congenital spastic paralysis (cerebral)

Little's disease

paralysis (spastic) due to birth injury:

intracranial

spinal

Excludes: hereditary cerebral paralysis, such as:

hereditary spastic paraplegia (334.1)

Vogt's disease (333.7)

343.0 Diplegic

Congenital diplegia

Congenital paraplegia

343.1 Hemiplegic

Congenital hemiplegia

Excludes: infantile hemiplegia NOS (343.4)

343.2 Quadriplegic

Tetraplegic

343.3 Monoplegic

343.4 Infantile hemiplegia

Infantile hemiplegia (postnatal) NOS

343.8 Other

343.9 Unspecified

## 344 Other paralytic syndromes

Note: For primary coding, this category is to be used only when the listed conditions are reported without further specification, or are stated to be old or longstanding but of unspecified cause. The category is also for use in multiple coding to identify these conditions resulting from any cause.

Includes: paralysis (complete) (incomplete), except as in 342. – and 343. –

344.0 Quadriplegia

344.1 Paraplegia

Paralysis of both lower limbs

Paraplegia (lower)

344.2 Diplegia of upper limbs

Diplegia (upper)

Paralysis of both upper limbs

344.3 Monoplegia of lower limb

Paralysis of lower limb

344.4 Monoplegia of upper limb

Paralysis of upper limb

344.5 · Unspecified monoplegia

344.6 Cauda equina syndrome

Cord bladder

Neurogenic bladder

344.8 Other

344.9 Unspecified

# 345 Epilepsy

Excludes: progressive myoclonic epilepsy (333.2)

#### 345.0 Generalized nonconvulsive epilepsy

Absences:

Seizures:

atonic typical

akinetic atonic

Petit mal

#### 345.1 Generalized convulsive epilepsy

Epileptic seizures:

Grand mal

clonic

Major epilepsy

myoclonic tonic

tonic-clonic

Excludes: infantile spasms (345.6)

#### 345.2 Petit mal status

Epileptic absence status

#### 345.3 Grand mal status

Status epilepticus NOS

Excludes: epilepsia partialis continua (345.7)

## 345.4 Partial epilepsy, with impairment of consciousness

## Epilepsy:

partial:

with memory and ideational disturbances

secondarily generalized

psychomotor

psychosensory Epileptic automatism

# 345.5 Partial epilepsy, without mention of impairment of consciousness

Epilepsy:

Epilepsy:

Bravais-Jacksonian NOS focal (motor) NOS

somatomotor somatosensory

Jacksonian NOS motor partial

visceral visual

partial NOS

# 345.6 Infantile spasms

Hypsarrythmia

Salaam attacks

Lighting spasms

Excludes: salaam tic (781.0)

345.7 Epilepsia partialis continua

Kojevnikov's epilepsy

345.8 Other

345.9 Unspecified

Epileptic convulsions, fits or seizures NOS

346 Migraine

346.0 Classical migraine

Migraine preceded or accompanied by transient focal neurological phenomena

Neuralgia:

ciliary

migrainous

Migraine with aura

346.1 Common migraine

346.2 Variants of migraine

Cluster headache

Migraine:

basilar

lower-half

retinal

346.8 Other

Migraine:

hemiplegic

ophthalmoplegic

346.9 Unspecified

347 Cataplexy and narcolepsy

348 Other conditions of brain

348.0 Cerebral cysts

Arachnoid cyst

Porencephalic cyst

348.1 Anoxic brain damage

Excludes: when attributable to medical care for abortion, ectopic or molar pregnancy, labour or delivery (634-638 with fourth digit .7, 639.8, 668.2, 669.4)

when of newborn (767.0, 768.-, 772.1, 772.2)

Use additional E code, if desired, to identify cause [e.g., anaesthesia]

348.2 Benign intracranial hypertension

348.3 Encephalopathy, unspecified

348.4 Compression of brain

Compression Herniation brain (stem)

348.5 Cerebral oedema

348.8 Other

Cerebral: calcification fungus Tuberculoma of brain (active disease)*
(013.8†)

348.9 Unspecified

#### 349 Other and unspecified disorders of the nervous system

349.0 Reaction to spinal or lumbar puncture

Headache following lumbar puncture

349.1 Nervous system complications from surgically implanted device

Excludes: immediate postoperative complications (997.0) mechanical complications classifiable to 996.2 (996.2)

349.2 Disorders of meninges, not elsewhere classified

Meningeal adhesions (cerebral)

(spinal)

Tuberculoma of meninges (cerebral) bral) (spinal)* (013.1†)

349.8 Other

349.9 Unspecified

DISORDERS OF THE PERIPHERAL NERVOUS SYSTEM (350-359)

Excludes: diseases of:

acoustic [8th] nerve (388.5) oculomotor [3rd, 4th, 6th] nerves (378.–) optic [2nd] nerve (377.–)

neuralgia neuritis NOS or "rheumatic" (729.2) radiculitis

peripheral neuritis in pregnancy (646.4)

#### 350 Trigeminal nerve disorders

Includes: disorders of 5th cranial nerve

350.0* Post-herpetic trigeminal neuralgia (053.1†)

350.1 Other trigeminal neuralgia

Trigeminal neuralgia NOS

350.2 Atypical face pain

350.8 Other

350.9 Unspecified

#### 351 Facial nerve disorders

Includes: disorders of 7th cranial nerve

351.0 Bell's palsy

Facial palsy

351.1 Geniculate ganglionitis

Geniculate ganglionitis:

NOS herpetic* (053.1†)

351.8 Other

351.9 Unspecified

#### 352 Disorders of other cranial nerves

352.0 Disorders of olfactory [1st] nerve

352.1 Glossopharyngeal neuralgia

352.2 Other disorders of glossopharyngeal [9th] nerve

352.3 Disorders of pneumogastric [10th] nerve

352.4 Disorders of accessory [11th] nerve

352.5 Disorders of hypoglossal [12th] nerve

352.6 Multiple cranial nerve palsies

Polyneuritis cranialis

352.9 Unspecified

### 353 Nerve root and plexus disorders

Excludes: conditions due to:

intervertebral disc disorders (722.–) spondylosis (720.–, 721.–)

vertebrogenic disorders (723.-, 724.-)

353.0 Brachial plexus lesions

Excludes: brachial neuritis or radiculitis NOS (723.4)

353.1 Lumbosacral plexus lesions

353.2 Cervical root lesions, not elsewhere classified

353.3 Thoracic root lesions, not elsewhere classified

353.4 Lumbosacral root lesions, not elsewhere classified

353.5 Parson	Neuralgic amyotrophy age-Aldren-Turner syndrome
353.6	Phantom limb syndrome
353.8	Other
353.9	Unspecified
354	Mononeuritis of upper limb and mononeuritis multiplex
354.0	Carpal tunnel syndrome
354.1	Other lesion of median nerve
354.2 Tardy	Lesion of ulnar nerve ulnar nerve palsy
354.3	Lesion of radial nerve
354.4	Causalgia
354.5 Comb	Mononeuritis multiplex inations of single conditions classifiable to 354.— or to 355.
354.8	Other
354.9	Unspecified
355	Mononeuritis of lower limb
355.0 Exclud	Lesion of sciatic nerve les: sciatica NOS (724.3)
355.1 Latera	Meralgia paraesthetica  l cutaneous nerve of thigh syndrome
355.2	Lesion of femoral nerve
355.3	Lesion of lateral popliteal nerve
355.4	Lesion of medial popliteal nerve
355.5	Tarsal tunnel syndrome
355.6 Morto	Lesion of plantar nerve n's metatarsalgia
355.7	Other
355.8	Unspecified mononeuritis of lower limb
355.9 Diabet	Mononeuritis of unspecified site tic mononeuropathy NOS* (250.5†)

#### 356 Hereditary and idiopathic peripheral neuropathy 356.0 Hereditary peripheral neuropathy Dejerine-Sottas disease 356.1 Peroneal muscular atrophy Charcot-Marie-Tooth disease 356.2 Hereditary sensory neuropathy 356.3 Refsum's disease 356.4 Idiopathic progressive polyneuropathy 356.8 Other 356.9 Unspecified 357 Inflammatory and toxic neuropathy 357.0 Acute infective polyneuritis Guillain-Barré syndrome 357.1* Polyneuropathy in collagen vascular disease Polyneuropathy in: disseminated lupus erythematosus (710.0†) polyarteritis nodosa (446.0†) rheumatoid arthritis (714.0†) 357.2* Polyneuropathy in diabetes (250.5†) 357.3* Polyneuropathy in malignant disease (140-208†) 357.4* Polyneuropathy in other diseases classified elsewhere Polyneuropathy in: Polyneuropathy in: amyloidosis (277.3†) mumps (072.7†) pellagra (265.2†) beriberi (265.0†) deficiency of B vitamins (266.-†) porphyria (277.1†) diphtheria (032.-†) sarcoidosis (135†) herpes zoster (053.1†) uraemia (585†) hypoglycaemia (251.2†) 357.5 Alcoholic polyneuropathy 357.6 Polyneuropathy due to drugs Use additional E code, if desired, to identify drug 357.7 Polyneuropathy due to other toxic agents Use additional E code, if desired, to identify toxic agent 357.8 Other

357.9

Unspecified

#### 358 Myoneural disorders

358.0 Myasthenia gravis

358.1* Myasthenic syndromes in diseases classified elsewhere

Diabetic amyotrophy (250.5†)

Myasthenic syndromes in: malignant disease (140-208†) thyrotoxicosis (242.-†)

#### 358.2 Toxic myoneural disorders

Use additional E code, if desired, to identify toxic agent

358.8 Other

358.9 Unspecified

## 359 Muscular dystrophies and other myopathies

Excludes: idiopathic polymyositis (710.4)

359.0 Congenital hereditary muscular dystrophy

Benign congenital myopathy Central core disease Myotubular myopathy Nemaline body disease

Excludes: arthrogryposis multiplex congenita (755.8)

#### 359.1 Hereditary progressive muscular dystrophy

Muscular dystrophy:

NOS distal Duchenne

Erb's facioscapulohumeral

Muscular dystrophy:

Landouzy-Dejerine

limb-girdle ocular

oculopharyngeal

# 359.2 Myotonic disorders

Dystrophia myotonica Myotonia congenita

Paramyotonia congenita Steinert's disease

# 359.3 Familial periodic paralysis

Hypokalaemic familial periodic paralysis

# 359.4 Toxic myopathy

Use additional E code, if desired, to identify toxic agent

# 359.5* Endocrine myopathy

Myopathy in:

Addison's disease (255.4†) Cushing's syndrome (255.0†) hypopituitarism (253.2†) Myopathy in:

myxoedema (244.-†) thyrotoxicosis (242.-†)

## 359.6* Symptomatic inflammatory myopathy

Myopathy in:

amyloidosis (277.3†)

disseminated lupus erythematosus (710.0†)

malignant neoplasm (140-208†)

polyarteritis nodosa (446.0†)

rheumatoid arthritis (714.0†)

sarcoidosis (135†)

scleroderma (710.1†)

Sjögren's disease (710.2†)

359.8 Other

359.9 Unspecified

# DISORDERS OF THE EYE AND ADNEXA (360-379)

# 360 Disorders of the globe

Includes: disorders affecting multiple structures of eye

360.0 Purulent endophthalmitis

**Panophthalmitis** 

Vitreous abscess

360.1 Other endophthalmitis

Ophthalmia nodosa

Sympathetic uveitis

Parasitic endophthalmitis NOS

360.2 Degenerative disorders of globe

Chalcosis

Siderosis of eye

Malignant myopia

360.3 Hypotony of eye

360.4 Degenerated conditions of globe

Absolute glaucoma Atrophy of globe Haemophthalmos Phthisis bulbi

360.5 Retained (old) intraocular foreign body, magnetic

Retained (old) magnetic foreign body (in):

anterior chamber

ciliary body

iris

lens

posterior wall of globe

vitreous

360.6 Retained (old) intraocular foreign body, nonmagnetic

Retained (old) foreign body in sites listed in 360.5:

NOS

nonmagnetic

360.8 Other disorders of globe

Luxation of globe

360.9 Unspecified

#### 361 Retinal detachments and defects

361.0 Retinal detachment with retinal defect

Giant tear of retina (with detachment)

Rhegmatogenous retinal detachment

361.1 Retinoschisis and retinal cysts

Cyst of ora serrata

Pseudocyst of retina

Excludes: microcystoid degeneration of retina (362.6) parasitic cyst of retina (360.1)

361.2 Serous retinal detachment

Retinal detachment without retinal defect

361.3 Retinal defects without detachment

Horseshoe tear Round hole of retina, without mention of detachment Operculum

Excludes: chorioretinal scars after surgery for detachment (363.3) peripheral retinal degeneration without defect (362.6)

361.8 Other forms of retinal detachment

Traction detachment of retina

361.9 Unspecified

#### 362 Other retinal disorders

Excludes: chorioretinitis (363.-)

chorioretinal scars (363.3)

362.0* Diabetic retinopathy (250.4†)

Diabetic:

Diabetic:

retinal microaneurysms

retinopathy (background) (proliferative)

Retinopathy:

NOS

Coat's

exudative

hypertensive

362.1 Other background retinopathy and retinal vascular changes

Changes in retinal vascular

appearance

Retinal:

micro-aneurysms NOS neovascularization NOS

perivasculitis varices

vascular sheathing

vasculitis

362.2 Other proliferative retinopathy

Retrolental fibroplasia

Proliferative sickle-cell retinopathy* (282.6†)

Venous engorgement, retina

atherosclerotic* (440.8†)

background NOS

362.3 Retinal vascular occlusion

Microembolism, retinal

Occlusion (partial) (total) (transient): retinal artery (branch) (central) retinal vein (central) (tributary)

362.4 Separation of retinal layers

Central serous chorioretinopathy

Detachment of retinal pigment epithelium

Excludes: serous retinal detachment (361.2)

362.5 Degeneration of macula and posterior pole

Cyst Hole

Puckering

of macula

Drusen (degenerative)
Kuhnt-Junius degeneration
Senile macular degeneration
(atrophic) (exudative)
Toxic maculopathy

Use additional E code, if desired, to identify drug, if drug-induced

362.6 Peripheral retinal degenerations

Degeneration, retina: lattice

microcystoid palisade

Degeneration, retina:

paving stone peripheral reticular

362.7 Hereditary retinal dystrophies

Dystrophy:

retinal (albipunctate) (pigmentary) (vitelliform)

tapetoretinal vitreoretinal

Retinitis pigmentosa Stargardt's disease Hereditary retinal dystrophy in:

cerebroretinal lipidoses*

(330.1†) systemic lipidoses* (272.7†)

```
362.8 Other retinal disorders
Haemorrhage:
                                       Retinal:
                                         cotton wool spots
  preretinal
  retinal (deep) (superficial)
                                         exudates
  subretinal
                                         ischaemia
                                         oedema
Excludes: chorioretinal inflammations and scars (363.-)
362.9 Unspecified
363
       Chorioretinal inflammations and scars and other disorders of choroid
363.0
       Focal chorioretinitis and focal retinochoroiditis
Focal:
  chorioretinitis or choroiditis
  retinochoroiditis or retinitis:
    NOS
    in:
       histoplasmosis* (115.-†)
       toxoplasmosis:
         acquired* (130†)
         congenital* (771.2†)
363.1 Disseminated chorioretinitis and disseminated retinochoroiditis
Disseminated:
  chorioretinitis or choroiditis:
    NOS
    syphilitic* (091.5†)
    tuberculous* (017.3†)
  retinochoroiditis or retinitis:
    NOS
    in neurosyphilis* (094.8†)
Excludes:
           retinal:
              perivasculitis (362.1)
              vasculitis (362.1)
363.2 Other and unspecified forms of chorioretinitis and retinochoroiditis
Pars planitis
                                      Posterior cyclitis
Excludes:
            panophthalmitis (360.0)
            sympathetic uveitis (360.1)
363.3 Chorioretinal scars
Scar (postinflammatory) (postsurgical) (post-traumatic):
  choroid
  macula
  posterior pole
  retina
Solar retinopathy
```

### 363.4 Choroidal degenerations

Angioid streaks

Atrophy of choroid Sclerosis

## 363.5 Hereditary choroidal dystrophies

Choroideremia

Dystrophy, choroidal (central areolar) (generalized) (gyrate) (peripapillary)

Gyrate atrophy, choroid

## 363.6 Choroidal haemorrhage and rupture

Choroidal haemorrhage:

NOS

expulsive

- 363.7 Choroidal detachment
- 363.8 Other disorders of choroid
- 363.9 Unspecified

#### 364 Disorders of iris and ciliary body

364.0 Acute and subacute iridocyclitis

Anterior uveitis Cyclitis

acute recurrent subacute

Iridocyclitis Iritis

in herpes simplex* (054.4†) in herpes zoster* (053.2†) with hypopyon

#### 364.1 Chronic iridocyclitis

Iridocyclitis:

chronic syphilitic* (091.5†) tuberculous* (017.3†)

## 364.2 Certain types of iridocyclitis

Fuchs's heterochromic cyclitis Glaucomatocyclitic crises

Lens-induced iridocyclitis

364.3 Unspecified iridocyclitis

#### 364.4 Vascular disorders of iris and ciliary body

Haemorrhage Neovascularization

of iris or ciliary body

Hyphaema

Rubeosis of iris

## 364.5 Degenerations of iris and ciliary body

Degeneration:

Iridoschisis

iris (pigmentary)

Miotic pupillary cyst Translucency of iris

pupillary margin

Iris atrophy (essential) (progressive)

#### 364.6 Cysts of iris, ciliary body and anterior chamber

Cyst of iris, ciliary body or anterior chamber:

NOS exudative

implantation

Excludes: miotic pupillary cyst (364.5)

parasitic cyst (360.1)

#### 364.7 Adhesions and disruptions of iris and ciliary body

Ectopic pupil

Recession, chamber angle

Goniosynechiae Iridodialysis Synechiae (iris): NOS

Pupillary: membranes

anterior posterior

occlusion seclusion

### 364.8 Other disorders of iris and ciliary body

364.9 Unspecified

#### 365 Glaucoma

Excludes: glaucoma:

absolute (360.4) congenital (743.2)

#### 365.0 Borderline glaucoma

Anatomical narrow angle

Ocular hypertension Steroid responder Open-angle with:

borderline intraocular pressure

cupping of discs

## 365.1 Open-angle glaucoma

Glaucoma (primary) (residual

stage): chronic simple low tension Glaucoma (primary) (residual

stage): open angle pigmentary

#### 365.2 Primary angle-closure glaucoma

Angle-closure glaucoma (primary) (residual stage):

acute

chronic

intermittent

#### 365.3 Corticosteroid-induced glaucoma

Corticosteroid-induced glaucoma (glaucomatous stage) (residual stage)

Use additional E code, if desired, to identify drug

365.4 Glaucoma associated with congenital anomalies, with dystrophies and with systemic syndromes

Glaucoma in:

aniridia* (743.4†)

Axenfeld's anomaly* (743.4†)

Glaucoma in:

Rieger's anomaly* (743.4†) Sturge-Weber(-Dimitri)

syndrome* (759.6†)

#### 365.5 Glaucoma associated with disorders of the lens

Glaucoma (in):

Phacolytic glaucoma

hypermature cataract postdislocation of lens pseudoexfoliation of capsule

#### 365.6 Glaucoma associated with other ocular disorders

Glaucoma in:

concussion of globe

iridocyclitis

retinal vein occlusion

Glaucoma in:

rubeosis of iris tumours of globe

#### 365.8 Other glaucoma

Hypersecretion glaucoma

365.9 Unspecified

#### 366 Cataract

Excludes: congenital cataract (743.3)

366.0 Infantile, juvenile and presentle cataract

366.1 Senile cataract

Pseudoexfoliation of (lens) capsule

Senile cataract (hypermature)

(incipient) (mature)

366.2 Traumatic cataract

366.3 Cataract secondary to ocular disorders

Cataracta complicata
Cataract in chronic iridocyclitis

Glaucomatous flecks (subcapsu-

lar)

366.4	Cataract associated with other	· disorders			
Catara		Cataract:			
	petic* (250.4†) g-induced	tetanic* (275.4†) in hypoparathyroidism*			
	otonic* (359.2†)	(252.1†)			
Use additional E code, if desired, to identify cause if due to drug or other toxic substance					
366.5	After-cataract				
Soemering's ring Secondary cataract					
366.8	Other cataract				
366.9	Unspecified				
367	Disorders of refraction and ac	commodation			
367.0	Hypermetropia				
367.1	Myopia				
367.2	Astigmatism				
367.3	Anisometropia and aniseikonia	ı			
367.4	Presbyopia				
367.5	Disorders of accommodation				
Internal ophthalmoplegia (complete) (total)					
Paresis Spasm	S of accommodation	`			
367.8	Other				
367.9	Unspecified				
368	Visual disturbances				
Exclud	Excludes: electrophysiological disturbances (794.1)				
368.0	Amblyopia ex anopsia				
Amblyopia:					
_	rivation bismic				
	pression				
368.1	Subjective visual disturbances				
Asther		Visual:			
	norphopsia phobia	hallucinations halos			
Scintil	lating scotoma	114105			
Sudden visual loss					

## 368.2 Diplopia

Double vision

368.3 Other disorders of binocular vision

Abnormal retinal correspondence Fusion with defective stereopsis Simultaneous visual perception without fusion Suppression of binocular vision

### 368.4 Visual field defects

Enlarged blind spot
Generalized contraction of visual
field
Hemianop(s)ia (heteronymous)
(homonymous)
Quadrant anop(s)ia

Scotoma:
arcuate
Bjerrum
central
ring

## 368.5 Colour vision deficiencies

Achromatopsia Protanopia
Deuteranomaly Tritanomaly
Deuteranopia Tritanopia
Protanomaly

368.6 Night blindness

Night blindness:

NOS

due to vitamin A deficiency* (264.5†)

- 368.8 Other visual disturbances
- 368.9 Unspecified

#### 369 Blindness and low vision

- 369.0 Blindness, both eves
- 369.1 Blindness, one eye, low vision other eye
- 369.2 Low vision, both eyes
- 369.3 Unqualified visual loss, both eyes
- 369.6 Blindness, one eye
- 369.7 Low vision, one eye
- 369.8 Unqualified visual loss, one eve
- 369.9 Unspecified visual loss

Note: The table below gives a classification of severity of visual impairment recommended by a WHO Study Group on the Prevention of Blindness, Geneva, 6-10 November 1972. The term "low vision" in the above category comprises categories 1 and 2 of the table below, the term "blindness" categories 3, 4 and 5 and the term "unqualified visual loss" category 9.

