The Executive Board,

Having considered the report on health promotion in a globalized world,¹

RECOMMENDS to the Sixtieth World Health Assembly the adoption of the following resolution:²

The Sixtieth World Health Assembly,

Recalling resolutions WHA42.44 on health promotion, public information and education for health, WHA51.12 on health promotion, WHA57.16 on health promotion and healthy lifestyles, and the outcomes of the six international conferences on health promotion (Ottawa, 1986; Adelaide, Australia, 1988; Sundsvall, Sweden, 1991; Jakarta, 1997; Mexico City, 2000; Bangkok, 2005);

Having considered the report on follow-up to the 6th Global Conference on Health Promotion (Bangkok in 2005), which confirms the need to focus on health promotion actions to address the determinants of health;

Drawing on the Declaration of Alma-Ata, the Ottawa Charter for Health Promotion, and the Bangkok Charter for Health Promotion in a Globalized World which sets out strategic directions for equitable health improvement in the first decades of the twenty-first century;

Considering the actions and recommendations set out in the Bangkok Charter for Health Promotion in a Globalized World to make the promotion of health central to the global development agenda, a core responsibility for all governments and a key focus of communities, civil society, and the private sector;

Noting that health promotion is essential for meeting the targets of the internationally agreed health-related development goals, including those contained in the Millennium Declaration, is intimately related to the work of WHO’s Commission on Social Determinants of Health, and makes an important contribution to realizing the objectives of the Eleventh General Programme of Work;

Recognizing that the dramatic changes of the global burden of disease require greater attention, and call for adjustments in society at large and in resource allocation in order to tackle the immediate and underlying determinants of health;

Confirming the importance of addressing also the wider determinants of health, and of implementing recommendations on, and undertaking action for, health for all,

1. URGES all Member States:

(1) to increase, as appropriate, investments in, and to frame sound policies for, health promotion as an essential component of equitable social and economic development;

¹ Document EB120/12.
² See Annex 6 for the financial and administrative implications for the Secretariat of this resolution.
(2) to establish, as appropriate, effective mechanisms for a multisectoral approach in order to address effectively the social, economic, political and environmental determinants of health throughout the life-course;

(3) to support and foster the active engagement in health promotion of communities, civil society, the public and private sectors and nongovernmental organizations, including associations of public health, while avoiding any possible conflict of interest;

(4) to monitor and evaluate systematically health-promotion policies, programmes, infrastructure and investment, on a regular basis, including consideration of the use of health-impact assessments;

(5) to close the gap between current practices and those functions based on the evidence of effective health promotion by the full use of evidence-based health promotion;

2. REQUESTS the Director-General:

(1) to strengthen the capacity for health promotion across the Organization in order to provide better support to Member States by advancing knowledge and the active engagement of other appropriate organizations of the United Nations system and international organizations;

(2) to provide support to Member States in their continuous efforts to strengthen national health systems with a special focus on the primary health sector, in order to enhance the ability to tackle serious threats to health, including those caused by noncommunicable diseases;

(3) to optimize use of existing forums of Member States for multisectoral stakeholders, interested organizations and other bodies, while avoiding any possible conflict of interest, in order to support the development and implementation of health promotion;

(4) to encourage the convening of national, subregional, regional and global conferences on health promotion on a regular basis;

(5) to monitor and evaluate progress, to identify major shortcomings in health promotion globally, and to report on a regular basis;

(6) to facilitate exchange of information with international nonhealth forums on key aspects of health promotion;

(7) to report to the Sixty-first World Health Assembly, through the Executive Board, on progress in implementing this resolution.

(Twelfth meeting, 29 January 2007)