Agenda Item 21.2

Honorable Chair,
Excellencies,
Ladies and Gentlemen,

We’d like to welcome the Director General’s report on the Outcome of the Second International Conference on Nutrition and congratulates the WHO on developing the work programme of the Decade of Action on Nutrition.

As evidence suggests that unhealthy diet is a modifiable risk factor, our Government has taken a wide range of public health policies to promote healthier diet patterns.

First of all is through a Balanced-Diet Guidelines. It contains four main messages namely:

1. to consume a variety of food in one plate method
2. to conduct a Clean and Healthy Lifestyle to prevent infectious diseases.
3. to exercise regularly, and
4. to do weight-monitoring regularly.

Second, the Government of Indonesia has enacted the Minister of Health Regulation No. 63/2015, which requires that every processed food must contain detail information on salt and fat ingredients, and health message regarding the impact of excessive fat and salt consumption on health.

Third, Indonesia takes a serious action to developing fiscal policy measures on Sugar-Sweetened Beverages (SSBs). We are also working on the development of nutrition labelling guidance to protect consumers and promote the responsibility of food manufacturers in providing nutrition information.

Fourth, we enforce intersectoral involvement at the national level through various legal protection on breastfeeding working mothers. The latest regulation is a Decree of three Ministers – Minister of Health, Minister of Manpower and Ministry of Women Empowerment and Child Protection – on providing suitable workplace to support exclusive breastfeeding programs for breastfeeding working mothers to work optimally.

With the continues efforts of intersectoral involvement across government sectors, I am proud to inform you that Indonesia is among few countries that has achieved significant progress of reducing 7% of stunting rate in 5 years, from 37.2% in 2013 into 30.8% in 2018.
Lastly, Indonesia would like to benefit further from the technical supports of the WHO to build upon capacity on regulatory and monitoring to support the implementation of the UN Action on Nutrition.

Thank you, Chair.