Category of visual	Visual acuity with best possible correction		
	maximum less than	minimum equal to or better than	
1	6/18 3/10 (0.3) 20/70	6/60 1/10 (0.1) 20/200	
2	6/60 1/10 (0.1) 20/200	3/60 1/20 (0.05) 20/400	
3	3/60 1/20 (0.05) 20/400	1/60 (finger counting at 1 metre) 1/50 (0.02) 5/300 (20/1200)	
4	1/60 (finger counting at 1 metre) 1/50 (0.02) 5/300	Light perception	
5	No light perception		
9	Undetermined or unspecified		

If the extent of the visual field is taken into account, patients with a field no greater than 10° but greater than 5° around central fixation should be placed in category 3 and patients with a field no greater than 5° around central fixation should be placed in category 4, even if the central acuity is not impaired.

#### 1. WHO Technical Report Series 518

#### 370 Keratitis

370.0 Corneal ulcer

Ulcer: cornea (central) (marginal)

(perforated) (ring)

hypopyon

370.1* Dendritic keratitis (054.4†)

370.2 Other superficial keratitis without conjunctivitis

Keratitis: areolar

filamentary nummular

Keratitis: stellate

Ulcer:

Mooren's

striate superficial punctate

**Photokeratitis** Snow blindness

Certain types of keratoconjunctivitis 370.3

Keratoconjunctivitis:

exposure neurotrophic phlyctenular

Keratoconjunctivitis: sicca* (710.2†)

tuberculous (phlyctenular)*  $(017.3\dagger)$ 

370.4 Other and unspecified keratoconjunctivitis

Keratitis or keratoconiunctivitis:

herpes zoster* (053.2†) herpes simplex* (054.4†) measles* (055.7†)

in other exanthemata

Keratoconjunctivitis:

NOS

epidemic* (077.1†) Superficial keratitis with conjunctivitis

370.5 Interstitial and deep keratitis

Corneal abscess

Interstitial keratitis:

NOS nonsyphilitic syphilitic* (090.3†) tuberculous* (017.3†) Keratitis:

disciform* (054.4†)

sclerosing

370.6 Corneal neovascularization

Ghost vessels (corneal)

Pannus (corneal)

370.8 Other forms of keratitis

370.9 Unspecified

## 371 Corneal opacity and other disorders of cornea

371.0 Corneal scars and opacities

Corneal:

leucoma (adherent) macula nebula

371.1 Corneal pigmentations and deposits

Haematocornea Kayser-Fleischer ring Krukenberg spindle Staehli's line

371.2 Corneal oedema

Bullous keratopathy

371.3 Changes of corneal membranes

 $\left\{ egin{aligned} Fold \\ Rupture \end{array} 
ight\}$  in Descemet's membrane

371.4 Corneal degenerations

Arcus senilis

Recurrent corneal erosion

Band-shaped keratopathy

Keratomalacia

due to Vitamin A deficiency* (264.4†)

Excludes: Mooren's ulcer (370.0)

371.5 Hereditary corneal dystrophies

Corneal dystrophy (epithelial) (granular) (lattice) (macular)

Fuchs's endothelial dystrophy

371.6 Keratoconus

371.7 Other corneal deformities

Corneal ectasia Corneal staphyloma Descemetocele

371.8 Other corneal disorders

Anaesthesia of cornea

371.9 Unspecified

# 372 Disorders of conjunctiva

Excludes: keratoconjunctivitis (370.3, 370.4)

```
372.0 Acute conjunctivitis
Conjunctivitis:
  adenoviral follicular (acute)* (077.3†)
  epidemic haemorrhagic* (077.4†)
  inclusion* (077.0†)
  mucopurulent
  Newcastle* (077.8†)
  pseudomembranous
    diphtheritic* (032.8†)
  serous
  viral NOS* (077.9†)
Neonatal gonococcal blennorrhoea* (098.4†)
Pharyngoconjunctival fever* (077.2†)
Excludes: ophthalmia neonatorum NOS (771.6)
       Chronic conjunctivitis
372.1
Vernal conjunctivitis
                                     Filarial infestation of
                                          conjunctiva* (125.-†)
372.2
      Blepharoconjunctivitis
372.3 Other and unspecified conjunctivitis
Ocular pemphigoid* (694.6†)
                                     Reiter's conjunctivitis* (099.3†)
372.4 Pterygium
Excludes: pseudopterygium (372.5)
372.5 Conjunctival degenerations and deposits
Conjunctival:
                                     Conjunctival xerosis:
                                       NOS
  argyrosis
  concretions
                                       in vitamin A deficiency*
  pigmentation
                                            (264.0†)
                                     Pseudopterygium
372.6 Conjunctival scars
Symblepharon
       Conjunctival vascular disorders and cysts
Aneurysm )
                                     Hyposphagma
             of conjunctiva
Chemosis
                                     Subconjunctival haemorrhage
372.8 Other disorders of conjunctiva
372.9 Unspecified
373
       Inflammation of eyelids
373.0
      Blepharitis
```

Excludes: blepharoconjunctivitis (372,2)

374.2

374.3

Blepharochalasis

Lagophthalmos

Ptosis of eyelid

# Hordeolum and other deep inflammation of eyelid Abscess Stye of evelid Furuncle 373.2 Chalazion 373.3 Noninfectious dermatoses of eyelid Dermatitis: allergic contact eczematous Discoid lupus erythematosus Xeroderma 373.4* Infective dermatitis of eyelid of types resulting in deformity Leprosy (030.-†) Lupus vulgaris (tuberculous) (017.0†) Yaws (102.-†) 373.5* Other infective dermatitis of eyelid Herpes simplex (054.4†) Herpes zoster (053.2†) Impetigo (684†) involving eyelid Vaccinia (051.0†) postvaccination (999.0†) 373.6* Parasitic infestation of eyelid Leishmaniasis (085.-†) involving eyelid Loiasis (125.2†) Onchocerciasis (125.3†) 373.8 Other 373.9 Unspecified 374 Other disorders of eyelids 374.0 Entropion and trichiasis of eyelid 374.1 Ectropion

4

374.4 Other disorders affecting eyelid function

Ankyloblepharon

Lid retraction

Blepharophimosis

Excludes: blepharospasm (333.8) tic (psychogenic) (307.2) organic (333.3)

374.5 Degenerative disorders of eyelids and periocular area

Chloasma
Hypertrichosis
Vitiligo

of eyelid

Madarosis

Xanthelasma* (272.-†)

374.8 Other disorders of eyelid

Retained foreign body in eyelid

374.9 Unspecified

# 375 Disorders of lacrimal system

375.0 Dacryoadenitis

Chronic enlargement of lacrimal gland

375.1 Other disorders of lacrimal gland

Dacryops
Dry eye syndrome

Lacrimal: atrophy cyst

375.2 Epiphora

375.3 Acute and unspecified inflammation of lacrimal passages

Canaliculitis, lacrimal Dacryocystitis (phlegmonous) Dacryopericystitis

acute subacute

NOS

Excludes: neonatal dacryocystitis (771.6)

375.4 Chronic inflammation of lacrimal passages

Canaliculitis, lacrimal Dacryocystitis

Mucocele, lacrimal

375.5 Stenosis and insufficiency of lacrimal passages

Dacryolith Eversion of lacrimal punctum Stenosis:
lacrimal
canaliculi
punctum
sac
nasolacrimal duct

375.6 Other changes of lacrimal passages

Lacrimal fistula

- 375.8 Other disorders of lacrimal system
- 375.9 Unspecified

#### 376 Disorders of the orbit

376.0 Acute inflammation of orbit

Abscess
Cellulitis
Osteomyelitis
Periostitis

Tenonitis
Tenonitis

376.1 Chronic inflammatory disorders of orbit

Granuloma
Myositis
Pseudotumour

Hydatid infestation of orbit*
(122.9†)
Myiasis of orbit* (134.0†)

376.2* Endocrine exophthalmos

Thyrotoxic exophthalmos (242.-†)

376.3 Other exophthalmic conditions

Displacement of globe (lateral) NOS Haemorrhage Exophthalmos, except endocrine Oedema of orbit

376.4 Deformity of orbit

Atrophy Exostosis of orbit

- 376.5 Enophthalmos
- 376.6 Retained (old) foreign body following penetrating wound of orbit Retrobulbar foreign body
- 376.8 Other disorders of orbit

Cyst of orbit

Myopathy of extraocular muscles

376.9 Unspecified

# 377 Disorders of optic nerve and visual pathways

377.0 Papilloedema

377.1 Optic atrophy

Optic atrophy:

NOS syphilitic* (094.8†) Temporal pallor, optic disc

377.2 Other disorders of optic disc

Coloboma of optic disc

Pseudopapilloedema

377.3 Optic neuritis

Meningococcal optic neuritis*

(036.8†)

Retrobulbar neuritis: NOS syphilitic* (094.8†)

Optic neuropathy, except ischaemic Optic papillitis

377.4 Other disorders of optic nerve

Compression of optic nerve Haemorrhage in optic nerve sheath Optic neuropathy, ischaemic

377.5 Disorders of optic chiasm

377.6 Disorders of other visual pathways

Disorders of optic tracts, geniculate nuclei and optic radiations

377.7 Disorders of visual cortex

377.9 Unspecified

#### 378 Strabismus and other disorders of binocular eye movements

Excludes: nystagmus and other irregular eye movements (379.5)

378.0 Convergent concomitant strabismus

Esotropia (alternating) (monocular), except intermittent

378.1 Divergent concomitant strabismus

Exotropia (alternating) (monocular), except intermittent

378.2 Intermittent heterotropia

Intermittent:

esotropia a (alternating) (monocular)

378.3 Other and unspecified heterotropia

Concomitant strabismus NOS

Cyclotropia Hypertropia Hypotropia Microtropia

Monofixation syndrome Vertical heterotropia

378.4 Heterophoria

Alternating hyperphoria

Esophoria

Exophoria

378.5 Paralytic strabismus

Strabismus due to palsy:

third or oculomotor nerve fourth or trochlear nerve sixth or abducent nerve Total (external) ophthalmoplegia

378.6 Mechanical strabismus

Brown's sheath syndrome Strabismus due to adhesions Traumatic limitation of duction of eye muscle

378.7 Other strabismus

Duane's syndrome

Progressive external ophthalmoplegia

378.8 Other disorders of binocular eye movements

Conjugate gaze palsy or spasm

Convergence:

excess insufficiency

Dissociated deviation of eye move-

ments

Internuclear ophthalmoplegia

378.9 Unspecified

Ophthalmoplegia NOS

Strabismus NOS

379 Other disorders of eye

379.0 Scleritis and episcleritis

Episcleritis:

NOS

syphilitic* (095†)

Scleromalacia perforans

379.1 Other disorders of sclera

Equatorial staphyloma

Scleral ectasia

Sclerotenonitis

379.2 Disorders of vitreous body

Asteroid hyalitis

Synchysis scintillans

Vitreous: detachment floaters

> haemorrhage opacities prolapse

379.3 Aphakia and other disorders of lens

Dislocation of lens

Subluxation of lens

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379.4 Anomalies of pupillary function
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Adie pupil Anisocoria

Argyll Robertson phenomenon or pupil (syphilitic)* (094.8†)

atypical (nonsyphilitic)

Hippus

Miosis (persistent), not due to miotics

Mydriasis (persistent), not due to mydriatics

Pupillary reaction:

abnormal

tonic

unequal

## 379.5 Nystagmus and other irregular eye movements

Nystagmus:

NOS

congenital

deprivation

Nystagmus: dissociated

latent

379.8 Other disorders of eye and adnexa

379.9 Unspecified

# DISEASES OF THE EAR AND MASTOID PROCESS (380-389)

#### Disorders of external ear 380

380.0 Perichondritis of pinna

Perichondritis of auricle

Infective otitis externa 380.1

Erysipelas* (035†)

Herpes simplex* (054.7†)

of external ear Herpes zoster* (053.7†)

Impetigo* (684†)

Furunculosis of external auditory meatus* (680.0†)

Otitis externa:

NOS

diffuse

haemorrhagica

malignant

Otomycosis (in):

NOS* (111.9†)

aspergillosis* (117.3†)

moniliasis* (112.8†)

Swimmer's ear

380.2 Other otitis externa

Cholesteatoma of external ear (canal)

Keratosis obturáns

380.3 Noninfective disorders of pinna

Acquired deformity:

auricle pinna Haematoma:

auricle pinna

380.4 Impacted cerumen

Wax in ear

380.5 Acquired stenosis of external ear canal

Collapse of external ear canal

380.8 Other disorders of external ear

Exostosis of external ear canal

Gouty tophi of ear* (274.8†)

380.9 Unspecified

# 381 Nonsuppurative otitis media and Eustachian tube disorders

381.0 Acute nonsuppurative otitis media

Acute tubotympanal catarrh Otitic barotrauma* (993.0†)

Otitis media, acute:

allergic catarrhal

exudative

381.1 Chronic serous otitis media

Chronic tubotympanal catarrh

381.2 Chronic mucoid otitis media

Glue ear

Otitis media, chronic mucinous

Excludes: adhesive middle ear disease (385.1)

381.3 Other and unspecified chronic nonsuppurative otitis media

Otitis media, chronic:

allergic exudative

secretory

Otitis media, chronic:

Otitis media, acute:

seromucinous

transudative with effusion

mucoid

serous

secretory

seromucinous transudative with effusion 381.4 Nonsuppurative otitis media, not specified as acute or chronic

Otitis media: allergic catarrhal exudative

mucoid

Otitis media:
secretory
seromucinous
serous
transudative
with effusion

381.5 Eustachian salpingitis

381.6 Obstruction of Eustachian tube

Compression Stenosis of Eustachian tube

381.7 Patulous Eustachian tube

381.8 Other disorders of Eustachian tube

381.9 Unspecified Eustachian tube disorder

# 382 Suppurative and unspecified otitis media

382.0 Acute suppurative otitis media

Otitis media, acute necrotizing (in): Otitis media, acute purulent NOS influenza* (487.8†)

influenza* (487.8†) measles* (055.2†) scarlet fever* (034.1†)

382.1 Chronic tubotympanic suppurative otitis media

Benign chronic suppurative otitis Chronic tubotympanic disease media

382.2 Chronic atticoantral suppurative otitis media

Chronic atticoantral disease

382.3 Unspecified chronic suppurative otitis media

Chronic purulent otitis media Tuberculosis of ear* (017.4†)

382.4 Unspecified suppurative otitis media

Purulent otitis media NOS

382.9 Unspecified otitis media

Otitis media:

NOS acute NOS chronic NOS

## 383 Mastoiditis and related conditions

383.0 Acute mastoiditis

Abscess of mastoid

Empyema of mastoid

383.1 Chronic mastoiditis

Caries of mastoid

Tuberculous mastoiditis* (015.7†)

Fistula of mastoid

383.2 Petrositis

Inflammation of petrous bone (acute) (chronic)

383.3 Complications following mastoidectomy

Cvst

Granulations Inflammation of postmastoidectomy cavity

383.8 Other

383.9 Unspecified mastoiditis

#### 384 Other disorders of tympanic membrane

384.0 Acute myringitis without mention of otitis media
Acute tympanitis

Bullous myringitis

384.1 Chronic myringitis without mention of otitis media Chronic tympanitis

384.2 Perforation of tympanic membrane

Perforation of ear drum:

NOS

persistent post-traumatic postinflammatory

384.8 Other

384.9 Unspecified

#### 385 Other disorders of middle ear and mastoid

385.0 Tympanosclerosis

385.1 Adhesive middle ear disease

Adhesive otitis

Excludes: glue ear (381.2)

385.2 Other acquired abnormality of ear ossicles

Ankylosis

Impaired mobility of ear ossicles

Partial loss

385.3 Cholesteatoma of middle ear and mastoid Polyp of (middle) ear

385.8 Other

385.9 Unspecified

## 386 Vertiginous syndromes and other disorders of vestibular system

Excludes: vertigo NOS (780.4)

386.0 Ménière's disease

Endolymphatic hydrops

Ménière's syndrome or vertigo

Lermoyez's syndrome

386.1 Other and unspecified peripheral vertigo

Aural vertigo

Benign paroxysmal vertigo or nystagmus

Otogenic vertigo Vestibular neuronitis

Epidemic vertigo* (078.8†)

386.2 Vertigo of central origin Central positional nystagmus

386.3 Labyrinthitis

386.4 Labyrinthine fistula

386.5 Labyrinthine dysfunction

Hypofunction

Hypersensitivity
Loss of function

of labyrinth

386.8 Other disorders of labyrinth

386.9 Unspecified vertiginous syndromes and labyrinthine disorders

#### 387 Otosclerosis

Includes: otospongiosis

387.0 Otosclerosis involving oval window, nonobliterative

387.1 Otosclerosis involving oval window, obliterative

387.2 Cochlear otosclerosis

Otosclerosis involving:

otic capsule round window

387.8 *Other* 

387.9 Unspecified

#### 388 Other disorders of ear

388.0 Degenerative and vascular disorders of ear

Presbyacusis

Transient ischaemic deafness

388.1 Noise effects on inner ear

Acoustic trauma (explosive) to ear

Noise-induced hearing loss

388.2 Sudden hearing loss, unspecified

388.3 Tinnitus

388.4 Other abnormal auditory perception

Auditory recruitment

Hyperacusis

**Diplacusis** 

Impairment of auditory discrimi-

nation

388.5 Disorders of acoustic nerve

Acoustic neuritis:

NOS

Disorder

Degeneration ) of acoustic or eighth nerve

syphilitic* (094.8†)

388.6 Otorrhoea

Discharging ear

388.7 Otalgia

Earache

388.8 Other

388.9 Unspecified

389 **Deafness** 

389.0 Conductive deafness

Conductive hearing loss

389.1 Sensorineural deafness

Deafness: central

Hearing loss:

central

neural

neural

perceptive sensory

perceptive sensorineural

sensory

Excludes:

abnormal auditory perception (388.4)

psychogenic deafness (306.7)

389.2 Mixed conductive and sensorineural deafness

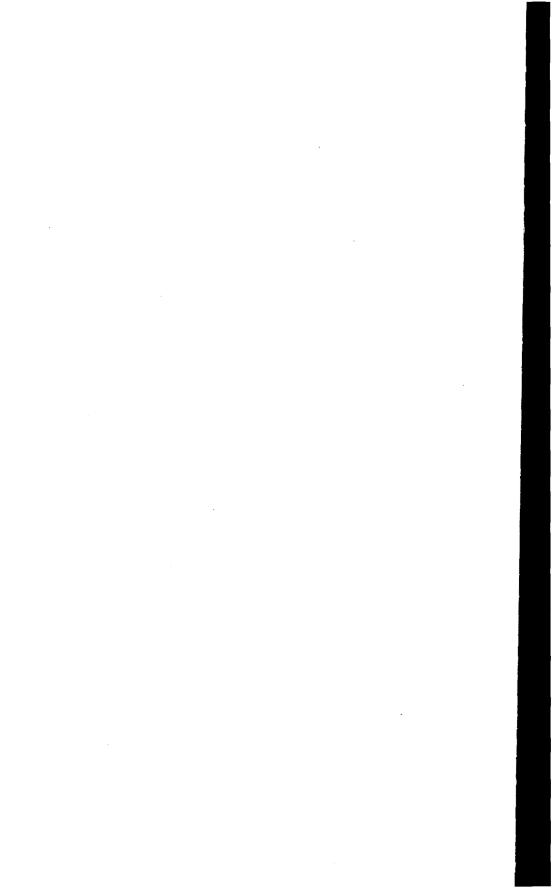
Deafness or hearing loss of type in 389.0 with type in 389.1

389.7 Deaf mutism, not elsewhere classifiable

389.8 Other specified forms of deafness

389.9 Unspecified deafness

Hearing loss NOS



#### VII. DISEASES OF THE CIRCULATORY SYSTEM

ACUTE RHEUMATIC FEVER (390-392)

### 390 Rheumatic fever without mention of heart involvement

Arthritis, rheumatic, acute or subacute Rheumatic fever (active) (acute) Rheumatism, articular, acute or subacute

#### 391 Rheumatic fever with heart involvement

Excludes: chronic heart diseases of rheumatic origin (393-398) unless rheumatic fever is also present or there is evidence of recrudescence or activity of the rheumatic process. In cases where there is doubt as to rheumatic activity at the time of death see Rules for Classification

### 391.0 Acute rheumatic pericarditis

Rheumatic pericarditis (acute) Any condition in 390 with pericarditis

Excludes: when not specified as rheumatic (420.-)

#### 391.1 Acute rheumatic endocarditis

Rheumatic:

endocarditis, acute valvulitis, acute

Any condition in 390 with endocarditis or valvulitis

### 391.2 Acute rheumatic myocarditis

Any condition in 390 with myocarditis

#### 391.8 Other acute rheumatic heart disease

Rheumatic pancarditis, acute

Any condition in 390 with other or multiple types of heart involvement

#### 391.9 Acute rheumatic heart disease, unspecified

#### Rheumatic:

carditis, acute heart disease, active or acute

Any condition in 390 with unspecified type of heart involvement

#### 392 Rheumatic chorea

Includes: Sydenham's chorea

Excludes: chorea:

NOS (333.5)

Huntington's (333.4)

392.0 With heart involvement

Rheumatic chorea with heart involvement of any type classifiable under 391.—

392.9 Without mention of heart involvement

CHRONIC RHEUMATIC HEART DISEASE (393-398)

## 393 Chronic rheumatic pericarditis

Chronic rheumatic:

Adherent pericardium, rheumatic

mediastinopericarditis myopericarditis

Excludes: when not specified as rheumatic (423.9)

#### 394 Diseases of mitral valve

394.0 Mitral stenosis

Mitral (valve) obstruction (rheumatic)

394.1 Rheumatic mitral insufficiency

Rheumatic mitral:

incompetence regurgitation

Excludes: when not specified as rheumatic (424.0)

394.2 Mitral stenosis with insufficiency

Mitral stenosis with incompetence or regurgitation

394.9 Other and unspecified

Mitral (valve):

disease (chronic)

100000

#### 395 Diseases of aortic valve

Excludes: when not specified as rheumatic (424.1)

395.0 Rheumatic aortic stenosis

Rheumatic aortic (valve) obstruction

395.1 Rheumatic aortic insufficiency

Rheumatic aortic:

incompetence regurgitation

395.2 Rheumatic aortic stenosis with insufficiency

Rheumatic aortic stenosis with incompetence or regurgitation

## 395.9 Other and unspecified

Rheumatic aortic (valve) disease

#### 396 Diseases of mitral and aortic valves

Involvement of both mitral and aortic valves whether specified as rheumatic or not

#### 397 Diseases of other endocardial structures

397.0 Diseases of tricuspid valve

Tricuspid (valve) (rheumatic):

disease

obstruction

stenosis

397.1 Rheumatic diseases of pulmonary valve

Excludes: when not specified as rheumatic (424.3)

397.9 Rheumatic diseases of endocardium, valve unspecified

Rheumatic:

endocarditis (chronic)

valvulitis (chronic)

Excludes: when not specified as rheumatic (424.9)

#### 398 Other rheumatic heart disease

398.0 Rheumatic myocarditis

Excludes: myocarditis not specified as rheumatic (429.0)

398.9 Other and unspecified

Rheumatic:

carditis

heart disease NOS

Excludes: carditis not specified as rheumatic (429.8)

heart disease NOS not specified as rheumatic (429.9)

#### Hypertensive disease (401-405)

The following fourth-digit subdivisions are for use with categories 401-405:

- .0 Specified as malignant
- .1 Specified as benign
- .9 Not specified as malignant or benign

Excludes: when complicating pregnancy, childbirth or the puerperium (642.-) when involving coronary vessels (410-414)

## 401 Essential hypertension

[See page 261 for fourth-digit subdivisions]

Includes: high blood pressure

hyperpiesia hyperpiesis

hypertension (arterial) (essential) (primary) (systemic)

Excludes: when involving vessels of:

brain (430-438) eye (362.1)

## 402 Hypertensive heart disease

[See page 261 for fourth-digit subdivisions]

Includes: hypertensive heart (disease) (failure)

any condition in 428, 429.0-429.3, 429.8, 429.9 due to hyper-

tension

## 403 Hypertensive renal disease

[See page 261 for fourth-digit subdivisions]

Includes: arteriolar nephritis

arteriosclerosis of kidney

arteriosclerotic nephritis (chronic) (interstitial)

hypertensive: nephropathy renal failure nephrosclerosis

any condition in 585, 586 or 587 with any condition in 401

## 404 Hypertensive heart and renal disease

[See page 261 for fourth-digit subdivisions]

Includes: disease:

cardiorenal

cardiovascular renal

any condition in 402.- with any condition in 403.-

## 405 Secondary hypertension

[See page 261 for fourth-digit subdivisions]

Excludes: when involving vessels of:

brain (430-438) eye (362.1)

## ISCHAEMIC HEART DISEASE (410-414)

Includes: with mention of hypertension (conditions in 401-405)
Use additional code, if desired, to identify presence of hypertension

## 410 Acute myocardial infarction

Cardiac infarction Coronary (artery): embolism

occlusion rupture thrombosis Infarction:

> heart myocardium ventricle

Rupture: heart

myocardium

Subendocardial infarction

Any condition in 414.1-414.9 specified as acute or with a stated duration of 8 weeks or less

### 411 Other acute and subacute forms of ischaemic heart disease

Coronary:

failure

insufficiency (acute)

Intermediate coronary syndrome

Microinfarct of heart Preinfarction syndrome Postmyocardial infarction or Dressler's syndrome

# 412 Old myocardial infarction

Healed myocardial infarct

Past myocardial infarction diagnosed on ECG or other special investigation, but currently presenting no symptoms

# 413 Angina pectoris

Angina: NOS

cardiac decubitus of effort

Anginal syndrome Stenocardia

## 414 Other forms of chronic ischaemic heart disease

Excludes: cardiovascular arteriosclerosis, degeneration, disease or sclerosis (429.2)

414.0 Coronary atherosclerosis

Atherosclerotic heart disease

Coronary atheroma

Coronary (artery) sclerosis

## 414.1 Aneurysm of heart

Aneurysm: coronary

Ventricular aneurysm

# mural 414.8 Other

Ischaemia, myocardial (chronic)

Any condition in 410 specified as chronic or with a stated duration of over 8 weeks

### 414.9 Unspecified

Ischaemic heart disease NOS

### DISEASES OF PULMONARY CIRCULATION (415-417)

# 415 Acute pulmonary heart disease

415.0 Acute cor pulmonale

415.1 Pulmonary embolism

Pulmonary (artery) (vein):

apoplexy

infarction (haemorrhagic)

thrombosis

Excludes: when complicating:

abortion (634-638 with fourth digit .6, 639.6)

ectopic or molar pregnancy (639.6)

pregnancy, childbirth or the puerperium (673.-)

### 416 Chronic pulmonary heart disease

416.0 Primary pulmonary hypertension

Pulmonary hypertension (primary) (idiopathic)

- 416.1 Kyphoscoliotic heart disease
- 416.8 Other
- 416.9 Pulmonary heart disease, unspecified

Chronic cardiopulmonary disease Cor pulmonale (chronic) NOS

## 417 Other diseases of pulmonary circulation

- 417.0 Arteriovenous fistula of pulmonary vessels
- 417.1 Aneurysm of pulmonary artery
- 417.8 Other

Rupture Stricture of pulmonary vessel

417.9 Unspecified

## OTHER FORMS OF HEART DISEASE (420-429)

### 420 Acute pericarditis

Includes: acute:

mediastinopericarditis

myopericarditis pericardial effusion pleuropericarditis pneumopericarditis

### 420.0* Pericarditis in diseases classified elsewhere

Pericarditis (acute):

Pericarditis (acute):

Coxsackie (074.2†) meningococcal (036.4†)

tuberculous (017.8†)

syphilitic (093.8†)

uraemic (585†)

Excludes: acute rheumatic pericarditis (391.0)

## 420.9 Other and unspecified acute pericarditis

Pericarditis:

Pericarditis:

infective

streptococcal

pneumococcal

viral

purulent

**Pyopericarditis** 

staphylococcal

#### 421 Acute and subacute endocarditis

## 421.0 Acute and subacute bacterial endocarditis

Endocarditis (acute) (chronic)

Endocarditis (acute) (chronic)

(subacute):

(subacute):

bacterial

septic

infective NOS

ulcerative vegetative

lenta malignant

Infective aneurysm

Use additional code, if desired, to identify infectious organism [e.g., streptococcus 041.0; staphylococcus 041.1]

# 421.1* Acute and subacute infective endocarditis in diseases classified elsewhere

#### Endocarditis:

candidal (112.8†)

Coxsackie (074.2†)

gonococcal (098.8†)

meningococcal (036.4†)

monilial (112.8†)

typhoid (002.0†)

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421.9 Acute endocarditis, unspecified
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**Endocarditis** 

Myoendocarditis acute or subacute

Periendocarditis

Excludes: acute rheumatic endocarditis (391.1)

## 422 Acute myocarditis

422.0* Acute myocarditis in diseases classified elsewhere

Aseptic myocarditis of newborn

Myocarditis (acute): influenzal (487.8†)

(074.2†) Myocarditis (acute): influenzal (487.8†) syphilitic (093.8†)

Coxsackie (074.2†)

toxoplasmosis (130†)

diphtheritic (032.8†)

tuberculous (017.8†)

## 422.9 Other and unspecified acute myocarditis

Acute or subacute (interstitial) myocarditis

Septic myocarditis Toxic myocarditis

## 423 Other diseases of pericardium

Excludes: when specified as rheumatic (393)

423.0 Haemopericardium

423.1 Adhesive pericarditis

Adherent pericardium

- 423.2 Constrictive pericarditis
- 423.8 Other
- 423.9 Unspecified

## 424 Other diseases of endocardium

#### 424.0 Mitral valve disorders

Mitral (valve):

incompetence | N

insufficiency

NOS

regurgitation

of specified cause, except rheumatic

Excludes: mitral (valve):

disease (394.9)

failure (394.9)

stenosis (394.0)

the listed conditions:

when specified as rheumatic (394.1)

when of unspecified cause but with mention of: diseases of aortic valve (396)

mitral stenosis or obstruction (394.2)

#### Aortic valve disorders 424.1

Aortic (valve): incompetence insufficiency regurgitation stenosis

NOS of specified cause, except rheumatic syphilitic* (093.2†)

Excludes: when specified as rheumatic (395.–)

> when of unspecified cause but with mention of diseases of mitral valve (396)

hypertrophic subaortic stenosis (425.1)

#### Tricuspid valve disorders, specified as nonrheumatic 424.2

Tricuspid valve: incompetence insufficiency regurgitation

stenosis

of specified cause, except rheumatic

Excludes: when of unspecified cause (397.0)

# Pulmonary valve disorders

Pulmonic regurgitation:

NOS

syphilitic* (093.2†)

Excludes: when specified as rheumatic (397.1)

## Endocarditis, valve unspecified

Atypical veruccous endocarditis [Libman-Sacks]* (710.0†)

Endocarditis (chronic)

Valvular: incompetence insufficiency regurgitation stenosis

of unspecified cause, except rheumatic specified tuberculous* (017.8†) valve unspecified cause

Valvulitis (chronic)

Excludes: when specified as rheumatic (397.9) endocardial fibroelastosis (425.3)

#### 425 Cardiomyopathy

Includes: myocardiopathy

Excludes: cardiomyopathy arising during pregnancy or the puerperium

(674.8)

#### 425.0 Endomyocardial fibrosis

#### 425.1 Hypertrophic obstructive cardiomyopathy

Hypertrophic subaortic stenosis

425.2 Obscure cardiomyopathy of Africa

Becker's disease

425.3 Endocardial fibroelastosis

425.4 Other primary cardiomyopathies

Cardiovascular collagenosis

Cardiomyopathy:

NOS

constrictive

familial

Cardiomyopathy:

hypertrophic nonobstructive

idiopathic obstructive

425.5 Alcoholic cardiomyopathy

425.6* Cardiomyopathy in Chagas's disease (086.0†)

425.7* Nutritional and metabolic cardiomyopathies

Amyloid heart (disease) (277.3†)

Beriberi heart (disease) (265.0†)

Cardiac glycogenosis (271.0†)

Gouty tophi of heart (274.8†)

Mucopolysaccharidosis cardiopathy (277.5†)

Thyrotoxic heart disease (242.-†)

425.8* Cardiomyopathy in other diseases classified elsewhere

Cardiac sarcoidosis (135†)

425.9 Secondary cardiomyopathy, unspecified

#### 426 Conduction disorders

426.0 Atrioventricular block, complete

426.1 Atrioventricular block, other and unspecified

Atrioventricular block:

Wenkebach's phenomenon

NOS incomplete partial

426.2 Left bundle branch hemiblock

426.3 Other left bundle branch block

426.4 Right bundle branch block

426.5 Bundle branch block, unspecified

426.6 Other heart block

Sinoatrial block

Sinoauricular block

#### 426.7 Anomalous atrioventricular excitation

Atrioventricular conduction:

Wolff-Parkinson-White syndrome

accelerated accessory pre-excitation

426.8 Other

Atrioventricular [AV] dissociation

Lown-Ganong-Levine syndrome

Interference dissociation

426.9 Unspecified

Heart block NOS Stokes-Adams syndrome

## 427 Cardiac dysrhythmias

Excludes: postoperative (997.1)

when attributable to medical care for abortion, ectopic or molar pregnancy, labour or delivery (634-638 with fourth digit .7, 639.8, 668.1, 669.4)

## 427.0 Paroxysmal supraventricular tachycardia

Paroxysmal tachycardia:

atrial atrioventricular [AV] junctional nodal

## 427.1 Paroxysmal ventricular tachycardia

#### 427.2 Paroxysmal tachycardia, unspecified

Bouveret-Hoffman syndrome

427.3 Atrial fibrillation and flutter

427.4 Ventricular fibrillation and flutter

427.5 Cardiac arrest

#### 427.6 Premature beats

Ectopic beats
Extrasystoles
Extrasystolic arrhythmia

Premature: beats

atrial nodal

supraventricular ventricular contractions

427.8 Other

Rhythm disorder:

coronary sinus ectopic

nodal

Syndrome: sick sinus

tachycardia-bradycardia Wandering pacemaker

## 427.9 Unspecified

Arrhythmia (cardiac) NOS

#### 428 Heart failure

Excludes: postoperative (997.1)

when attributable to medical care for abortion, ectopic or molar pregnancy, labour or delivery (634-638 with fourth

digit .7, 639.8, 668.1, 669.4) when due to hypertension (402.-)

## 428.0 Congestive heart failure

Congestive heart disease

Right heart failure (secondary to left heart failure)

#### 428.1 Left heart failure

Acute oedema of lung
Acute pulmonary oedema

with mention of heart disease
NOS or heart failure

Cardiac asthma Left ventricular failure

428.9 Unspecified

Cardiac, heart or myocardial failure NOS

Weak heart

# 429 Ill-defined descriptions and complications of heart disease

Excludes: any condition in 429.0-429.3, 429.8, 429.9 due to hypertension (402.-)

### 429.0 Myocarditis, unspecified

Myocarditis:

senile

NOS chronic (interstitial) fibroid

(with mention of arteriosclerosis)

Use additional code, if desired, to identify presence of arteriosclerosis

# 429.1 Myocardial degeneration

Degeneration of heart or myocardium: fatty

mural muscular

Myocardial:

degeneration disease

(with mention of arteriosclerosis)

Use additional code, if desired, to identify presence of arteriosclerosis

## 429.2 Cardiovascular disease, unspecified

Cardiovascular arteriosclerosis

Cardiovascular:

degeneration

disease sclerosis (with mention of arteriosclerosis)

Use additional code, if desired, to identify presence of arteriosclerosis

## 429.3 Cardiomegaly

Cardiac: dilatation Ventricular dilatation

hypertrophy

## 429.4 Functional disturbances following cardiac surgery

Cardiac insufficiency | following cardiac surgery or due to presence | Heart failure | of prosthesis

Postcardiotomy syndrome

Excludes: cardiac failure in the immediate postoperative period (997.1)

## 429.5 Rupture of chordae tendinae

429.6 Rupture of papillary muscle

429.8 Other

Carditis

429.9 Unspecified

Heart disease (organic) NOS

Morbus cordis NOS

## CEREBROVASCULAR DISEASE (430-438)

Includes: with mention of hypertension (conditions in 401 and 405)

Use additional code, if desired, to identify presence of hypertension

Excludes: any condition in 430-434, 436, 437 occurring during pregnancy, childbirth or the puerperium, or specified as

puerperal (674.0)

## 430 Subarachnoid haemorrhage

Meningeal haemorrhage

Ruptured (congenital) cerebral aneurysm:

NOS

syphilitic* (094.8†)

### 431 Intracerebral haemorrhage

Haemorrhage (of):

basilar bulbar cerebral

cerebromeningeal

cerebellar cortical

internal capsule

Haemorrhage:

intrapontine pontine subcortical

ventricular

Rupture of blood vessel in brain

## 432 Other and unspecified intracranial haemorrhage

432.0 Nontraumatic extradural haemorrhage

Nontraumatic epidural haemorrhage

432.1 Subdural haemorrhage

Subdural haemorrhage (nontraumatic)

432.9 Unspecified intracranial haemorrhage

# 433 Occlusion and stenosis of precerebral arteries

Includes:

embolism narrowing

obstruction (complete)

(partial) thrombosis of basilar, carotid and vertebral

arteries

Excludes: insufficiency NOS of precerebral arteries (435)

433.0 Basilar artery

433.1 Carotid artery

433.2 Vertebral artery

433.3 Multiple and bilateral

433.8 Other

433.9 Unspecified

Precerebral artery NOS

#### 434 Occlusion of cerebral arteries

434.0 Cerebral thrombosis

Thrombosis of cerebral arteries

434.1 Cerebral embolism

434.9 Unspecified

Cerebral infarction NOS

#### 435 Transient cerebral ischaemia

Basilar artery syndrome Cerebrovascular insufficiency (acute) with transient focal neurological signs and symptoms Intermittent cerebral ischaemia Spasm of cerebral arteries Subclavian steal syndrome Transient ischaemic attack [TIA] Vertebral artery syndrome

Insufficiency:

basilar carotid artery

Excludes: acute cerebrovascular insufficiency NOS (437.1)

when due to conditions in 433.– (433.–)

#### 436 Acute but ill-defined cerebrovascular disease

Apoplexy, apoplectic: NOS

Cerebrovascular accident NOS Stroke

attack

attack seizure

#### 437 Other and ill-defined cerebrovascular disease

437.0 Cerebral atherosclerosis

Atheroma of cerebral arteries

437.1 Other generalized ischaemic cerebrovascular disease

Acute cerebrovascular insufficiency NOS

Cerebral ischaemia (chronic)

- 437.2 Hypertensive encephalopathy
- 437.3 Cerebral aneurysm, nonruptured
- 437.4 Cerebral arteritis
- 437.5 Moyamoya disease
- 437.6 Nonpyogenic thrombosis of intracranial venous sinus
- 437.8 Other
- 437.9 Unspecified

#### 438 Late effects of cerebrovascular disease

Note: This category is to be used to indicate conditions in 430-437 as the cause of late effects, themselves classifiable elsewhere. The "late effects" include conditions specified as such, as sequelae, or present one year or more after the onset of the causal condition. [See III Latte effect, page 723].

# DISEASES OF ARTERIES, ARTERIOLES AND CAPILLARIES (440-448)

#### 440 Atherosclerosis

Includes: arteriolosclerosis

arteriosclerosis

arteriosclerotic vascular disease

atheroma degeneration: arterial

arteriovascular

vascular

endarteritis deformans or obliterans

senile: arteritis endarteritis

440.0 Of aorta

440.1 Of renal artery

Excludes: atherosclerosis of renal arterioles (403.-)

440.2 Of arteries of the extremities

Atherosclerotic gangrene† (785.4*) Mönckeberg's (medial) sclerosis

440.8 Of other specified arteries

Excludes: cerebral (437.0)

coronary (414.0) mesenteric (557.1) pulmonary (416.0)

440.9 Generalized and unspecified

## 441 Aortic aneurysm

- 441.0 Dissecting aneurysm [any part]
- 441.1 Thoracic aneurysm, ruptured
- 441.2 Thoracic aneurysm without mention of rupture
- 441.3 Abdominal aneurysm, ruptured
- 441.4 Abdominal aneurysm without mention of rupture
- 441.5 Aortic aneurysm of unspecified site, ruptured Rupture of aorta NOS

441.6 Aortic aneurysm of unspecified site without mention of rupture

Aneurysm
Dilatation
Hyaline necrosis

441.7* Syphilitic aneurysm of aorta (093.0†)

## 442 Other aneurysm

Includes: aneurysm (rupture) (cirsoid) (false) (varicose)

aneurysmal varix

Excludes: arteriovenous aneurysm, acquired (447.0)

442.0 Of artery of upper extremity

442.1 Of renal artery

442.2 Of iliac artery

442.3 Of artery of lower extremity

442.8 Of other specified artery

Excludes: cerebral (nonruptured) (437.3)

ruptured (430) coronary (414.1) heart (414.1) pulmonary (417.1)

442.9 Of unspecified site

## 443 Other peripheral vascular disease

443.0 Raynaud's syndrome

Raynaud's:

disease

gangrene† (785.4*)

phenomenon (secondary)

443.1 Thromboangiitis obliterans [Buerger's disease]

443.8 Other

Acrocyanosis

Diabetic peripheral angiopathy*

Acroparaesthesia:

 $(250.6\dagger)$ 

simple [Schulze's type]

Erythrocyanosis Erythromelalgia

vasomotor [Nothnagel's type] Excludes: chilblains (991.5)

2.0001

frostbite (991.0 – 991.3, E901.–) immersion foot (991.4, E901.0)

443.9 Unspecified

Intermittent claudication

Spasm of artery

Peripheral vascular disease NOS

Excludes: spasm of cerebral artery (435)

#### 444 Arterial embolism and thrombosis

Includes: infarction:

embolic thrombotic occlusion

Excludes: when complicating:

abortion (634-638 with fourth digit .6, 639.6)

ectopic or molar pregnancy (639.6)

pregnancy, childbirth or the puerperium (673.-)

444.0 Of abdominal aorta

Aortic bifurcation syndrome

Leriche's syndrome

444.1 Of other aorta

444.2 Of arteries of the extremities

Peripheral arterial embolism

444.8 Of other specified artery

Excludes: basilar (433.0)

carotid (433.1) cerebral (434.-) coronary (410) mesenteric (557.0)

ophthalmic (362.3) precerebral (433.–) pulmonary (415.1)

renal (593.8) retinal (362.3) vertebral (433.2)

444.9 Of unspecified artery

### 446 Polyarteritis nodosa and allied conditions

446.0 Polyarteritis nodosa

Disseminated necrotizing

Periarteritis (nodosa)

periarteritis Panarteritis

446.1 Acute febrile mucocutaneous lymphnode syndrome [MCLS]

446.2 Hypersensitivity angiitis

Goodpasture's syndrome

446.3 Lethal midline granuloma

446.4 Wegener's granulomatosis

446.5 Giant cell arteritis

Cranial arteritis

Temporal arteritis

Horton's disease

446.6 Thrombotic microangiopathy

Thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura

446.7 Takayasu disease

Aortic arch arteritis

Pulseless disease

#### 447 Other disorders of arteries and arterioles

447.0 Arteriovenous fistula, acquired

Arteriovenous aneurysm, acquired

Excludes: cerebral (437.3)

coronary (414.1) pulmonary (417.0) traumatic (900-904)

447.1 Stricture of artery

447.2 Rupture of artery

Erosion Fistula

of artery

Ulcer

Excludes: traumatic rupture of artery (900.- to 904.-)

447.3 Hyperplasia of renal artery

447.4 Coeliac artery compression syndrome

447.5 Necrosis of artery

447.6 Arteritis, unspecified

Aortitis NOS

**Endarteritis NOS** 

Excludes: arteritis, endarteritis:

aortic arch (446.7) cerebral (437.4) coronary (414.8) deformans (440.-) obliterans (440.-) senile (440.-) 447.7* Syphilitic aortitis (093.1†)

447.8 Other

Fibromuscular hyperplasia of arteries

447.9 Unspecified

## 448 Diseases of capillaries

448.0 Hereditary haemorrhagic telangiectasia

Rendu-Osler-Weber disease

448.1 Naevus, non-neoplastic

Naevus:

Naevus:

araneus senile spider stellar

448.9 Other and unspecified

DISEASES OF VEINS AND LYMPHATICS, AND OTHER DISEASES OF CIRCULATORY SYSTEM (451-459)

### 451 Phlebitis and thrombophlebitis

Includes:

endophlebitis

inflammation, vein

periphlebitis

suppurative phlebitis

Excludes:

451.9

452

when complicating:

abortion (634-638 with fourth digit .7, 639.8)

ectopic or molar pregnancy (639.8)

pregnancy, childbirth or the puerperium (671.–)

451.0 Of superficial vessels of lower extremities

451.1 Of deep vessels of lower extremities

451.2 Of lower extremities, unspecified

451.8 Of other sites

Use additional E code, if desired, to identify drug, if drug-induced

Excludes: intracranial venous sinuses (325)

nonpyogenic (437.6) portal (vein) (572.1)

Of unspecified site

Portal vein thrombosis

Portal (vein) obstruction

Excludes: phlebitis of portal vein (572.1)

### 453 Other venous embolism and thrombosis

Excludes: when complicating:

abortion (634-638 with fourth digit .7, 639.8)

ectopic or molar pregnancy (639.8)

pregnancy, chilbirth or the puerperium (671.-)

453.0 Budd-Chiari syndrome

453.1 Thrombophlebitis migrans

453.2 Of vena cava

453.3 Of renal vein

453.8 Of other specified veins

Excludes: cerebral (434.-)

coronary (410)

intracranial venous sinuses (325)

nonpyogenic (437.6)

lower extremities (451.0-451.2)

mesenteric (557.0)

portal (452)

precerebral (433.–) pulmonary (415.1)

453.9 Of unspecified site

Embolism of vein

Thrombosis (vein)

#### 454 Varicose veins of lower extremities

Excludes: when complicating pregnancy or the puerperium (671.0)

454.0 With ulcer

Varicose ulcer (lower extremity, any part)

Any condition in 454.9 with ulcer or specified as ulcerated

454.1 With inflammation

Any condition in 454.9 with inflammation or specified as inflamed

454.2 With ulcer and inflammation

Any condition in 454.9 with ulcer and inflammation

454.9 Without mention of ulcer or inflammation

Phlebectasia

Varicose veins of lower extremity [any part] or of unspecified site

Varix

# 455 Haemorrhoids

Includes: haemorrhoids (rectum)

piles

varicose veins, anus or rectum

Excludes: when complicating pregnancy, childbirth or the puerperium

(671.8)

- 455.0 Internal haemorrhoids, without mention of complication
- 455.1 Internal thrombosed haemorrhoids
- 455.2 Internal haemorrhoids with other complication

Internal haemorrhoids:

Internal haemorrhoids:

bleeding prolapsed strangulated ulcerated

- 455.3 External haemorrhoids without mention of complication
- 455.4 External thrombosed haemorrhoids
- 455.5 External haemorrhoids with other complication

External haemorrhoids:

External haemorrhoids:

bleeding prolapsed strangulated ulcerated

455.6 Unspecified haemorrhoids, without mention of complication

Haemorrhoids NOS

455.7 Unspecified thrombosed haemorrhoids

Thrombosed haemorrhoids, unspecified whether internal or external

455.8 Unspecified haemorrhoids with other complication

Haemorrhoids, unspecified whether Haemorrhoids, unspecified whether

internal or external:

internal or external: bleeding prolapsed

strangulated ulcerated

455.9 Residual haemorrhoidal skin tags

Skin tags, anus or rectum

#### 456 Varicose veins of other sites

- 456.0 Oesophageal varices with bleeding
- 456.1 Oesophageal varices without mention of bleeding
- 456.2* Oesophageal varices in cirrhosis of liver (571.-†)
- 456.3 Sublingual varices
- 456.4 Scrotal varices

Varicocele

- 456.5 Pelvic varices
- 456.6 Vulval varices

Excludes: when complicating pregnancy, childbirth or the puerperium (671.1)

#### 456.8 Other

Excludes: retinal varices (362.1)

varicose veins of unspecified site (454.9)

## 457 Noninfective disorders of lymphatic channels

### 457.0 Postmastectomy lymphoedema syndrome

Elephantiasis
Obliteration of lymphatic vessel } due to mastectomy operation

### 457.1 Other lymphoedema

Elephantiasis (nonfilarial) NOS

Obliteration, lymphatic vessel

Lymphangiectasis

Excludes: elephantiasis (nonfilarial):

congenital (757.0) eyelid (374.8) vulva (628.4)

#### 457.2 Lymphangitis

## Lymphangitis:

NOS chronic subacute

Excludes: acute lymphangitis (682.-)

## 457.8 Other noninfective disorders of lymphatic channels

Chylocele (nonfilarial)

Excludes: chylocele:

filarial (125.–)

tunica vaginalis (nonfilarial) (608.8)

### 457.9 Unspecified

## 458 Hypotension

Includes: hypopiesis

Excludes: cardiovascular collapse (785.5)

maternal hypotension syndrome (669.2)

syndrome Shy-Drager (333.0)

# 458.0 Orthostatic hypotension

#### Hypotension:

orthostatic (chronic)

postural

458.1 Chronic hypotension

Permanent idiopathic hypotension

458.9 Unspecified

Hypotension (arterial) NOS

## 459 Other disorders of circulatory system

459.0 Haemorrhage, unspecified

Excludes: haemorrhage:

gastrointestinal (578.9) in newborn NOS (772.9)

459.1 Post-phlebitic syndrome

459.2 Compression of vein

Stricture of vein

Vena cava syndrome (inferior) (superior)

459.8 Other

Collateral circulation (venous), any site Phlebosclerosis

459.9 Unspecified

#### VIII. DISEASES OF THE RESPIRATORY SYSTEM

Use additional code, if desired, to identify infectious organism

ACUTE RESPIRATORY INFECTIONS (460-466)

Excludes: pneumonia and influenza (480-487)

# 460 Acute nasopharyngitis [common cold]

Coryza (acute) Nasal catarrh, acute Rhinitis: acute

Nasopharyngitis:

infective

NOS acute

infective NOS

Excludes: nasopharyngitis, chronic (472.2)

pharyngitis:

acute or unspecified (462)

chronic (472.1)

rhinitis:

allergic (477.–)

chronic or unspecified (472.0)

sore throat:

acute or unspecified (462)

chronic (472.1)

#### 461 Acute sinusitis

Includes: abscess

empyema infection

infection acute, of sinus (accessory) (nasal)

inflammation suppuration

Excludes: chronic or unspecified (473.-)

461.0 Maxillary

Acute antritis

461.1 Frontal

461.2 Ethmoidal

461.3 Sphenoidal

461.8 Other

Acute pansinusitis

461.9 Unspecified

Acute sinusitis NOS

#### 462 Acute pharyngitis

Acute sore throat NOS Pharyngitis (acute): staphylococcal Pharyngitis (acute): suppurative NOS ulcerative gangrenous infective Sore throat (viral) NOS Viral pharyngitis phlegmonous pneumococcal Excludes: abscess: peritonsillar [quinsy] (475) pharyngeal (478.2) retropharyngeal (478.2) chronic pharyngitis (472.1) the conditions if specified as (due to): Coxsackie virus (074.0) herpes simplex (054.7) influenzal (487.1) septic (034.0) streptococcal (034.0)

#### 463 Acute tonsillitis

Tonsillitis (acute): Tonsillitis (acute): NOS septic follicular staphylococcal suppurative gangrenous infective ulcerative pneumococcal viral peritonsillar abscess [quinsy] (475) Excludes: sore throat: acute or NOS (462) septic (034.0)

#### 464 Acute laryngitis and tracheitis

Excludes: when specified as due to streptococcus (034.0)

streptococcal tonsillitis (034.0)

464.0 Acute laryngitis

Laryngitis (acute): Laryngitis (acute): NOS septic suppurative Haemophilus influenzae [H. influenzae] ulcerative oedematous pneumococcal

Excludes: chronic larvngitis (476.–) influenzal laryngitis (487.1)

#### 464.1 Acute tracheitis

Tracheitis (acute):

NOS catarrhal viral

Excludes: chronic tracheitis (491.8)

464.2 Acute laryngotracheitis

Laryngotracheitis (acute)

Tracheitis (acute) with laryngitis (acute)

464.3 Acute epiglottitis

464.4 Croup

## 465 Acute upper respiratory infections of multiple or unspecified site

465.0 Acute laryngopharyngitis

465.8 Other multiple sites

465.9 Unspecified site

Upper respiratory: disease (acute) infection (acute)

Excludes: upper respiratory infection due to:

influenza (487.1) streptococcus (034.0)

#### 466 Acute bronchitis and bronchiolitis

Includes: the listed conditions with or without mention of obstruction

or bronchospasm

Excludes: for single-condition coding, acute exacerbation of chronic

bronchitis (491.–)

466.0 Acute bronchitis

Bronchitis, acute or subacute: Bronchitis, acute or subacute:

fibrinous viral

membranous with tracheitis
pneumococcal Croupous bronchitis
purulent Tracheobronchitis, acute

septic

466.1 Acute bronchiolitis

Bronchiolitis (acute) Capillary pneumonia

# OTHER DISEASES OF UPPER RESPIRATORY TRACT (470-478)

#### 470 Deflected nasal septum

Deflection or deviation of septum (nasal) (acquired)

#### 471 Nasal polyps

Excludes: adenomatous polyps (212.0)

471.0 Polyp of nasal cavity

Polyp:

choanal

nasopharyngeal

471.1 Polypoid sinus degeneration

Woakes's syndrome or ethmoiditis

471.8 Other polyp of sinus

Polyp of sinus:

accessory ethmoidal Polyp of sinus: maxillary sphenoidal

471.9 Unspecified

Nasal polyp NOS

#### Chronic pharyngitis and nasopharyngitis 472

#### 472.0 Chronic rhinitis

Ozena.

Rhinitis:

NOS

atrophic

granulomatous

hypertrophic

Rhinitis:

obstructive purulent ulcerative

Excludes: allergic rhinitis (477.-)

472.1 Chronic pharyngitis

Chronic sore throat

Pharyngitis:

atrophic

granular (chronic)

hypertrophic

472.2 Chronic nasopharyngitis

Excludes: acute or unspecified nasopharyngitis (460)

#### 473 Chronic sinusitis

Includes: abscess

empyema infection

(chronic) of sinus (accessory) (nasal)

suppuration

Excludes: acute sinusitis (461.-)

473.0 Maxillary

Antritis (chronic)

473.1 Frontal

473.2 Ethmoidal

473.3 Sphenoidal

473.8 Other

Pansinusitis (chronic)

473.9 Unspecified

Sinusitis (chronic) NOS

## 474 Chronic disease of tonsils and adenoids

474.0 Chronic tonsillitis

Excludes: acute or unspecified tonsillitis (463)

474.1 Hypertrophy of tonsils and adenoids

Enlargement Hyperplasia Hypertrophy

of tonsils (and adenoids)

474.2 Adenoid vegetations

474.8 Other chronic disease of tonsils and adenoids

Amygdalolith Calculus, tonsil

Tonsillar tag Ulcer, tonsil

Cicatrix of tonsil (and adenoid)

474.9 Unspecified

Disease (chronic) of tonsils (and adenoids)

#### 475 Peritonsillar abscess

Abscess of tonsil

Quinsy

Peritonsillar cellulitis

Excludes: tonsillitis:

acute or NOS (463)

chronic (474.0)

## 476 Chronic laryngitis and laryngotracheitis

476.0 Chronic laryngitis

Laryngitis:

catarrhal hypertrophic

sicca

476.1 Chronic laryngotracheitis

Laryngitis, chronic, with tracheitis (chronic)

Tracheitis, chronic, with laryngitis

Excludes: chronic tracheitis (491.8)

laryngitis and tracheitis, acute or unspecified (464.–)

### 477 Allergic rhinitis

Includes: allergic rhinitis (nonseasonal) (seasonal)

hay fever pollinosis

spasmodic rhinorrhoea

Excludes: allergic rhinitis with asthma (bronchial) (493.0)

477.0 Due to pollen

477.8 Due to other allergen

477.9 Cause unspecified

### 478 Other diseases of upper respiratory tract

478.0 Hypertrophy of nasal turbinates

478.1 Other diseases of nasal cavity and sinuses

Abscess | Cyst or mucocele of sinus (nasal) | Rhinolith

Ulceration

Excludes: varicose ulcer of nasal septum (456.8)

478.2 Other diseases of pharynx, not elsewhere classified

Abscess Cellulitis

of pharynx or nasopharynx

Cyst Oedema

Retropharyngeal abscess

Excludes: ulcerative pharyngitis (462)

478.3 Paralysis of vocal cords or larynx

Laryngoplegia Paralysis of glottis

```
478.4 Polyp of vocal cord or larynx
Excludes: adenomatous polyps (212.1)
478.5 Other diseases of vocal cords
Abscess
                                      Chorditis (fibrinous) (nodosa)
Cellulitis
                                          (tuberosa)
               of vocal cords
Granuloma
                                      Singers' nodes
Leukoplakia |
478.6 Oedema of larynx
Oedema:
  glottis
  subglottic
  supraglottic
478.7 Other diseases of larynx, not elsewhere classified
Abscess
                                      Perichondritis
Cellulitis
                                      Spasm
                                                       of larynx
Necrosis
              of larynx
                                      Stenosis
Obstruction
                                      Ulcer
Pachyderma |
                                      Laryngismus (stridulus)
Excludes: ulcerative laryngitis (464.0)
478.8
       Upper respiratory tract hypersensitivity reaction, site unspecified
478.9
       Other and unspecified diseases of upper respiratory tract
Abscess
           of trachea
Cicatrix
                 PNEUMONIA AND INFLUENZA (480-487)
Excludes:
           pneumonia:
              allergic or eosinophilic (518.3)
              aspiration:
                NOS (507.0)
                newborn (770.1)
                solids and liquids (507.–)
              congenital (770.0)
              lipoid (507.1)
              passive (514)
              postoperative (997.3)
              rheumatic (390†, 517.1*)
480
       Viral pneumonia
480.0
       Pneumonia due to adenovirus
480.1
       Pneumonia due to respiratory syncytial virus
```

480.2 Pneumonia due to parainfluenza virus

480.8 Pneumonia due to other virus, not elsewhere classified

Excludes: congenital rubella pneumonitis (771.0)

influenza with pneumonia, any form (487.0)

pneumonia complicating viral diseases classified elsewhere

(045-079†, 484.-*)

480.9 Viral pneumonia, unspecified

## 481 Pneumococcal pneumonia

Lobar pneumonia, organism unspecified

#### 482 Other bacterial pneumonia

- 482.0 Pneumonia due to Klebsiella pneumoniae
- 482.1 Pneumonia due to Pseudomonas
- 482.2 Pneumonia due to Haemophilus influenzae [H. influenzae]
- 482.3 Pneumonia due to Streptococcus
- 482.4 Pneumonia due to Staphylococcus
- 482.8 Pneumonia due to other specified bacteria

Pneumonia due to:

Escherichia coli [E. coli]

Proteus

Excludes: pneumonia complicating infectious diseases classified elsewhere (001-136†, 484.-*)

482.9 Bacterial pneumonia, unspecified

### 483 Pneumonia due to other specified organism

Pneumonia due to:

Eaton's agent

Mycoplasma (pneumoniae)

Pleuropneumonia-like organisms [PPLO]

#### 484* Pneumonia in infectious diseases classified elsewhere

Excludes: influenza with pneumonia, any form (487.0)

- 484.0* *Measles* (055.1†)
- 484.1* Cytomegalic inclusion disease (078.5†)
- 484.2* Ornithosis (073†)
- 484.3* Whooping cough (033.-†)
- 484.4* Tularaemia (021†)

484.5* Anthrax (022.1†)

484.6* Aspergillosis (117.3†)

484.7* Pneumonia in other systemic mycoses

Candidiasis (112.4†)

Histoplasmosis (115.-†)

Coccidioidomycosis (114†)

484.8* Pneumonia in other infectious diseases

Pneumonia in:

Pneumonia in:

actinomycosis (039.1†) nocardiasis (039.1†) salmonellosis (003.2†) toxoplasmosis (130†)

pneumocystosis (136.3†) Q-fever (083.0†)

typhoid fever (002.0†) varicella (052†)

## 485 Bronchopneumonia, organism unspecified

Excludes: bronchiolitis (466.1)

lipoid pneumonia (507.1)

## 486 Pneumonia, organism unspecified

Excludes: hypostatic or passive pneumonia (514)

influenza with pneumonia, any form (487.0)

inhalation or inspiration pneumonia due to foreign material

(507.-)

pneumonitis due to fumes and vapours (506.0)

#### 487 Influenza

Excludes: Haemophilus influenzae [H. influenzae]:

infection NOS (041.5) meningitis (320.0) pneumonia (482.2)

#### 487.0 With pneumonia

Influenza with pneumonia, any form

Influenzal:

bronchopneumonia pneumonia

487.1 With other respiratory manifestations

Influenzal:

Influenza NOS

laryngitis pharyngitis

respiratory infection (upper) (acute)

#### 487.8 With other manifestations

Encephalopathy due to influenza

Influenza with involvement of gastrointestinal tract

# CHRONIC OBSTRUCTIVE PULMONARY DISEASE AND ALLIED CONDITIONS (490-496)

## 490 Bronchitis, not specified as acute or chronic

Bronchitis NOS:

Tracheobronchitis NOS

catarrhal

with tracheitis NOS

Excludes: bronchitis:

allergic NOS (493.9) asthmatic NOS (493.9)

due to fumes and vapours (506.0)

#### 491 Chronic bronchitis

Includes: in single-condition coding, acute exacerbation of chronic

bronchitis

491.0 Simple chronic bronchitis

Catarrhal bronchitis, chronic Smokers' cough

491.1 Mucopurulent chronic bronchitis

Bronchitis (chronic) (recurrent):

mucopurulent purulent

491.2 Obstructive chronic bronchitis

Bronchitis:

asthmatic, chronic emphysematous

Bronchitis:

obstructive (chronic) (diffuse) with airways obstruction

491.8 Other chronic bronchitis

Chronic:

tracheitis

tracheobronchitis

491.9 Unspecified

#### 492 Emphysema

Emphysema (lung or pulmonary):

bullous

centriacinar centrilobular obstructive panacinar

panlobular vesicular Emphysematous bleb

MacLeod's syndrome or unilateral

emphysema

Excludes: emphysema:

compensatory (518.2)

due to fumes and vapours (506.4)

interstitial (518.1) newborn (770.2) mediastinal (518.1)

surgical (subcutaneous) (998.8)

traumatic (958.7)

#### 493 Asthma

493.0 Extrinsic asthma

Asthma:

atopic allergic, stated cause

childhood hay

platinum

Excludes: asthma:

allergic NOS (493.9) detergent (507.8) miners' (500) wood (495.8)

#### 493.1 Intrinsic asthma

Asthma due to internal immunological process Late-onset asthma

493.9 Asthma, unspecified

Asthma (bronchial) (allergic NOS) Status asthmaticus

Bronchitis:

allergic asthmatic

#### 494 Bronchiectasis

Bronchiectasis (fusiform) (postinfectional) (recurrent)

**Bronchiolectasis** 

Excludes: tuberculous bronchiectasis (current disease) (011.5)

# 495 Extrinsic allergic alveolitis

Includes: allergic alveolitis and pneumonitis due to inhaled organic

dust particles of fungal, thermophilic actinomycete or

Hayfever with asthma

other origin

495.0 Farmers' lung

495.1 Bagassosis

495.2 Bird fanciers' lung

Budgerigar fanciers' disease or lung Pigeon fanciers' disease or lung

495.3 Suberosis

Corkhandlers' disease or lung

495.4 Maltworkers' lung

Alveolitis due to Aspergillus clavatus

495.5 Mushroom-workers' lung

495.6 Maple-bark-strippers' lung

Alveolitis due to Cryptostroma corticale

495.7 "Ventilation" pneumonitis

Allergic alveolitis due to fungal, thermophilic actinomycete and other organisms growing in ventilation [air conditioning] systems

495.8 Other allergic pneumonitis

Cheese-washers' lung Coffee-workers' lung Fish-meal workers' lung Furriers' lung Grain-handlers' disease or lung Pituitary-snuff-takers' disease Sequoiosis or red-cedar asthma

495.9 Unspecified allergic alveolitis

Alveolitis, allergic (extrinsic)

Hypersensitivity pneumonitis

#### 496 Chronic airways obstruction, not elsewhere classified

Chronic:

nonspecific lung disease obstructive lung disease

Excludes: that with mention of:

allergic alveolitis (495.-)

asthma (493.–) bronchiectasis (494) bronchitis (491.2) emphysema (492)

PNEUMOCONIOSES AND OTHER LUNG DISEASES DUE TO EXTERNAL AGENTS (500-508)

#### 500 Coalworkers' pneumoconiosis

Anthracosilicosis Anthracosis Coalworkers' lung Miners' asthma

#### 501 Asbestosis

#### 502 Pneumoconiosis due to other silica or silicates

Pneumoconiosis due to tale Silicotic fibrosis (massive) of lung Silicosis (simple) (complicated)

#### 503 Pneumoconiosis due to other inorganic dust

Aluminosis (of lung)
Bauxite fibrosis (of lung)
Berylliosis

Graphite fibrosis (of lung)

Siderosis Stannosis

## 504 Pneumopathy due to inhalation of other dust

**Byssinosis** 

Cannabinosis

Flax-dressers' disease

Excludes: allergic alveolitis (495.-)

asbestosis (501) bagassosis (495.1) farmers' lung (495.0)

## 505 Pneumoconiosis, unspecified

## 506 Respiratory conditions due to chemical fumes and vapours

Use additional E code, if desired, to identify cause

506.0 Bronchitis and pneumonitis due to fumes and vapours

Chemical bronchitis (acute)

506.1 Acute pulmonary oedema due to fumes and vapours

Chemical pulmonary oedema (acute)

- 506.2 Upper respiratory inflammation due to fumes and vapours
- 506.3 Other acute and subacute respiratory conditions due to fumes and vapours
- 506.4 Chronic respiratory conditions due to fumes and vapours

Emphysema (diffuse) (chronic)
Obliterative bronchiolitis (chronic) (subacute)
Pulmonary fibrosis (chronic)

due to inhalation of chemical fumes and vapours

506.9 Unspecified

Silo-fillers' disease

#### 507 Pneumonitis due to solids and liquids

Excludes: fetal aspiration pneumonitis (770.1)

507.0 Due to inhalation of food or vomit

Aspiration pneumonia (due to): Aspiration pneumonia (due to):

NOS milk

food (regurgitated) gastric secretions

vomit

Excludes: pneumonia due to aspiration of microorganisms (480.–) postoperative [Mendelson's syndrome] (997.3)

507.1 Due to inhalation of oils and essences

Lipoid pneumonia (exogenous)

Excludes: endogenous lipoid pneumonia (516.8)

507.8 Other

Detergent asthma

## 508 Respiratory conditions due to other and unspecified external agents

Use additional E code, if desired, to identify cause

508.0 Acute pulmonary manifestations due to radiation

Radiation pneumonitis

508.1 Chronic and other pulmonary manifestations due to radiation

Fibrosis of lung following radiation

508.8 Other

508.9 Unspecified

Other diseases of respiratory system (510-519)

## 510 Empyema

Use additional code, if desired, to identify infectious organism

510.0 With fistula

Any condition in 510.9 with fistula

Fistula:

bronchocutaneous

hepatopleural

Fistula:

mediastinal

pleural thoracic 510.9 Without mention of fistula

Abscess: Pleurisy:

pleura thorax

Empyema (chest) (lung) (pleura)

Pyopneumothorax

seropurulent **Pyothorax** suppurative

#### 511 **Pleurisy**

Excludes: pleurisy with mention of tuberculosis, current disease (012.0)

511.0 Without mention of effusion or current tuberculosis

Adhesion, lung or pleura

Calcification of pleura Pleurisy (acute) (sterile):

diaphragmatic fibrinous interlobar

Pleurisy: NOS

pneumococcal staphylococcal streptococcal Thickening of pleura

fibrinopurulent

purulent

septic

511.1 With effusion, with mention of a bacterial cause other than tuberculosis

Pleurisy:

with effusion ) pneumococcal staphylococcal exudative serofibrinous streptococcal

other specified nontuberculous bacterial cause serous

511.8 Other specified forms of effusion, except tuberculous

Encysted pleurisy Hydropneumothorax Haemopneumothorax Hydrothorax

Haemothorax

511.9 Unspecified pleural effusion

Pleural effusion NOS

Pleurisy:

with effusion NOS

exudative

Pleurisy: serofibrinous

serous

#### 512 Pneumothorax

Pneumothorax:

NOS acute chronic Pneumothorax: spontaneous

tension

Excludes: pneumothorax:

congenital (770.2) traumatic (860.-)

tuberculous, current disease (011.7)

## 513 Abscess of lung and mediastinum

513.0 Abscess of lung

Abscess (multiple) of lung Gangrenous or necrotic pneumonia Pulmonary gangrene or necrosis

513.1 Abscess of mediastinum

#### 514 Pulmonary congestion and hypostasis

Hypostatic:

Pulmonary oedema:

bronchopneumonia pneumonia NOS chronic

Passive pneumonia

Pulmonary congestion (passive)

Excludes:

acute pulmonary oedema:

NOS (518.4)

with mention of heart disease or failure (428.1)

# 515 Postinflammatory pulmonary fibrosis

Cirrhosis of lung
Fibrosis of lung (atrophic) (confluent) (massive)
(perialveolar) (peribronchial)
Induration of lung

# 516 Other alveolar and parietoalveolar pneumopathy

- 516.0 Pulmonary alveolar proteinosis
- 516.1* Idiopathic pulmonary haemosiderosis (275.0†)

Essential brown induration of lung

- 516.2 Pulmonary alveolar microlithiasis
- 516.3 Idiopathic fibrosing alveolitis

Alveolocapillary block Diffuse (idiopathic) (interstitial) pulmonary fibrosis Hamman-Rich syndrome

- 516.8 Other
- 516.9 Unspecified

# 517* Lung involvement in conditions classified elsewhere

517.0* Rheumatoid lung (714.8†)

Diffuse interstitial rheumatoid disease of the lung Fibrosing alveolitis, rheumatoid

```
517.1* Rheumatic pneumonia (390†)
517.2* Lung involvement in systemic sclerosis (710.1†)
```

517.8* Other

Lung involvement in: Pulmonary amyloidosis (277.3†)
polymyositis (710.4†)
sarcoidosis (135†)
Sjögren's disease (710.2†)
syphilis (095†)
systemic lupus erythematosus (710.0†)

## 518 Other diseases of lung

518.0 Pulmonary collapse

Atelectasis

Collapse of lung

Excludes: congenital atelectasis (770.4) partial (770.5)

tuberculous atelectasis, current disease (011.8)

518.1 Interstitial emphysema

Mediastinal emphysema

Excludes: in fetus or newborn (770.2)

surgical (subcutaneous) emphysema (998.8)

traumatic emphysema (958.7)

518.2 Compensatory emphysema

518.3 Pulmonary eosinophilia

Eosinophilic asthma

Tropical eosinophilia

Loeffler's syndrome Pneumonia:

allergic eosinophilic

518.4 Acute oedema of lung, unspecified

Excludes: pulmonary oedema:

acute with mention of heart disease or failure (428.1)

chronic or unspecified (514) due to external agents (506-508)

518.5 Pulmonary insufficiency following trauma and surgery

Adult respiratory distress syndrome Shock lung

Pulmonary insufficiency following: shock

snock surgery trauma Other diseases of lung, not elsewhere classified

**Broncholithiasis** 

**Pulmolithiasis** 

Calcification of lung

#### 519 Other diseases of respiratory system

519.0 Tracheostomy malfunction

Haemorrhage from \ tracheostomy Sepsis of

stoma

Obstruction of tracheostomy airway

Tracheo-oesophageal fistula following tracheostomy

Other diseases of trachea and bronchus, not elsewhere classified

Calcification Stenosis

of bronchus or trachea

519.2 Mediastinitis

519.3 Other diseases of mediastinum, not elsewhere classified

**Fibrosis** 

Ulcer

Hernia

of mediastinum

Retraction

519.4 Disorders of diaphragm

Diaphragmatitis

Relaxation of diaphragm

Paralysis of diaphragm

congenital defect of diaphragm (756.6)

diaphragmatic hernia (553.3) congenital (756.6)

Other diseases of respiratory system, not elsewhere classified 519.8

519.9 Unspecified

Respiratory disease (chronic) NOS

#### IX. DISEASES OF THE DIGESTIVE SYSTEM

DISEASES OF ORAL CAVITY, SALIVARY GLANDS AND JAWS (520-529)

#### 520 Disorders of tooth development and eruption

520.0 Anodontia

Hypodontia

Oligodontia

520.1 Supernumerary teeth

Distomolar

Paramolar

Fourth molar

Supplemental teeth

Mesiodens

## 520.2 Abnormalities of size and form

Concrescence Fusion

of teeth

Enamel pearls Macrodontia

Microdontia

Gemination Dens evaginatus

Peg-shaped [conical] teeth

Taurodontism

Dens in dente Dens invaginatus

Tuberculum paramolare

Excludes: tuberculum Carabelli, which is regarded as a normal variation

520.3 Mottled teeth

Dental fluorosis Mottling of enamel Nonfluoride enamel opacities

520.4 Disturbances of tooth formation

Aplasia and hypoplasia of cementum

Regional odontodysplasia

Turner tooth

Dilaceration of tooth

Enamel hypoplasia (neonatal)

(postnatal) (prenatal)

Excludes: Hutchinson's teeth and mulberry molars in congenital syphilis

(090.5)

mottled teeth (520.3)

520.5 Hereditary disturbances in tooth structure, not elsewhere classified

Amelogenesis

Dentinal dysplasia

Dentinogenesis } imperfecta

Shell teeth

Odontogenesis

```
520.6 Disturbances in tooth eruption
Teeth:
                                     Tooth eruption:
  embedded
                                       late
  impacted
                                       premature
  natal
  neonatal
  primary [deciduous]:
    persistent
    shedding, premature
Excludes:
           exfoliation of teeth (attributable to disease of surrounding
                tissues) (525.0, 525,1)
           impacted or embedded teeth with abnormal position of such
                teeth or adjacent teeth (524.3)
       Teething syndrome
520.7
520.8 Other disorders of tooth development
Colour changes during tooth formation
520.9
       Unspecified
       Diseases of hard tissues of teeth
521
521.0 Dental caries
Caries (of):
                                     Infantile melanodontia
                                     Odontoclasia
  arrested
                                     White spot lesions of teeth
  cementum
  dentine (acute) (chronic)
  enamel (acute) (chronic) (incipient)
521.1 Excessive attrition
Approximal wear
                                     Occlusal wear
521.2 Abrasion
Abrasion:
                                     Abrasion:
  dentifrice
                                       ritual
  habitual
                                        traditional
  occupational
                                     Wedge defect NOS
521.3 Erosion
Erosion of teeth:
                                     Erosion of teeth:
  NOS
                                       idiopathic
                                        occupational
  due to:
    medicine
    persistent vomiting
521.4 Pathological resorption
Internal granuloma of pulp
                                     Resorption of teeth (external)
```

521.5 Hypercementosis

Cementation hyperplasia

521.6 Ankylosis of teeth

521.7 Posteruptive colour changes

Staining of teeth

Excludes: accretions [deposits] on teeth (523.6)

521.8 Other diseases of hard tissues of teeth

Sensitive dentine Irradiated enamel

521.9 Unspecified

#### 522 Diseases of pulp and periapical tissues

522.0 Pulpitis

Pulpal:

abscess

polyp

Pulpitis:

acute

chronic (hyperplastic)

(ulcerative) suppurative

522.1 Necrosis of the pulp

Pulp gangrene

522.2 Pulp degeneration

Denticles

Pulp stones

Pulp calcifications

522.3 Abnormal hard tissue formation in pulp

Secondary or irregular dentine

522.4 Acute apical periodontitis of pulpal origin

522.5 Periapical abscess without sinus

Dental abscess

Dentoalveolar abscess

522.6 Chronic apical periodontitis

Apical or periapical granuloma

Apical periodontitis NOS

522.7 Periapical abscess with sinus

522.8 Radicular cyst

Cyst:

Residual radicular cyst

apical (periodontal)

periapical

Excludes: lateral developmental cyst (526.0)

522.9 Other and unspecified

## 523 Gingival and periodontal diseases

#### 523.0 Acute gingivitis

Excludes: acute necrotizing ulcerative gingivitis (101)

herpetic gingivostomatitis (054.2)

#### 523.1 Chronic gingivitis

Gingivitis (chronic):

Gingivitis (chronic):

NOS

simple marginal

desquamative hyperplastic ulcerative

## 523.2 Gingival recession

Gingival recession (generalized) (localized) (postinfective) (postoperative)

#### 523.3 Acute periodontitis

Acute pericoronitis

Periodontal abscess

Paradontal abscess

Excludes: acute apical periodontitis (522.4) periapical abscess (522.5, 522.7)

## 523.4 Chronic periodontitis

Chronic pericoronitis

Periodontitis:

Periodontitis NOS

complex simplex

#### 523.5 Periodontosis

#### 523.6 Accretions on teeth

Dental calculus:

subgingival supragingival

Deposit on teeth:

betel black

> green materia alba orange tobacco

#### 523.8 Other periodontal diseases

Giant cell:

epulis

peripheral granuloma

Gingival: fibromatosis

polyp

Gingival: cysts enlargement NOS

Periodontal lesions due to traumatic occlusion

523.9 Unspecified

## 524 Dentofacial anomalies, including malocclusion

## 524.0 Major anomalies of jaw size

Hyperplasia, hypoplasia:

Macrognathism (mandibular)

mandibular

(maxillary)

maxillary

Micrognathism (mandibular)

(maxillary)

Excludes:

hemifacial atrophy or hypertrophy (754.0)

unilateral condylar hyperplasia (526.8)

#### 524.1 Anomalies of relationship of jaw to cranial base

Asymmetry of jaw

Retrognathism (mandibular)

Prognathism (mandibular)

(maxillary)

(maxillary)

#### 524.2 Anomalies of dental arch relationship

Crossbite (anterior) (posterior)

Overjet

Disto-occlusion
Mesio-occlusion

Posterior lingual occlusion of

Midline deviation

mandibular teeth Soft tissue impingement

Openbite (anterior) (posterior)

Overbite (excessive)

deep

Excludes:

horizontal

vertical

hemifacial atrophy or hypertrophy (754.0)

unilateral condylar hyperplasia (526.8)

#### 524.3 Anomalies of tooth position

Crowding Diastema

of tooth, teeth

Rotation

Spacing, abnormal of Transposition

of tooth,

Displacement | Transposition | teeth Impacted or embedded teeth with abnormal position of such teeth or adjacent teeth

# 524.4 Malocclusion, unspecified

# 524.5 Dentofacial functional abnormalities

Abnormal jaw closure

Malocclusion due to mouth breathing

Malocclusion due to:

abnormal swallowing

tongue, lip or finger habits

524.6 Temporomandibular joint disorders

Costen's complex or syndrome

Derangement of temporomandibular joint

Snapping jaw

Temporomandibular joint-pain-dysfunction syndrome

Excludes: current temporomandibular joint:

dislocation (830.–) strain (848.1)

- 524.8 Other dentofacial anomalies
- 524.9 Unspecified
- 525 Other diseases and conditions of the teeth and supporting structures
- 525.0 Exfoliation of teeth due to systemic causes
- 525.1 Loss of teeth due to accident, extraction or local periodontal disease
- 525.2 Atrophy of edentulous alveolar ridge
- 525.3 Retained dental root
- 525.8 Other

Enlargement of alveolar ridge NOS Irregular alveolar process

525.9 Unspecified

#### 526 Diseases of the jaws

526.0 Developmental odontogenic cysts

Cyst: Cyst:

dentigerous lateral periodontal

eruption primordial follicular Keratocyst

Excludes: radicular cyst (522.8)

526.1 Fissural cysts of jaw

Cyst: Cyst:

globulomaxillary nasopalatine incisor canal palatine of papilla

median palatal

526.2 Other cysts of jaws

Cyst of jaw: Cyst of jaw:
NOS haemorrhagic
aneurysmal traumatic

526.3 Central giant cell (reparative) granuloma

Excludes: peripheral giant cell granuloma (523.8)

#### 526.4 Inflammatory conditions Osteitis of jaw (acute) (chronic) (suppurative) Osteomyelitis (neonatal) **Periostitis** Sequestrum of jaw bone 526.5 Alveolitis of jaw Alveolar osteitis Dry socket 526.8 Other diseases of the jaws Cherubism Torus: Exostosis of jaw mandibularis Fibrous dysplasia of jaws palatinus Unilateral condylar hyperplasia or Latent bone cyst of jaw Osteoradionecrosis of jaw hypoplasia of mandible 526.9 Unspecified 527 Diseases of the salivary glands 527.0 Atrophy Hypertrophy 527.1 527.2 Sialoadenitis Excludes: epidemic parotitis (072.9) uveoparotid fever (135) 527.3 Abscess 527.4 Fistula Excludes: congenital fistula of salivary gland (750.2) Sialolithiasis 527.5 Calculus of salivary gland or duct Stone 527.6 Mucocele Ranula Mucous: extravasation cyst of salivary gland retention cyst of salivary gland 527.7 Disturbance of salivary secretion Hyposecretion Xerostomia **Ptyalism** 527.8 Other Benign lymphoepithelial lesion of Sialosis salivary gland Stenosis

Sialectasia

of salivary duct

Stricture

#### 527.9 Unspecified

# 528 Diseases of the oral soft tissues, excluding lesions specific for gingiva and tongue

528.0 Stomatitis

Stomatitis:

Stomatitis, vesicular

NOS ulcerative

Excludes: stomatitis:

aphthous (528.2)

acute necrotizing ulcerative (101)

gangrenous (528.1) herpetic (054.2)

528.1 Cancrum oris

Gangrenous stomatitis

Noma

528.2 Oral aphthae

Aphthous stomatitis

Periadenitis mucosa necrotica recurrens

Recurrent aphthous ulcer Stomatitis herpetiformis

528.3 Cellulitis and abscess

Cellulitis of mouth (floor)

528.4 Cysts

Dermoid cyst
Epidermoid cyst
Epstein's pearl

of mouth

Nasoalveolar cyst
Nasolabial cyst
Palatal papilla cyst

Lymphoepithelial cyst 528.5 Diseases of lips

Cheilitis:

NOS angular Cheilodynia Cheilosis

Excludes: actinic cheilitis (692.8)

528.6 Leukoplakia of oral mucosa, including tongue

Excludes: leukokeratosis nicotina palati (528.7)

528.7 Other disturbances of oral epithelium, including tongue

Focal epithelial hyperplasia of mouth or tongue

Leukoedema of mouth or tongue Leukokeratosis nicotina palati

Excludes: white sponge naevus (750.2)

528.8 Oral submucous fibrosis, including of tongue

528.9 Other and unspecified

Cheek and lip biting Denture sore mouth Denture stomatitis Melanoplakia

Papillary hyperplasia of palate

Eosinophilic granuloma Irritative hyperplasia Pyogenic granuloma Ulcer (traumatic)

of oral mucosa

529 Diseases and other conditions of the tongue

529.0 Glossitis

Abscess Ulceration (traumatic) of tongue

529.1 Geographic tongue

Glossitis areata exfoliativa

Benign migratory glossitis

529.2 Median rhomboid glossitis

529.3 Hypertrophy of tongue papillae

Black hairy tongue Coated tongue Hypertrophy of foliate papillae

Lingua villosa nigra

529.4 Atrophy of tongue papillae

529.5 Plicated tongue

Fissured Furrowed

} tongue

Scrotal

Excludes: fissure of tongue, congenital (750.1)

529.6 Glossodynia

Glossopyrosis

Painful tongue

529.8 Other conditions of the tongue

Atrophy Crenated (of) tongue

Enlargement Hypertrophy of tongue

Excludes: congenital macroglossia (750.1)

529.9 Unspecified

Diseases of Oesophagus, Stomach and Duodenum (530-537)

530 Diseases of oesophagus

Excludes: oesophageal varices (456.0, 456.1)

530.0 Achalasia and cardiospasm

Achalasia (of cardia)

Excludes: congenital cardiospasm (750.7)

530.1 Oesophagitis

Abscess of oesophagus

Oesophagitis:

NOS chemical

chemical peptic

Oesophagitis:

postoperative reflux

tuberculous* (017.8†) Oesophageal reflux

Use additional E code, if desired, to identify cause, if induced by chemical

530.2 Ulcer of oesophagus

Ulcer of oesophagus

fungal peptic Ulcer of oesophagus due to inges-

tion of:

chemicals medicaments

Use additional E code, if desired, to identify cause, if induced by chemical or drug

530.3 Stricture and stenosis of oesophagus

Compression of oesophagus

Obstruction of oesophagus

Excludes: congenital stricture of oesophagus (750.3)

530.4 Perforation of oesophagus

Rupture of oesophagus

Excludes: traumatic perforation of oesophagus (862.-, 874.4)

530.5 Dyskinesia of oesophagus

Corkscrew oesophagus

Spasm of oesopl:agus

Diffuse oesophageal spasm

Excludes: cardiospasm (530.0)

530.6 Diverticulum of oesophagus, acquired

Oesophageal pouch, acquired

Excludes: congenital diverticulum of oesophagus (750.4)

530.7 Gastro-oesophageal laceration-haemorrhage syndrome

Mallory-Weiss syndrome

530.8 Other disorders of oesophagus

Haemorrhage of oesophagus

530.9 Unspecified

The following fourth-digit subdivisions are for use with categories 531-534:

- .0 Acute with haemorrhage
- .1 Acute with perforation
- .2 Acute with haemorrhage and perforation

- .3 Acute without mention of haemorrhage or perforation
- .4 Chronic or unspecified with haemorrhage
- .5 Chronic or unspecified with perforation
- .6 Chronic or unspecified with haemorrhage and perforation
- .7 Chronic without mention of haemorrhage or perforation
- .9 Unspecified as acute or chronic, without mention of haemorrhage or perforation

#### 531 Gastric ulcer

[See page 310 for fourth-digit subdivisions]

Includes: erosion (acute) of stomach

ulcer (peptic):
pylorus

stomach

Excludes: peptic ulcer NOS (533.-)

Use additional E code, if desired, to identify drug, if drug-induced

#### 532 Duodenal ulcer

[See page 310 for fourth-digit subdivisions]

Includes: erosion (acute) of duodenum

ulcer (peptic): duodenum postpyloric

Excludes: peptic ulcer NOS (533.-)

Use additional E code, if desired, to identify drug, if drug-induced

#### 533 Peptic ulcer, site unspecified

[See page 310 for fourth-digit subdivisions]

Includes: gastroduodenal ulcer NOS

peptic ulcer NOS

#### 534 Gastrojejunal ulcer

[See page 310 for fourth-digit subdivisions]

Includes: ulcer (peptic) or erosion:

anastomotic gastrocolic gastrointestinal gastrojejunal jejunal marginal

stomal

Excludes: primary ulcer of small intestine (569.8)

#### 535 Gastritis and duodenitis

535.0 Acute gastritis

Use additional code, if desired, to identify any associated haemorrhage (578.-)

535.1 Atrophic gastritis

Chronic (atrophic) gastritis

535.2 Gastric mucosal hypertrophy

535.3 Alcoholic gastritis

535.4 Other gastritis

Superficial gastritis

535.5 Unspecified gastritis and gastroduodenitis

535.6 Duodenitis

#### 536 Disorders of function of stomach

Excludes: functional disorders of stomach specified as psychogenic (306.4)

536.0 Achlorhydria

536.1 Acute dilatation of stomach

Acute distention of stomach

536.2 Habit vomiting

Persistent vomiting [not of pregnancy]

Excludes: excessive vomiting in pregnancy (643.–)

536.8 Dyspepsia and other disorders of function of stomach

Achylia gastrica

Hourglass contraction of stomach

Hyperacidity

Hyperchlorhydria Hypochlorhydria

Indigestion

536.9 Unspecified

Functional gastrointestinal:

disorder disturbance Functional gastrointestinal irritation

# 537 Other disorders of stomach and duodenum

537.0 Adult hypertrophic pyloric stenosis

Excludes: congenital or infantile pyloric stenosis (750.5)

537.1 Gastric diverticulum

Excludes: congenital diverticulum of stomach (750.7)

537.2 Chronic duodenal ileus

537.3 Other obstruction of duodenum

537.4 Fistula of stomach or duodenum

Gastrocolic fistula

Gastrojejunocolic fistula

537.5 Gastroptosis

537.6 Hourglass stricture or stenosis of stomach

Excludes: congenital hourglass stomach (750.7) hourglass contraction of stomach (536.8)

537.8 Other

Intestinal metaplasia of gastric mucosa

Excludes: diverticula of duodenum (562.0)

gastrointestinal haemorrhage (578.-)

537.9 Unspecified

APPENDICITIS (540-543)

#### 540 Acute appendicitis

540.0 With generalized peritonitis

Appendicitis (acute) Caecitis (acute)

perforation
peritonitis (generalized)

rupture

Rupture of appendix

540.1 With peritoneal abscess

Abscess, appendix

540.9 Without mention of peritonitis

Acute: appendicitis caecitis

without mention of perforation, peritonitis or rupture

#### 541 Appendicitis, unqualified

## 542 Other appendicitis

Chronic appendicitis

Recurrent appendicitis

#### 543 Other diseases of appendix

Appendicular or appendiceal:

colic

concretion

fistula

Diverticulum Hyperplasia

Intussusception

Mucocele Stercolith

hernia:

recurrent

unilateral

of appendix

#### HERNIA OF ABDOMINAL CAVITY (550-553)

Includes: hernia:

nernia:

acquired bilateral

congenital (except

diaphragmatic or hiatal)

#### 550 Inguinal hernia

Includes:

bubonocele

inguinal hernia:
NOS
direct
double

inguinal hernia:

indirect oblique scrotal hernia

550.0 Inguinal hernia, with gangrene

550.1 Inguinal hernia, with obstruction, without mention of gangrene

Inguinal hernia with mention of incarceration, irreducibility or strangulation

550.9 Inguinal hernia, without mention of obstruction or gangrene

# 551 Other hernia of abdominal cavity, with gangrene

551.0 Femoral, with gangrene

551.1 Umbilical, with gangrene

Umbilical hernia as defined in 553.1 if specified as gangrenous

551.2 Ventral [incisional], with gangrene

Ventral hernia as defined in 553.2 if specified as gangrenous

551.3 Diaphragmatic, with gangrene

Diaphragmatic hernia as defined in 553.3 if specified as gangrenous

551.8 Of other specified sites, with gangrene

Any condition in 553.8 if specified as gangrenous

551.9 Of unspecified site, with gangrene

Any condition in 553.9 if specified as gangrenous

# Other hernia of abdominal cavity with obstruction, without mention of gangrene

Excludes: with mention of gangrene (551.-)

552.0 Femoral, with obstruction

Femoral hernia specified as incarcerated, irreducible, strangulated or causing obstruction

552.1 Umbilical, with obstruction

Umbilical hernia as defined in 553.1 if specified as incarcerated, irreducible, strangulated or causing obstruction

552.2 Ventral [incisional], with obstruction

Ventral hernia as defined in 553.2 if specified as incarcerated, irreducible, strangulated or causing obstruction

552.3 Diaphragmatic, with obstruction

Diaphragmatic hernia as defined in 553.3 if specified as incarcerated, irreducible, strangulated or causing obstruction

552.8 Of other specified sites, with obstruction

Any condition in 553.8 if specified as incarcerated, irreducible, strangulated or causing obstruction

552.9 Of unspecified site, with obstruction

Any condition in 553.9 if specified as incarcerated, irreducible, strangulated or causing obstruction

# 553 Other hernia of abdominal cavity without mention of obstruction or gangrene

Excludes: the listed conditions with mention of:

gangrene (551.-) obstruction (552.-)

553.0 Femoral

553.1 Umbilical

**Omphalocele** 

Paraumbilical hernia

553.2 Ventral [incisional]

Epigastric hernia

553.3 Diaphragmatic

Hiatal hernia (oesophageal) (sliding) Paraoesophageal hernia

Excludes: congenital hernia:

diaphragmatic (756.6)

hiatus (750.6)

#### 553.8 Of other specified sites

Hernia:

lumbar

obturator

pudendal

Hernia:

retroperitoneal

sciatic

Other abdominal hernia of

specified site

Excludes: vaginal enterocele (618.6)

553.9 Of unspecified site

Enterocele Epiplocele

Hernia: NOS

interstitial

Hernia:

intestinal

intra-abdominal Rupture (nontraumatic)

Sarcoepiplocele

## Noninfective enteritis and colitis (555-558)

#### 555 Regional enteritis

Includes: Crohn's disease

555.0 Small intestine

Ileitis:

regional terminal Regional enteritis or Crohn's

disease of:

duodenum ileum jejunum

555.1 Large intestine

Colitis:

granulomatous

regional

Regional enteritis or Crohn's

disease of:

colon

large bowel large intestine rectum

#### 555.2 Small intestine with large intestine

555.9 Unspecified site

Crohn's disease NOS

Regional enteritis NOS

#### 556 Idiopathic proctocolitis

Pseudopolyposis of colon Toxic megacolon

Ulcerative (chronic): colitis

enteritis

Ulcerative (chronic):

enterocolitis ileocolitis proctitis

rectosigmoiditis

#### 557 Vascular insufficiency of intestine

necrotizing enterocolitis of the newborn (777.5)

#### 557.0 Acute

Acute:

haemorrhagic enterocolitis ischaemic colitis, enteritis or enterocolitis

massive necrosis of intestine Embolism of mesenteric artery Fulminant enterocolitis

Haemorrhagic necrosis of

intestine

Intestinal gangrene

Intestinal infarction

acute

agnogenic

haemorrhagic nonocclusive

Mesenteric infarction

embolic

thrombotic

Terminal haemorrhagic

enteropathy

Thrombosis of mesenteric artery

#### 557.1 Chronic

Chronic ischaemic colitis, enteritis or enterocolitis Ischaemic stricture of intestine

Mesenteric:

angina

artery syndrome (superior)

vascular insufficiency

#### 557.9 Unspecified

Alimentary pain due to vascular insufficiency Ischaemic colitis, enteritis or enterocolitis NOS

#### 558 Other noninfective gastroenteritis and colitis

Colitis Diarrhoea

Enteritis

Enterocolitis

Gastroenteritis Ileitis

**Jejunitis** Sigmoiditis specified as allergic, dietetic, noninfectious

or toxic

unspecified, in countries where the conditions can be presumed to be of noninfectious origin

Excludes: colitis, diarrhoea, enteritis, gastroenteritis:

infectious (009.0, 009.2)

unspecified, in countries where presumed to be of infectious

origin (009.1, 009.3) functional diarrhoea (564.5) psychogenic diarrhoea (306.4) OTHER DISEASES OF INTESTINES AND PERITONEUM (560-569)

#### 560 Intestinal obstruction without mention of hernia

Excludes: inguinal hernia with obstruction (550.1)

intestinal obstruction complicating hernia (552.–)

mesenteric:

embolism (557.0) infarction (557.0) thrombosis (557.0)

neonatal intestinal obstruction (777.–)

#### 560.0 Intussusception

Intussusception (intestine) (colon) (rectum)

Invagination of intestine or colon

Excludes: intussusception of appendix (543)

#### 560.1 Paralytic ileus

Ileus (of intestine) (of bowel) (of colon) Paralysis of intestine or colon

#### 560.2 Volvulus

Strangulation Torsion

**Twist** 

of intestine, bowel or colon

#### 560.3 Impaction of intestine

Enterolith

Faecal impaction

Impaction of colon Obstruction of intestine by gallstone

#### 560.8 Other intestinal obstruction

Intestinal adhesions with obstruction

#### 560.9 Unspecified intestinal obstruction

Enterostenosis Obstruction Occlusion

of intestine or colon

**Stenosis** Stricture Excludes:

congenital stricture or stenosis of intestine (751.1, 751.2)

ischaemic stricture of intestine (557.1)

postoperative intestinal obstruction NOS (997.4)

#### 562 Diverticula of intestine

Excludes: congenital diverticulum of colon (751.5)

Meckel's diverticulum (751.0)

562.0 Small intestine

Diverticulitis, diverticulosis: duodenum

auoaenum jejunum

562.1 Colon

Diverticular disease, diverticulitis, diverticulosis:

NOS

colon

large intestine

Use additional code, if desired, to identify any associated haemorrhage (578.–) or peritonitis (567.–)

## 564 Functional digestive disorders, not elsewhere classified

Excludes: functional disorders of stomach (536.-) when specified as psychogenic (306.4)

564.0 Constipation

564.1 Irritable colon

Enterospasm

Irritable bowel syndrome

Mucous colitis Spastic colon

564.2 Postgastric surgery syndromes

Dumping syndrome

Postvagotomy syndrome

Postgastrectomy syndrome

Excludes: postgastrojejunostomy ulcer (534.–)

564.3 Vomiting following gastrointestinal surgery

Vomiting (bilious) following gastrointestinal surgery

564.4 Other postoperative functional disorders

Diarrhoea following gastrointestinal surgery

564.5 Functional diarrhoea

Excludes: psychogenic diarrhoea (306.4)

564.6 Anal spasm

Proctalgia fugax

564.7 Megacolon, other than Hirschsprung's

Dilatation of colon

Excludes: megacolon:

congenital (751.3)

toxic (556)

#### 564.8 Other functional disorders of intestine

Atony of colon

Excludes: malabsorption (579.-)

564.9 Unspecified

#### 565 Anal fissure and fistula

565.0 Anal fissure

Tear of anus, nontraumatic

565.1 Anal fistula

Fistula of rectum to skin

#### 566 Abscess of anal and rectal regions

Cellulitis of anus or rectum Ischiorectal abscess or fistula Perianal abscess
Perirectal abscess or cellulitis

#### 567 Peritonitis

Excludes: peritonitis:

benign paroxysmal (277.3) chronic proliferative (567.8) pelvic, female (614.5, 614.7) periodic familial (277.3) puerperal (670)

with or following:

abortion (634-638 with fourth digit .0, 639.0)

appendicitis (540.0, 540.1) ectopic or molar pregnancy (639.0)

#### 567.0* Peritonitis in infectious diseases classified elsewhere

#### Peritonitis:

gonococcal (098.8†) syphilitic (095†) tuberculous (014†)

#### 567.1 Pneumococcal peritonitis

### 567.2 Other suppurative peritonitis

#### Abscess (of):

abdominopelvic mesenteric omentum peritoneum retrocaecal retroperitoneal subdiaphragmatic subhepatic subphrenic

#### Peritonitis (acute):

general
pelvic, male
subphrenic
suppurative

Peritonitis due to:

Adhesions (of):

mesenteric

Adhesive bands

omentum

stomach

567.8 Other peritonitis

Chronic proliferative peritonitis

Fat necrosis of peritoneum

bile Mesenteric saponification urine

Excludes: peritonitis (postoperative):

chemical (998.7) due to talc (998.7)

567.9 Unspecified

Peritonitis:

NOS

of unspecified cause

#### 568 Other disorders of peritoneum

568.0 Peritoneal adhesions

Adhesions (of):

abdominal (wall) diaphragm

intestine male pelvis

Excludes: adhesions:

female pelvis (614.6) with intestinal obstruction (560.8)

568.8 Other

Unspecified 568.9

#### 569 Other disorders of intestine

569.0 Anal and rectal polyp

569.1 Rectal prolapse

Prolapse:

anal canal

rectal mucosa

569.2 Stenosis of rectum and anus

Stricture of anus (sphincter)

569.3 Haemorrhage of rectum and anus

569.4 Other disorders of rectum and anus

Solitary ulcer Stercoral ulcer of anus (sphincter) or rectum (sphincter)

Excludes: fistula of rectum to:

skin (565.1)

internal organs - see Alphabetical Index

haemorrhoids (455.-)

incontinence of sphincter ani (787.6)

569.5 Abscess of intestine

Excludes: appendiceal abscess (540.9)

569.6 Colostomy or enterostomy malfunction

569.8 Other

Pericolitis

Ulcer of colon

Perisigmoiditis

Visceroptosis

Excludes: gangrene of intestine, mesentery or omentum (557.0) haemorrhage of intestine NOS (578.9)

569.9 Unspecified

OTHER DISEASES OF DIGESTIVE SYSTEM (570-579)

#### 570 Acute and subacute necrosis of liver

Acute hepatic failure

Acute or subacute hepatitis, not specified as infective

Necrosis of liver (acute) (subacute) (diffuse) (massive)

Yellow atrophy (liver) (acute) (subacute)

Excludes: the listed conditions complicating:

abortion (634-638 with fourth digit .7, 639.8)

ectopic or molar pregnancy (639.8)

pregnancy, childbirth or the puerperium (646.7)

icterus gravis of newborn (773.-)

postoperative (997.4)

serum hepatitis (070.-, E875.-)

viral hepatitis (070.-)

#### 571 Chronic liver disease and cirrhosis

571.0 Alcoholic fatty liver

571.1 Acute alcoholic hepatitis

571.2 Alcoholic cirrhosis of liver

Laënnec's cirrhosis

571.3 Alcoholic liver damage, unspecified

571.4 Chronic hepatitis

Chronic hepatitis:

NOS active

Chronic hepatitis:

aggressive persistent

Recurrent hepatitis

571.5 Cirrhosis of liver without mention of alcohol

Cirrhosis of liver:

NOS cryptogenic macronodular Cirrhosis of liver: micronodular postnecrotic

Portal cirrhosis

571.6 Biliary cirrhosis

Chronic nonsuppurative destructive cholangitis

571.8 Other chronic nonalcoholic liver disease

Chronic yellow atrophy (liver)

Fatty liver, without mention of alcohol

571.9 Unspecified chronic liver disease without mention of alcohol

## 572 Liver abscess and sequelae of chronic liver disease

572.0 Abscess of liver

Excludes: amoebic liver abscess (006.3)

572.1 Portal pyaemia

Phlebitis of portal vein

**Pylephlebitis** 

572.2 Hepatic coma

Portosystemic encephalopathy

572.3 Portal hypertension

572.4 Hepatorenal syndrome

Excludes: postoperative (997.4)

572.8 Other sequelae of chronic liver disease

#### 573 Other disorders of liver

Excludes: amyloid or lardaceous degeneration of liver (277.3)

congenital cystic disease of liver (751.6) glycogen infiltration of liver (271.0)

hepatomegaly NOS (789.1) portal vein obstruction (452)

573.0 Chronic passive congestion of liver

```
573.1* Hepatitis in viral diseases classified elsewhere
Hepatitis (in):
                                       Viral hepatitis (070.-†)
  Coxsackie (074.8†)
  cytomegalic inclusion virus (078.5†)
  infectious mononucleosis (075†)
  mumps (072.7†)
  yellow fever (060.-†)
573.2* Hepatitis in other infectious diseases classified elsewhere
Hepatitis in:
                                       Hepatitis in toxoplasmosis (130†)
  malaria (084.9†)
  syphilis:
    late (095†)
    secondary (091.6†)
573.3 Hepatitis unspecified
Toxic (noninfectious) hepatitis
573.4
       Hepatic infarction
573.8
       Other
Hepatoptosis
573.9 Unspecified
574
       Cholelithiasis
       Calculus of gallbladder with acute cholecystitis
Any condition listed in 574.2 with acute cholecystitis
574.1
       Calculus of gallbladder with other cholecystitis
Cholecystitis with cholelithiasis NOS
Any condition listed in 574.2 with cholecystitis (chronic)
574.2 Calculus of gallbladder without mention of cholecystitis
Biliary:
                                      Cholelithiasis NOS
  calculus NOS
                                      Colic (recurrent) of gallbladder
  colic NOS
                                      Gallstone (impacted)
Calculus of cystic duct
574.3 Calculus of bile duct with acute cholecystitis
Any condition listed in 574.5 with acute cholecystitis
574.4 Calculus of bile duct with other cholecystitis
```

Any condition listed in 574.5 with cholecystitis (chronic)

574.5 Calculus of bile duct without mention of cholecystitis

Calculus of:

bile duct [any] common duct

hepatic duct

Choledocholithiasis

Hepatic:

colic (recurrent)

lithiasis

without mention of calculus

## 575 Other disorders of gallbladder

575.0 Acute cholecystitis

Abscess of gallbladder Angiocholecystitis Cholecystitis:

emphysematous (acute)

gangrenous suppurative

Empyema of gallbladder

Gangrene of gallbladder

Excludes: with cholelithiasis (574.–)

575.1 Other cholecystitis

Cholecystitis:

NOS chronic without mention of calculus

Excludes: with cholelithiasis (574.-)

575.2 Obstruction of gallbladder

Occlusion Stenosis Stricture

of cystic duct or gallbladder without mention of calculus

Excludes: with cholelithiasis (574.-)

575.3 Hydrops of gallbladder

Mucocele of gallbladder

575.4 Perforation of gallbladder

Rupture of cystic duct or gallbladder

575.5 Fistula of gallbladder

Cholecystoduodenal fistula

575.6 Cholesterolosis of gallbladder

Strawberry gallbladder

576.9 Unspecified

```
575.8 Other
Adhesions
                                     Biliary dyskinesia
Atrophy
Cyst
                          cystic duct
Hypertrophy
                          gallbladder
Nonfunctioning
Ulcer
           nonvisualization of gallbladder (793.3)
Excludes:
575.9 Unspecified
576
       Other disorders of biliary tract
           the listed conditions involving the:
Excludes:
              cystic duct (575.–)
              gallbladder (575.-)
576.0
      Postcholecystectomy syndrome
576.1
       Cholangitis
Cholangitis:
                                      Cholangitis:
  NOS
                                        sclerosing
  ascending
                                        secondary
  primary
                                        stenosing
  recurrent
                                        suppurative
576.2 Obstruction of bile duct
Occlusion \
            of bile duct [any] without mention of calculus
Stenosis
Stricture
Excludes: with cholelithiasis (574.-)
576.3 Perforation of bile duct
Rupture of [any] bile duct
576.4 Fistula of bile duct
Choledochoduodenal fistula
576.5
       Spasm of sphincter of Oddi
576.8 Other
Adhesions
                                                     of [any] bile duct
              of [any] bile duct
Atrophy
Cyst
```

#### 577 Diseases of pancreas

## 577.0 Acute pancreatitis

Abscess of pancreas

Mumps pancreatitis* (072.3†)

Necrosis of pancreas:

acute

infective

Pancreatitis:

NOS

acute (recurrent)

haemorrhagic

subacute suppurative

#### 577.1 Chronic pancreatitis

Chronic pancreatitis:

NOS

infectious

Pancreatitis:

recurrent relapsing

## Cyst and pseudocyst of pancreas

#### 577.8 Other diseases of pancreas

Atrophy Calculus

Cirrhosis **Fibrosis** 

of pancreas

Pancreatic:

infantilism necrosis:

NOS

aseptic fat

Excludes: fibrocystic disease of pancreas (277.0)

islet cell tumour of pancreas (211.7)

pancreatic steatorrhoea (579.4)

577.9 Unspecified

#### 578 Gastrointestinal haemorrhage

Excludes: with mention of duodenal, gastric, gastrojejunal or peptic

ulcer (531-534)

578.0 Haematemesis

578.1 Melaena

Excludes: melaena of the newborn (772.4, 777.3)

578.9 Haemorrhage of gastrointestinal tract, unspecified

Gastric haemorrhage

Intestinal haemorrhage

#### 579 Intestinal malabsorption

579.0 Coeliac disease

Gluten enteropathy Idiopathic steatorrhoea Nontropical sprue

579.1 Tropical sprue

Sprue:

Tropical steatorrhoea

NOS tropical

579.2 Blind loop syndrome

Postoperative blind loop syndrome

579.3 Other and unspecified postsurgical nonabsorption

Hypoglycaemia Malnutrition following gastrointestinal surgery

579.4 Pancreatic steatorrhoea

579.8 Other

579.9 Unspecified

#### X. DISEASES OF THE GENITOURINARY SYSTEM

NEPHRITIS, NEPHROTIC SYNDROME AND NEPHROSIS (580-589)

Excludes: hypertensive renal disease (403.-)

Note: The fourth-digit subdivisions which indicate the pathological lesion in categories 580-584 have been standardized, but they do

not all apply to each three-digit category.

## 580 Acute glomerulonephritis

Includes: acute nephritis

580.0 With lesion of proliferative glomerulonephritis

Acute (diffuse) proliferative glomerulonephritis

580.4 With lesion of rapidly progressive glomerulonephritis

Acute nephritis with lesion of necrotizing glomerulitis

580.8 With other specified pathological lesion in kidney

580.9 Unspecified

#### 581 Nephrotic syndrome

581.0 With lesion of proliferative glomerulonephritis

581.1 With lesion of membranous glomerulonephritis

Idiopathic membranous glomerular disease

581.2 With lesion of membranoproliferative glomerulonephritis

Nephrotic syndrome with lesion of: hypocomplementaemic persistent

lobular

mesangiocapillary

mixed membranous and proliferative

581.3 With lesion of minimal change glomerulonephritis

Lipoid nephrosis

Minimal change:

glomerular disease

Minimal change: glomerulitis nephrotic syndrome

glomerulonephritis

581.8 With other specified pathological lesion in kidney

Haemorrhagic nephrosonephritis* (078.6†)

Nephrotic syndrome in:

amyloidosis* (277.3†)

diabetes mellitus* (250.3†)

epidemic haemorrhagic fever* (078.6†)

malaria* (084.9†)

systemic lupus erythematosus* (710.0†)

581.9 Unspecified

Nephrosis NOS

## 582 Chronic glomerulonephritis

Includes: chronic nephritis

582.0 With lesion of proliferative glomerulonephritis

Chronic (diffuse) proliferative glomerulonephritis

582.1 With lesion of membranous glomerulonephritis

Chronic membranous glomerulonephritis

582.2 With lesion of membranoproliferative glomerulonephritis

Chronic glomerulonephritis:

hypocomplementaemic persistent

lobular

membranoproliferative

mesangiocapillary

mixed membranous and proliferative

582.4 With lesion of rapidly progressive glomerulonephritis

Chronic nephritis with lesion of necrotizing glomerulitis

582.8 With other specified pathological lesion in kidney

Chronic nephritis in:

amyloidosis* (277.3†)

systemic lupus erythematosus* (710.0†)

582.9. Unspecified

## Nephritis and nephropathy, not specified as acute or chronic

Includes: "renal disease" so described, not specified as acute or chronic but with stated pathology or cause

```
583.0
       With lesion of proliferative glomerulonephritis
                                     Proliferative nephropathy NOS
Proliferative:
  glomerulonephritis NOS
  nephritis NOS
       With lesion of membranous glomerulonephritis
                                     Membranous nephropathy NOS
Membranous:
  glomerulonephritis NOS
  nephritis NOS
       With lesion of membranoproliferative glomerulonephritis
583.2
Membranoproliferative:
  glomerulonephritis NOS
  nephritis NOS
  nephropathy NOS
Nephritis NOS, with lesion of:
  hypocomplementaemic persistent
  lobular
                                          glomerulonephritis
  mesangiocapillary
  mixed membranous and proliferative
       With lesion of rapidly progressive glomerulonephritis
Necrotizing or rapidly progressive:
  glomerulitis NOS
  glomerulonephritis NOS
  nephritis NOS
  nephropathy NOS
Nephritis, unspecified, with lesion of necrotizing glomerulitis
       With lesion of renal cortical necrosis
583.6
Nephritis NOS
                     with (renal) cortical necrosis
Nephropathy NOS
Renal cortical necrosis NOS
583.7
       With lesion of renal medullary necrosis
Nephritis NOS
                     with (renal) medullary [papillary] necrosis
Nephropathy NOS
       With other specified pathological lesion in kidney
Glomerulitis
Glomerulonephritis
                        lesion of interstitial nephritis
Nephritis
                        stated cause classified elsewhere:
Nephropathy
                           amyloidosis* (277.3†)
Renal disease
                           diabetes mellitus* (250.3†)
                           gonococcal infection* (098.1†)
                           gout* (274.1†)
                           systemic lupus erythematosus* (710.0†)
                           syphilis* (095†)
                           tuberculosis* (016.0†)
```

583.9 With unspecified pathological lesion in kidney

Glomerulitis

Glomerulonephritis

Nephritis

NOS

Nephropathy

Excludes: nephropathy complicating pregnancy, labour or the puerperium (642.-, 646.2)

renal disease NOS with no stated cause (593.9)

#### 584 Acute renal failure

Excludes: when complicating:

abortion (634-638 with fourth digit .3, 639.3)

ectopic or molar pregnancy (639.3) following labour and delivery (669.3)

postoperative (997.5)

#### 584.5 With lesion of tubular necrosis

Renal failure with (acute) tubular necrosis

Tubular necrosis:

NOS

acute

## 584.6 With lesion of renal cortical necrosis

- 584.7 With lesion of renal medullary [papillary] necrosis
- 584.8 With other specified pathological lesion in kidney
- 584.9 Unspecified

#### 585 Chronic renal failure

Chronic uraemia

Uraemic:

neuropathy† (357.4*) pericarditis† (420.0*)

Excludes: with any condition in 401.– (403.–)

#### 586 Renal failure, unspecified

Uraemia NOS

Excludes: when complicating:

abortion (634-638 with fourth digit .3, 639.3)

ectopic or molar pregnancy (639.3) following labour and delivery (669.3) postoperative renal failure (997.5)

uraemia:

extrarenal (788.9) prerenal (788.9)

with any condition in 401.– (403.–)

## 587 Renal sclerosis, unspecified

Atrophy of kidney Contracted kidney

Excludes: nephrosclerosis (arteriolar) (arteriosclerotic) (403.–)

with hypertension (403.–)

## 588 Disorders resulting from impaired renal function

588.0 Renal osteodystrophy

Azotaemic osteodystrophy Renal:
Phosphate-losing tubular disorders dwar

dwarfism rickets

588.1 Nephrogenic diabetes insipidus

588.8 Other

Secondary hyperparathyroidism (of renal origin)

Excludes: secondary hypertension (405.–)

588.9 Unspecified

## 589 Small kidney of unknown cause

589.0 Unilateral

589.1 Bilateral

589.9 Unspecified

#### Other diseases of urinary system (590-599)

Excludes: urinary infections (conditions in 590, 595, 597, 599.0)

complicating:

abortion (634-638 with fourth digit .7, 639.8)

ectopic or molar pregnancy (639.8)

pregnancy, childbirth and the puerperium (646.6)

## 590 Infections of kidney

Use additional code, if desired, to identify organism, such as Escherichia coli (041.4)

590.0 Chronic pyelonephritis and chronic pyonephrosis

590.1 Acute pyelonephritis and acute pyonephrosis

Acute pyelitis

590.2 Renal and perinephric abscess

590.3 Pyeloureteritis cystica

Infection of renal pelvis and ureter

590.8 Pyelonephritis or pyonephrosis, not specified as acute or chronic

Pyelitis:

Pyelonephritis:

NOS

tuberculous* (016.0†)

NOS

tuberculous* (016.0†)

Excludes: calculous pyelonephritis (592.9)

590.9 Infection of kidney, unspecified

Excludes: urinary tract infection NOS (599.0)

#### 591 **Hydronephrosis**

#### 592 Calculus of kidney and ureter

Excludes: nephrocalcinosis (275.4)

592.0 Calculus of kidney

Nephrolithiasis:

Staghorn calculus Stone in kidney

NOS

uric acid* (274.1†) Renal calculus or stone

592.1 Calculus of ureter

Ureteric stone

592.9 Urinary calculus, unspecified

Calculous pyelonephritis

#### 593 Other disorders of kidney and ureter

593.0 Nephroptosis

Mobile kidney

593.1 Hypertrophy of kidney

593.2 Cyst of kidney, acquired

Cyst (multiple) (solitary) of kidney, not congenital

Excludes: congenital cyst of kidney (753.1)

593.3 Stricture or kinking of ureter

Stricture of pelviureteric junction

593.4 Other ureteric obstruction

593.5 Hydroureter

Excludes: congenital (753.2)

593.6 Postural proteinuria

593.7 Vesicoureteric reflux

593.8 Other

Intestinoureteric fistula

Tuberculosis of ureter* (016.1†)

Renal infarction

Excludes: fistula between ureter and female genital tract (619.0)

593.9 Unspecified

Renal disease NOS

Excludes: cystic kidney disease (753.1)

nephropathy, so described (583.-)

renal disease: acute (580.-)

arising in pregnancy or the puerperium (642.-, 646.2)

chronic (582.-)

not specified as acute or chronic but with stated pathology

or cause (583.-)

## 594 Calculus of lower urinary tract

594.0 Calculus in diverticulum of bladder

594.1 Other calculus in bladder

Urinary bladder stone

Excludes: staghorn calculus (592.0)

594.2 Calculus in urethra

594.8 Other lower urinary tract calculus

594.9 Unspecified

#### 595 Cystitis

Excludes: prostatocystitis (601.3)

Use additional code, if desired, to identify organism, such as Escherichia coli (041.4)

595.0 Acute cystitis

Excludes: trigonitis (595.3)

595.1 Chronic interstitial cystitis

595.2 Other chronic cystitis

595.3 Trigonitis

Urethrotrigonitis

595.4* Cystitis in diseases classified elsewhere

Cystitis:

Ulceration of bladder: bilharzial (120.-†)

gonococcal (098.1†)

tuberculous (016.1†)

595.8 Other

Abscess of bladder

Irradiation cystitis

Use additional E code, if desired, to identify any external cause

595.9 Unspecified

#### 596 Other disorders of bladder

596.0 Bladder-neck obstruction

Bladder-neck obstruction or stenosis (acquired)

596.1 Intestinovesical fistula

596.2 Vesical fistula, not elsewhere classified

Excludes: fistula between bladder and female genital tract (619.0)

596.3 Diverticulum of bladder

Diverticulitis of bladder

596.4 Atony of bladder

596.5 Other functional disorders of bladder

Relaxation of bladder sphincter

596.6 Rupture of bladder, nontraumatic

596.7 Haemorrhage into bladder wall

Hyperaemia of bladder

596.8 Other

Bladder:

calcified

contracted

Excludes: cystocele, female (618.-)

hernia or prolapse of bladder, female (618.-)

596.9 Unspecified

#### 597 Urethritis, not sexually transmitted, and urethral syndrome

Excludes: nonspecific urethritis so stated (099.4)

#### 597.0 Urethral abscess

Abscess of:

Cowper's gland Littré's gland Abscess (of): periurethral urethral (gland)

Excludes: urethral caruncle (599.3)

597.8 Other urethritis

Adenitis, Skene's gland

Cowperitis
Meatitis, urethral

Ulcer, urethra (meatus)

Urethral syndrome NOS

Urethritis:

NOS

nonvenereal

trichomonal* (131.0†)

#### 598 Urethral stricture

Includes:

pinhole meatus

stricture of urinary meatus

Excludes: congenital stricture of urethra and urinary meatus (753.6)

#### 598.0 Infective

Stricture of urethra:

associated with schistosomiasis* (120.-†) gonococcal* (098.2†)

598.1 Traumatic

Stricture of urethra:

late effect of injury postobstetric

598.2 Postoperative

Postcatheterization-

598.8 Other

598.9 Unspecified

## 599 Other disorders of urethra and urinary tract

599.0 Urinary tract infection, site not specified

Use additional code, if desired, to identify organism

599.1 Urethral fistula

Fistula:

Urinary fistula NOS

urethroperineal urethrorectal

Excludes: fistula:

urethroscrotal (608.8) urethrovaginal (619.0)

599.2 Urethral diverticulum

599.3 Urethral caruncle

599.4 Urethral false passage

599.5 Prolapsed urethral mucosa

Prolapse of urethra

Urethrocele, male

Excludes: urethrocele, female (618.-)

599.6 Urinary obstruction, unspecified

Urinary (tract) obstruction NOS

599.7 Haematuria

599.8 Other

599.9 Unspecified

## DISEASES OF MALE GENITAL ORGANS (600-608)

## 600 Hyperplasia of prostate

Adenofibromatous hypertrophy of prostate
Adenoma (benign) of prostate

Enlargement of prostate (benign)
Fibroma of prostate

Fibroadenoma of prostate Hypertrophy of prostate (benign) Median bar (prostate) Myoma of prostate Prostatic obstruction NOS

Excludes: benign neoplasms of prostate (222.2)

## 601 Inflammatory diseases of prostate

Use additional code, if desired, to identify infectious organism

601.0 Acute prostatitis

601.1 Chronic prostatitis

601.2 Abscess of prostate

601.3 Prostatocystitis

601.4* Prostatitis in diseases classified elsewhere

#### Prostatitis:

gonococcal (098.1†) trichomonal (131.0†) tuberculous (016.3†)

601.8 Other

601.9 Unspecified

Prostatitis NOS

## 602 Other disorders of prostate

602.0 Calculus of prostate

Prostatic stone

- 602.1 Congestion or haemorrhage of prostate
- 602.2 Atrophy of prostate
- 602.8 Other
- 602.9 Unspecified

#### 603 Hydrocele

Includes: hydrocele of spermatic cord, testis or tunica vaginalis

Excludes: congenital (778.6)

603.0 Encysted hydrocele

603.1 Infected hydrocele

Use additional code, if desired, to identify organism

603.8 Other

603.9 Unspecified

#### 604 Orchitis and epididymitis

Use additional code, if desired, to identify organism, such as Escherichia coli (041.4), Streptococcus (041.0) or Staphylococcus (041.1)

604.0 Orchitis, epididymitis and epididymo-orchitis, with abscess

Abscess of epididymis or testis

604.9 Orchitis, epididymitis and epididymo-orchitis, without mention of abscess

Orchitis: NOS

Mumps orchitis* (072.0†) Tuberculous epididymitis* (016.2†)

gonococcal* (098.1†)

## 605 Redundant prepuce and phimosis

Adherent prepuce

Phimosis (congenital)

**Paraphimosis** 

Tight foreskin

606 Infertility, male

Azoospermia

Oligospermia

## 607 Disorders of penis

607.0 Leukoplakia of penis

Kraurosis of penis

Excludes: carcinoma in situ of penis (233.5)

607.1 Balanoposthitis

**Balanitis** 

Use additional code, if desired, to identify organism

607.2 Other inflammatory disorders of penis

Abscess Boil Carbuncle

of corpus cavernosum or penis

Cellulitis | Cavernitis (penis)

Use additional code, if desired, to identify organism

607.3 Priapism

Painful erection

607.8 Other

Atrophy Fibrosis Haematoma Hypertrophy Thrombosis Ulcer Balanitis xerotica obliterans Induratio penis plastica

of corpus cavernosum or penis

607.9 Unspecified

## 608 Other disorders of male genital organs

608.0 Seminal vesiculitis

Vesiculitis (seminal)

Use additional code, if desired, to identify organism

608.1 Spermatocele

608.2 Torsion of testis

Torsion of: epididymis spermatic cord testicle

608.3 Atrophy of testis

## 608.4 Other inflammatory disorders of male genital organs

Abscess Boil Carbuncle Cellulitis

of scrotum, spermatic cord, testis [except abscess], tunica vaginalis, or vas deferens

Vasitis

Use additional code, if desired, to identify organism

Excludes: abscess of testis (604.0)

#### 608.8 Other

Atrophy Fibrosis Haematoma

Haematoma Haemorrhage

Hypertrophy Oedema

Oedema Thrombosis

Ulcer

Chylocele, tunica vaginalis:

NOS filarial* (125.-†)

Haematocele NOS, male

Stricture of: spermatic cord tunica vaginalis vas deferens

608.9 Unspecified

Tuberculosis of:

of seminal vesicle, spermatic cord, testis [except atrophy],

scrotum, tunica vaginalis or vas deferens

seminal vesicle* (016.3†)

testis* (016.3†)

## DISORDERS OF BREAST (610-611)

## 610 Benign mammary dysplasias

610.0 Solitary cyst of breast

Cyst (solitary) of breast

610.1 Diffuse cystic mastopathy

Cystic breast

610.2 Fibroadenosis of breast

Fibroadenosis of breast: NOS

chronic cystic

Fibroadenosis of breast: diffuse periodic segmental

610.3 Fibrosclerosis of breast

610.4 Mammary duct ectasia

Duct ectasia

610.8 Other

610.9 Mammary dysplasia, unspecified

#### 611 Other disorders of breast

Excludes: when associated with lactation or the puerperium (675.-, 676.-)

611.0 Inflammatory disease of breast

Abscess (acute) (chronic) (nonpuerperal) of:

areola

breast

Antibioma of breast

Mammillary fistula

Mastitis (acute) (subacute) (nonpuerperal):

NOS

infective

Excludes: carbuncle of breast (680.2)

neonatal infective mastitis (771.5)

thrombophlebitis of breast, or Mondor's disease (451.8)

Hypertrophy of breast 611.1

Gynaecomastia

Hypertrophy of breast:

NOS

massive pubertal

611.2 Fissure of nipple

611.3 Fat necrosis of breast

Fat necrosis (segmental) of breast

611.4 Atrophy of breast

611.5 Galactocele

611.6 Galactorrhoea not associated with childhirth

611.7 Signs and symptoms in breast

Induration of breast

Lump in breast

Mastodynia

Nipple discharge

Retraction of nipple

611.8 Other

Subinvolution of breast (postlactational) (postpartum)

611.9 Unspecified

## INFLAMMATORY DISEASE OF FEMALE PELVIC ORGANS (614-616)

Excludes: when associated with pregnancy, abortion, childbirth or the puerperium (630-676)

## 614 Inflammatory disease of ovary, fallopian tube, pelvic cellular tissue and peritoneum

Excludes: endometritis (615.-)

major infection following delivery (670)

when complicating:

abortion (634-638 with fourth digit .0, 639.0)

ectopic or molar pregnancy (639.0)

pregnancy or labour (646.6)

## 614.0 Acute salpingitis and oophoritis

Any condition in 614.2 specified as acute or subacute

#### 614.1 Chronic salpingitis and oophoritis

Any condition in 614.2 specified as chronic Hydrosalpinx

## 614.2 Salpingitis and oophoritis, not specified as acute, subacute or chronic

Abscess (of):

fallopian tube

ovary

tubo-ovarian

**Oophoritis** 

Pyosalpinx Salpingitis Salpingitis and oophoritis: gonococcal* (098.3†)

tuberculous* (016.4†) Salpingo-oophoritis

Tubo-ovarian inflammatory

disease

Use additional code, if desired, to identify organism, such as Staphylococcus (041.1) or Streptococcus (041.0)

## 614.3 Acute parametritis and pelvic cellulitis

Any condition in 614.4, specified as acute

## 614.4 Chronic or unspecified parametritis and pelvic cellulitis

Abscess (of):

broad ligament pouch of Douglas

chronic or NOS

parametrium

Pelvic cellulitis, female

Use additional code, if desired, to identify organism, such as Staphylococcus (041.1) or Streptococcus (041.0)

## 614.5 Acute or unspecified pelvic peritonitis, female

614.6 Pelvic peritoneal adhesions, female

Infertility associated with peritubal adhesions† (628.2*)

- 614.7 Other chronic pelvic peritonitis, female
- 614.8 Other specified inflammatory disease of female pelvic organs and tissues
- 614.9 Unspecified inflammatory disease of female pelvic organs and tissues

Pelvic infection or inflammation, female, NOS

## 615 Inflammatory diseases of uterus, except cervix

Excludes: when complicating:

abortion (634-638 with fourth digit .0, 639.0)

ectopic or molar pregnancy (639.0) pregnancy or labour (646.6)

following delivery (670)

615.0 Acute

Any condition in 615.9 specified as acute or subacute

615.1 Chronic

Any condition in 615.9 specified as chronic

615.9 Unspecified

Endometritis gonococcal* (098.1†)

gonococcal* (098.1†) Endomyometritis

Metritis

Myometritis Perimetritis Pyometra

Uterine abscess

## 616 Inflammatory disease of cervix, vagina and vulva

Excludes: when complicating:

abortion (634-638 with fourth digit .0, 639.0)

ectopic or molar pregnancy (639.0)

pregnancy, childbirth or the puerperium (646.6)

616.0 Cervicitis and endocervicitis

Gonococcal infection (acute) of cervix* (098.1†)

Excludes: erosion or ectropion of cervix without mention of cervicitis (622.0)

```
Vaginitis and vulvovaginitis
616.1
Vaginitis, vulvitis or vulvovaginitis:
  NOS
  herpetic* (054.1†)
  pinworm* (127.4†)
  trichomonal* (131.0†)
Vulvovaginal candidiasis* (112.1†)
Use additional code, if desired, to identify organism, such as Escherichia
    coli (041.4), Staphylococcus (041.1) or Streptococcus (041.0)
           noninfective leukorrhoea (623.5)
            postmenopausal or senile vaginitis (627.3)
616.2
       Cyst of Bartholin's gland
616.3
      Abscess of Bartholin's gland
616.4 Other abscess of vulva
Abscess
            of vulva
Furuncle
616.5
      Ulceration of vulva
Ulceration of vulva:
  NOS
  in Behcet's syndrome* (136.1†)
  herpes simplex* (054.1†)
Excludes:
            gonococcal (098.0)
           syphilitic (091.0)
            tuberculous (016.4)
616.8
       Other
Excludes:
            noninflammatory disorders of:
              cervix (622.-)
              vagina (623.-)
              vulva (624.-)
```

#### OTHER DISORDERS OF FEMALE GENITAL TRACT (617-629)

# 617 Endometriosis617.0 UterusAdenomyosis617.1 Ovary

Unspecified

616.9

- 617.2 Fallopian tube
- 617.3 Pelvic peritoneum
- 617.4 Rectovaginal septum and vagina
- 617.5 Intestine
- 617.6 Endometriosis in scar or skin
- 617.8 Other specified sites
- 617.9 Site unspecified

#### 618 Genital prolapse

Excludes: when complicating pregnancy, labour or delivery (654.4)

618.0 Prolapse of vaginal walls, without mention of uterine prolapse

Cystocele Rectocele Urethrocele

618.1

without mention of uterine prolapse

Uterine prolapse without mention of vaginal wall prolapse

- Vaginal prolapse
- 618.2 Uterovaginal prolapse, incomplete
- 618.3 Uterovaginal prolapse, complete
- 618.4 Uterovaginal prolapse, unspecified
- 618.5 Prolapse of vaginal vault after hysterectomy
- 618.6 Vaginal enterocele, congenital or acquired
- 618.7 Old laceration of muscles of pelvic floor
- 618.8 Other

Incompetence or weakening of pelvic fundus

618.9 Unspecified

#### 619 Fistulae involving female genital tract

Excludes: vesicorectal and intestinovesical fistulae (596.-)

619.0 Urinary - genital tract fistulae, female

Fistula:

cervicovesical ureterovaginal urethrovaginal Fistula:

uterovesical vesicovaginal 619.1 Digestive - genital tract fistulae, female

Fistula:

Fistula, rectovaginal

intestinouterine intestinovaginal

619.2 Genital tract - skin fistulae, female

Fistula, uterus to abdominal wall

Fistula, vaginoperineal

619.8 Other

619.9 Unspecified fistula involving female genital tract

# 620 Noninflammatory disorders of ovary, fallopian tube and broad ligament

Excludes: hydrosalpinx (614.1)

620.0 Follicular cyst of ovary

Cyst of graafian follicle

620.1 Corpus luteum cyst or haematoma

620.2 Other and unspecified ovarian cyst

Retention cyst of ovary NOS

Serous cyst of ovary

Excludes:

developmental cysts (752.0)

neoplastic cysts (220.-) polycystic ovaries (256.4)

Stein-Leventhal syndrome (256.4)

620.3 Acquired atrophy of ovary and fallopian tube

620.4 Prolapse or hernia of ovary and fallopian tube

620.5 Torsion of ovary, ovarian pedicle or fallopian tube

Torsion:

accessory tube hydatid of Morgagni

620.6 Broad ligament laceration syndrome

Masters-Allen syndrome

620.7 Haematoma of broad ligament

Haematosalpinx

Excludes: in ectopic pregnancy (639.2)

620.8 Other

620.9 Unspecified

#### 621 Disorders of uterus, not elsewhere classified

621.0 Polyp of corpus uteri

Polyp:

endometrium uterus NOS

621.1 Chronic subinvolution of uterus

Excludes: puerperal (674.8)

621.2 Hypertrophy of uterus

Bulky or enlarged uterus

Excludes: puerperal (674.8)

621.3 Endometrial cystic hyperplasia

Hyperplasia (cystic) (glandular) of endometrium

621.4 Haematometra

Excludes: in congenital anomaly (752.-)

621.5 Intrauterine synechiae

Adhesions of uterus

Band(s) of uterus

621.6 Malposition of uterus

Anteversion

Retroflexion \ of uterus

Retroversion

Excludes: malposition complicating pregnancy, labour or delivery

(654.3, 654.4) prolapse of uterus (618.–)

621.7 Chronic inversion of uterus

Excludes: current obstetrical trauma (665.2)

prolapse of uterus (618.–)

621.8 Other

Atrophy of uterus, acquired Fibrosis of uterus:

NOS

bilharzial* (120.-†)

Excludes: inflammatory diseases (615.-)

endometriosis (617.0)

621.9 Unspecified disorders of uterus

#### 622 Noninflammatory disorders of cervix

Excludes: abnormality of cervix complicating pregnancy, labour or

delivery (654.5, 654.6)

fistulae (619.-)

622.0 Erosion and ectropion of cervix

Eversion of cervix

Excludes: in chronic cervicitis (616.0)

622.1 Dysplasia of cervix (uteri)

Excludes: carcinoma in situ of cervix (233.1)

622.2 Leukoplakia of cervix (uteri)

Excludes: carcinoma in situ of cervix uteri (233.1)

622.3 Old laceration of cervix

Adhesions of cervix

Excludes: current obstetrical trauma (665.3)

622.4 Stricture and stenosis of cervix

Excludes: complicating labour (654.6)

622.5 Incompetence of cervix

Excludes: affecting fetus or newborn (761.0)

complicating pregnancy (654.5)

622.6 Hypertrophic elongation of cervix

622.7 Mucous polyp of cervix

Polyp NOS of cervix

Excludes: adenomatous polyp of cervix (219.0)

622.8 Other

Excludes: inflammatory diseases (616.0)

622.9 Unspecified

#### 623 Noninflammatory disorders of vagina

Excludes: abnormality of vagina complicating pregnancy, labour or

delivery (654.7)

congenital absence of vagina (752.4) congenital diaphragm or bands (752.4)

fistulae involving vagina (619.–)

623.0 Dysplasia of vagina

Excludes: carcinoma in situ of vagina (233.3)

623.1 Leukoplakia of vagina

623.2 Stricture or atresia of vagina

Adhesions (postoperative) (postradiation) of vagina

Stenosis, vagina

Use additional E code, if desired, to identify any external cause

623.3 Tight hymenal ring

Rigid hymen

Tight hymenal ring | acquired or congenital

Tight introitus

Excludes: imperforate hymen (752.4)

623.4 Old vaginal laceration

Excludes: old laceration involving muscles of pelvic floor (618.7)

623.5 Leukorrhoea, not specified as infective

Excludes: trichomonal (131.0)

623.6 Vaginal haematoma

Excludes: current obstetrical trauma (665.7)

623.7 Polyp of vagina

623.8 Other

623.9 Unspecified

## 624 Noninflammatory disorders of vulva and perineum

Excludes: abnormality of vulva and perineum complicating pregnancy,

labour or delivery (654.8)

condyloma acuminatum (078.1)

fistulae involving:

perineum - see Alphabetical Index

vulva (619.-)

vulval involvement in skin conditions (690-709)

624.0 Dystrophy of vulva

Kraurosis
Leukoplakia

of vulva

Excludes: carcinoma in situ of vulva (233.3)

624.1 Atrophy of vulva

624.2 Hypertrophy of clitoris

Excludes: in endocrine disorders (255.2, 256.1)

624.3 Hypertrophy of labia

Hypertrophy of vulva NOS

624.4 Old laceration or scarring of vulva

624.5 Haematoma of vulva

Excludes: complication of delivery (664.5)

624.6 Polyp of labia and vulva

624.8 Other

624.9 Unspecified

## Pain and other symptoms associated with female genital organs

625.0 Dyspareunia

Excludes: when associated with frigidity (302.7)

625.1 Vaginismus

Excludes: psychogenic vaginismus (306.5)

625.2 Mittelschmerz

625.3 Dysmenorrhoea

Excludes: psychogenic dysmenorrhoea (306.5)

625.4 Premenstrual tension syndromes

Menstrual migraine

625.5 Pelvic congestion syndrome

625.6 Stress incontinence, female

625.8 Other

625.9 Unspecified

# Oisorders of menstruation and other abnormal bleeding from female genital tract

Excludes: menopausal and premenopausal bleeding (627.0)
pain and other symptoms associated with menstrual cycle
(625.-)
postmenopausal bleeding (627.1)

626.0 Absence of menstruation

Amenorrhoea (primary) (secondary)

626.1 Scanty or infrequent menstruation

Hypomenorrhoea

Oligomenorrhoea

626.2 Excessive or frequent menstruation

Heavy periods

Menorrhagia Polymenorrhoea

Menometrorrhagia
Excludes: in puberty (626.3)

premenopausal (627.0)

626.3 Puberty bleeding

Excessive bleeding associated with onset of menstrual periods

Puberal menorrhagia

626.4 Irregular menstrual cycle

Irregular:

bleeding NOS menstruation periods

626.5 Ovulation bleeding

Regular intermenstrual bleeding

626.6 Metrorrhagia

Bleeding unrelated to menstrual cycle Irregular intermenstrual bleeding

626.7 Postcoital bleeding

626.8 Other

Dysfunctional or functional uterine haemorrhage NOS

626.9 Unspecified

## 627 Menopausal and postmenopausal disorders

627.0 Premenopausal menorrhagia

Menorrhagia: climacteric

Menorrhagia: preclimacteric

menopausal

627.1 Postmenopausal bleeding

627.2 Menopausal or female climacteric states

Symptoms such as flushing, sleeplessness, headache, lack of concentration, associated with the menopause

627.3 Postmenopausal atrophic vaginitis

Senile (atrophic) vaginitis

627.4 States associated with artificial menopause

Any condition in 627.1, .2 or .3 which follows induced menopause Post-artificial-menopause syndromes

627.8 Other

Excludes: premature menopause NOS (256.3)

627.9 Unspecified

## 628 Infertility, female

Includes: primary and secondary sterility

628.0 Associated with anovulation

Associated with Stein-Leventhal syndrome* (256.4†)

628.1* Of pituitary-hypothalamic origin (253.-†)

628.2 Of tubal origin

Associated with:

congenital anomaly of tube peritubal adhesions* (614.6†)

Tubal:

block occlusion stenosis

628.3 Of uterine origin

Associated with:

Nonimplantation

congenital anomaly of uterus tuberculous endometritis* (016.4†)

628.4 Of cervical or vaginal origin

Associated with:

anomaly of cervical mucus congenital structural anomaly

628.8 Of other specified origin

628.9 Of unspecified origin

629 Other disorders of female genital organs

629.0 Haematocele, female

Excludes: when associated with ectopic pregnancy (633.-)

629.1 Hydrocele, canal of Nuck

Cyst of canal of Nuck

629.8 Other

629.9 Unspecified

